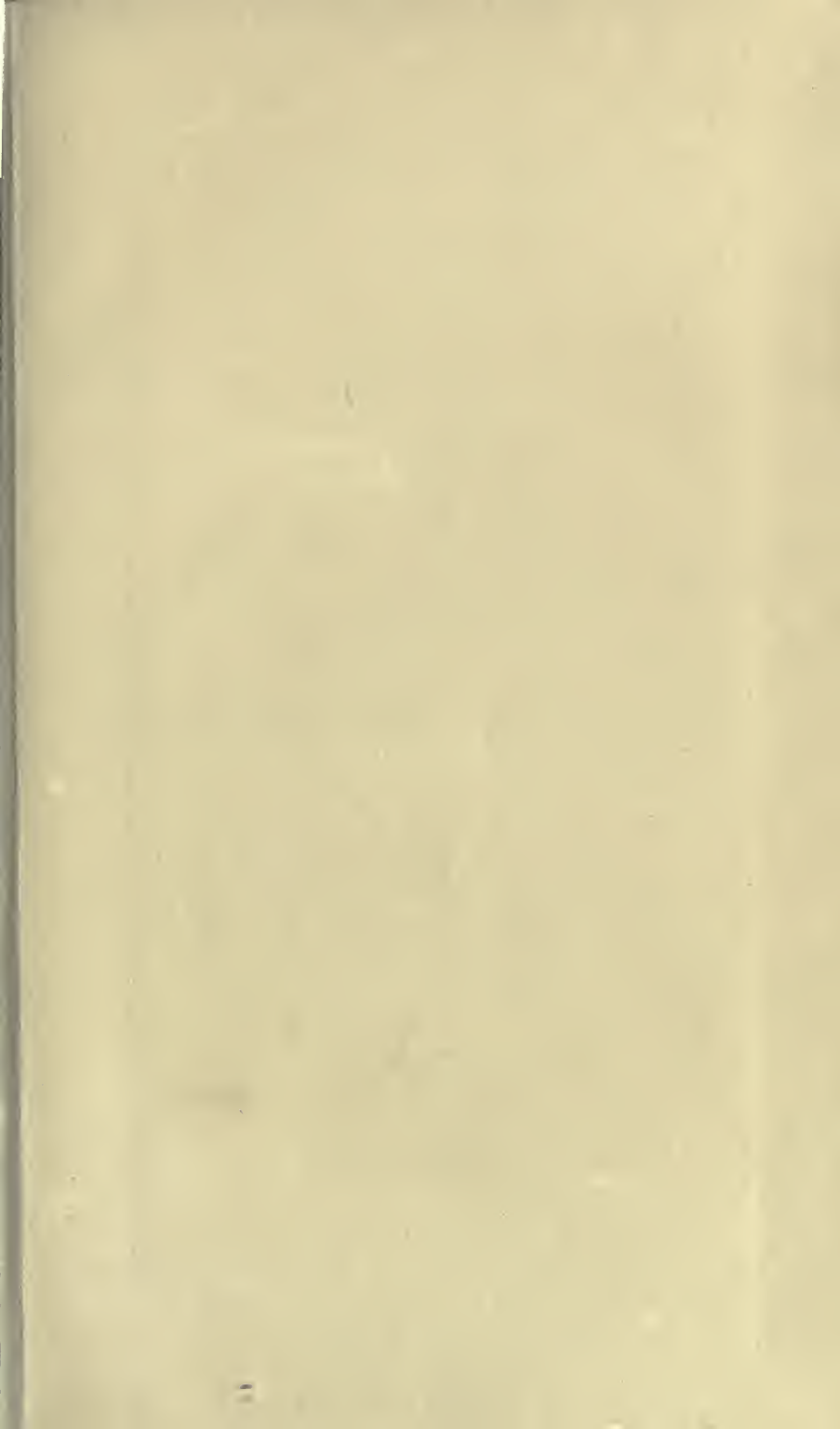
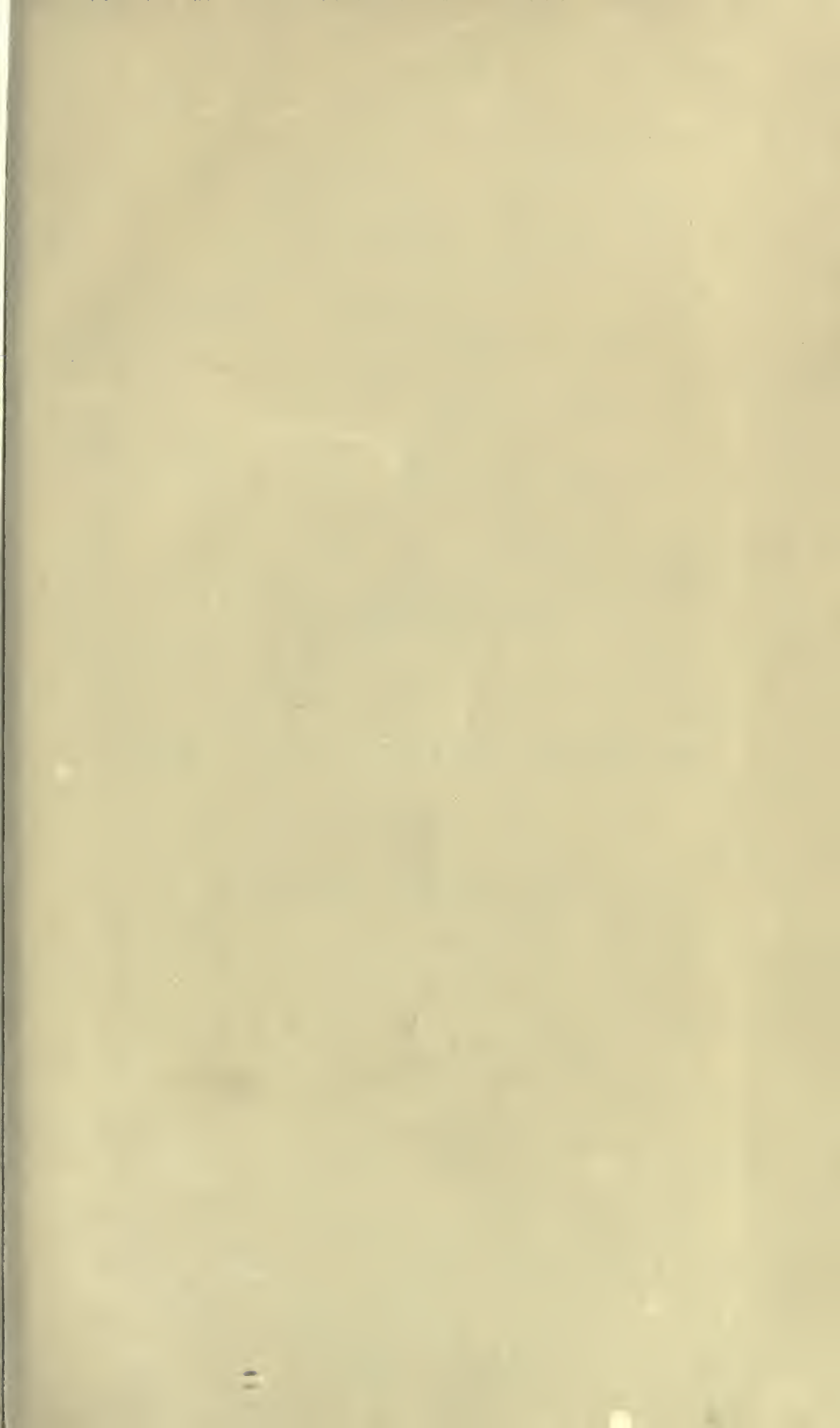


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A LEXICON
OF
THE PRIMITIVE WORDS
OF THE
GREEK LANGUAGE.

Excerpt

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A

LEXICON

OF

THE PRIMITIVE WORDS

OF THE

Greek Language,

INCLUSIVE OF

SEVERAL LEADING DERIVATIVES,

UPON A NEW PLAN OF ARRANGEMENT :

FOR THE USE OF SCHOOLS AND PRIVATE PERSONS.

~~~~~  
BY THE REV. JOHN BOOTH,

*Curate of Kirkby Malzeard, near Ripon, Yorkshire.*  
~~~~~

~~~~~  
Longum iter est per præcepta, breve et efficax per exempla.—SÆNECA.  
~~~~~

LONDON :

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111



PREFACE.

THIS Work, the plan of which is entirely new, so far as is known to its author, is designed to assist and encourage in the study of the Greek tongue; and will, it is hoped, be found of peculiar service to learners, and of some utility to proficients in the language.

As the Index points out the classification, it is deemed unnecessary to detain the reader with what might have the appearance of tautology.

Moreover, the author intends to publish, with all convenient speed, a small volume, by way of Key, or companion to this work, for the use of his tyro-readers, and of very beginners in the language.

Suffice it, therefore, at present to state, that the terminations, and genders of nouns, and also the genitive case of increasing substantives, the characteristic letters, first future, and preterperfect tense of verbs, are, so far as

✓

circumstances permit, placed at the head of the page, while several other tenses are occasionally given in the body thereof; so that, it is hoped, sufficient data will be found both for declining and conjugating.

Let it be further noticed, especially among the substantives and adjectives, that those words which are without a mark, are, generally, the best in the language; those with an asterism (*) are, for the most part, somewhat inferior; any with an obelisk (†) are more inferior still; and such as have the obelisk inverted (‡), rank the lowest of any in this collection.

A number of very inferior substantives, many of which being a kind of indefinites, are designedly left out, as words unworthy of a place in this compilation; such as—

ἀναρίτης, a kind of shell-fish; *ἄσινη*, a kind of herb which entwines itself with other herbs; *ἁφάκη*, a kind of pulse, a vetch; *ἁδάρα*, a sort of gruel; *ἁμόρα*, a kind of paste; *ἁρία*, a kind of tree, which is a long time in growing green; *ἁσκέρα*, a kind of Attic shoe; *ἁγαρικὸν*, a kind of mushroom on trees; *ἄνηδον*, anise, or dill; *ἄρον*, the herb wake-robin; *ἄμι*, a seed smaller than cummin, &c. &c.

Nevertheless, as the author hath it in contemplation to arrange all the derivative and compound words of the Greek tongue, upon a plan similar to that which characterizes the present Lexicon, he will, in such contem-

plated work, insert the inferior primitive nouns above alluded to, distinguishing them from others by capital letters.

Words derived from, or bearing some analogy, or even semblance to the Greek ones, and used in either interpretation, commonly begin with capital letters.

Though more than leisure time hath been bestowed upon the present performance, some inaccuracies may undoubtedly be met with; yet the author hopes they will be found of such a nature that, for them, candour will accept of an apology.

VII

ABBREVIATIONS.

Nn. Noun.
 adj. Adjective.
 Vb. Verb.
 part. Participle.
 adv. Adverb.
 conj. Conjunction.
 Decl. Declension.
 Cl. Class.
 m. Masculine gender.
 f. Feminine ———.
 n. Neuter ———.
 sing. Singular number.
 Dl. Dual ———.
 pl. Plural ———.
 N. Nominative case.
 V. Vocative ———.
 G. Genitive ———.
 D. Dative ———.
 A. Accusative ———.
 act. Active voice.
 pass. Passive ———.
 m. med. Middle ———.
 ind. Indicative mood.
 imp. imper. Imperative.

Opt. Optative.
 Subj. Subjunctive.
 inf. Infinitive.
 pr. Present tense.
 im. Imperfect.
 2. Second future.
 β. Second aorist.
 1. First future.
 α. First aorist.
 pf. Preterperfect.
 ppf. Preterpluperfect.
 p. post f. Paulo post futurum.
 Aeol. in the Aeolic dialect.
 Att. Attic.
 Boeot. Boeotic.
 Dor. Doric.
 Ion. Ionic.
 Prov. Provincial, local.
 R. Radix, or th. Theme.
 co. supplied with tenses from.
 q. which fraternizes with, comes
 from, or bears some relation to.
 ϰ—και ; ϰ—ος ; ϰ—ου ; ϰ—στ.

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NOUNS.

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The Author, who had it not in his power personally to inspect the proof sheets, by reason of his distance from the press, hath to apologize for the typographical inaccuracy of placing the grave accent upon several gravitonus words. This error occurs chiefly in words beginning with a vowel or diphthong, and requiring the acute accent (´) upon their first syllable. By way of remedy, let the young reader bear in mind, that the grave accent (`) should never appear upon any syllable except the *last*; and only upon that in Oxytonous words, where it is put instead of, and stands for the *acute*; but it is understood in every syllable upon which there is no *marked accent*. On the same score of unavoidable absence, he hath also to apologize for the following, and possibly a few other

ERRATA.*

Page.

- 81, l. 11, leneus, read laneus.
 ib. f. 4, opulentio, read opulentia.
 82, f. 4, πρυος, read π'υρυος.
 92, l. 11, monea, read moneta.
 93, l. 3, frustrum, read frustum.
 94, Chap. II. class I, ζ, read ξ.
 97, f. 8, circulus, read surculus.
 98, f. 6, αιδων, read 'αιδων.
 101, l. 6, castellæ, read catellæ.
 106, f. 5, χαλοξ, read χ'αλιξ.
 108, f. 9, ραγξ, read ρ'αγξ.
 109, l. 7, ης, read 'α'ης.
 110, l. 2, actor, read auctor.
 ib. f. 6, tumor, read humor.
 117, l. 9, fascic-nlus, read ulus.
 119, f. 10, innuris, read inauris.
 ib. f. 8, ref-oro, read refero.
 130, f. 10, αγγος, read 'αγγος.
 131, f. 7, ran, read rau.
 132, f. 1, ramas, read ramus.
 134, f. 15, gloriosor, read gloriosior.
 150, l. 3, imph-x, read simplex.
 167, l. 10, scale, read sale-brosus.
 178, f. 15, νεβλα-τον, read βον.
 185, l. 3, π'επομ-φα, read πα.

Page.

- 189, f. 10, κη- read κε-χ'αλιφα.
 201, f. 10, tendo, read tondeo.
 202, f. 14, π'επν-αγμαι, read ιγμαι.
 207, f. 6, εφαγην, read 'εφ'αγην.
 209, l. 6, hab- read hal-itus.
 213, l. 12, γαργαλ'-ιζω, read 'ιζω.
 217, f. 5, ξωνν'ω, read ζωνν'ω.
 218, l. 11, δ'ρω, read δ'ρα'ω.
 ib. contendo, read contundo.
 225, f. 7, Metath, read Metaph.
 228, l. 12, applodo, read applaudo.
 231, l. 11, infiamo, read infamo.
 242, f. 7, vineo, read vireo.
 243, f. 5, faticor, read fatigor.
 248, l. 4, pæstolor, read præstolor.
 255, l. 17, χρε'ηµι, read φρε'ηµι.
 256, f. 8, tepey, read tepefy.
 261, l. 1, 'ηρηνηµαι, read 'ηρηνηµαι.
 ib. 'αργησοµαι, read αργησοµαι.
 262, f. 5, deflectus, read defietus.
 266, l. 10, fervio, read ferveo.
 280, f. 9, κεχ'αλασ-οµαι, read µαι.
 281, f. 2, dergo, read detergo.
 291, l. 11, 'ολλυ-µι, read µαι.
 302, l. 6, sorsum, read seorsum.

* l. signifies line from the top, and f. from the foot of the page.

A

LEXICON

OF THE

PRIMITIVE WORDS

OF

The Greek Language.

NOUNS.—DECLENSION I.

ITS substantives terminate in α and η of the feminine gender, and in $\alpha\varsigma$ and $\eta\varsigma$ of the masculine.

In the dual and plural number, every noun of this declension is varied according to the following Exemplar :

DI.	PL.
N. V. A. α ,	N. V. $\alpha\iota$,
G. D. $\alpha\iota\gamma$,	G. $\tilde{\omega}\nu$,
	D. $\alpha\iota\varsigma$,
	A. $\alpha\varsigma$.

CLASS I.

Its nouns end in α , η , and $\eta\varsigma$, and are, in the singular number, thus declined :

TABLE II.

	Sing.		
	f.	m.	
N.	α ,	η ,	$\eta\varsigma$,
G.	..	$\eta\varsigma$,	$\omega\upsilon$,
D.	..	η ,	..
A.	$\alpha\gamma$,	$\eta\gamma$,	..
V.	α ,	η ,	..

A

ἀβρότη, nox—*night, darkness.* Quandoque νύξ additur.

ἀγέλη, armentum, grex—a *herd of cattle, a flock*; Metaph. a *company, a crowd.*

ἄρμαι, pl. ulnæ—the *arms.*

ἀγκύλη, jaculi genus, telum, amentum; cubiti incurvatio, poplitis flexio; antennarum cornua; genus poculi; astrictio articuli; linguæ vitium—a *kind of javelin or dart, an arrow, thong, sling; the bend of the arm, elbow, or knee; the yard-arms of a ship; a kind of cup; a contraction of the joints; a distemper of the tongue.* q. ἀγκύλος, curvus.

5 Ἅδης, poet. Ἅϊδης, Hades, orcus, tartarus, infernus, inferi; Pluto, deus inferorum; sepulchrum, mors—*Hades, the invisible world, state of the defunct, hell, the shades; Pluto, god of hell; the grave, death.* q. α priv. & εἶδω, video.

ἄελλα, Procella, turbo—a *storm, hurricane, mighty tempest, a tornado*; poet. *the rapid whirlwind's wing.*

ἀίγλη, fulgor, splendor—*brightness, lustre, splendor.*

Αἶσα, Parca, fati præses; fatum, sors, pars, portio; officium; insanantia—one of the *Parcæ or fates; fate, destiny, one's part, portion; an office or vocation; madness, frenzy.* pl. Αἶσαι, Parcæ, the three poetical destinies, daughters of Erebus and Nox; viz. Clotho, the holder of the distaff; Lachesis, the drawer of the thread of human life; and Atropos, the cutter or breaker of that thread.

αἵης, † qui amatur libidinose—a *catamite.*

10 αἶχμη, cuspis, mucro; hasta, lancea, telum, spiculum; bellum, arma—a *point; a spear, lance, dart, javelin; war, arms.* q. αἶσσω, ruo.

ἀκαλήθη, † urtica, spina; concha quædam marina exigua—a *nettle, a thorn; a small marine shell-fish.* παρὰ τὸ μὴ ἔχειν καλὴν ἀφ᾽ ἑν, on account of its being a *Noli me tangere.*

ἄκανθα, spina, sentis, vepres; Metaph. molestia, difficultas, salebra—a *thorn, a brier, thistle*; by a Metaphor, *molestation, trouble, difficulty.* q. ἀκὴ, cuspis, & ἀνθέω, floreo.

ἄκη, Acies ferri, cuspis: quies; urbs Phoeniciæ—the *edge of a sword, a point; quiet, rest; a city of Phoenicia.*



ἀκινακῆς, † Acinaces, genus jaculi Persici—a *Persian dart, a lance, sword, simitar*.

- 15 ἀκμή, cuspis; flos ætatis, vigor, firma ætas, maturitas; punctum occasionis, articulus temporis quo aliquid agi debet—a *point, barb; the flower of age, prime of life, vigour, strength, maturity; a fair occasion, favourable opportunity, the nick of time for business*. q. ἀκῆ, cuspis.

ἀκόνη, cos—a *whetstone, a Hone*. q. ἀκῆ, quod ad acuendum adhibetur.

ἀκρογῆ, hordeum, cibus—*barley, meat, food*.

ἀκλή, litus; fruges; sambucus—the *sea-shore, its coast; fruits of the earth; an alder tree*. q. ἄγω, frango, to break.

ἀλαλή, Dor. ἀ, Alala; vox inarticulata quæ a militibus ante pugnam edi solebat, clamor militaris—a *military cry, a martial exclamation, an huzza before the engagement, a shout for battle*.

- 20 ἀλκή, robur, vires; fortitudo; auxilium, remedium—*strength, ability, power; fortitude; aid, help, remedy*.

ἄμαλλα, † manipulus—a *handful, an armful, a bundle, sheaf of corn*.

ἄμαξα, currus; plastrum; septentrio—a *chariot; wain, wagon; the seven stars, Charles's wain, the north*. q. ἄμα, simul, & ἄγω, 1. ἄξω, Ago.

ἄμβη, † crepido—the *brow of a rock*.

ἀμιλλα, certamen, contentio, studium—a *combat, contention, debate, emulation*.

- 25 Ἀμφιτρίη, † Amphitrite: mare—*Amphitrite, wife of Neptune; the sea*. παρὰ τὸ ἀμφιτριβεῖν, from its circumlaving the earth.

ἀνάγκη. Dor. α, necessitas; rerum difficultas; quicquid cogit, tormentum, quæstio—*necessity, fatality; difficult and trying circumstances, a strait; cogency, constraint, torture, an inquisition*.

ἀνδρογῆ, crabro, vespa—a *wasp, a hornet*. q. ἀνδροεῖν, audacter prosilio.

ἄξινη, Ascia, securis, dolabra—an *Ax, hatchet, cleaver, saw, plane*. q. ἄγω.

ἀορτή, † Arteria magna; arca—the *great Artery; a coffer*.



30 ἀπήνη, † rheda—a chariot.

ἀράχνης, * Araneus, Aranea—a spider, an Aran.

ἀρβύλη, † calceamenti genus—a kind of shoe.

ἀρετή. G. pl. Dor. ἀρετῶν, Virtus, fortitudo, industria, navitas—
Virtue, moral goodness and excellence, courage, valour, fortitude, industry, activity, enterprize. q. Ἄρης, Mars.

ἀρχή, principium, exordium, initium, origo, fundamentum, imperium, principatus, magistratus—beginning, rise, outset, first entrance, origin, foundation, sway, command, sovereignty, principality, authority, magistracy.

35 ἀσβόλη, fuligo, favilla—soot, embers.

αὔγη, splendor, lux; jubar, radius; locus illustratus; oculus, diluculum—splendor, brightness, light; a sun-beam, a ray; an illuminated place; the eye, morning red. q. αὖω, splendo.

αὐδή, vox, sermo, oratio; nuncium—a voice, speech, discourse, oration; news. q. αὖω, clamo.

αὐθενής, qui sua manu se perimit, autor cædis; q. αὐτός, ipse, & ἐνέα, arma—one guilty of suicide, a self-destroyer, felo de se, an assassin, man of blood: auctor quilibet, dominus, qui libera est potestate; q. αὐτὸν ἐνός, se mittentis—an Author, lord, Authentic master, acting by his own will and Authority, independent.

αὐλή, locus subdialis, Aula, regia domus, antrum, stabulum, ovile—an open and spacious place, a court, Hall, palace, royal residence, a stable, sheepfold, hovel.

40 αὔμη, * halitus, spiritus; vapor, fumus, ardor—breath, spirit; vapour, smoke, ardour, heat. q. αὔω flo.

ἀφροδίτη, Venus, dea amoris; venustas—Venus, the goddess of love; beauty, neatness. q. ἀφρός, spuma.

ἄχνα, s. η, gluma, Acus; tenuissima et minima, ut favilla, scintillæ, fumus, fuligo, ros, spuma, lanugo, &c.—the husk or hull of corn, chaff; light and very small matters, as embers, sparks, smoke, soot, dew, froth, down, and the like.

B.

βῆσι. † pl. saltus, &c.—thickets, woodlands, mountain passes, defiles between hills. q. βαιῶ, eo.



- βλαῦται, † pl. calceamenti genus—a kind of shoes or sandals.
 45 βλέννα, † mucus—snot, phlegm.
 βελή, consilium, consultatio, curia—counsel, consultation, council, senate, court. q. βέλομαι, Volo.
 βρονή, Tonitru—Thunder, a Brunt.
 βυκάνη, † Buccina—a trumpet.
 βύρσα, * orium, pellis—a hide, leather, skin, Purse.

Γ

- 50 γάγγραινα, † Gangræna, mortificatio incipiens—a Gangrene, eating ulcer, anterior stage of mortification. q. γράω, vel γράινω, depascor.
 γάζα, † Gaza, opes, divitiæ, thesaurus—goods, wealth, riches, treasure.
 γαλή, in prose γαλή, * mustela, catus, felis—a weasel, a cat.
 γαλήνη, serenitas, tranquillitas; hilaritas vultus—serenity, tranquillity, a calm; cheerfulness of countenance, q. γελάω, rideo.
 γέεννα, † Heb. Geenna, cruciatus—the valley of Hinnom, hell, torture.
 55 γέλγη, † omnis generis merces, color, tinctura—any kind of goods or merchandize, colour, tincture, dye.
 γῆ, terra—the earth; γέα, poet. γαῖα, id. q. v.
 γλήνη, pupilla oculi; oculus ipse; cavitas ossis, quæ aliud os recipit—the apple or ball of the eye; the eye itself; the receptive hollow of a joint.
 γλῶσσα, Att. γλῶ, lingua; sermo; vocabulum peregrinum; lingua tibiæ—the tongue; speech, discourse, a Gloss; a foreign or uncouth word; the tip of a flute or pipe.
 γρώνη, † caverna, saxum exesum—a cavern, hollow rock. q. γράω, exedo—to eat out. Hence Eng. to Groan, i. e. sound as from a cavern.

Δ

- 60 δάφνη, laurus; Daphne, nomen Nymphæ in laurum conversæ—the laurel tree; Daphne, the name of a Nymph who was turned into a laurel.



- δελη, tempus pomeridianum, vespera, crepusculum ; diluculum
—the afternoon, evening ; twilight ; day-break. δειλαν, Dor.
pro. καλὰ δειλην, vesperi.
- δεῖσα, vel δεῖσσα, † humor, stercus, foetor—humour, sweat, excrement, dung, a rank smell.
- δειρη, & δειρη, cervix, collum ; montis cacumen—the neck ; a mountain top.
- διαῖα, ratio vitæ, institutum vivendi, vitæ genus ; victus, Diæta ; arbitrium, domicilium—mode or manner of life, way or plan of living, custom, kind of life ; victuals, Diet, regimen ; bent, humour, choice, abode.
- 65 δικελλα, † ligo, bifidus, bidens—a spade, pitchfork.
- δικη, jus, justitia, fas ; ritus, consuetudo, mos ; Dica, judicium, lis ; poena—law, justice, right ; institute, rite, custom, common usage ; an indictment, suit at law, litigation, dispute ; punishment. q. διώκω, persequor. δίκην, (sc. καλὰ,) more, according to custom.
- δινη, vortex, gurgēs ; aëris turbo, gyrus—a whirlpool, a gulph ; a whirlwind, tornado, wheeling. q. δια, per, & νέω, Neo, to spin. n. pl. Ion. δινης, poet. δινησι.
- διψα, Sitis ; desiderium vehemens—thirst ; eager desire, an ardent longing for. q. δια & σπάω, traho.
- δραχμή, Drachma, moneta, pondus—a Drachm, Dram, coin, weight.
- 70 δειχη, calamitas, infelicitas, arumna, dolor, moeror, anxietas—calamity, misfortune, unhappiness, trouble, grief, pain of mind, sadness, anxiety. q. δύω, subeo, occido, q. d. the setting of the sun of prosperity.

E

- ἐγγυή, sponsio, fidejussio—a promise, engagement. q. ἐγγυς, prope, cominus, q. d. a coming to, hand to hand.
- εἰςμέγη, † locus irriguus et herbosus, pratum—a plot of ground well watered and abounding with herbage, a meadow. q. εἶα, gramen. & μένω. Maneo.
- εἰλαπίνη, * Epuum, compotatio—a feast, banquet, compotationi. q. εἶλη, agmen, & πίνω, Bibo.

Nouns, Decl. 1. Cl. 1. α, η, f. ης, m.



- εἰρήνη, Dor. εἰράνα, pax, quies—*peace, quiet, rest.* παρὰ τὸ εἰς ἓν εἰρεῖν, *from knitting together in one.*
- 75 ἐλάτῃ, abies—a *fir-tree.* D. pl. ἐλάτης, & ησι.
 Ἑλένη, † Dor. Ἑλένα, Helena; vas—*Helen, wife of Menelaus; a kind of vessel.* Sed ἐλένη, s. ἐλάνη, lampas, fax, luna—a *lamp, torch, the moon.*
- ἥλη vel εἰλη, calor ex sole prodiens, calor solaris, splendor solis; æstus—*solar heat, sunshine; hot weather.*
- ἑορτή, festum, festus dies; dies celebris; feriæ—a *feast, festive day; a notable one; a holiday.*
- Ἑρμῆς, Hermes, Mercurius; vide Ἑρμῆας, id.
- 80 ἔρση, Ros; hædus vel agnus recens natus—*dew; a young kid or lambkin.* q. ῥέω, fluo.
- ἑτης, socius, amicus, sodalis; civis—a *companion, friend, mate; a citizen:* ὦ'ταν pro ὦ' ἐλάν, o amice vel o amici.
- εὔλαι, † pl. vermes—*worms breeding in the body, or in an ulcer.* q. εἰλέω, volvo.
- ὄνη, cubile; tentorium, concubitus; habitatio, sepulchrum; anchora—a *bed, couch; a tent, lodging together; an habitation, the grave, bed of clay; an anchor, a stay.*

Z

- ζάγκλη, vel ζάγκλον, † falx—a *scythe, sickle.* q. ζά, valde, & ἀγκύλος, curvus.
- 85 ζάλη, † turbo vehemens, procella, agitatio maris, æstus—a *rapid whirlwind, a hurricane, a storm at sea, its surging or boiling; an eddy.* παρὰ τὸ ζέειν τὴν ἄλα, *from a boiling sea.*
- ζύμη, fermentum—*leaven, yeast,* q. ζέω, ferveo.

H

- ἡβη, Pubes, Pubertas; Hebe, Pubertatis dea, juvenus—*Pubes, Puberty, ripening tokens, the age of Puberty; Hebe, ever young, and of youth the goddess; youth, vigour, young persons.*
- Est etiam vigor ætatis, in sene licet.
- ἡλακάτη, colus—a *distaff.* pl. τὰ ἡλάκαλα, fusus, fila, lanæ colo-



circumvolutæ, stamina—a spindle, threads, reeled yarn, wool wrapped round the distaff, warp.



Σάλασσα, Att. τίλα, mare; aqua marina, aqua salsa; fossa vel aquæductus—the sea; sea-water; water that is salt or brackish; a ditch or aqueduct, a canal. q. Σάλλω, vireo—to be green.

90 Σηλή, papilla, mamma, uberis apex, ruma—the nipple of the breast, a teat, a dug.* q. Σηλεια, foemina.

Σίβη, † fiscella e vimine plexa in modum arculæ—an osier or twig basket.

Σοίη, epulum, convivium, dapes; cibus—a feast, entertainment, banquet; meat, food. q. Σύω, epulor, & οἶνος, Vinum; q. d. a banquet of wine.

Συέλλα, Procella, turbo—a storm, hurricane, whirlwind, tornado. q. Σύω, Furo, & ἀέλλα, Procella; q. d. a raving tempest, a madding storm.

Σωή, mulcta, damnum—a mulct or fine, damage. q. Σῶ, pono.

I

95 Ἰβήης, † Ibdes, clavus in fundo navis, quo educto, aqua effluit—the peg or bung of a ship's sink.

Ἰδæ, Ida, mons Phrygiæ; mons etiam in Creta—Ida, a mountain of Phrygia looking towards Troy, famed for woods and fountains; also a mountain of Crete. παρὰ τὸ ἰδεῖν κυκλόθεν, from its laying the circumjacent country within the range of the eye.

ἰκέτης, supplex—a suppliant; see separate Cl. of adjs.

ἰσγή, † tegmen, diversorium, litus, clamor—a cover, protection, an inn, the shore, noise. q.

ἰσγή, * vox, clamor; flatus—a voice, shout, cry; a blast of wind. q. ἰὼ, adv. exclamantis.

K

100 κακκάβα, † perdix—a partridge.

- κακακίη, & ος, † Cacabus, olla testacea—a porringer, pot, pan; kettle.
- κάλη, † urna, urceus, situla—an urn, pitcher, bucket. q. κόλπος, sinus; on account of its winding shape: vel a καλυπτο, abscondo, because an urn embosoms and conceals its contents.
- κάληχι, † flos, vel animal, quo tingitur purpura—the flower, or animal, with which purple is dyed.
- κάννα, vel η, † Canna, arundo, storea—a Cane, a reed, a mat.
- 105 κάρυκη, † Caryca, intritum seu condimentum—a kind of hash or seasoning, minced meat.
- καράλη, & κασσα, † meretrix, scortum—an harlot. q. κάζω, orno, l. κάσω, & λαβή, prehensio.
- κεφαλή, Caput; homo; summa et conclusio, princeps, quod in aliqua re præcipuum est—the head; the whole man; the sum and conclusion, a principal person or thing.
- κήλη, tumor, tumor scroti, ramex—a tumour or swelling, that of the scrotum, a rupture.
- κιδάρη, & α, † vulpes—a fox.
- 110 κίσσα, pica; consuetorum ciborum fastidium, et absurdorum appetitus, malacia—a magpie; a loathing of proper, and a longing for improper food, squeamishness, the chlorosis, or green sickness.
- κίστη, † Cista, capsula—a box, Chest, Prov. a Kist, a trunk, a basket.
- κίχλη, Dor. κίχ'λα, † turdus; piscis quidam—a thrush; a kind of fish.
- κνήμη, tibia, crus, sura; radius rotæ—the skin, leg, calf; the spoke of a wheel; hence Knee.
- κνίσσα, vel κνίσσα, ζα, Nidor arvinæ, fumus incensæ pinguedinis, odor et vapor ex carnibus quæ torrentur aut assantur; ipsa pinguedo, arvina et adeps—the smell of fat, its fume or smell when broiled or burnt, the smell of roast meat, the fume of the kitchen; fat itself, suet, tallow.
- 115 κόγχη, * Concha, ostreum; mensura, vasculum; umbo clypei; oculi cavitas—a shell-fish, an oyster; a measure equaling,



and vessel resembling an oyster-shell ; the boss of a shield ; the cavity of the eye.

κοίτη, cubile, lectus ; concubitus ; proles ; tempus cubandi ; cista—a bed, couch, bed-chamber ; (Prov. Coit, q. d. Cot) a lodging together ; offspring, progeny ; bed-time ; a chest, repository. pl. κοίται, libidines.

κόλλα, η, Gluten, Glutinum—gum, Glue ; an ox' hide. q. κλείω, Claudio, to Close.

κόμη, Coma, cæsaries culta ; Coma, i. e. frondes arborum, herbarum et similium ; herba quædam—hair, Combed locks, tresses neatified by the Comb ; the foliage of trees, leaves of herbs, plants, &c. a kind of herb.

κορυδύλη, † clava, fustis, clavæ caput, tuber—a club, the top of a stick, a knop, nail-head, toadstool.

120 κόρυζα, † gravedo, cerebri morbus ; mucus narium, pituita ; stultitia—a rheum, crude defluxion from the head, disorder of the brain ; the mucus of the nostrils, snivel, snot ; folly, conceit. q. ἐξ καρα ζέει, ex capite ebullit.

κορυή, clava ; articulatio surculi ; articulus summi humeri necnon cubiti ; Metaph. veretrum asini—a club, knopped stick ; the articulation of a shoot or twig, a knot in wood ; the shoulder and elbow joint ; Metaph. the generative member of an ass.

κορυφή, vertex capitis ; cacumen, cujusvis rei vertex, caput ; ornamentum muliebre—the top or crown of the head ; a summit, the top or ridge of any thing, the head ; a female ornament. d. pl. Ion. κορυφήσιν.

κορώνη, Cornix, Corvus ; ferreus malleus, quo fores pulsantur, anulus quo illæ attrahuntur ; summitas in curvamine arcus, ubi ex utraque parte ligitur nervus ; carvatura in puppi navis ; apex ligni inter utrumque bovem in aratro protensi ; quævis summitas ; Corona—a Crow, raven, moorhen ; the rapper of a door, the ring or handle by which it is drawn to ; the tip of the stringed bow, also the top of an arch's span, its key-stone, a corbel in architecture ; the curve of a ship's stern ; the fore end of the waincope or draught pole ; any summit or

extremity, the top part of a curve or span; a Crown. q. *κάρα, τὸ, caput.*

κότιη, † caput—the head.

125 *κοτύλη, cavitas, cavum; coxæ cavitas, vola; ossis cavitas, in qua aliud volvitur; vasculum concavum, poculum. mensura, hemina—a cavity, cave, hollow; the hollow of a joint, a porringer, a cup, a four-ounce measure, an hemina, half a sextary, i. e. three-fourths of a pint. Hence, to Cot, i. e. use the porringer. Cotting, a mean way of cooking or dressing victuals.*

κράδη, ramus vel surculus ficulnus; ficulnam folium; folium, ramus—the fig-tree's branch or shoot, its leaf; a leaf, a branch in general. q. *κλάδος, λ in ρ mutato. κράδος, idem.*

κραίπαλη, Crapula, comessatio, obtenebratio mentis e potu—a surfeit, surcharge of the stomach, excess and its effects, riot, intoxication. q. *κάρα, τὸ, caput, & πάλλος, agitatio, a πάλλω, vibro.*

κράμβη, † brassica, Crambe, caulis—a cabbage, colewort, a stalk. q. *τὸ κάρα, caput.*

κρήνη, fons; vas aquarium—a source, a fountain, the head of a stream; a water-pot. q. *κάρη, caput, syncope κρη, & νάω, fluo, mano; quum fons caput est rivi.*

130 *κριθῆ, hordeum—barley; also a pimple under the eye-brow.*

κρόκη, trama, subtegmen—the weaver's woof, Vulg. weft. q. *κρέκω, pectine pulso, to strike with a sley.*

κρόκη, arena litoralis; litus—the sand of the sea; a sea-beat coast, the sounding shore. q. *κρέκω, pulso, strepitum edo, to strike, sound.*

*κύβη, * caput—the head.*

*κυψέλη, * alveare apum; arca; genus vasis aut mensuræ frumentariæ; interius auris foramen; sordes aurium—a bee-hive; a chest or coffer; a kind of corn vessel or measure, a Cup; the interior foramen of the ear; ear wax.* q. *κύνω, to bend, verge.*

135 *κωλακρέτης, † Colacretes—a treasurer of the Delphic temple. pl. κωλακρέται, the Colacretai, officers who distributed the*

Nouns, Decl. 1. Cl. 1. α, η, f. ης, m.

remnants of sacrifices to the priests. q. κῶλα, membra, & κριῖς, judex, q. d. arbiters of limbs and joints, awarders of parts and members.

κωλιάτης, † stellio—a lizard.

κώμη, vicus, pagus, villa—a street, village, manor-house. κωμότης. paganus, a country man, a peasant: pl. κωμῆται, ejusdem vici incolæ, ejusdem viciniae, vicini, dwellers in the same street or neighbourhood, neighbours.

κώπη, remus, tonsa; manubrium, Capulus—an oar; hilt, haft, handle. q. κόπιω, tundo.

A

λακέρευα, † garrula—a prater, a trifler, reviler. q. λα, & κράζω.

140 λάχνη, Lanugo, Lana; pilus mollis, pellis Lanosa—down, wool; soft hair, a downy skin, soft fleece. q. λα, valde, & χνᾶς, G. χνᾶ, lanugo.

λέσχη, sermocinatio, confabulatio crebra, inutilis sermo; locus disputandi de rebus philosophicis—talk, loquacity, prattle, chit-chat, idle discourse, Leasing; a place of philosophical disputations.

λήμη, * sordes oculorum, gramia, lippitudo—blearedness, concreted rheum of the eyes. q. λα, & μύω, claudio. γλήμη, idem.

λίμνη, stagnum, lacus, palus, mare—a pond, pool, lake, fen, marsh, the sea. q. λίαν μένει τὸ ὕδωρ, ubi aqua manet et non movetur.

λίσπη, † Lispe—a certain small animal, very lean and slender. q. λῖς, Apoc. pro λισσῇ, lævis.

145 λόγγη, † sepulchrum, bustum—a sepulchre, monument.

λωγή, tenebræ, obscuritas—darkness, obscurity.

λύμη, Lues, noxa, exitium; injuria, sordes—plague, hurt, destruction; maltreatment, nastiness.

λόπη, dolor, animi molestia et ægritudo, tristitia, moeror—grief, pain of mind, mental sickness, sadness, sorrow.

λύσσα, Att. λύτλα, rabies, furor canum, vermiculus sub lingua

canum—*rage, Lust, fury, canine fierceness, the small worm under a dog's tongue.* q. λύω.

- 150 λώβη, injuria, contumelia; dedecus; damnum, jactura; aurium morbus—*injury, affront, reproach, contumely; a stain, dishonour; loss, damage, accident; an auricular disease affecting the Lobe or tip of the ear.*

M

μάζα, Maza, um, offa, libum—a cake, pudding, paste. q. μάζω, σω, subigo, to knead.

μάλη, † axilla, Ala—the armpit. Item, μάλη, Malva, Mallows.

μάλκη, * manuum pedumque contractio et stupor ex frigore; frigus—*contraction and numbness of the hands and feet through cold; cold weather.*

μάμμα, η, & αα, † Mamma, vox puerorum ad matrem, vel aliam feminam ætate provectiorem; avia; uber—*Mamma, a word used by children to their mothers, and by young people to an aged female; a grandmother; the breast, & dug.* q. μάζω, cupio.

- 155 μανδάκη, † corium, pellis—*leather, a hide.*

μάρη, manus—the hand. q. μείρω.

μαρίλη, & α, † favilla—*embers.* q. μαράινω.

μαστρωπής, & ος, ὁ ἢ ἡ, † leno, lena—a pimp, bawd, Strumpet.

μασχάλη, Axilla, ala; armus; pars folii olivæ; palmæ virga; pars proræ—the armpit; the shoulder; part of the olive leaf; a palm twig; part of a ship's prow.

- 160 ματρίλλη, † lena—a pimp, bawd, Trull. q. d. μάλις ἄλλη, alia mater.

μέλισσα, τία, G. pl. Aeol. άων, Dor. άν, apis—a bee, the honey gatherer. q. μέλι, Mel.

μερίμνα, cura, sollicitudo, anxietas—*care, sollicitude, anxiety;*

quia μερίζει νῆν, G. pl. Aeol. μεριμνάων.

μήλη, † specillum—a surgical instrument, a probe. q. μάζω, quæror.

μήνη, Dor. μάνα, Luna—the Moon, changing luminary of the night, the earth's attendant planet.

165 μηχανή, ars, artificium, solertia ; Machina, fabrica, Machinatio, molitio—art, artifice, cunning, expertness ; a Machine, fabric, design, plan, Machination, contrivance, effort.

μίνθα, † Mentha—Mint. μίνθη, idem. q. d. μίνθος, stercus, dung.

μορφή, Dor. μόρφα, Forma, species—Form, figure, beauty. μορφώω, Formo, to Form.

μῆσα, Musa, dea cantus, una Camoenarum ; cantus ipse ; cognitio, scientia—a Muse, goddess of song, one of the tune-ful and intelligent nine ; song, verse, poetry ; knowledge, skill, science. pl. Μῆσαι, Musæ, the nine Muses : viz. Clio, the Muse renowned ; she presides over history, and was inventress of the lute. Calliope, of voice most sweet, the mistress of eloquence and heroic poetry. Erato, celebrated love subjects, and was Muse of the lyre. Thalia, the flourishing maid, so called from the gaiety and pleasantry of her songs. Melpomene, the buskined maid, songstress of the stage, presiding over tragedy and melancholy themes. Terpsichore, the jovial ; she presides over music and the sprightly dance. Euterpe, the joy-imparting ; she invented the flute, presides over music, and is the patroness of logic. Polyhymnia, the Muse of many songs ; she excels in memory, and presides over history. Urania, the heavenly ; the Muse of sacred song, and poesy divine ; she invented astronomy. G. pl. μυσῶν, Acol. μυσάων, Dor. μυσῶν, Musarum.

ῥαυκῆς, G. β, ό, et ῥῆος, ῥ, † fungus, boletus ; fungus ellychnii ; morbus quidam oleæ, ensis manubrium ; membrum virile—a fungus, mushroom ; a thief in a candle ; blast in an olive-tree ; the hilt of a sword ; the penis.

170 μύλη, Mola ; meta ; Mola salsa ; caro informis in utero muliebri ; dens Molaris ; herba quædam—a Mill ; the lower millstone ; the sacrificial cake, the salt one placed on the victim's head ; a Mole, false conception ; one of those teeth which are called the grinders ; a kind of herb. μύλος, id. pl. οἱ μύλοι, dentes Molares, the grinders. μύλων, ωνος, ό, pistrium, a bakehouse, a hand-mill, a grinding-house, drudgery.



μύξα, * Mucus, Mucor, humor e naribus fluens; Mucus in ostris et testudinibus; ellyehnum lucernæ—*Mucus, snot, defluxion from the nostrils; the liquor in oysters and tortoises; the wick of a lamp or candle.* q. μύσσω, l. μύξω, emungo, to blow the nose.

μυσίλη, † buccia panis excavata, cochlear, &c.—*a small piece of bread hollowed like a shell and used as a spoon, a spoon.* μυσύλον, & μύσρον, idem.

N

νάνη, † patris matrisve soror—an Aunt. Prov. Naunt.

νάκη, α, torpedo, piscis faciens illos qui tangunt eum torpescere; torpor, stupor, veternus—the torpedo or cramp-fish, which benumbs those who touch it; torpor, stupor, numbness, the Cramp, listlessness, lethargy.

175 νάφα, † Naphtha—a kind of chalky slime, brimstone, a substance like marl, which when ignited burns fiercer by the injection of water, a sort of bitumen, liquid petrol.

νάσσα, † anas—a duck, a drake. q. νέω, Nato.

νύμφη, α, G. pl. Ion. έων; sponsa, nova nupta; nurus; caruncula in medio pudendi muliebris; concavitas in inferiori labio; extrema pars vomeris; aqua, Lympha—a spouse, a bride; a daughter-in-law; the caruncula myrtiformis; the hollow of the under lip; extremity of the plough-share; water, Lymph, a Limpid streamlet. pl. νύμφαι, Nymphæ, numina muliebria, in montibus, sylvis, pratisque habitantia, necnon circa fontes et fluentia; formicæ alatæ; lumbrici jam jam alati futuri; calyces rosæ paululum se aperientes—the Nymphs, goddesses dwelling in mountains, woodlands and meads, also about fountains and flowing streams; winged pismires; grubs beginning to have wings, young bees; the knops of opening rose-buds, the calyces or cups of roses.

O

όχλη, S. όχλη, * pirum sylvestre—a wild pear-tree, a wild pear.

Nouns, Decl. 1. Cl. 1. α, γ, f. ης, μῆ

ὀδύνη, G. pl. Aeol. ἄων, D. γσιν, dolor, cruciatus, anxietas—
pain, torture, torment, anxiety. q. ὀδῶς, dens.

180 ὄψη, * cura, ratio—care, a ratio, reason, a reckoning.

ὄψη, * linteum, tela, mappa, velum nauticum—linen, a web,
napkin, canvas, the sail of a ship.

ὄμη, via, semita; iter; cantus, cantilena, narratio—a way,
road, path, walk; a journey, excursion; a song, tune, old
saw, a story, narration, fable. ὄμος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, idem.

ὄληπη. Dor. α, † lecythus, ampulla—an oil-glass, cruet, wine-
vessel, decanter.

ὀμίχλη, Ion. ὀμίχλα, nebula; obscuritas, caligo; suffusus—a
mist; obscurity, blackness, darkness; a fumigation, incense.

185 ὀμφή, vox divina, responsum a Deo datum, oraculum; somni-
um, augurium, omen; vox—a divine voice, a divine response
or answer, an oracle; a dream, augury, divination, an omen,
a token; a voice.

ὀπή, foramen; specus—a hole; a den, a lair. q. ὀπῶμαι,
video; sed ὀπή, ubi? quomodo?

ὀργή, ira, iracundia; ingenium, inclinatio, studium, mores;
impetus, poena—Anger, Rage; disposition, inclination, turn
of mind, bent, aim, study, behaviour, morals; an onset,
penalty. q. ὀρέγω, Porrigo, extendo.

ὀρμή, motus impetuus, impetus; profectio, aggressio, cona-
tus, cupiditas, appetitus animi, instinctus—a violent motion,
an impetus, attack, violence; a military movement, aggres-
sion, assault, attempt, essay, enterprise, effort, desire, cupi-
dity, passion, instinct. q. ὀρῶμαι, cum impetu feror, pf. ὤρμαι,
th. ὄρω, concito.

ὀρφνη, Dor. α, tenebrae, obscuritas, nox—darkness, obscurity,
night. q. ὀρφός, luce expers.

190 ὄσση, vox, fama, rumor, omen, oraculum—a voice, report,
fame, rumour, an omen, presage, oracle. q. ὄσσομαι, auguror,
vaticinor; Aeol. pro ὀπῶμαι, video.

ὄχθη, ripa, ora—a bank, border, shore, coast. ὄχθος, ripa, tu-
mulus, labor—a margin, mound, toil.

II

παλάθη, † massa ficuum; massa rerum aliarum—a *frail of figs* or raisins, a bunch; a mass or lump of other things.

παλαις, † Palmus—the *breadth of four fingers*.

παλάμη, Dor. α, D. pl. Ion. ησι, Palma; manus; ars, ratio, qua aliquid efficitur—the *Palm of the hand*; the hand itself; art, dexterity, the *nack or method of doing any thing*, plan of performance. q. πάλλω, vibro, agito.

195 πάλη, lucta, luctatio, Palæstra—the *act of wrestling, a struggle*. quæ fit τῷ πάλλειν manus; i. e. eas commovendo.

πάχνη, pruina, ros glaciatus; glacies, stiria—*hoar frost, rime; ice, an icicle*. πήγνυμι, Compingo.

πέδη, Pedica, compes—a *fetter, shackle*. q. πῆς, Pes.

πέζα, planta Pedis, ima planta; fimbria—the *sole of the foot; border of a garment*. q. πῆς, Pes.

πείνα, Ion. η, fames, esuritio—*hunger*. πένομαι, pauper sum.

200 πέλλα, Ion. η, muletra, muletrale; vas pitorium—a *milk pail, a watering pail*. q. πελλίς, ἰδος, ἡ. But Πέλλη, Pella, a city of Macedonia, from which Alexander the Great was called Pelleus.

πέλη, Pelta, cetra, scutum brevius, quo sagittarii et levioris armaturæ milites uti solebant—the *Pelta, a short target or buckler, a small shield of a semilunar form, which was used by the archers and light troops*. q. παλὼν, quod vibrari possit.

περόνη, fibula; subula, acicula—a *buckle, clasp, bracer; an awl or bodkin, a pin or needle, ankle-bone*. q. πείρω, transadigo, figo.

Πέρσης, Persa—a *Persian*. v. α.

πέυκη, pinus, Picea; tæda—a *pine, the pitch-tree, pitch, a torch*. q. πεικός, amarus.

205 πήγη, fons, scatebra, saliens aqua—a *fountain, a spring, gushing or bubbling water*. quia πηδᾷ ἐκ γῆς.

πιμελή, * pinguedo, adeps—*fat, fatness*.

πίσσα, πῖτλα, Pix—*Pitch*.

πίλνα, † turma, cohors, tribus quædam—a *troop, band, cohort, elan, tribe*. But Πιλάνη, Pitane, a maritime city of Æolia;

- πλάνη, error, vagatio—the act of straying or wandering, a vagary. q. πλάζω, errare facio; πλανάω, id. et fallo, seduco.
- 210 ποινή, Dor. πόληα, Poena, ultio injuriæ seu peccati, pretium quo injuria pensatur—punishment, Penalty, Pain, revenge for an injury done, or fault committed, a valuable consideration reparatory of an injury, release, discharge. pl. ποινῶν, furie, the three furies.
- πόρις, † Porces, annulus seu fibula cujus complexu hastæ ferum cum ligno coercetur—that ring, hoop, or binding, by the firm embrace of which the spike or pointed steel of a spear is fastened to its wood or shaft.
- πόρνη, meretrix—a whore. vide περνάω, R. περάω, vendo.
- πόρπη, fibula; annulus clypei—a buckle, a clasp; the ring of a shield. q. πόρπαξ, ακος, ό, idem. q. πείρω, figo.
- πόσθη, † pellis, qua glans virilis integitur; penis—the skin covering the glans.
- 215 πέλμα, Ion. η, calx, calcaneum; cujusvis rei extremitas, Perna, dolus—the heel, heel of a shoe; end or extremity of any thing, the root end of a tree, a Dern, a device, a trick, last shift, Dernier resort.
- πυγή, nates, clunes—the thick parts of the thighs, the backside.
- πύλη, D. pl. Ion. πύλησι; Porta, a gate; pl. portæ; fauces montium—gates; narrow passes between hills, mountain defiles. q. πολέω, verto. πύλος, id.

P

- ρίζα, Radix, stirps—a root, stem, stock. per quam ἐστὶ τὸ ζῆν, fuit vita.
- ῥίγη,* Lima; piscis quidam—a file; a sort of fish.

Σ

- 220 σάθη, † pudendum virile—the penis.
- σατράπης, † Satrapa, es, Satraps, provincie prefectus, vel præses—the governor of a Persian province, a prefect, a ruler.
- σηάµε, σν, † Sesama, um—Sesame, an oily pulse of India.



Σίβυλλα, † Sibylla, vates, vaticinatrix—one of the Sibyls, a prophetess.

σίδη, † Punica malus—a pomegranate.

225 Σινώπη, † Sinope, scortum nobile—a certain noble harlot; also the name of a city.

σιτύη, † arca panaria—a bread-chest, a cupboard.

σκαπέρδα, † ludi genus—a kind of play, that of swing-swing, or rope-riding. Not G. ας, & D. α; but G. ης, D. η.

σκήνη, tentorium, tabernaculum, taberna, casa, tugurium, contubernium, Scena—a tent, bower, booth, pavilion, cabin, shed, tabernacle, scaffold, stage, Scene, banquet. σκῆνος, τὸ, idem.

Σκύθης, α, † Scythia, qui est e Scythia; homo feras; ferrum—a Scythian; a wild man, a savage; iron. q. σκυθρὸς, ὁ καὶ ἡ, vultum præferens iratum et tetricum.

230 σμιλῆ, * scalprum—a graving tool, scraper, a paring and other knife, a lancet, adz.

σπάθη, Spatha, Spathula, virga, rudicula, costa, gladius, palma—a Spatula, that used by surgeons, a thible, lath, weaver's slay, a rib, a sword, the broad part of an oar.

σπιθαμῆ, † Spithama, dodrans—a span, nine inches.

στήλη, lapis e terra extans, Stela, columna, statua, cippus, titulus—a post, memorial stone, monument, column, pillar, statue, inscription. q. ἵστημι, statuo.

στύπη, et στύπη, Stupa; Stirps—tow, hards, oakum; a root, stem, stock, log, Stump. στυπός, τὸ, id. q. στυφώ, spisso.

Hence Stupidus, q. d. resembling a log of wood.

235 συκῆ, ἡ, Ficus; tumor carnis—a Fig-tree; a tumor, excrescence, the piles.

σύλη, præda, Spolium; prædatio, direptio—prey, Spoil, plunder; depredation, the act of plundering, Spoliation.

σύρῃ, Att. τῶρῃ, tumultus, Turba—tumult, Turbulence, uproar, noise, confusion.

σφένδαυνη, Funda, balista; pala annuli; ornamentum quoddam muliebre—a sling, engine of war; the collet of a ring; a sort of female ornament. q. σφεδαγνός, vehemens, intensus, Festinus; from σπεύδω, festino.

σχολή otium, mora ejus qui lente agit, vacatio a negotiis; lucubratio per otium; Schola, seu locus in quo otium impenditur—*leisure, the tardiness of a slow-motioned person, spare time, a vacation, relaxation from business, a lucubration as opportunity serves, extra work or study; a School, or place in which we employ our leisure time.*

T

240 τάγγη, † rancor—*mustiness, rancidity, a Tang.*

τέχνη, ars; dolus, fallacia, fraud. Techna—*art, Technical skill; craft, deceit, a fallacy, fraud, a fetch, Trick.* q. τεύχω, fabricor.

τόλμα, audacia, fiducia—*boldness, audacity, confidence.*

τολύπη, lana carpta vel pexa—*dressed or combed wool; a Toupee.*

τόρμη, α, & ος, modiolus rotæ, orbita, carceres, repagulum—the nave of a wheel, its mark, track, or orbit, the racer's starting post and goal, his marked ground, a barrier. q. τορέω, perforo; hence a Tournament.

245 τράπεζα, mensa, Trapeza—a table, a Trapezium. q. τέρας, αἶδος, ἡ, numerus quatuor, & πέζα, Pes.

τρύγη, Triticum, hordeum, frumentum, cereales fruges; vindemia—*wheat, barley, corn, the fruits of the earth, bounty of Ceres; harvest, vintage.*

τρύπα, foramen; Terebra—a hole; a wimble. q. τρώω, pertundo.

T

ῥλη, materia, ligna; Sylva; alimenta, fæces cibi decocti—*matter, a heap of timber, rubbish; a forest, the Silvan wood; provisions, food; food digested, excrements.*

ῥπήγη, † barba—a beard.

Φ

250 φακή, † lens, lenticula; lens decocta, pulmentum ex lente—a lentil, boiled lentils, lentil pulse or pottage.



φάτνη, præsep, stabulum—a manger, stable.

φερὴν, † dos quam adfert uxor—a wife's portion, q. φέρω, Fero.

φιάλη, * Phiala, poculum, patera—a Phial, Vial, glass, cup, mug, goblet.

φυλὴ, tribus, classis—a tribe, race, clan, the tenth division of Athens, a class, a Fleet.

255 φώκαινα, † Phocæna, balæna—the porpoise or sea-hog, a large sea-fish. φώκη, Phoca, vitulus marinus, the sea-calf.

φωνή, vox, sonus; verbum, dictum; lingua, rumor, Fama—a voice, articulate or other sound; a word, expression; the tongue, rumour, Fame. q. φάειν, loqui.

Σ

χαιτή, juba, coma, seta—the main of a horse, hair, Coat, bristles. q. χέω, quia diffusa.

χάλαζα, grando; tubercula quædam grandini similia per cutem et carnem sparsa, præcipue in suibus—hail; pimples in the skin and flesh resembling hail, especially in the sword of swine. q. χαλῶ, laxo.

χάρτης, † Charta, scapus—paper, a ream. χάριον, volumen, Chartula, a volume, little roll of paper, a Cartel. Hence Chart, Charter, Card.

260 χηλὴ, forfex cancrorum; ungula bisulca et bipartita; specillum bifurcum; pes caprinus—a crab's claws; a divided hoof, a tooth; a two-grained surgical instrument; the forceps; a goat's foot. D. pl. Ion. χηλῆσι.

χλαῖνα, Læna, palla—a Cloak, mantle, surtout.

χλεύη, * risus, derisio, illusio, ludibrium—laughter, derision, scorn, mockery, illusion, taunting.

χολή, Dor. α, bilis, Cholera, fel, ira, nausea, atramentum sepiae—bile, Choler, gall, anger, a qualm, loathing, nausea, sea-sickness, the blood of the cuttle-fish.

χορδή, intestinum, Chorda, tendicula—an intestine, Chord, Cord, string, tendon: pl. χορδαί, fides, musical strings, stringed instruments. D. pl. Ion. χορδῆσι.

Nouns, Decl. 1. Cl. 1. α, η, f. ης, m.

Ψ

265 ψιττάκη, † Psittaca, Indica avis—a parrot, bird of India. ψιττάκος, ὁ, Psittacus, idem.

ψύλλα, † Pulex—a flea. ψύλλος, ὁ, idem.

ψυχὴ, anima, vita, spiritus, homo—the soul, life, spirit, the whole man. q. ψύχω, to cool, refresh. But ψύχη, papilio, a butterfly.

Ω

ὠλένη, cubitus, brachium; Ulna—the elbow, arm; length of the arm, a cubit, an Ell. ὠλήν, ἐνός, ὁ, idem. q. ὠλλός, curvatura brachii.

CLASS THE SECOND.

Consisting of Nouns ending in α pure, and in ρα of the feminine gender, and in ας of the masculine.

N.B. All declinable words, ending in α pure, or in ρα, be they nouns, adjectives, pronouns, or participles, make their genitive singular in ας, and their dative in α. So also do proper names in εα and θα, as Λήδα, Leda; Μάρθα, Martha. But, observe, Appellative nouns ending in δα and θα, make their genitive singular in ης, and their dative in η; as ἄκανθα, spina, G. ἄκανθης, D. ἄκανθῃ. So also μίνθα, Mentha; νάρθα, Naphtha; σκαπέρδα, ludi genus; each of which belongs to the preceding class.

TABLE III.—METHOD OF DECLINING.

	Sing.			
	f.			m.
N.	α,	..	ας,	
G.	ας,	..	ς,	
D.	..	α,	..	
A.	..	αν,	..	
V.	..	α,	..	

See the dual and plural terminations in Table I.

A

ἄεφα, f. ancilla, famula—a maid servant, upper maid. q. ἄερος, delicate.

ἄγκυρα, Anchora; præsidium, columen; uncus; membrum genitale—an Anchor; protection, defence, support, prop, stay; an hook or crook; the genital part. q. ἄγκυλος, Uncus, incurvus.

ἄγορά, concio congregata, Forum judiciale, oratio in eo, forum rerum venalium, annona, emptio—an assembly, convention, the bar, a court of judicature, an oration delivered in court, an harangue, judicial pleadings; the market-place, provisions, vendible articles, a sale, a purchase. q. ἀγείρω, congrego; pf. m. ἤγορα.

ἄγφα, captura; venatio, piscatio, præda—capture; hunting, the chase, angling, fishing, prey, spoil.

5 ἀγυιᾶ, vicus, via in urbe, platea, regio, vicinia, angiportus—a street, broad way, region, quarter, neighbourhood, lane, alley.

Ἀθηνᾶ, Ἀθηνᾶ, poet. Ἀθηνῆ; etiam Ἀθηναίη, & εἰς, Minerva, Pallas, ex cerebro Jovis nata, Vulcano officium obstetricis præstante; studiorum præses, dea doctrinæ, necnon armorum et belli—Minerva, Pallas, said to have been born from Jupiter's brain, Vulcan performing the obstetrication; the president of liberal studies, patroness of Athens, goddess of arts and arms, war's triumphant maid.

ἀγανεία, vel ιον, † jaculum, tragula—a kind of javelin or dart.

αἰθήρα, Aether, æris serenitas, sudá tempestas—Ether, pure air, a clear sky, a serene atmosphere, bright and fine weather. q. αἰθέρ, ἔπος, ὁ, Aether, the Ether.

αἶμα, * plaga, verberatio, pulsatio, injuria cædendo aut pulsando—a stripe, lash, stroke, the application of a scourge or whip, the act of beating, injury from blows or ill-treatment.

10 αἶπα, † malleus, securis; lolium—a hammer, hatchet; darnel, cockle.

αἰτία, Ion. η, Causa, ratio, occasio; culpa, crimen, accusatio;

Nouns, Decl. 1. Cl. 2. α, p. & πα f. ας, ιν.

lis—a cause, reason, occasion ; blame, fault, crime, accusation. strife, contention.

Ἀκαδημία, † Academia—a public place at Athens, given by Academicus to that city, and consecrated to learning and liberal pursuits, an Academy, place of exercise and study, a seat of learning.

ἥλεια, Ion. η. calor seu tepor ex sole ; quilibet calor ; vitatio, effugium—solar heat ; warmth in general ; an evasion, shunning, escape.

ἁμάρα, * aquæductus, sulcus in prato, meatus subterraneus, cloaca, fossa—an aqueduct, channel, a dike or ditch in a meadow, a subterraneous passage, a common shore, a sewer, a trench.

15 ἁμυγδαλέα, † Amygdalus, a—an almond-tree.

ἀλῖα, tristitia, moeror—sadness, sorrow.

ἀνοπαῖα, † Anopia—a bird of the eagle kind.

ἁρά, preces ; diræ, imprecatio ; noxa, damnum—prayers, intreaties ; curses, an imprecation ; hurt, mischief, damage.

ἀρτηρία, † Arteria—an Artery. παρὰ τὸ ἄερα τηρεῖν.

20 αὔρα, Aura, ventus levior ; exhalatio ex humido prodiens—a soft breeze, a gentle gale ; an exhalation, vapour, steam.

B

βακτηρία, ον, & βάκλον, * Baculus, um, scipio—a stick, rod, staff.

βασσάρα, & η, † calceamenti genus ; meretrix, vulpes—a kind of shoe ; Bassaris, a meretricious priestess of Bacchus, an harlot, a fox.

βίς, Vis, robur ; violentia ; injuria—force, strength ; violence ; injury. μετὰ βίας, vi, by force.

βορὰ, pabulum, esca—fodder, food, nutriment, meat. q. βόω, pascō.

25 βορέας, Ion. βορέης, † Boreas, aquilo ; septentrio—Boreas, the north wind, the Boreal blast ; the north. ἀπὸ τῆς βοᾶς καὶ βεῖν, quod ventus sit sonorus et violentus. βορρᾶς, G. ᾶ, idem.

Nouns, Decl. 1. Cl. 2. α, p. & ρα, f. ας, m̄



βύας, † Bubo, avis nocturna—an Owl, bird of night. q. βύω,
vagio, to cry; a βύ, voce infantili.

Γ

γαῖα, & γέα, contr. γῆ, terra, tellus; regio; patria—the earth;
a tract of country; one's native land.

γέφυρα, pons; intervallum inter binos instructæ aciei ordines
—a bridge; space between two battalions. Quia εἰς γέαν
φέρει, in terram desert.

γύγγρας, † parvula tibia lamentabilis—a small mournful pipe.

30 γραιῖα, anus, vetula; cutis circum umbilicum—an old woman,
one Gray and withered; the skin about the navel. γραῦς, id.

γύα, & η, Ion. γύα, arvum; jugerum; via, fossa—a field;
a piece of land, an acre; a way, road, ditch. q. γέα, terra;
regio.

γωνία, Angulus; locus abditus—an Angle, a corner; a closet;
retreat.

Δ

δεξιᾶ, (sc. χεῖρ) Dextra; fides data per Dextram; pacta, con-
venta; potentia et auxilium—the right or Dexter hand;
plighted faith, word and honour; an agreement, covenant,
bargain; power, aid, help, assistance. q. δεξιὸς, vide adj.

διφθέρα, pellis, exuvium; vestis coriacea; membrana in qua
scribitur—a skin, leather; a leathern coat, a vest lined with
furs or skins; a skin or roll of parchment. q. δέρω, excorio,
& θῆρ, Fera.

Ε

35 ἔθειρα, coma, cæsaries; juba equorum—hair; the mane of a
horse.

Εἰλειθυῖα, Lucina, dea parturientium; partus—Lucina, the
goddess of child-bearing, an epithet of Juno and Diana; a
birth. ab ἐλεῖθω, venio, quod invocatur ut partus veniat in
lucem.

Nouns, Decl. 1. Cl. 2. α, p. & ρα, f. ας, m.

ἐλαία, Olea, Oliva; Olea, i. e. fructus Olivæ—the Olive tree; Olives.

ἔρα, Terra—the Earth.

Ἑρμείας, & Ἑρμείας, Hermes, Mercurius; contr. Ἑρμῆς, q. v.
40 ἐστία, focus; lar; domus, ara, asylum, Vesta—a chimney, fire-hearth; an household god; a house, home, domestic altar, Vesta, goddess of the fire.

ἑσχάρα, focus; altare; vagina terebri, ferrea crates, pars balnei, crusta ex adustione vulnere adhærens—the hearth, fire-side; an altar; the case or sheath of a wimble, an iron crate, a gridiron, part of a bath or bagnio, the crust about the edge of a wound, a Scar. ἑσχαρῶν, ὤνος, ὅ, poet. idem.

εὐδία, serenitas, coelum serenum, pulchra Dies, sudum, tranquillitas aëris, item maris—serenity, tranquillity, a clear and serene sky, that state when the winds are husht, and the sea is smooth. q. εὖ, bene, et Ζεύς, G. διός, A. δία, aer.

εὐωχία, convivium, epulum, dapes—a feast, grand entertainment, a banquet. q. εὖ, bene, & ὄχλῃ, cibus, cujus R. ἔχω, habeo.

Z

ζεῖρα, Ion. ζειρή, + vestis genus, amiculum—a kind of vest, a little cloak; catena, a chain.

45 ζημία, damnum, mulcta; poena, supplicium; privatio—loss, damage, misfortune, a fine or mulct; punishment, privation, a taking away.

H

ἡλικία, statura; ætas apta, adolescentia, vigor ætatis; juven-tus; ætas senilis; seculum—stature, size; full or suitable age; youth, the age of vigour, prime of life; young people; old age, life's decline; an age.

ἡμέρα, Ion. η, dies; lux: poet. ἡμαρ, αἰὼς, τὸ, idem.—day; light. A. ἡμέραν, olim ἡμέραν; q. ἡμείρω, appeto.

ἡνίχ, Habena, lorum, Frænum, retinaculum—a Rein, thong;

Nouns, Decl. 1. Cl. 2. α, p. & ρα, f. ας, m.

bridle, check, stay. ἡνίον, idem. ἡνιάζω. fræno, to bridle, hold in. ἀπηγῆς, εος, ὃ καὶ ἡ, immitis, sævus, effrænis iræ, wild, savage, fierce, unbridled, of unrestrained anger.

Ἥφα, Ion. Ἥρη, Juno, poet. queen of heaven, "The wife and sister of the thundring Jove."

Θ

50 θήλεια, femina—a female: videas θῆλυς, adj.

θρίαι, pl. † calculi sortilegorum—sortive shells, votive pebbles, lots.

θύρα, janua, ostium—a Door, gate. q. θύω, irruo. d. θυρήφι, adv. foris, extra.

I

Ἴέα, η, † salix; hasta saligna—the willow tree; a spear or lance of willow wood.

K

καϊάδας, carcer subterraneus—a dungeon of Sparta.

55 καμάρα, † Camera, fornix, testudo—a vault, arch, vaulted chamber, covered waggon.

καρδία, Metath. κραδία, Cor, animus; os ventriculi; arboris medulla; alveus clepsydræ—the Heart, mind, vital and rational part of man; the orifice of the stomach; the juice or sap of a tree; the mid part of an hour-glass.

καρυά, † nux juglans—the walnut-tree.

κασσία, † Cassia, frutex aromaticus—Cassia, an aromatic shrub of Arabia.

κέσρα, † malleus; piscis species—a hammer, a mallet; a kind of fish, a sort of dart.

60 κιθάρα, Cithara, lyra—an harp, lyre, Guitar. κιθάρις, ιδε, ἡ, idem.

κυνάβα, † canum cibus; foetor—dogs' meat; an offensive smell. q. κύων, canis, et βόρα, pabulum.

κοιλία, venter, alvus; ventriculus, uterus—the belly, paunch; the stomach, womb. q. κοῖλον, cavus, hollow.

Nouns, Decl. 1. Cl. 2. α, p. & ρα f. ας, m.

- Κοισύρα, † Coesyra—a rich, but very prodigal Athenian lady.
 κραῖρα, * caput—the head, top part of any thing.
 65 κρᾶνελ, † Cornus; hasta ex Corno facta—the Cornel-tree; a
 pike or spear made of its wood.
 κωβάσις, † crista gallinacci; tiara—the comb of a cock; a
 Persian turban.
 κωδεία, † caput papaveris—the top or head of a poppy.

Λ

- λαυκανία, * guttur, gula—the throat.
 λεία, praeda, corpora capta, pecudes prædando abactæ—prey,
 capture, goods seized and taken, spoil, cattle driven off in
 plundering.
 70 λίτρα, † Libra; numismatis genus pretii exigui—a pound,
 twelve ounces; a kind of small coin.
 λύρα, Lyra; sidus coeleste; piscis quidam—the Lyre or harp;
 a constellation; a kind of fish.

Μ

- μαῖα, obstetrix; nutrix; avia; appellatio honestior ejusvis
 matronæ ætatis provectionis; Maia, filia Atlantis; genus
 cancerorum—a midwife; a nurse; a matron, grandam, a
 respectful appellation given to an aged matron; Maia, the
 daughter of Atlas; a kind of crab-fish.
 μάνδρα, † caula, stabulum, septum, spelunca; locus ubi sunt
 torcularia—a sheepfold, sheepcote, stable, cavern, den;
 the place where presses are.
 μανδραγόρας, † Mandragora—Mandrake, a somnific and stupa-
 cifying herb or plant.
 75 μελίς, fraxinus; fraxinea hasta—the ash-tree; an ashen spear.
 μηλιά, Malus—the apple-tree.
 μίδης, † jactus tesserarii seu aleatorii admodum felicis; besti-
 ola fabas peredens; Midas, n. regis Phrygiæ ditissimi—the
 most lucky throw at dice; a worm that breeds in, and eats
 beans; Midas, a most wealthy king of Phrygia.



μίτρα, η, cingulum, balteus, cinctus, zona; fascia quæ capiti obligatur, Mitra, diademā—a girdle, belt, sash, zone; a head-band or sash, a Persian turban, a Mitre, a diadem.

μνᾶ, Contr. μνᾶ, * Mina—a pound weight, the Mina.

80 μωρέα, † Morus—a mulberry-tree.

Μενυχία, † Munychia—the harbour of Athens, temple of Diana, an asylum.

μῦα, * Musca—a Fly.

N caret. O

ὄζυα, salix—an Ozier, or willow-tree.

ὄπωρα, autumnus; fructus autumnales; maturior ætas—autumn, the third season of the varied year; autumnal fruits; the autumn of life. q. ὁπῶν ὥρα.

85 ὀρμῖα, † linea—a line or thread, a fishing line.

ὀρᾶ, cauda; in exercitu extremum agmen; puppis—the tail, hind part; the rear of an army; the stern of a ship.

II

πάππας, † pater, Pappa—a father, Papa.

παράσαγγας, ης, † Parasanga—a Parasang, a Persian measure of ground or road of the length of thirty stadia; i. e. three and a half miles English and 270 feet. It occurs often in Xenophon.

παρεῖα, Aeol. παρῖα, mala, gena, maxilla—the cheek, jaw.

90 πεῖρα, cuspis vel acies gladii—the point of a sword, its edge. q. πεῖω: q. d. id quo transadigitur.

πειρα, conatus, inceptum, experimentum, tentatio, experientia, documentum, specimen, Peritia, dolus, fraus—an endeavour, effort, enterprize, undertaking, experiment, Trial, practice, experience, an example, proof, specimen, skill, craft, a device, fetch, fraud. q. πεῖω, transeo.

πεγίερα, † columba—a dove, a pigeon.

περα, † Pera, saccus, mantica—a pocket, bag, scrip, portmanteau.

Nouns, Decl. 1. Cl. 2. α, p. & ρα, f. ας, m.

Πιερία, Pieria, regio Boeotiæ et Macedoniæ, sedes Musarum—
Pieria, a country of Boeotia and Macedonia, the seat of the
Muses.

95 πλευρά, latus; costa—the side; a rib.

πόα, Ion. ποση, herba, gramen, pabulum—the green herb, herb-
age, grass, fodder. q. πάω, Pasco.

πορφύρα, Purpura, genus conchæ marinæ; pannus liquore
Purpuræ tinctus; vestis Purpurea; splendida venustaque
vestis—the Purple-fish, a kind of marine oyster; a piece
of cloth tinged with the liquor or blood of the Purple-fish,
cloth of Purple dye; a robe of Tyrian Purple; a splendid
vest. fine garment.

πράσια, † areola in horto—a garden-bed, a parterre.

πρῶρα, Prora, frons navis, seu pars anterior—the Prow, head
or fore part of a ship.

P

100 ρόα, seu ροία, † malus punica; malum punicum—the pom-
granate-tree; a pomgranate.

Σ

σαῦρα, ες, † lacerta, us—a lizard; also a kind of fish. q. σύρω,
traho.

σειρά, catena; funis, linea; Sera—a chain; a cord, line,
bridle; a bolt, lock, bar, obstruction. pl. also a sort of
wrappers. q. ἔρω, necto.

σιύρα, † sagum—a barbarous vest made of goat's-skin, a rug.
σκιά, umbra; socius—a shadow, shade, the Sky: Metaph. a
ghost, spectre, death.

105 μαζάργας, † flagellum—a whip, scourge, species of punish-
ment. μαζάργας, idem.

σπείρα, Spira, linea flexuosa orbes faciens in se non redeuntes,
funis convolutus in orbem, funis nauticus; cohors, legio,
multitudo militaris—a Spire, a line so wound or circumvolved
as to resemble the worm of a screw, a twisted line, a folded

Nouns, Decl. 1. Cl. 2. α, p. & ρα, f. ας, m.

rope, the folds of a serpent, a ship's cable; a cohort, legion, military ranks.

σία, † lapillus, calculus—a pebble, a shell.

σά, porticus—a porch: σοὰ, loci in quibus frumentum reconditur, granaries and magazines for corn. q. σάω, pro quo ἕημι, Sto.

σφαῖρα, Sphæra, globus, pila—a Sphere, circle, globe, ball.

110 σούρα, † malleus—a mallet, hammer, mall, a kind of fish.

T

ταμίης, Promus, condus, dispensator eorum quæ condenda et promenda sunt, qui ærario præest, quæstor, arbiter, administrator aut præfectus—a butler, steward, agent, store-keeper, disposer, manager, chancellor, questor, purser, treasurer, paymaster, arbitrator, administrator, prefect, governor.

τέφρα, cinis—ashes.

τιάρα, † Tiara, capitis gestamen—a Tiar, ornament of the head, a Persian cap.

Φ

φαρέτρα, Acc. Ion. φάρετριν, * Pharetra, theca sagittarum—a quiver, case of arrows. Poet. φαρέλρων, G. ὦνος, ὁ, id. q. φέρω, & τράω, because it contains perforating and wound-inflicting darts.

115 φίλυρα, † filia; bractea ejusdem arboris—a linden-tree; a thin membrane or film betwixt that tree and its bark.

φλῖα, † vestibulum, limen—a porch, threshold, pl. posts.

φρατρία, curia, conventus pagi, societas, tribus, contubernium—a court, session-house, village-meeting or association, a society, Fraternity, tribe, clan, neighbourhood.

X

χλόα, s. χλόη, herba virens, gramen; viride germen—the green herb, grass, herbage, Clover; a green bud, a sprout.

Nouns, Decl. 1. Cl. 2. α, p. & ρα, f. ας, m.



χρεία, Ion. χρεῖω, usus, utilitas, commoditas; sententia gravis; indigentia, necessitas; negotium, munus—*use, utility, advantage, accommodation; a grave sentiment, remarkable sentence or action; want, indigence, necessity, business, duty, an office.* χρεῖαν ἔχω, egeo.

- 120 χρῶα, Color; superficies rei, superficies et color; cutis hominis—*Colour; the superficies or outside of any thing, the surface and colour; the human skin.*



ψία, † lætitia, ludus; voluptas—*gladness, joy, mirth, play; pleasure.*

ψῶα, † foetor—an offensive smell, fetidity.

ψώρα, * scabies, Psora, cutis asperitas—a scab, the itch, scurvy, mange, a Sore, asperity or scaliness of the skin. q. ψάλω, leviter attingo, frico, th. ψάω, leniter tango.



ώρα, tempus, certum anni tempus, Hora; ætas florens; pulchritudo, venustas; Hora, dea pulchritudinis—*time, a certain season of the year, a day, an Hour; the flower of age, youthful prime; beauty, neatness; Hora, the goddess of beauty.* q. ὁράω, video; q. d. sightliness.

- 125 ὥρα, Cura—Care, attention.



DECLENSION II.

The nouns of this declension end in *ος* and *ον*. Those in *ος* are of the masculine gender, with certain exceptions which are pointed out by the article : Those in *ον* are all of the neuter.

The following is the method of declining :

TABLE IV.

Sing.		Dl.	Pl.	
m.	n.		m.	n.
N. <i>ος</i> , .. <i>ον</i> ,		N. V. A. <i>ω</i> ,	N. & V. <i>οι</i> , .. <i>α</i> ,	
G. .. <i>ου</i> , ..		G. D. <i>οιυ</i> ,	G. .. <i>ων</i> , ..	
D. .. <i>ω</i> , ..			D. .. <i>οις</i> , ..	
A. .. <i>ον</i> , ..			A. .. <i>ους</i> , .. <i>α</i> .	
V. <i>ει</i> , .. <i>ον</i> .				



Contracted nouns are equally easy, as

TABLE V.

Sing.		Dl.	Pl.
N. <i>όος</i> .. <i>ές</i> ,		<i>όω</i> .. <i>ώ</i> ,	<i>όοι</i> .. <i>οί</i> ,
G. <i>όου</i> .. <i>έ</i> ,		<i>όοιυ</i> .. <i>οίυ</i> .	<i>όων</i> .. <i>ών</i> ,
D. <i>όω</i> .. <i>ώ</i> ,			<i>όοις</i> .. <i>οίς</i> ,
A. <i>όον</i> .. <i>έν</i> ,			<i>όους</i> .. <i>είς</i> ,
V. <i>όει</i> .. <i>έ</i> .			<i>όοι</i> .. <i>οί</i> .

So *έος* .. *έ*, G. *έου* .. *έ*, D. *έω* .. *ώ*, &c.

Item in the preceding declension, *έη* .. *ή*, *έης* .. *ής*, *έη* .. *ή*, &c.
έας .. *ής*, *έου* .. *έ*, *έα* .. *ή*, *έων* .. *ήν*, &c.



The Attic method of declining.

TABLE VI.

Sing.		Dl.	Pl.	
m.	n.		m.	n.
N. & V. <i>ως</i> , .. <i>ων</i> ,		<i>ω</i> ,	<i>ω</i> , .. <i>ω</i> ,	
G. .. <i>ών</i> , ..		<i>ώνυ</i> ,	.. <i>ων</i> , ..	
D. .. <i>ώ</i> , ..			.. <i>ως</i> , ..	
A. .. <i>ων</i> , ..			<i>ως</i> , .. <i>ω</i> .	

A

- ἀγγαροι, pl. tabellarii, regum nuntii—*Persian posts, kings' messengers. This word is seldom used in the singular number; when it is, it signifies a porter, servant, labourer.*
- ἀγριὸς, ἡ, † populus nigra—the black poplar-tree.
- ἄγκιστρον, hamus, Uncus—a hook, crook.
- ἄροος, vola, palma; ulna, eubitus—the hollow or palm of the hand; the elbow, the extent of the arms from the elbow, a cubit.
- 5 ἀγρός, rus, Ager, fundus, prædium, villa; rusticitas—the country, a field, Acre, farm, estate, manor, vill, country residence; rusticity.
- ἀδελφός, frater; cognatus, affinis—a brother; a relation, an equal. Adj. geminus, double, twin. q. α, conjunct. & δελφύς, uterus.
- ἄστρος, vel ἄσλος, certamen; labor—a combat, wrestling, Athletic exercise; labour, toil.
- ἄετός, aquila; fastigium ædificiorum triangulari forma supra tectum elevatum; ferramentum radiorum in rota—an eagle; a turret of triangular form raised above the roof of great buildings; the iron binding of the spokes of a wheel.
- ἄλγειρος, ἡ, † populus nigra; alnus—the black poplar-tree; an alder-tree.
- 10 αἰγιαλός, † litus, ora maritima—the shore, sea-coast. q. ἄγω, frango, & ἄλς, mare.
- αἰγυπιός, vultur—a vulture. q. γύψ, id.
- αἰζός, & ἄζός, * juvenis—a young man. q. α epilat. et ζέω, ferveo.
- ἄλβερος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, † felis, catus—a cat; also a kind of fish.
- ἄϊνος, apologus, oratio proverbialis, dictum fabulosum, dictum quodlibet, assentio, laus, oratio laudatoria, collaudatio—an apology, a proverbial speech, a riddle, an Enigma, a fable, saying, discourse in general, an assenting, praise, an eulogy, panegyric, encomium, commendation.
- 15 ἄκαλος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, † genus navigii actuarii; poculi genus—a kind of row-boat; a sort of cup, a sauce-boat.



ἀκόλουθος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, pedisequus, vel pedisequa, adsectator, comes; consentaneus, congruens, similis—a footman, *Lacqueie*, attendant, associate, companion, *Acolothist*; Adj. consonant, agreeing, congruous, similar, resembling.

ἀλάβαστρον, † Alabastrum, Alabaster, genus vasis unguentarii sine ansis, myrotheca lapidea—*Alabaster*, a jar for unguents, a stone vase or box for ointment. q. α neg. & λαμβάνω, capio.

ἄλυστρον, * poculum caelatum; poculum—a carved cup; a cup in general, a vessel.

ἄλφιον, farina hordeacea, polenta—*barley meal*, flower of barley. τὰ ἄλφια, provisions.

- 20 ἄλως, G. ω, ἡ, area; corona seu circulus siderum; circumferentia solis et lunæ, neenon clypei; circulus quidam in oculis—a barn or thrashing floor, an area; a circular assemblage of stars, an orbicular constellation, a starry circle; the circumference of the sun or moon, their disk, the rim of a shield; circle of, or one in the eye, its orb, the eye-ball.

ἄμνιον, † Amnium, membrana foetum involvens; vas ad excipiendum sanguinem—the membrane which envelopes the foetus; a vessel for catching blood.

ἄμνος, agnus—a lamb. q. α priv. & μένος, vis.

ἄμπελος, ἡ, vitis; vinea—a vine-tree; a vineyard.

ἄμpron, † funis quo boves onera trahunt, hecium—a rope, gear, a trace, halter. Hence to *Hamper*, i. e. shackle, bind, entangle: q. d. to rope or halter, gear or harness: also Prov. to beat, lash.

- 25 ἄνθηρον, † summitas, cacumen—a summit, top, the bank or brink of a river.

ἄνεμος, Poet. ἡνεμος, ventus, Anima—the wind, air, breath.

ἄνεψις, fratris aut sororis filius, consobrinus, sobrinus, affinis, patruelis—a Nephew, brother or sister's son, a cousin, relation, cousin german, cousin by the father's side.

ἄνθρωπος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, homo—a man: r. a woman.

ἄνιλος, sentina; mare; manipulorum acervus—a sink, sewer; the sea; a heap or bundle of sheaves.

- 30 *ἀντρον*, * *Antrum*, *caverna*, *spelunca*—*a den, cave, cavern, lair.*
ἄκρα☉, *strepitus*, *stridor*, *strepitus armorum*, *stridor dentium*—
a noise, sound, crash, the ring of falling arms, the grinding
or gnashing of the teeth,
ἀργίλλ☉, ἡ, † *Argilla*, *terra alba*—*Argil, white elay.*
ἄργυρ☉, *Argentum*—*silver.* q. *ἀργός*, *albus.*
ἄρθρον, *Artus*, *Articulus*, *compages ossium*, *membrum*; *copu-*
la; *Metaph. dicitur de voce*; *Articulus, vox Grammaticorum*
—a joint, the compages or Articulation of the bones, a mem-
ber, limb; a couple, brace, shackle; Metaph. the articulation
of the voice; amongst Grammarians that part of speech called
the Article.
- 35 *ἀριθμός*, *numerus*; *homo nullius pretii*—*number; a worthless*
character. q. *ἀρι*, *valde*, & *τίθημι*, *pono.*
ἄριστον, * *subintellige ἔδεσμα*, *αἶ*☉, *τὸ*, *cibus*, &c. *prandium*—
dinner, the best meal; from ἄρισ☉, ἡ, *ον*, *optimus*, *a, um*; *R.*
"Αρης, *Mars.* *Obs. supper was the ἄριστον ἔδεσμα*, *or principal*
repast of the ancients.
ἄρκευθ☉, ἡ, † *juniperus*—*a juniper tree, a juniper berry.*
ἄρκι☉, ὁ καὶ ἡ, *ursus*, *a*; *Arctos*, *us*, *signum cœleste*; *pars or-*
bis septentrionalis; *piscis quidam*—*a bear; Arctus, the bear,*
a constellation of the northern hemisphere; the Arctic or
northern part of the world; a kind of fish.
ἄρριχος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, † *copinus*—*a basket.*
- 40 *ἄσλαμ*☉, † *lanius*, *coquus*—*a butcher, a cook.* q. *ἄρθρον*, *mem-*
brum, & *τέμνω*, *seco.*
ἄρσι☉, *panis*; *quivis cibus*—*bread; meat or food in general,*
victuals.
ἀσάμινθ☉, ἡ, † *solium*, *pelvis*—*a bath, a bason.*
ἀσπὶς, *uter*, *G. utris*, *pellis*, *follis*—*a leathern bag, a bottle made*
of leather, a skin, a bladder.
ἀσπαράγ☉, † *Asparagus*—*Sparagrass.*
- 45 *ἀσπάραλ*☉, *vertebra*, *spondylus*, *talus lusorius*, &c.—*a verte-*
bre, chine or spinal joint, any turning joint, the ancle, the As-
tragalus or Astragal, superior bone of the foot, the talus, a



little moulding in the form of a ring, ornamental of the top or bottom of a column ; a cube, die ; milk, a vetch. ἀσφαλαλοι, tali lusorii.

ἀσφαλῖς, ἡ, † bitumen—a kind of rich and unctuous clay used for fuel and cement, *slime.*

ἀσφόδελος, † Asphodelus—a *Daffodil.*

ἄτεμνός, † servus, famulus—a *servant, domestic.*

ἄτμος, flatus, vapor, halitus, fumus—a *puff of wind, air, vapour, breath, exhalation, smoke.*

50 ἄτρακίς, ὁ καὶ ἡ, † fusus, sagitta—a *spindle, arrow, dart.*

αὐλός, tibia, fistula ; follis ; pars hastilis, annulus fibulæ, sanguis e naribus torrens—a *pipe, flute ; bellows ; part of a pike or halbert, the rim of a clasp or button, blood flowing from the nostrils.*

αὐχμός, siccitas ex vehementi æstu ; squalor, situs, illuvies, pædor—*dryness through excessive heat, parchedness ; squalidity, filth, dirt, nastiness.*

ἄφενος, ε, ὁ, & G. εως, τὸ, divitiæ, opes ; qs. reditus annui, lucrum—*riches, wealth ; q. d. yearly income, rent, revenue, gain.*

ἄφρος, spuma ; saliva ; piscis quidam—*Froth, foam ; saliva, slime, jelly ; a kind of fish.*

55 ἄχρεδός, † spina quædam—a *kind of thorn.*

ἄχυρον, stramentum, palea, acus, folliculus tritici—*straw, stubble, chaff, the hull of wheat.*

ἀψίνθιον, † Absinthium—*wormwood.*

ἄωλον, flos ; præstantissimum cujusvis rei—a *flower ; that which is most excellent of its kind.*

B

Βάκχος, Bacchus, the god of wine. vide adj.

60 βαλανεῖον, † Balneum—a *bath.*

βάλανος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, Glans, fructus quercus ; similis fructus ; arbor glandifera ; medicamentum quod sedi imponitur ; penis extremitas ; obex, pessulus—an *acorn, production of the oak ;*



a fruit resembling the acorn; a glandiferous or acorn-bearing tree; a suppository, a laxative pill; extremity of the penis; a Bolt, a bar. q. βάλλω.

βαλάνιον, s. βαλλάνιον, † crumena, marsupium, sacculus—a bag, purse, satchel. q. βάλλω, jacio.

βάλσαμον, † Balsamum—Balsam, Balm.

βάνυστος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, * qui opus suum ad ignem conficit, mechanicus, artifex—one who performs his work at, or by means of the fire, a smith, forger, fireman, son of Vulcan, mechanic, handicraft, artificer.

65 βάραθρον, † Barathrum, fovea profunda, hiatus terræ profundior, profunditas; locus valde profundus Athenis, in quem noxii deturbati sunt; pernicies—a gulph, deep pit, pitfall, a great cleft, a chasm, depth, profundity; a very deep place at Athens, into which malefactors were tumbled; destruction: Metaph. locus infernus, hell.

βάρβιλον, & ος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, † Barbiton, & os, instrumentum musicum multis chordis intentum—a harp, lute, a musical instrument of many strings.

βάσανος, ἡ, lapis quo probatur aurum, lapis Lydias; probatio, exploratio, inquisitio, examen, quæstio per tormenta, cruciatus tormenta—a stone with which gold was tried, the Lydian stone, a touchstone; a probation, trial, bringing to bear, search, inquiry, inquisition, examination by varied torture, torture, excruciation, the rack, the tyrant's magazine of pains and punishments.

βάτος, ἡ, rubus, sentis—a bramble, a thorn, a kind of fish, a sort of measure.

βάτραχος, * rana—a frog; a tumour under the tongue, a kind of fish. Ion. βότραχος, q. βοᾶν τραχέως.

70 Βάττος, † Battus, Cyrenæorum princeps, balbus et exili voce præditus; garrulus et ineptus poeta—Battus, a Cyrenian prince who stammered very much; also a trifling and tautological poet of the same name.

βαῦνος, † fornax, caminus—a furnace, a chimney.



Θηλός, * limen domus—the threshold of a house.

Βήρυλλος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, † Beryllus; herba—the Beryl, a precious stone; also an herb.

βιβλος, ἡ, liber—a book, Bible, paper.

†5 βικος, † urceus, urna ansata—a pitcher, an urn with ears or handles.

βίος, Vita; victus; facultates; ratio vivendi; res omnis ad vitam sustentandam necessaria—life; victuals; means; mode or way of living; corn, provisions, all the necessities of life.

ἐλέφαρον, Palpebra, pellis tegens oculum—the eye-lid. q. ἐλέπας φάρος, visus palla seu tegmen, q. d. the robe or covering of the eye, the cloth or napkin with which it wipes itself by day, and the plad in which it wraps itself by night.

ἐλωμός, † buccella, fragmentum, panis portio—a mouthful, a fragment, a piece or bit of bread.

ἐόθρος, fovea, scrobs—a deep ditch, a well, a cavern.

80 ἐολός, Bulbus, radix quævis rotunda—an onion, Bulb, any round or Bulbous root.

ἐόμβρος, Bombus; strepitus quivis—the Hum of bees; a buz, noise, Bomb. ἐομβύλη, genus apis.

ἐόρβρος, * coenum, limus, lutum—dirt, mire, mud, clay.

ἐόςφυχος, & ἐόςφυξ, G. υχος, * cincinnus, cirrus, capillus—curled hair, a lock, ringlet, an insect.

ἐανός, * collis, tumulus, clivus, cumulus, acervus—a hill, mound, steep, divexity, an heap. Hence Bow, Brow.

85 ἐράβυλον, † freq. pl. Brabylum, prunum damascenum—a damason, a prune.

ἐρένθος, † anas; fastus—a kind of fowl, a duck or drake; pride, conceit.

ἐρόγχος, * Bronchus; guttur, fauces; aspera arteria—the throat, Bronchus, the jaws; the rough artery.

ἐρόϊος, mortalis, homo—a mortal, a man: freq. pl. ἐροῖοι, mortals, mankind, the human race. vide adj.

ἐρότος, cruor, sanies, pulverulentus sanguis—blood from a wound, gore, matter, commingled dust and blood.

Nouns, Decl. 2. *ος, m. ου, n.*

90 *ἐρόχος*, * *restis, laqueus*—*a cord, rope, halter, string, snare, net.*

ῥύον, * *muscus, alga*—*moss, sea-weed.*

ἐρύτον, ος, † *cerevisia, potus ex hordeo, vinum hordeaceum*—*beer, ale.*

ἔρῳμος, † *foetor, graveolentia* ; *virus*—*a rank smell, a stink ; poison.*

ἔϊλος, *ή*, * *papyrus Aegyptia* ; *herba quædam papyro similis* ; *liber* : *scribitur et ἔϊλος*—*the Egyptian papyrus, i. e. a shrub or reed growing in the marshes near the Nile, its leaves, paper ; a kind of herb resembling the papyrus ; a book, Bible.*

95 *ἔυθος*, *Ion. ἔυσσος*, *Fundum, ima pars, imus gurgis, profundum, puteus*—*the Bottom, lowest part, a whirlpool's Depth, Depth, profundity, the deep, a well, a pit.*

ἔυσσος, *ή*, † *Byssus, lini pretiosissimi genus apud Indos*—*a kind of fine flax, linen of India, cambric.*

ῥῶλος, *ή*, *gleba, ager, massa, Bolus*—*glebe, a clod, the green turf, a field, a lump or mass, a morsel, Bolus, Bole.*

ῥωμὸς, *basis, altare, ara*—*a basis, an altar.*

Γ

γαμβρός, *gener, socer, frater uxoris*—*a relation by marriage, as a son or a father-in-law, a wife's brother.* *q. γαμέω, uxorem duco.*

100 *γάρον*, † *Garum*—*a kind of pickle.*

γαυλὸς, † *muletra*—*a milk-pail.* *Sed γαῦλος, navigii genus ; sentina, a Galley, row-boat, a Galliot, barge ; a sink, Gully-hole.*

γεῖσον, * *suggrunda, ia*—*the eaves of a house, a pent-house.*

γέρανος, *ή*, * *Grus* ; *saltationis genus ; machina scenica ; machina tollendis oneribus*—*the bird or fowl called a Crane ; a kind of dance ; a scenic apparatus ; place over the stage where divinities seemed to appear and speak ; a Crane, i. e. a machine for lifting and raising heavy bodies.*

γέρρον, † *scutum Persicum e vimine textum, defensaculum*—*a Persian osier shield, a rustic one, a defence.* *Xenoph.*



- 105 γίγαρον, † granum acini vinacei—*grapestone*.
 γιγγλυμὸς, † cardo, cardo portæ—an *hinge, the hinge of a door or gate, a joint, Gingle*.
 γλαῖδς, † nates, clunes—the *thick parts of the thighs*.
 γνάθος, ἡ, mala, maxilla, bucca, dentes—the *ball of the cheek, the jaw, mouth, teeth*.
 γνόφος, * caligo, tenebræ; turbo—*gloom, obscurity*.
- 110 γόμφος, cuneus; clavus—a *wedge, a nail*. γομφώω, clavis compingo, to *fasten with nails*. γομφίος, dens molaris, a *jaw tooth, one of the grinders*.
 γράσος, † Grasmus, sordes quæ in ovium lanis colliguntur; alarum foetor, axillarum gravis odor—the *dirt which gathers in the wool of sheep, Grease; the strong smell of the armpits, rammishness*. Dicitur etiam γράς, et γράσος. Item.
 γράσος, † clamor militum in congressu acierum—a *military huzza at the commencement of the engagement, a shout for battle*.
 γρίπος, * rete—a *net; Gripe*.
 γρόσφος, † pilum, teli genus, vel hastæ cuspis quam terræ infligimus—a *kind of dart, the iron top, the spike or point of a spear*.
- 115 γύαλον, cavitas, Vola, Vallis—a *cavity, Hollow, that of the hand, a Valley*.
 γυῖον, membrum, ut pes, manus—a *member of the body, the hand, foot*.
 γυλιὸς, † vasculum militare—a *soldier's provision basket*.
 γύργαθος, † canistrum, qualus—a *canister, a basket*.
 γύρος, scrobs—a *ditch*.
- 120 γύρος, Gyrus—a *circle, rim; a kind of cake*. R. γύρος, curvus, q. v.
 γύψος, ἡ, Gypsum—*parget, plaster*. γυψώω, Gypso illino.
 γωρεὺς, ἡ, pharetra—a *quiver*.



Δ

Δαίδαλος, Dædalus, artifex Cretensis, summe ingeniosus—*Dædalus, the Cretan artist of consummate skill and ingenuity: adj. artificiosus, varius, Dædalian, ingenious, cunning, artful. q. δαίω, scio.*

δάκτυλος, digitus; Dactylus, pes metricus, syllaba longa et duabus brevibus constans; fructus palmæ, gramen aculeatum, conchæ genus—a *finger; a Dactyle, a foot in verse, consisting of one long, and two short syllables; the fruit of the palm tree, dates, pointed grass, the shell of certain fishes.*

125 δάπεδον, pavementum, solum—the *floor, pavement, ground.*

δῆπνον, coena, cibus; convivium, epulum—*supper, meat, victuals; a feast, a banquet.*

δῆμνιον, lectus, stratum, cubile—a *bed, bedding, a couch, sofa.*

δένδρον, arbor; stirps—a *tree; its root or stock.*

δέσνος, * probrum, contumelia—*reproach, dishonour, contumely.*

130 δῆμος, populus, plebs, vulgus; natio, tribus, curia—the *people, populace, plebeians, the vulgar; a nation, tribe, clan, assembly: adj. plebeius, qui e plebe est, plebeian, one of the commonality.*

δίκτυον, rete—a *net: pl. plagæ, cassis, media pars cribri, toils, snares, a turban, the mid part of a sieve.*

Διόνυσος, * Dionysus, Bacchus—*Dionysus, the god of wine, Bacchus.*

δίσκος, Discus, ligneus, ferreus, saxeus, seu plumbeus orbis, quem causa corporis exercendi jacere olim solebant; solis orbis, patina, quadra, speculum—the *Discus, a quoit, recreative orb made of wood, iron, stone or lead, formerly cast or hurled by way of exercise; the sun's Disk, a Dish, plate, mirror.*

δίφρος, pl. οἱ δίφροι, καὶ τὰ δίφρα, locus in curru in quo parabates et auriga sedebant; Sync. bigæ, currus, sella—that *part of the car or chariot occupied by the driver and his lord, by the warrior and charioteer, or by a knight and*



his esquire, their double bench; Sync. *a car or chariot drawn by two horses, a coach and pair, a seat, bench.* q. δῖς, for δύο, *Two*, and φέρω, *Fero*, to carry.

135 γνόφος, id. qd. γνόφος, tenebræ, caligo—*darkness, gloom.*

δοκός, ἡ, trabs, tignum; hasta, lancea—a *beam, rafter*; a *spear, pike, lance.*

δόλος, Dolus—*deceit, fraud, imposition.* δολόεις, ἐνλος, ὁ, Dolosus.

δῶρον, -ος, coena, pastus; appetitus coenandi—*supper, food, a repast*; an *appetite for supper.*

δῶλος, servus—a *servant, a slave.* Adj. servus, a, um, bound to *certain service.*

140 δῆπος, sonitus oriens ex corpore ad terram alliso; sonitus quivis; mors ejus qui strepitu cadit—the *sound arising from any thing which falls to, or is dashed against the ground*; any *din, noise, or clash*; the *death of him who falls in the midst of tumult, or who thundering bites the ground.*

δρόσος, ἡ, * Ros—*dew*; pl. lachrymæ, *tears.*

δῶρον, Donum, munus; palmus minor—a *gift, Donation, present*; the *breadth of four fingers, a handbreadth.*

E

ἔβελος, vel ἔβεγος, ἡ, † Ebonus, -um—*Ebony.*

ἐγκώμιον, Encomium, præconium, laus—an *Encomium, panegyric, fame, praise.*

145 ἔδνα, & ἑδνα, pl. munera, sponsalia quæ sponsus sponsæ dat—*marriage-presents made by the bridegroom to the bride.*

ἐκυρὸς, † socer, mariti pater—a *father-in-law, husband's father.*

ἔλαφος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, cervus, -a—a *stag, hart, hind.*

ἔλεγος, lamentatio, luctus; Elegia, lugubre carmen—*lamentation, mourning, grief, sorrow*; an *Elegy, a funeral, or mournful song.*

ἔλεος, et G. εὐος, τὸ, misericordia, commiseratio—*mercy, compassion, commiseration.*

150 ἐλεός, -ον, † mensa coquinaria—a kitchen-table; a kind of bird.

ἐλλέβορος, † Helleborus—Hellebore, a plant.

ἐλλός, hinnulus—a fawn, young deer.

ἐνιαυτός, & ἔννος, Annus—a year. ἔνος, & ἔνος, & ἔννος, idem.

ἐπίκερος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, auxiliator, adjutor, opitulator—an auxiliary, helper, assistant, ally.

155 ἔρανος, collatitia coena, convivium in quod quisque symbolam suam confert, collatio, contributio, symbola, beneficium, gratia, præmium, merces—a supper provided by subscription; a banquet, for which each person contributes his quota, or proper share, and adduces his symbol or ticket; a club-feast, a collection, contribution, subscription; a symbol, benefit, gratuity, favour, reward, recompence, a valuable consideration.

ἔργον, opus, factum, res; difficultas—a work, operation, fact, performance, act, deed, affair, piece of business; difficulty.

ἐρέβινθος, † cicer—vetches, the penis.

ἔρημος, Eremus—a wilderness. See adjs.

ἔριφος, Dor. ὠρίφος, * hædus—a kid.

160 ἐρίωνος, † aper; Aries—a boar; a ram.

ἑσπερος, Hesper, Vesper, stella Veneris; quæ Hesperus dicitur solem sequens, Phosphorus solem antecedens; Vespera—Hesper, or Vesper, the evening star, Venus; following or appearing after the setting sun, it is called Hesperus, or Hesper; antecedent to his rise, it is denominated Phosphorus, or Lucifer, q. d. the harbinger of day; the morning star; the evening. Adj. Vespertinus; occidentalis, occidentem spectans, pertaining to the evening; occidental, western, westward.

ἑταῖρος, sodalis, familiaris, socius, adjutor—a mate, an associate, a fellow, companion, helper.

ἐλκτρα, τὰ, pl. † Lora, habenæ—thongs, bridle-reins, straps.

εὐριπός, † Euripus, fretum reciprocum, i. e. sæpe undas absorbens et revomens, quale est inter insulam Eubœam et



Atticam; fretum quodvis; aquæductus et receptaculum, cisterna, lacuna, stagnum—*Euripus*, an ebbing and flowing strait, a fluctuating and reciprocal arm of the sea, that in particular between Eubœa and Attica, which ebbs and flows as often as seven times a day according to the state of the wind; any strait, narrow, or inland sea; an aqueduct and reservoir, a cistern, lake, pond, pool.

- 165 ἐχῖνος, † Echinus, qui vel marinus est vel terrestris, Erinaceus; capsula vel serinium forense in quod acta conjiciebantur; fræni pars; placentæ genus et herbæ—a water or land Urchin, an hedgehog; the shell of the sea-Urchin, also tripe, or the belly of an ox; a kind of pot, porringer, or kettle; a ballot box, bag of records; the bit of a bridle; a kind of cake and herb.

Z

ζέφυρος, Zephyrus, favonius—*Zephyr*, the west-wind. q. d. the wind that brings life upon it's wing. q. ζωή, vita, & φέρω, Fero.

ζήλος, æmulatio, Zelus, Zelotypia, invidia; amor cultus divini—*emulation*, Zeal, Jealousy, envy; religious ardour. q. ζέω, ferveo.

ζιζάνιον, † Zizanium, lolium—*cockle*, darnel.

ζόφος, caligo, tenebræ; occasus—*gloom*, darkness, obscurity; the west, setting of the sun.

- 170 ζύθος, G. θ, vel εος, τὸ, † Zythus, cerevisia, potus ex hordeo—*beer*, ale, malt liquor.

ζωμὸς, * jus, jusculum—*broth*, pottage, gruel.

H

ἡΐθεος, adolescens, juvenis; cælebs—a youth, young man; a bachelor.

ἥλιος, Sol—the sun, ruler of the day. Poet. ἄέλιος.

ῥῆλος, clavus, palus; tubercula callosa—a nail, peg, pin; a corn in the foot, a knot in plants.

Nouns, Decl. 2. ος, m. ον, n.



- 175 ἡπειρος, ἡ, terra continens et mediterranea; nomen regionis, Epirus—the continent, main land, mediterranean, land remote from the sea, a midland tract of country; Epirus, an inland region of Greece.

ἡπιαλος, † Epialus—a quotidian or slow fever.

ἡρόν, † monumentum, sepulchrum—a monument, tomb, sepulchre.

ἡρειον, † stamen, textum—the warp, web, woof.

ἡρόν, † imus venter, pars umbilico subjecta—the lower, or subumbilical part of the belly.

- 180 Ἡφαίστος, Vulcanus, Mulciber, ignis præses, fabrorum metallicorum deus; ignis, flamma, lux—Vulcan, Mulciber, the ignipotent and metallurgic divinity, god of smiths and forgemen, patron of the forge and furnace; fire, flame, light.

ἡχος, sonus, sonitus, clamor—a sound, din, an united shout, a loud huzza.



ῥαιδς, cardo; axis—an hinge; axis, axle-tree.

θάλαμος, Thalamus, cubiculum, nidus, domus, cella, repositorium; pars navis inferior; nuptiæ; latibulum piscium—a bride-chamber, a bridal or marriage bed, a bed in general, a couch; a nest, a house, a storehouse for goods, a repository for money; the lower part of a ship where the rowers are stationed; marriage; a retreat or hiding place for fishes.

δάμνος, * Dumus, fruticetum, frutex—a shrubbery, nursery, grove, thicket, brake: pl. vepres, virgulta, briers, twigs.

- 185 θάψος, ἡ, † Thapsus, lignum Scythicum; herba quædam—a kind of Scythian wood of a yellow colour; Thapsia, a kind of herb.

θεμελιον, fundamentum—a foundation, basis. θεμελιον, & ιος, id. θεμελιόω, jacio, fundamentum jacio.

θεός, Deus—a god, Deity; sometimes f. a goddess.



ἑσπερὸς, lex, institutum, ritus—*law, institute, rite.*

θεωρὸς, spectator, contemplator, qui rerum sacrarum curam gerit, qui donaria ad solennia sacrificia perfert—*a spectator, gazer, contemplatist, he that views or takes a survey, one who travels for the sake of seeing the customs, manners, sports, &c. of mankind; a Theorist, a contemplative and sacerdotal person, he who hath a cure in things sacred, the bearer of the donations or presents to the annual or stated sacrifices.* q. θεῶ, video.

- 190 θησαυρὸς, Thesaurus, acervus; opes, copia rerum—a *Treasure, Hoard, store, amassment, heap; wealth, abundance.* q. τίθημι εἰς αὔριον, in crastinum repono, *to lay up for to-morrow.*

θιάσος, coetus, chorus; examen et caterva mulierum; coetus convivantium; convivium—a *company of dancers joining in Bacchanalian concerts and enchoring the god of wine, a ball, dance, chorus; a crowd of women, a press or throng of females; a festive company; a feast, banquet.*

θολὸς, sordes turbidæ; fuscus et turbidus humor quem sepia emittunt—*dirt, puddle, splash, mud; the black and turbid humour which the cuttle-fish ejects.*

θόλος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, Tholus, testudo, &c.—*the cupola of a building, a dome, the center, or key-stone of an arch or vault, a dining-room, a pantry, a kind of fillet.*

θόρυβος, tumultus, Turba—*tumult, noise, disturbance, a throng.*

- 195 θρηῆνος, planctus, luctus, Threnus—*wailing, lamentation, mourning.*

θρίαμβος, Triumphus—a *Triumph.* q. θρίοις ἐμβαλίνειν, festa fronde incedere.

θριγκὸς vel θριγχὸς, pinna seu corona murorum, lorica muri, septum, vallum, maceria—the *capping of a wall, mantle of a rampart, a bastion, bulwark, mound.*

θρόμβος, Grumus, frusta in unam massam concreta; sanguis coagulatus; editus locus—a *lump, particles concreted into*

Nouns, Decl. 2. *ος, m. cv, n.*

- a mass*; *Metaph. a riotous assembly, sedition, tumult*; *coagulated or clotted blood*; *an eminence.*
- Σρόνον, * *flos*, pl. *rosæ*; *pigmentum*; *pharmacum, medicamentum, venenum*—*a flower, pl. roses*; *paint*; *a medicine, medicament, poison.*
- 200 Σρόνος, *sedes, sella, Thronus, sedes augusta, solium*; *regnum, imperium*—*a seat, bench, Throne, an august or royal seat, grandeur, majesty*; *a kingdom, empire.* q. Σράω, *sedeo, to sit.*
- Σρύλλος, *susurrus, murmur, rumor, tumultus, colloquium clandestinum*—*a whisper, murmur, rumour, tingle, Thrill, tumult, bustle, secret conversation.*
- Σρόον, † *juncus*—*a rush, a city of Arcadia.*
- Σύλακος, * *saccus, crumena, panarium, folliculus*—*a sack, bag, wallet, scrip, purse, bladder.*
- Συμδος, *animus, mens*; *cupiditas*; *animi præstantia, præsentia et vehementia animi*; *animalis et vivificus spiritus*; *ira, exandescencia*; *pæna*—*the mind*; *cupidity, desire*; *courage, vivacity, presence and eagerness of mind*; *the animal spirit, vital breath, life, soul*; *anger, Fume, rage*; *punishment.*
- 205 Σύννος, † *Thunnus*—*a Tunny, a large sea-fish.*
- Σύσανοι, pl. † *fimbriæ*—*borders, fringes, tassels.*

I

- Ίάλεμος, † *Ialemus*; *cantilena lugubris*—*Ialemus, a pitiful or mean poet*; *a mournful ditty*: *adj. flebilis, lamentable, forlorn.*
- Ίαμβος, *Iambus, pes metricus, cui est syllaba brevis et longa*; *carmen talibus versibus constans*; *carmen convitiatorium et insectatorium*—*an Iambus, or Iambic, i. e. a foot in verse, consisting of a long and short syllable*; *Iambic poetry*; *a piece of poetical raillery and invective, libellous or defamatory verse, Iambics, a Lampoon.*
- Ίγκίον, * *tabula, tabulatum*—*a plank, table, board, bench, scaffold.*

ἰκτερός, † Icterus, morbus regius, qui e bile nascitur; avis galbula—the jaundice, a vitiation of the blood and humours arising from an absorption of the bile; a certain yellow bird.

210 Ἴλιον, Ilium, Ilion, & Ilios, urbs Troja—Ilium, the city of Troy, once the pride of Asia Minor. q. Ἴλος, filius Trois regis.

ἴλλος, oculus—the eye. q. εἰλέω, verso.

ἰξός, Viscus, Viscum; arundo aucupatoria; varix—birdlime, a bird-catcher's or fowler's twig, a kind of viscous herb; a swollen vein: Metaph. tenax, parvus, tenacious, niggard, mean.

ἴον, * Viola, vaccinium—a violet.

ἰονδος, † lanugo, primi pili; varus in facie—rising down, soft hair; a pimple in the face.

215 ἰός, missile, jaculum, sagitta; venenum, rubigo metallorum, præcipue rubigo æris, ærugo—a missive weapon, a dart, javelin, an arrow; venom, poison, the rust of metals, especially of brass, verdigrise. q. ἵμι, mitto.

ἵππος, Aeol. ἱκκος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, Equus, Equæ; equitatus; nomen piscis; quædam affectio oculorum—a horse, a mare; the cavalry; a kind of fish; a twinkling and rolling of the eyes. q. ἰέσθαι πρὸς. In composition it augments and magnifies.

*ἶρος, † Irus,—a very poor man mentioned by Homer.

ἰσθμός, Isthmus, terra angusta interclusa duplici mari; Isthmus Peloponnesi; aliquid Isthmo simile, fauces, guttur, &c.—an Isthmus, a narrow neck of land between two seas, which joins a peninsula to some other country; the Isthmus of Peloponnesus; any thing resembling an Isthmus, the neck of an hour-glass, the chops, gullet-pipe, throat, the neck or stopple of a vessel, a sieve or cullender, &c.

K

κάβος, † mensura quædam—a kind of corn and wine measure.

220 κάδος, † Cadus, dolium, vas vinarium, situla—a *barrel, hogsheaf, cask, basket, hamper.*

καιρός, occasio, temporis opportunitas; commoditas; modus; tempus—a *fair occasion, suitable time, happy opportunity; convenience; a due medium, the golden mean, time, season.*

κῆρος, † licium—the *thread of the weaver's woof, his yarn or weft.*

κάκλος, ἡ, † Cactus, spinosa quædam planta—a *kind of thistle, a sort of thorny or prickly plant.*

κάλαθος, * Calathus, qualus, quasillus; poculum—a *basket, a lady's work-basket, a hamper; a cup or vessel used at sacrifices.*

225 κάλαμος, Calamus, arundo; culmus; virga geometrica, calamus scriptorius, tibia, stipula—a *cane, a reed; a stalk, a stem, straw; a geometric, or measuring reed, a pencil, style, pen, oaten pipe, stubble.*

κᾶλον, lignum—*wood, a piece of timber.*

κάλως, rudens—a *cable; see the separate class.*

κάμηλος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, † Camelus—a *Camel.* But κάμιλος, funis nauticus, a *ship's Cable.*

κάμινος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, Caminus, fornax, furnus; ignis, flamma, æstus; ardor; pars quædam navis—a *Chimney, furnace, oven, stove; a fire, flame, heat, ardour; a certain part of a ship.*

230 κᾶναβος, † lignum tenue cui fictores ceram vel linum circumlinunt—a *play doll, child's baby.* pl. κᾶναβοι, fontes rivo multiplici sparsi, *fountains of many rills: Metaph. homines graciles et macilenti, lank fellows.*

καὶνθαρος, * scarabæus; Cantharus, poculi genus; piscis quidam litoralis; nota in lingua Apis; navigii genus—a *beetle; a kind of cup, a jug, Can, Tankard; a sort of costal fish; a mark on the tongue of the Egyptian Apis; a kind of small ship, a coaster.* Hence Cantharides, *Spanish flies,*



κάπηλος, Caupo, institor, cujusque rei propola—a *huckster*,
petty-fogger, *factor*, *retailer*, *vintner*, *pedlar*, *Chapman*.

καπνός, fumus—*smoke*; Poet. ignis, *fire*.

κάπρος, Aper, verres—a *wild boar*, a *tame one*.

235 κάρδοπος, ἡ, † mactra—a *kneading trough*.

κάρηνον, caput; vertex, summitas—the *head*; a *top*, *summit*.

κάρη, invar. idem.

καρκίνος, * Cancer; sidus cœleste; morbus; vinculi et cal-
 ceamenti genus; forceps—the *Crab fish*; the *celestial sign*
Cancer; *Canker*, an *eating ulcer*, one called a *Cancer*; a
kind of fillet, a *sort of shoe and stocking*; a *pair of tongs*.
 pl. καρκίνοι, ossa duo jugalia, quæ prope tempora comi-
 tuntur, the *two bones which unite near the temples*.

κάρος, * sopor cum gravedine, marcor—*drowsiness*, *dimness*
of sight, *indigestion*. καρώ, soporem cum gravedine
 affero.

καρπός, fructus; fœtus, semen; utilitas, emolumentum;
 Carpus, palma—*fruit*; the *fœtus*, *fruit of the womb*,
sperm, *semēn*; *utility*, *profit*, *emolument*, the *fruits of*
industry; the *wrist*, the *palm of the hand*; q. d. that which
gathers fruit, or *gets gain*. καρπός φεργῶν, *prudence*.

210 καρχήσιον, † Carchesium, summa pars mali nautici, antenna;
 poculum quoddam oblongum—the *mast-head*, its *tunnel* or
scuttle, the *sail-yard*; a *kind of oblong cup*.

κασσήρεος, † stannum, plumbum album—*tin*, *pewter*, *white*
lead.

καυλός, Caulis, scapus in herba; hastæ extremitas; penis—
 a *stalk*, that of a *cabbage*, the *stem of an herb*, *Colewort*;
 the *extremity* or *point of a spear*; the *penis*.

καῦνος, † sors—a *lot*, *portion*: sed καυνός, *malus*.

κέγχυρος, * milium; serpens quidam, qui milii granis con-
 spersus est; adamantis genus; ornamentum vestis; granum
 ficus—*millet*; a *kind of serpent*, the *skin of which seems*
as if it were variegated with grains of millet; a *kind of*
adamant; an *ornament of dress*; the *grain of a fig*.



- 245 κέδρος, † Cedrus—the Cedar, a tree tall and fragrant.
 κέλαδος, strepitus, tumultus, clamor; sonus musicus—a sound,
 tingle, noise, tumult, clamour; an harmonious touch, a
 musical stroke.
 κέλευθος, ἡ, via, cum terrestres, tum marina, vel aërea—a
 way, road, journey, course, voyage, flight. pl. τὰ κέλευθα,
 viæ.
 κέραμος, terra figularis; vas fictile, tegula, instrumenta men-
 saria omnia—potter's clay; a potter's vessel, earthenware,
 a tile, utensils, table furniture of all kinds, plate, &c.
 κεραυνός, fulmen—a thunderbolt, lightning.
- 250 Κέρβερος, † Cerberus, canis infernalis, triceps, &c.—Cerberus,
 the dog with three heads and necks, guardian of Pluto's
 palace gate.
 κέρκος, ἡ, cauda; ansa poculi—the tail, hind part; the handle
 of a vessel.
 κημὸς, † Camus, capistrum; fiscella e vimine texta, cadus
 judicarius—a bridle, head-stall, halter; an osier basket, a
 ballot box.
 κῆπος, hortus; pubes muliebris; tonsuræ quoddam genus—
 a garden, well kept plat of ground; a woman's privy-
 parts; a particular cut or tonsure.
 κηρός, Cera—wax.
- 255 κίβωλος, ἡ, † arca, cista, capsula—an ark, coffer, chest, Crib,
 case, bag.
 κίγκλος, † Cinclus, motacilla—a wagtail.
 κίκιννος, † Cincinnus, cirrus, crinis intortus—a curled lock,
 braided hair.
 κίναδος, ε, ό, & εος, τὸ, † vulpes; homo vafer—a fox; a sly
 and wily person, one of low cunning.
 κίνδυνος, periculum, discrimen—danger, hazard, peril.
- 260 κιννάμωμον, † Cinnamomum—Cinnamon,
 κύκλος, * Circus, locus in orbem rediens, Circulus, annulus;
 accipitris species, falco—the Circus, area for sports which
 was surrounded with benches, a Circle, a ring; a kind of
 hawk, a falcon,



κισσός, † varix—a swollen vein.

κισσός, s. Att. κιστὶς, * hederā—ivy

κλάδος, * ramus tener et flexilis, ramus—a tender and pliant branch, a twig, a bough. q. κλάω, frango.

200 κλήρος, sors; sortitio; portio; hæreditas—a lot; the act of casting lots; what falls to one by lot, a share, portion; an inheritance, heritage.

κλίβανος, † Clibanus in quo hordeum coquitur; Clibanus quivis; focus, caminus—an oven for drying and baking barley; an oven in general; a fire-hearth, stove, chafing-dish.

κλόνος, tumultus, perturbatio—tumult, disturbance, perturbation.

κυνῶδαλον, † bellua marina vel terrestris, animans—a sea or land beast, an animal, ox, horse, serpent, &c.

κόβαλος, † vafer, maleficus, blaterator, adulator, impostor, deceptor; Cobalus, dæmon quidam—crafty, wily, ill-disposed, a babbler, flatterer, false pretender, quack, deceiver, Cobbler; Cobalus, a kind of demon, a Goblin.

270 κόθορνος, † Cothornus, calceus altus utrique pedi sexuique aptus—a buskin, a kind of half-boot, or high shoe, adapted to each foot and sex, worn by ancient tragedians.

κόισανος, princeps, imperator, dominus—a prince, commander, ruler, chieftain, lord.

κόκκος, granum pomorum et similium, bacca, pillula apud medicos, granum ilicis arboris rubens, quo punicea inficiuntur: κόκκος, ἡ, frutex surculosus, cui grana adhærent quibus tinctorum utuntur, Coccum, puniceus color ex Cocco factus—apple-pippins, pippins of the pomegranate, &c. the kernel of any fruit, a berry, a medical pill, the ruddy kernel of the evergreen, or scarlet oak, with which scarlets are dyed: f. a shrub full of shoots, to which those kernels adhere which are used in dying scarlet, Cochineal, the grain which gives the purple dye, red or scarlet colour produced from that grain, cloth of crimson.

Nouns, Decl. 2. ος, m. ον, n.



κολεός, * vagina, Culeus, Loculus, hydria; avis quædam—
a sheath, case, bag, coffer, coffin, water-pot; a kind of
bird.

κόλλυβος, & -ον, † Collybus, numisma cui bovis imago im-
pressa est; pecuniæ permutatio—a certain coin stamped
with the image of an ox, or bearing a boval impression;
exchange of money.

275 κολλύριον, † Collyrium, oculorum medicamentum—Collyrium,
an application or ointment for the eyes.

κολοιδός, † graculus, monedula, parva cornix—a jay, magpie,
daw, rook.

κόλον, eibus; intestinum—meat, food; an intestine. pl. τὰ
κόλα, ossa, membra, bones, members, limbs. κόλον, for
κῶλον, membrum.

κολοσσός, † Colossus, statua magnitudinis ingentis—the Co-
lossus of Rhodes, a statue of immense magnitude: Metaph.
any thing of enormous size, great bulk, or out of the way
with regard to magnitude.

κόλπος, sinus, gremium—the bosom, hollow of the breasts,
side of the uterus, a bay, Gulf, the bottom of a wound,
the folds of clothes. q. καλύπτω, tego.

280 κολωνός, * Collis, tumulus, locus editus, montis fastigium—
a hill, mound, eminence, a summit, mountain top.

κόμαρος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, † arbutus—a crab-tree.

κόμβος, † nodus, nodulus—a node, knot.

κομμός, ornatus nimis accuratus, nitor fucatus, fucus, man-
gonium—over-niceness in apparel, superfluous adorning,
false splendour, painted dress, paint, a trimming off.
Item, plangor, planctus, a κόπτομαι, plango.

κόμπος, stridor apri dentes acuentis; strepitus, crepitus;
sonitus saltantium; jactantia, gleriatio—the noise made by
a boar when he sharpens his teeth or grinds his tusks; a
sound, grating noise; the din of dancers; swagger,
boasting, bombast, bragging.

285 κόναβος, * sonitus, strepitus—a sound, din, noise.



κόνδυλος, digiti articulus et junctura; pugnus; ictus; nodus in brachio vel humero—the *knuckle*; *joint*; a *stroke*; the *elbow* or *shoulder-joint*.

κονίς, † Contus, pertica, hasta nautica—a *long water-gauge* or *staff*, a *waterman's pole*, an *oar*.

κόπρος, ἡ, steruus, fimus, cœnum, lutum—*dung*, *excrement*, *dirt*, *mire*, *clay*.

κοράλλιον, † Corallium—a *Coral*, a *submarine leafless plant*.

290 κόρυμβος, -ον, vertex, cacumen, eminentia, montium cacumen, aplustria, extremæ navium partes; coma certo modo nodata, caulis, racemus, ramus, Corymbus, bacca—the *top* or *crown of the head*, a *top*, *height*, *eminence*, a *mountain top*, the *flags* or *streamers of ships*, their *sterns* or *hind parts*; *hair braided after a particular manner*, a *stalk*, *colewort*, the *stalk of asparagus*, its *grains*, a *top twig*, a *branch*, a *bunch of ivy berries*, a *berry*, *small fruit*.

κόσκινον, † cribrum—a *sieve*.

κόσμος, ordo, modus et ratio, disciplina; ornatus muliebris, pulchritudo, decus; mundus, orbis terrarum, cœlum; homines; imperium Romanum—*order*, a *way*, *plan*, *ratio*, *method*, *discipline*; *female adorning*, an *ornament*, *beauty*, *neatness*; the *world*, *globe of the earth*, the *heavens*, the *fair creation*, *nature's beauteous frame*; *mankind*; the *Roman empire*.

κόστυμος, † nodus, &c.—a *knot*, a *bordered or tasselled garment*, a *kind of polling*.

κόλινος, † ὁ καὶ ἡ, oleaster, oliva silvatica; corona ex oleastro; acinus—the *wild olive*, an *olive crown*, a *chaplet*; a *grapestone*, *ivy berries*.

295 κόλος, & κόλον, ira vetus et diu in mente reposita, ira—*abiding anger*, *inveterate* or *lasting hate*, *wrath reserved*, *rancour*, *anger*.

κότιλαβος, † Cottabus, genus lusus convivalis—an *Athenian play*, in which they dashed liquor on the floor, forming love conjectures from its sound, a *dashing sound*, *crack of a whip*.



κόφινος, † Cophinus, corbis, qualus ; mensura quædam—a twig-basket, hamper, tray, Coffin ; a kind of measure.

κόχως, † humor abunde fluens—a copious flow of humour, or of water.

κράβατος, † Grabatus—a pallet bed, one low and mean, a hammock.

300 κρέμβαλον, † Crembalum, crepitaculum—a child's rattle, a coral, Timbrel, &c.

κρήδεμνον, ligamentum capitis, vitta, velamentum capitis collisque ; operculum—a binding or bandage for the head, a fillet, ligature, ribbon, hood and tippet ; a lid or cover.

κρημνός, rupes præceps, præcipitium ; ripa, quodcunque altum et prominens est—a pendent rock, a precipice, headlong steep ; a bank, any thing high and jutting out. q. κρεμάω, pendeo.

κρίνον, † farina crassior ; hordeum ; panis e crassiore hordei farina—coarse flour ; barley ; bread made of coarse barley meal.

κρίνον, † liliū ; cucurbita ; cucurbitæ flos ; saltationis species ; τὰ κρίνα, pauperes—a lily ; a gourd ; its flower ; a kind of dance ; pl. paupers.

305 κριός, * Aries, dux ovium ; signum cæleste ; navis ariete decorata ; machina bellica ; voluta in capitalis columnarum—a ram, a tup ; Aries, a sign of the Zodiac ; a ship bearing a ram for its sign ; a battering ram ; an ornament in the chapiters of pillars resembling vine leaves.

κρόκος, -ον, Crocus, -um—the Crocus, saffron ; also the yolk of an egg.

Κρόνος, Saturnus ; senex morosus et maleficus ; fatuus, delirus—Saturn ; a morose, Saturnine and mischievous old fellow ; a fool, a dotard. q. χρόνος, tempus.

κροσσός, ora vestis, fimbria, limbus, villus—the border of a garment, its selvage, a fringe.

κεφαλος, * tempus, pars capitis inter oculos et aures—the temple of the head, that part where the pulsation is perceived. q.

310 κροτος, pulsus; plausus, favor; Crepitatio quam rostro ciconia edit—a beating or striking, the agitation of air or water; applause, the clap of approbation, favour; the Crepitation which the stork makes with her beak.

κρενός, scatebra, scaturigo, fons saliens—a spring, a bubbling fountain.

κρύσταλλος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, glacies, gelu; Crystallus, lapis pellucidus—f. ice, frost; m. & f. Crystal, a transparent stone, Crust.

q. κρύος, εος, τὸ, gelu.

κρῦβυλλος, † cincinnus—curled hair.

κρωσός, † hydra, urceus—a water vessel, pitcher, pot.

315 κλέρεα, pl. * exequiæ, justa, inferiæ—funeral honours and solemnities, sepulchral rites, interment, sacrifices for the dead.

κρίλος, * aries, dux ovium—a ram or tup; adj. cicur, mansuetus, mild, tame, gentle, elegant.

κύαθος, * Cyathus, vas potarium; mensura—the Cyathus, a glass, a cup, goblet; a small liquid measure.

κύαμος, faba; calculus, sors; papilla extumescens; animalcula sub hydiis; mensura quædam; sors—a bean; a suffrage, a lot; a rising dug; animalcula found under the water in marshy places; an apothecary's measure; one's lot.

κύανος, color cæruleus, lapis vel succus in metallis hujus coloris; floris nomen; aqua marina; avis quædam—azure, light blue, sky colour, the ethereal blue; a pebble or blue seam in minerals; a flower; sea-water; a certain bird. Adj. cæruleus, cerulean, azure.

320 κύβος, Cubus, tessera; lus¹³us tesserarum, unio tesserae insculpta, quadratus panis, cubicus numerus, spina vertebræ, et imprimis colli, numisma, nota, aliquid quadratum—a Cube, a die; a play, game at dice, the diamond ace, a square loaf, a Cubic number, a knuckle or joint-breadth of

Nouns, Decl. 2. ος, m. ον, n.

the chine, especially that next to the neck, a kind of coin, a note, mark on cloth, any thing formed into a square.

κυδοιμὸς, turba, tumultus—*trouble, tumult, commotion.*

κύδος, * convitium, probrum—*reproach, infamy, a stain, dishonour.* But κῦδος, εος, τὸ, gloria, q. v.

κύκλος, Circulus, orbis, Cyclus, circus, circuitus, ambitus; annulus, corona hominum; ambitus verborum, tabula orbicularis—a *Circle, orb, Cyclus or Cycle, periodical revolution, the circus, a circuit, circumvallation; a ring, assemblage of people; a circumlocution, a plate or trencher, a round table*: pl. οἱ κύκλοι, καὶ τὰ κύκλα, rotæ, rotarum orbes, *wheels, their circumferences.* κύκλω, pro ἐν κύκλῳ, *in circuitu.*

κύκνος, † Cygnus, olor—a *swan.*

325 κύμβος, cavus recessus, cavitas; ollæ fundum—a *deep recess, a cavity, cave, den; the bottom of a pot or kettle.*

κύμινον, † Cuminum, Cuminum—the *herb or seed Cumin.*

κυπάρισσος, ἡ, * Cupressus—the *Cypress-tree, emblem of mourning.*

κύπερος, ἡ, † Cyperum—a *kind of rush, galingal, Cyperus.*

κύπελλον, * Cypellum, quoddam genus poculi—a *kind of Cup.*

330 κύπρος, Cyprus, arbor quædam; Cyprus, insula Veneri olim sacra; mensura quædam—the *Cypress-tree; the isle of Cyprus, which was formerly sacred to Venus; a kind of measure.*

κύων, membrum corporis; periodi pars; intestinum crassum; alvus—a *member of the body; that of a sentence, a Colon; the great gut; the paunch.*

κύμιος, commessatio, convivium lascivum, lascivia; Comus, commessationum deus—a *public festival, an entertainment, a carnival, revelry, debauchery, lasciviousness; Comus, the god of banqueting, divinity of the festive board.*

κῶνος, Conus, turbo, meta, apex galeæ, volucrum—a *Cone, Conic figure, a pillar of a Conic or sugar-loaf form, the*

rundle or ball on the chapter of a pillar, the top of an helmet, a turban, folded sash, any thing tapering upwards, or gradually terminating in a narrow top.

κώρυκος, * pera, saccus coriaceus, pila, folliculus—a bag, leathern budget, knapsack, ball, bladder.

Λ

335 λαβύρινθος, † Labyrinthus, locus multis ambagibus viarum inflexus—a Labyrinth, a place of many turnings and windings, a maze.

λάβηνος, ἡ, † Lagenā, genus poculi mensuræque, sextarius—a Flagon, a kind of cup and measure, a Roman one of about three gills, the sextarius.

λαγῶς, Att. ως, Ion. ος, Lepus; signum cœleste—a hare; a constellation.

λαίμης, guttur, gula, jugulus, fames—the throat, hunger.

λακκὴς, † fossa, fovea, Lacuna, puteus, cisterna—a ditch, pitfall, Lake, pit, well, cistern.

340 λαὸς, Att. λέως, populus, turba—the people, the Laity, a throng, press, crowd.

λαρεὶς, † corbis—a basket, one for coals.

λάρος, * Larus, gavia—a marine crow, a sea-gull, water-fowl, voracious bird of prey: Metaph. a covetous and rapacious man.

λέγνον, † fimbria, ora vestis—a fringe, the border of a garment.

λείριον, Lilium, flos narcissi, flos—a Lily, daffodil, a flower.

345 λέκιθος, † pisum, lens cui cortex detracta, pulmentum e leguminum farina—a pea, shelled lentils, pulse or pottage made of the meal or flour of peas, beans, or lentils. But

λέκιθος, ἡ, † vitellus, ovi luteum, the yolk of an egg.

λέμβος, † Lembus, navigium parvum—a brig, bark, yacht, pinnace, little boat.

Λέσβος, † Lesbus—the isle of Lesbos.

- λήϊον, seges, triticum; campus segetum—*standing corn, wheat; corn-fields, the laughing and singing champaign.*
- 350 λήκυθος, ἡ, Lecythus, vas olearium, ampulla olearia, ampulla unguentaria; arcula pigmentaria; pigmenta oratoria; scriptum magno studio et elucubratione confectum—an oil-glass or cruet, an oil-vessel, a box for ointment and perfumes; a paint-box; rhetorical flourishes; a polished literary performance.
- λημνίσκος, † Lemniseus, fasciola e corona dependens; linamentum—a coloured ribbon, a garter, a fillet, the tassels of a coronet or garland; lint.
- ληνὸς, ὁ καὶ ἡ, torcular; lacus in prato, cavitas in curru, receptaculum mali nautici, canalis—a wine-press; a lake or pond in a meadow, cavity in a chariot, the mast-hole of a ship, a canal.
- λήρος, vel οἱ λήροισι, nugæ, ineptiæ; nugator—*trifles, fooleries; a trifler.*
- λίβανος, thus, arbor thurifera; Libanus, mons Syriæ—*frankincense, the frankincense-tree; Libanus, a mountain of Syria.*
- 355 λίθος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, Lapis, saxum; lapis pretiosus, gemma—a stone, rock, flint; a precious stone, a gem; a slave-market.
- λιμνὸς, ventilabrum, vannus—a winnowing fan, a corn-van.
- λιμὸς, fames, esuries, penuria ciborum—*hunger, want of food, famine.*
- λίνον, Linum; filum Lineum; filum quodvis; citharæ chorda; rete; Linea piscatoria; textum quoddam e Lino; Linteum, velum—*flax, Linen; a flaxen or Linen thread; a thread in general; a string of the harp or lyre; a net; the angler's Line; a flaxen or Linen web; canvas, a sail.*
- λίτρων, † scaphula seu ventilabrum ad complanandum solum; radula—an instrument used by paviers in setting and leveling the road; a raddle, a grater.
- 360 λιχανὸς, index digitus, sonitus harmonicus—the fore-finger; an harmonious sound.

- λοβος*, Lobus, ima pars auris; hepatis extremitas; siliqua
 —the Lobe, bottom of the ear; extremity of the liver; a
 bean-cod, an husk.
- λοργος*, perniciēs, exitium—ruin, destruction, death.
- λοιδόρος*, convitiator, qui probro afficit, maledicus—a railer,
 reviler, detractor, reproacher, defamer.
- λοιμος*, pestis, pestilentia, lues, contagium; pestilens homo—
 plague, pestilence, an epidemic disease, a contagion, the
 murrain; a pestilent fellow, a pest.
- 365 *λόφος*, cervix jumenti hominisque; crista galeæ, necnon
 avium; collis, tumulus—the neck of beast and man, the
 mane; an helmet's crest, a cockade, the tuft upon the head
 of certain birds; a hill, mound, Loft.
- λόχος*, cohors, agmen; insidiæ—a cohort, company, troop;
 an ambuscade.
- λοχὸς, ἡ*, gravida, puerpera—a pregnant female, child-bearing
 woman: Poet. a childing mother.
- λύγδος, ἡ, †* Lygdus, lapis eximii candoris, Parium marmor
 —a stone of excellent whiteness, Parian marble.
- λύγος, ἡ*, vitex, vimen, virga, bacillum—a Twig, switch,
 shrub, rod, staff.
- 370 *Λυδός, †* Lydus—a Lydian, a native of Lydia.
- λύθρον, ** cruor, sanguis pulverulentus, sanies—gore, commin-
 gled dust and blood, putrid gore, corruption.
- λύκος*, Lupus; lupatum; flos herbæ iridis; instrumentum
 quoddam coquinarium; avis e monedularum genere; piscis
 quidam; aranei genus; pastilli nomen adstringentis et de-
 siccantis; sol—a wolf; a sharp bit, that of a lupated bridle,
 a curb; the flower of the herb flower-de-luce; a kitchen
 utensil, a pastil; a bird of the jackdaw kind; a sort of
 fish; a kind of spider; a little roll or ball of an astringent
 and drying quality; the sun.
- λύχνος, pl. οἱ λύχνοι, τὰ λύχνα*, Lychnus, Lucerna, candela
 —a Link or torch, a lamp, candle. q. λευκός, albus.
- λῶος, †* Lous—a month correspondent to August.

Nouns, Decl. 2: *ος, m. ου, n.*

- 375 *λωτός*, *Lotus*, arbor dulcis, apta ad gustum cantumque; trifolium—the *Lotus*, a tree, the fruit of which is very agreeable, a *Lotus* pipe; the herb trefoil. Dor. *γ. λωτώ. λωτών φαγεῖν*, to eat of the *Lotus*; i.e. to be forgetful of home, to prefer a strange country to one's own.

M

- μάγανον*, † *veneficium*, *præstigiæ*, *machinamentum præstigiatorium*; *pessulus seræ*, *repagulum*—an *empoisoning*, *sorcery*, *juggling*, *legerdemain*; the bolt of a door, a barrier.
- μάγειρος*, † *coquus*, qui cibos parat—a cook, dresser of victuals.
- Μάγος*, *Magus*, sapiens apud Persas, rerum naturalium divinarumque peritus; *magicæ artis peritus*, *veneficus*, *præstigiator*—one of the *Magi* or *Persian sages*, a *Persian* well versed in *physics* and *divinity*, or possessing a deep knowledge of things natural and divine. (The same as a *Philosopher* among the *Greeks*. But many of the *Magi* being skilled in the art of *Magic*, it is also taken for) a *Magician*, *sorcerer*, *enchanter*, *impostor*.
- μαῖζος*, *mamma*, *mamilla*; *nutrix*—the breast, a dug, a teat; a nurse.
- 380 *μαίανδρος*, *Mæandrus*, vel *Mæander*, fluvius *Phrygiæ*, admodum flexuosus et sinuosus—a river of *Phrygia* of many turnings, windings, and bays, the serpentine and sinuous *Meander*. Hence *Meanders*, turnings, serpentine streams, winding water-courses. To *Meander*, to flow in winding streams, to run in a serpentine bed.
- μαλλός*, *Vellus*, *lana promissa*, *Villus*; *coma promissa*, *cirrus*, *cincinnus*—a fleece of *Wool*, dangling or shaggy locks, a pelt; long hair, a tuft, lock, curl.
- μάννος*, † *Monile*, *armilla*—a necklace, bracelet.
- μάραγδος* vel *σμάραγδος*, † *Smaragdus*—an *emerald*, a precious stone of a green colour.

μάργαρον, Margarita, unio—a pearl.

385 μάρσυπος, vel μάρσιπος, † Marsupium, crumena, loculus—a bag, scrip, satchel, purse, safe. μάρσ-ιππος, -ύπιον, & -ίπιον, id.

μαστρωπός, & ἡς, ὁ καὶ ἡ, † leno vel lena—a pimp, bawd, Strumpet. μαστρός, idem.

μέδιμνος, † Medimnus—the Medimnus, a measure of six bushels.

μέλαθρον, * domus, lacunar, media trabs tecti—a house, its mid-beam, the beam of the roof, that of the ceiling from which hung the lamp.

μέταλλον, Metallum, fodina—Metal, a mineral, a mine. Hence, a Medal.

390 μέτρον, Mensura, modus, temperamentum; vas quo aliquid Metimur; Mensura in carmine—Measure, a mean, due proportion, that which is Meet; a Measure; poetic Measure, Metre, Measured verse.

Μηδός, † Medus, filius Medæ; Medus, i. e. ex Media oriundus—Medus, the son of Medea; a Mede, native of Media.

μήλον, ovīs, pecus—a sheep, a flock. pl. μήλα, pecudes, cattle.

μήλον, Dor. μάλον, † Malum, pomum—an apple, a pear, Melon, fruit. pl. μήλα; genæ, the cheeks.

Μήλος, ἡ, † Melus—Melus, one of the isles of the Cyclades, a city of the same isle.

395 μῆρινδός, † funiculus—a cord, line, string.

μηρός, pl. οἱ μηροὶ, καὶ τὰ μηρὰ, femur; crus—the thigh; the leg. pl. m. & n. μηρόν, id. q. μείρω, divido.

μίλος, ἡ, † minium, rubrica; rubigo segetum—red lead, vermilion; mildew.

μισθός, merces, præmium laborum; salarium, stipendium militum, habitationis pretium—a reward, workman's wages, the labourer's hire; salary, a stipend, soldiers' pay, house-rent.

μίσκοι, *oi*, † *frusta et rejectamenta cœnarum—fragments, crumbs.*

400 μίλος, *licium, filum; fides citharæ—the woof, weft, a thread; the strings of the harp, musical chords.*

μῖνον, † *muscus, alga—moss, sea-weed.*

μόγος, *Poet. labor, molestia, ærumna—labour, toil, molestation, hardship, trouble, affliction.*

μόδος, † *labor; bellum, pugna; tumultus, seditio—labour, toil; war, battle, fight, tumult, civil commotion, sedition, dismay.*

μοιχὸς, *adulter, Mæchus; tonsura cinædica et indecora—an adulterer, debauchee; a lascivious and indecorous polling, an immodest cut of the hair, hair in wanton trim.*

405 μολγός, † *Bulga, saccus coriaceus, culeus—a budget, knapsack, a leathern sack or bag, one for oil or wine.*

μόλιβδος, *plumbum—lead.*

μόλος, *labor, pugna; fremitus—labour, fight, noise, din, uproar.*

μόσχος, ὃ καὶ ἡ, *quodcumque est juvene novumque, vitulus, -la, juvenca; ramulus, novellum germen, stolo, pampinus, capreolus, odor pretiosissimus, Muscus—whatever is young, fresh, and new, a calf, an heifer, a twig, young shoot, a tendril, a cheveril or kid; an excellent odour, Musk. pl.*

μόσχοι, *plantæ, young plants or grafts. Adj. tener, novellus, apud Hom. tender, young, fresh.*

μόλος, * *linteum, linamentum carptum—linen cloth, lint for wounds.*

410 μόχθος, *labor, miseria, ærumnæ, calamitas, molestia; lassitudo—labour, toil, misery, trouble, calamity, molestation, lassitude, weariness.*

μοχλός, *pl. oi μοχλοι, καὶ τὰ μοχλὰ, vectis; pessulus, obex—a lever, iron crow; a bar, bolt, Lock. q. ὀχλεύω, moveo.*



μύδρος, † ferrum ignitum; globus candens—*ignited or red-hot iron; a burning mass, hot ball.*

μυελός, Medulla—*marrow, pith.*

μῦθος, verbum, oratio; fabula; colloquium, consilium, seditio; mandatū—*that which comes from the Mouth, viz. a word, discourse, speech, an oration; a moral tale, a fable; a colloquy, conference, parley, consultation, sedition; a mandate or charge. ἐπειθεῖτο μῦθῳ, he obeyed the order given. Il. l. 33. q. θυμός, mens.*

415 μῦρμος, Formica—*an ant, a pismire.*

μύρον, unguentum, oleum odorum—*ointment, perfume. q. μύρω, fluo.*

μύρτος, ἡ, Myrtus—a Myrtle, the Myrtle-tree.

μυχός, penetrale, intimus locus, recessus; sinus maris—a closet, inner chamber, private retreat, snug corner, recess; a bay of the ocean, an harbour for ships. pl. μυχοί, penetralia et latebræ, lairs and dens, holds and caverns.

μῶκος, † irrisor, derisor, cavillator, stultus, fatuus, amens—a scoffer, scorner, Mocker, wrangler, fool.

420 μῶλος, * bellum, pugna, tumultus; ædificium in fluctibus extructum, Moles, lapillus, pondus—*war, battle, fight, tumult; a hut built on the sea-beat shore, or an edifice raised on the sands, a structure near the water-mark, a Mole, pier, harbour, a sea-shell, a weight.*

μῶμος, probrum, dedecus, macula, labes, infamia, ignominia, vituperatio; Momus, deus reliquorum deorum omnium irrisor et reprehensor; homo deum istum imitans, omniaque reprehendens et irridens, cavillator, irrisor, vituperator—*disgrace, dishonour, reproach, a spot, stain, deformity, shame, infamy, ignominy, the act of blaming; Momus, the god who blames and ridicules all the other deities; an imitator of that scoffing divinity; he who finds fault with, and ridicules every thing, a wrangler, scoffer, reproacher, blamer.*

N

- νάνος, † Nanus, pumilio—a dwarf.
 ναός, Att. νέως, templum, ædes, fanum—a temple, *Fane*,
 church. q. ναίω, habito.
 νάρδος, ἡ, † Nardus—*Nard*, an odoriferous shrub, *Spikenard*.
 425 νεβρός, * pullus cervi, hinnulus, dama—a young hart or stag,
 a fawn, fallow-deer.
 νέννος, † avunculus vel patruus—an Uncle.
 νεοσσος, Att. νέοτλος, pullus, nidus—a young bird, a chick,
 nestling.
 νεύρον, Nervus; robur, vis; fides, nervus arcus—a Nerve;
 strength, force; a string of music, a bow-string.
 νεφρός, † ren—the kidney: pl. the reins: in Scrip. Sac. cogi-
 tatio.
 430 νήπιος, infans, parvulus; stultus, imprudens—an infant, a
 child, a little one; a person of weak intellects, a child in
 understanding.
 νῆσος, ἡ, insula; vestis quam undique purpura ambit—an
 island; a vest selvaged or bordered round with red, a gar-
 ment fringed about with purple.
 νίτρον, † Nitrum, sali simile—*Nitre*, saltpetre.
 νόος, νῆς, G. νός, νῆ, D. νόω, νῶ, &c. mens, animus, sensus, sen-
 tentia, intellectus, cogitatio—the mind, seat of thought,
 perceptive faculty, sense, perception, opinion, sentiment,
 intellect, understanding, thought, cogitation.
 νόσος, ἡ, morbus, ægritudo, languor, imbecillitas; vitium—
 a disease, sickness, disorder, languor, weakness, imbecility;
 a defect, taint.
 435 νότος, Notus, auster; pars cœli australis—the south-wind;
 the south.
 νύς, ἡ, † Nurus; sponsa—a daughter-in-law, a bride.
 νόγαλα, † pl. Nogala, edulia suavia et delicata, scitamenta
 coquorum—sweetmeats, dainties, delicacies, sauces, the
 height of seasoning.
 νῶτος, pl m. & n. dorsum, tergum—the back; a shelf in
 the sea.



Ξ

ξένος, hospes, advena, peregrinus, alienus—a guest, a way-faring man, a stranger, foreigner, alien, barbarian.

440 ξύλον, lignum, tignum—wood, timber, a beam, rafter.

Ο

ὀβελός, veru; verutum; in margine librorum nota—a spit; a spear, dart; a marginal note. ὀβελίζω, Obelo noto, expungo.

ὀβολός, Obolus, nummus sextam partem drachmæ valens; usuræ genus—an Obolus, small Athenian coin, value five farthings; a kind of usury.

ὄγκος, tumor; moles; prominentia, gravitas; Uncus, fastus, majestas—a tumour or swelling; a dam, mole; a prominence, a jutting; a hook; pride, grandeur, majesty.

ὄγμος, * sulcus; linea a messoribus facta; plantarum ordo, series, ordo, via—a furrow, a trench; a line formed by reapers or harvest-men; a row of trees or plants; a series or train, an order, course, way.

445 ὁδός, ἡ, Dl. Att. τὴν ὁδὴν, via, iter; ratio, methodus; auxilium viæ; insidiæ quæ juxta viam struuntur—a way, path, road, journey; manner, method, way of proceeding, provisions for a journey, a viaticum, relief upon the road; an ambuscade, way-laying, ambush.

ὄζος, nodus arboris, ramus—the knot of a tree, a knot in wood, a branch or bough, a club. Metaph. ὄζος Ἀργός, homo bellicosus, quasi Martis ramus, prognatus Marte, a hero, marshalman, q. d. a limb of Mars, a son of war.

οἶκος, domus; familia; facultates—a house; houshold, family; goods, furniture.

ὀϊκλος, misericordia, commiseratio; ejulatus—compassion, pity, commiseration; lamentation.

οἶνος, Vinum—Wine. q. ἐνῶ, juvo.

450 οἶστρος, Oestrus, asilus, tabanus, musca æstate boves infestans; stimulus furibundus, furor; insania, irritatio, cu-



piditatis stimulus—the *ox-fly*, horse or *dun-fly*, *breese*, *gad-bee*, a *tike*; a *hotspur*, desperate incentive, *fury*, *passion*; *madness*, *irritation*, the *spur of desire*.

ῥῖνος, * *ærumna*, *calamitas*, *miseria*; *infelix fatum*, *exitium*, *interitus*, *mors*—*trouble*, *calamity*, *wretchedness*, *miser*; a *gloomy destiny*, *luckless stars*, *destruction*, *death*.

οἰωνός, *avis*, *volucris*; *ales*; *augurium*, *auspicium*, *omen*—a *bird*, a *large fowl*; *augury*, i. e. *divination from the flight or song of birds*, a *hint or token taken from the actions of the feathered race*, a *sign*, an *omen*.

ὄρνις, *pigritia*, *ignavia*, *segnitia*; *metus adeundi laboris*; *timor*; *ardeæ species*—*sloth*, *indolence*, *sluggishness*, *restiveness*; a *loathness to work*, *dread of labour*, *faint-heartedness*; a *bird of the heron kind*.

ὄλβος, *beatitudo*, *felicitas*; *possessio agrorum*, *opes*, *divitiæ*, *opulencia*—*beatitudo*, *blessedness*, *felicity*, *happiness*, the *smiles of fortune*, *felicitous circumstances*; *landed property*, an *ample estate*, a *fair inheritance*, *wide domains*, *wealth*, *riches*, *opulence*. Dor. G. ὄλβω. q. ὄλος βλος.

455 ὀλισθος, *Lapsus* qui in *lubrico fit*, *prolapsio*—a *slip*, a *fall* caught in *slippery places*, a *falling forward*, a *tumble*, *danger*.

ὄλμος, * *mortarium*, *pilum*; *poculi genus*; *truncus corporis*; *tripus* (G. *tripodis*) *Apollinis*—a *mortar*, a *pestle*; a *kind of clumsy and unpolished cup*; the *trunk of the body*; the *tripod of Apollo*: adj. *stupidus*, *dull*.

*Ὀλυμπος. *Olympus*, *mons altissimus Thessaliæ*, seu *Macedoniæ Thessaliam continentis*, *cujus vertex cælum tangere videtur*; *cælum*, apud poet.—*Olympus*, a *very high mountain of Thessaly in Macedonia*, whose *summit pierced the clouds*, *gained aerial heights*, and seemed to *border on the sky*: *Metaph. & Poet. heaven*, the *bright abode of divinities*. q. ὄλος, & λάμπω, *luceo*.

ἔλυνθος, † *grossus*, *figus immatura*—a *green or unripe fig*. ex ὀλεῖν τὸ ἄνθος.

Nouns, Decl. 2. ος, m. ον, n.

ἄμβρος, Imber, pluvia—rain, a shower. q. ὁμᾶ ῥεῖν.

- 460 ὁμηρος, obses; Homerus—an hostage, a pledge; Homer, the Grecian bard, the unrivalled poet.

ὄμιλος, cœtus, turba, multitudo hominum; turma, caterva; plebs, vulgus; strepitus, tumultus—an assemblage or concourse of people, a crowd, press, throng, multitude; military divisions and ranks; the common people, plebeians, the vulgar; noise, din, tumult. q. ὁμᾶ, simul, & ἱλῆ, turma, agmen.

ὀμφαλός, Umbilicus, Umbo—the Navel, nave, boss, center, bottom.

ὄνθος, † sterces, fœcus jumentorum—ordure, the dung of cattle.

ὄνος, ὁ ὧς ἡ, asinus, -a; piscis quidam, locustæ genus, insectum, multipeda, cutio, porcellio, axis, fusus, superior mollæ lapis, vasis genus, unio in tessera, organi species, machina quædam—an ass; a certain fish, a kind of locust, an insect, the multipede, or woodlouse, a grasshopper, cheeselip, palmer-worm, a wheel or crane, an axis, a spindle, the upper millstone, a kind of vessel, the diamond die, ace point, a sort of organ or instrument, a kind of machine. παρὰ τὸ ὀνήσασθαι, a juvando.

- 465 ὀπιον, † Opium, succus lacteus ex scapo—the juice of poppies, their inspissated juice. R. ὀπός, succus.

ὄπλον, telum, scutum, instrumentum—a dart, shield, instrument. pl. ὄπλα, arma, arms, implements.

ὀπός, succus, humor, liquor—juice, sap, humour, liquor.

ὄργανον, Organum, instrumentum—an organ, instrument, machine. q. ἔργον, opus.

ὄργια, pl. Orgia, proprie sacra Liberi; sacra aliorum deorum; mysteria, sacra arcaniora—Orgies, the rites of Bacchus; ceremonies of other divinities; mysteries, solemnities of more than ordinary silence and secrecy. q. ὄργη, impetus, impulsus.

- 470 ὁρδρος, diluculum—*day-break, early red, blushes of the morning.* ὁρδριος & ὁρδρινος, matutinus, in, or of the morning, early.
- ῥεμος, juramentum, jusjurandum, fœdus—an oath, affidavit, pact, engagement.
- ἱμαδς, † ordo, series, series catenata, catena; lustrum, latibulum—*order, a series, sequel, a linked train or series, a chain; a den, lair, cavern, hold, hiding-place.*
- ῥμος, monile, colli ornamentum; statio, navale—a necklace, collar, chain of gold, bracelet; a station, road, harbour, dock.
- ῥοβος, † ervum, legumen—a kind of pulse.
- 475 ῥόδρμος, † surculus, ramus—a shoot, twig, branch.
- ῥος, terminus, limes, finis, meta, scopus; nodus et regula, definitio—a boundary, limit, border, frontier, termination, end, aim, scope, object; measure and rule, definition, estimate. Sed ῥος, εος, τὸ, mons. q. v.
- ῥδς, καὶ ῥῥδς, serum lactis; aqueus humor in pice; pix—*whey; a watery humour in pitch or resin; pitch.*
- ῥῥος, † linea scrotum dividens, sacri ossis extremum, podex—the line which divides the scrotum, the extremity of the os sacrum, the fundament.
- ῥρμαγδς, * strepitus, fragor, tumultus—a noise, crash, tumult.
- 480 ῥρχος, plantarum series, vitium ordo; Hortus—a row of trees, ranks of vines; a garden, Orchard.
- ῥσριον, † legumen—pulse.
- ῥσρον, -σρ, G. ἔσ, -σ, Os; Costa—a bone, a rib. q. ἰσρ, stare.
- ῥσραον, testa nativa, qualis ovorum, testudinum, &c. testa figlina; testula in suffragiis—a native shell, as of eggs, tortoises, &c. an earthen pot; a votive shell, a ballot.
- ῥσρεον, & ῥσρειον, † Ostreum, Ostrea, piscis testis tectus; Ostreum, i. e. purpureus seu Ostrinus color—an Oyster, shell-fish; the purple or scarlet colour.
- 485 ῥτοβος, strepitus, tumultus, sonitus, sonus—noise, bustle, tumult, sound, din.

ἐρανός, cœlum, aer usque ad nubes; palatum—heaven, the starry sky, the upper region of the air; the palate, roof of the mouth. Dor. ὠρανός, G. ᾠ, Dor. & Aeol. ὦ. q. ὄραν, video. q. d. spectaculum grande.

ἔρον, Urina, lotium—Urine, lotion. q. ἐρά, cauda.

ἔρος, ventus secundus, prospera fortuna; custos, inspector—a fair wind, favouring gale, success, prosperity, the smiles of fortune; a keeper, guardian.

ἐχλὺς, canalis, rivus, aquæductus, cloaca—a canal, channel, rivulet, aqueduct, sink, sewer.

490 ὄχλος, turba, populus, plebs, Vulgus; molestia—a crowd, throng, press, multitude, the Folk, populace, common people, the plebeians, the Vulgar; molestation.

ὄχος, & G. εος, τὸ, currus, vehiculum; fluxus aquæ—a chariot, car, vehicle; a running stream, a current of water.

ὄψον, Obsonium, edulium omne, quod una cum pane comedimus, piscis; pulpamentum—victuals, eatables in general, what we eat with bread, especially fish; the pulp, a tid-bit.

II

παῖπαλα, † pl. loca prærupta et salebrosa, præcipitia—steep and craggy places, precipices.

πάπυρος, ὁ ἢ ἡ, † Papyrus, -um, planta nascens in palustribus Ægypti, aut quiescentibus Nili aquis; liber vel cortex Papyri; charta e Papyri cortice confecta—the Papyrus, a flag or plant growing in the marshes of Egypt, or stagnant waters of the Nile; its bark, on which the ancients wrote, Paper made from the rind of the Papyrus, writing Paper, a book.

495 παράδεισος, † hortus, pomarium, viridarium, Paradisus, hortus amœnissimus omnis generis fructiferis arboribus consitus; per excellentiam hortus ille in Eden plantatus; item sedes cœlestes, sive locus beatorum—a garden, orchard, park, pleasure-ground, Paradise, a most plea-



sant and delightful garden, abounding with fruit-trees of every kind; by way of excellence, the garden of Eden; also celestial mansions, the place of the blessed.

πάρδος, * *Pardus*, fera quæ etiam dicitur πάνθηρ; (q. d. plane fera, a thorough wild beast, a wild beast of completely savage breed;) the *Pard*, a *Leopard*, a *Panther*, spotted wild beast of the wolf kind, the *lynx*.

πάρθενος, ἡ, *virgo*—a *virgin*: Adj. *virgineus*, *intactus*, *virginal*, *maiden*, *untouched*, *new*.

Πάρος, ἡ, † *Paros*—*Paros*, an island of the *Ægean sea*, one of the *Cyclade isles*, famed for its white and shining marble.

πάσσαλος, *Paxillus*, palus; clavus ligneus—a *stake*, *post*, *pale*, *palisade*; a *wedge*, *peg*, *pin*.

500 πέδιλον, *calcens*, talare—a *shoe*, a *sock*. pl. τὰ πέδιλα, the *talaria*, or *winged shoes of Mercury*.

πέδον, *solum*, *humus*, *terra*—the *ground*, *sole*, *earth*, the *solid land*.

πέλανος, † *Pelanus*, libum—a *kind of sacrificial cake*.

πελαργός, * *ciconia*—the *stork*, a *regular bird of passage*, remarkably kind and affectionate towards its parents.

πενθερός, † *socer*, *uxoris pater*—a *wife's father*.

505 πέπλος, -ον, *Peplus*, -um, pala, *indumentum muliebre*, *necnon virile*; *frutex quidam*—a *loose robe*, a *woman's upper garment*, that of a *man*; a *kind of shrub*: πέπλοι dicuntur etiam vela quibus currus et defunctorum cadavera integuntur, *veils of chariots*, *sheets with which they and the bodies of the dead are covered*.

πεσσός, *calculus seu scrupus lusorius*; ipse *calculorum ludus*;

Pessus seu lana concerpta, in qua *pharmaca excipiuntur*—a *chessman*, a *small quadrangular stone*; the *game of draughts*, *play of chess*; a *kind of lint put with ointment into wounds*.

πέλαρον, *pertica*; *laquei genus*; *instrumentum quoddam*; *profunditas*—a *perch*; a *pole*; a *kind of snare*; a *certain instrument*; *profundity*.

Nouns, Decl. 2, ος, m. ον, n.

λίθος, lapis, saxum, petra—a stone, rock, flint.

πῆδος-ον, * ligni species; palmula remi ex eo ligno confecta; remus—a species of wood; the broad part of an oar made of that wood; an oar.

πηλός, lutum, cœnum, limus, argilla—clay, mud, dirt, mortar, argil, potter's clay.

515 πῆνος, tela, textum; fusi genus—a web, thread, texture, cloth; a kind of spindle.

πίθος, dolium—a hog'shead.

πίλος-ον, pileus-um, capitis indumentum, necnon pectoris; lana crassa, tapes, sacculus, luncus; pila, strues, pilula—a hat, cap, head-dress, a covering for the breast; milled wool, rough tapestry, a woollen sock, a spatterdush; a pile, heap, ball, pill.

πίνος, * sordes, squalor, illuvies, spurcicies—dirt, squalidity, filth, nastiness.

πίνος, n, pinus—the pine-tree.

520 πίπτος, † pipus,—a seabird, waterfowl.

πίπλος, † strepitus aquæ remo percussæ; remigium; agitatio et motus creber; distillatio creber—the sound of water when beat by the oar; the act of rowing; agitation and quick motion; a copious distillation.

πίψον * furfur; porrigo, sordes capitis; quod in urinâ simile furfuri videtur—bran, scurf, fur, or scales on the head; the sediment or fur of urine.

πλάδ-ον-ος, * humor superfluus, humiditas nimia—superfluous humour, an overflow, an excess of moisture, too much humidity.

πλάθρον, jugerum—an acre; pl. meadows.

525 πλίνθος, ἡ, later, imbrex, tegula—a tile, a brick, a gutter tile, a tiled roof.

πλῆτος, divitiæ, opulentio; Plutus, divitiarum deus—riches, wealth, opulence; Plutus, god of wealth. q. πολυς, multus.

πόθος, desiderium, cupido, amor, flos æstivus—desire, cupidity, passion, love; an estive or summer flower.

Nouns, Decl. 2, ος, m. ον, n.

πόλεμος, bellum, praelium, pugna—*war, battle, an engagement, combat, fight.*

πόντος, Pontus, mare ; Pontus, regio Asiæ minoris—*the sea ; Pontus, a country of Asia the Less.*

530 πόνκος, † rete piscatorium e vimine contextum—a sort of fishing basket, an osier net.

πόταμος, fluvius, amnis, flumen—a river, Dor. πάλαμος, G. Ion. οιο. q. πόλος, Potulentus. R. πινω, Bibo.

πόλος, sors, casus, fatum ; interitus, mors—a lot, chance, casualty, fate, destiny ; death. q. πινω, olim πτω, cado, to fall.

πόσσον, * Porrum ; algæ quædam species—a leek, a scallion ; a kind of weed.

πέμονον, stipes, stirps, caudex, arboris truncus ; ramus major ; metaph. fundamentum—a rook, stump, log, the stock, body, or trunk of a tree ; a bough, larger branch ; metaph. a foundation.

535 Πρίαπος, † Priapus, hortorum custos, membrum virile—Priapus, an obscene divinity, the keeper of gardens, guardian and patron of the garden bed, emblem of fertility and genial powers ; the penis.

πέϊνος, ἡ, † ilex—the holm, or scarlet oak.

πεόσων, ovis, pecus—a sheep, flock, cattle.

πεωκίδς, † anus, podex, culus, nates—the anus, the thighs.

πιδον, ala, penna, pluma, pinna, velum, remus—a wing, feather, plume, fin, sail, oar, prow, &c.

540 πιδλος, Ptilus, cui ex ciliis pili periere ; calvus—one who has lost the hair from off his eyelids ; adj. bald, bare.

πιδλος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, solium alveus, locus in quo quidpiam lavatur—a bathing vessel, a bath, washhouse, or vessel.

πιδξος, ἡ, * Buxus—the Box-tree.

πιδγος, Pyrgus, turris ; murus et mœnia ; acies quadrata ; instrumentum bellicum ; alveolus in quo tesserae ante jactum agitantur apud Latinos—a tower, a turret, citadel, fort, castle, ; a fortification, the works of a

Nouns, Decl. 2, *ος, m. ον, n.*

town; troops formed in hollow square, or embattled like a tower; an engine of war; a dice-box among the Latins.

πυρρός, triticum, frumentum—*wheat, corn.*

- 545 πῶλος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, Polus, plerumque equinus, equulus—a *Fole, colt, young ass, a nag.*

πῶρος, luctus; callus, h. e. caro in manibus pedibusque, quæ ex laboribus obduruit; metaph. mens obdurata et pœnitere nescia; corpus album, durum et siccum, ossa fracta conjungens; pus quod in aliquâ parte corporis humani præter naturam in modo culli concrevit; tophus, Porus—*mourning, grief, lamentation, sadness, depression; flesh on the hands or feet grown hard and insensible by labor and the shutting up of the Pores, a hoof, horny skin, callosity, metaph. mental obduracy, impenitence; the cement of a fractured bone; a preternatural concretion in any part of the body; a Porous and friable stone; a Pore.*

P

ῥάβδος, ἡ, virga, vimen, festuca, fustis, caduceum, sceptrum, fascies—a *Rod, twig, shoot, stalk, a virge, herald's rod, a sceptre, the fascies, rods borne before magistrates.*

ῥαπίς, ἰδος, ἡ, virga, &c.—hence, Radius.

ῥάδαρος † strepitus remi, sonitus fluctus scopulis allisi, strepitus, tumultus—the *sound of the oar, that of a billow when dashed against rocks, noise, din, tumult.*

ῥάμνος, ἡ, spina alba—the *white thorn.*

- 550 ῥάφανος, ἡ, † Raphanus, brassica—*radish-root, cauliflower, cabbage.*

ῥῆνος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, pellis, cutis, corium; scutum, clypeus—the *skin, rind, hide, leather; a shield.*

ῥέτον, † montis cacumen, promontorium—the *top of a mountain, a cape or promontory.*

Nouns, Decl. 2, *ος, m. ου, n.*

ῥόδον, Rosa—a Rose.

ῥόθος, strepitus undarum, remorum strepitus; fremitus, tumultus, impetus—the roar of waves, the sound of dashing oars; roar, tumult, onset.

555 ῥοῖζος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, Stridor, sibilus; impetus—crash, twang, hiss, whiz; an attack, clash.

ῥυθμός, Rythmus, concinnitus, modulus, quicquid certo modo et ratione fit.—Rhyme, metre, the jingling of words, musical notes, any thing done by, or in measure and proportion.

ῥύπος, squalor, sordes, proluvia; cera sigillaris; avaritia—dirt on the nails, also on the body through perspiration, dirt, nastiness; sealing-wax; avarice, covetousness.

Σ

σάλος, Salum; ora maris; jactatio eorum qui navigant, fluctuatio—the Sea; its coast, an anchorage; the tossing experienced by those who sail on the Salt Seas, the rocking of a ship, fluctuation. *q.* ἄλς, ἁλός, ἡ, mare.

σανδάλιον, † Sandalum, calceamentum muliebre necnon virile—a Sandal, a woman's shoe, that of a man.

560 σάτυρος, Satyrus, oratio mordax, Satyra—a Satyr, silvan god, said to be rude and lascivious: mordacious language Satire, a lampoon. *q.* σάθη.

σέλλος † Sellus—a proud pauper, one who apes the rich.

σηκός, stabulum, propriè ovium et caprarum, septum, domus, templum; pondus vel statera; sacra oliva—a stable, fold for sheep and goats, a pen, an inclosure, a house, temple, fane; a weight or balance; the sacred olive. *pl.* σηκοί, avium loculamenta, fori navium—bird-cages, the decks of ships.

σίαλον, Saliva, sputum, pituita—Saliva, spittle.

σίδηρος, ferrum, ensis, telum, ferreus thorax—iron; a

sword, a dart ; a breast-plate of iron. σιδήρεος, ferreus.
σιδηρίης, magnes, the magnet, loadstone.

565 σίκυρος, † cucumis—a cucumber.

σιμβλ-ον,-ος, ἡ, alveare, alveus apum—a beehive.

σίλος, pl. τὰ σίλα, frumentum, annona, triticum ; panis,
cibus—grain ; corn, the fruit of the field, wheat ; bread,
food.

σπάριφ-ος,-ον, stylus penicilus ; stipula, festuca, sarmentum—the stylus, ancient pen, a style, a writing pencil,
a straw, stubble, a moat, vinetwig.

σκέπαρον, * ascia, dolabra, runcina—an axe, hatchet,
thwart saw.

570 σκίρος, marmoris fragmentum ; Scrupus ; tessera ; cementum, gypsum—a fragment of marble ; a scrap of
stone, rubbish ; a die, cement, parget, plaster.

σκόλυμος, † Scolumus, cardui species—a kind of thistle, a
teasel, an artichoke.

σκόμβρος, † Scombrus, piscis quidam marinus—a sea-fish,
mackerel, a kind of tunny.

σκορδον, † allium—garlic. σκορδίζω, alliis pasco. σκορδιάσμαι,
pandiculus, extendo membra cum oscitatione, to stretch
and yawn.

σκορπίος, * Scorpius, vel Scorpion, nepa, Serpens ; signum cœleste—a Scorpion, a Serpent ; Scorpio, a sign of
the zodiac, παρὰ τὸ σκορπίζειν τον ἰόν, a spargendo venenum.

575 σκόλος, & G. εος, τό, tenebræ, caligo—darkness, gloom, a
mist.

σκύβαλον, * stercus, fimus, retrimentum—dung, compost,
ordure. pl. σκύβαλα, stercora, quisquilia, sweepings,
rifraf ; q. σκῆυος, utensile, & βάλλω jacio.

σκύμνος, † catulus, proprie leonis—a pup, a lion's whelp.

σκυνίον. † summa palpebra, cilium—the edge, or extremity
of the eyelid, the eyelid itself.

σκύφος, & G. εος, τό, Scyphus, poculum majus—a Cup, a
bowl.

Nouns, Decl. 2. ος, m. ον, n.

580 σκῶλος, † Scolus, spinæ genus, quod in igne versatum et candefactum validius evadit; telum rusticum—a kind of thorn which hardens by being turned and heated in the fire; a rustic dart or javelin, a pike.

σορός, ἡ, * loculus, conditorium, sepulchrum, urna, arca funebris, sandapila—a locker, partition, drawer, repository, sepulchre, urn, coffin, bier. Metaph. vetula, an old woman.

σῖσον, † liliū—a lily.

σπάργανον, fascia, pannus oblongus in quo infans involvitur—a swath, infant's swaddling cloth or band. pl. cunabula.

σπῖλος, macula, labes, vitiligo, saxum—a spot, blemish, the leprosy; a rock.

585 σπλάγχχον, viscus, a bowel, intestine. pl. σπλάγχχα, viscera, exta, pulmones, jecur, cor; affectus maternus, summa misericordia et commiseratio—the bowels, intestines, lungs, liver, heart; maternal love, a mother's affection, very great pity and tenderness, the height of compassion.

σπίγγος * Spongia, peniculus—a Sponge, towel, napkin.

σποδός, ὁ, cinis; res in nihil redacta; perniciēs—ashes, dust, a thing of nought, or turned to dust; ruin q. σβίβ.

σπόνδυλος, * Spondylus, vertebra, spinæ dorsi, verticillum, sculptura vertebrata, caput cineræ, piscis nomen—a Spinal joint, knuckle of the spine, one of the twenty four bones of which the spine is constructed, any small bone of beast or fowl, a small fin of a fish, the hard white in oyster, a Spindle, its whirl, carved work of a vertebral form, the head of an artichoke, a kind of shell-fish. σπόνδυλοι dicebantur ænei calculi quibus iudices utebantur in suffragiis ferendis—brazen votive shells used by Athenian judges in giving or taking votes.

590 σάμνος, ὁ καὶ ἡ * urna, hydria, urceus, amphora—an urn, water vessel, pot, pitcher, firkin. σάω, sto.

σαυρός, vallus, palus ligneus, crux—an upright stake, a post, gallows, cross.

Nouns, Decl. 2. ος, m. ον, n.

σεῖνον, pectus ; cor, cogitatio, animus—the breast ; the heart, thought, mind, courage.

στόμαχος, Stomachus, ventriculus ; gula—the Stomach, ventricle ; the throat. q. σῶμα, ἴος, et μάχονται. pugno.

στρατός, exercitus, copiae militares—an army, troops, land or sea forces.

595 στρουθός, passer ; Struthio et Struthocamelus ; herba quædam—a sparrow, an ostrich ; a kind of herb.

strychnos, † ὁ καὶ ἡ, Strychnus, solanum—nightshade, banewort.

στύλος, columna, graphium, Stylus ; structura orationis ac modus dicendi—a column, pillar ; the ancient iron pen the Stylus, a pencil, pen ; the structure of an oration, and mode of expression, composition, and Style.

σφάκελος, * Sphacelus, mortificatio partis alicujus inflammatae ; gangræna sive Sphacelus incipiens ; in arboribus appellatur quum radices nigrescunt ac emoriuntur ; de equis etiam dicitur ; medius digitus ; item species quædam salviæ—the mortification of any inflamed part, its putrefaction ; a gangrene, eating ulcer, the first stage of mortification ; the term is applied to trees when their roots grow black and entirely corrupted ; it is used likewise of horses ; the middle finger ; it is also a species of, and derived from,

σάχος, † salvia—the herb sage.

600 σφάραγος, & σφάραγος, guttur, fauces ; sonus gutture editur—the throat, the gulletpipe, a guttural sound.

σφένδαμνος, ἡ, acer, ; species cannabidis—a maple tree ; a kind of hemp.

σχοῖνος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, juncus ; e junco funis ; funis, restis ; mensura Ægyptiaca sexaginta stadia complectens—a rush, a rope made of rushes ; any rope or cord, a halter ; an Egyptian long measure of sixty stadia or furlongs, i. e. 7½ miles.

σῶρος, acervus, agger, cumulus, congeries—a heap, pile, accumulation, amassment, store.

Nouns, Decl. 2. ος, m. ος; n

T

- τάλαντον, statera, trutina, lanx, libra ; id quod lanci imponitur ponderandum; nominatim Talentum, pondus CXXV librarum, summa pecuniæ apud Atticos, Thallerorum DCCL secundum computationem vulgarem—a balance, pair of scales, that which is put into the scales for the purpose of being weighed, viz. a Talent, the weight of 125 pounds, an Athenian sum of money valued at 750 dollars according to vulgar computation. Note, the Talent was different at different periods of time, and in different countries. q. τάλαω, Tolerō, fero.
- 605 τάρειχος, & G. εος; τό, salsamentum, piscium, carnisque, caro sale condita, caro inveterata—seasoning, pickle for fish or flesh, powdered beef ; hung meat, that which hath been long kept. τερειχέω, sale condio, to season with salt.
- τάρταρος, pl. τὰ-ταρταρα, Tartarus, locus inferorum profundissimus—Tartarus, the lowest part of the infernal regions, the depth of hell.
- ταῦρος, Taurus ; signum cœleste ; Taurus, mons vastissimus Asiæ—a bull ; the celestial sign Taurus ; Taurus a huge mountain of Asia. A. pl. Dor. ταυρεῶς.
- ταῶς & ταῷς G. ταῷ, † Pavo—a peacock. ταῶν, G. ταῶνος, idem.
- τερέβινθος, ἡ, † Terebinthus—the Turpentine tree.
- 610 τίλος, † stercus, merda—dung, ordure, compost.
- τίλανος, ἡ, vel, † calx, gyps-us, -um—white lime, chalk, plaster, parget, dust of lime.
- τίδος, mamma, mammilla—the breast, a dug, teat ; hence, Tit, Tid. —
- τοιχος, paries, murus ; latus navis, poculi, hominisque—the wall of a house, &c. a partition, a cieling ; the side of a ship, of a cup, and of a man. q. τέυχω, fabricor.
- τόξον, arcus, pharetra cum telis ; ars sagittaria—a bow, a quiver with arrows ; the use of the bow, archery. τόξα, tela, sagitta—darts, arrows.

Nouns, Decl. 2. ος, m. οη n.

615 τόπος, locus, regio, tractus ; argumentum, thema ; τόποι, sedes et domicilia argumentorum—*a place, region, tract, of country ; an argument, topic, theme, proposition ; pl. Topics, themes, a common place book.*

τοφος, †Tophus—a sand stone.

τράγος, hircus, caper ; salacitas, foetor—an he-goat, salacity, lechery, a rank smell. a τραγέϊν, quia arbores rodit.

τράχηλος, pl. τὰ τράχηλα, collum, cervix—the neck, its hind part. q. τραχύς, asper, & ἥλος, clavus.

τρεβλιον, † cātinus, paropsis, patina, culeus—a dish, plate, platter, porringer ; a pipe, a measure of 180 gallons.

720 τύλος, call-us-um, obduratio cutis ex labore, clavus ligneus, nodus ; verenda ; τύλοι, pili superciliorum—callosity, obduration, hardness of the skin occasioned by hard labour or otherwise, a hoof, a corn, a peg, knot in wood ; parts ; pl. the hair of the eye-brows.

τύμβος, Bustum, sepulchrum, Tumulus, Tumba—a Bust, Tomb, sepulchre, mound, hillock. q. τύφω, uro, quippe cremabantur olim cadavera.

τύραννος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, Tyrann-us-a, rex, regina—a Tyrant, a mild and equitable prince, a cruel and despotic one, a king, a queen. Adj. Tyrannicus, ad Tyrannum pertinens—Tyranical, belonging to a Tyrant.

Υ

ἵακινθος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, Hyacinthus, nomen floris et herbæ ; nomen gemmæ, sic dictæ a colore Hyacinthi, lapis pretiosus, qui ex flavidine rubet, ignisque imitatur ; lana, aut fila Hyacinthino colore imbuta—the Hyacinth, a flower of purple color, a violet, an herb ; a gem, in color resembling, and therefore called an Hyacinth, the Jacinth, a precious stone of fiery hue or glowing red ; wool or threads of Hyacinthine, or purple die.

Nouns, Decl. 2, ος, m. ον, n.



725 ἰάλος, ὁ vel ἡ, vitrum ; Crystallus—*glass, Crystal; metaph. any thing which is clear and pellucid, as amber, &c. ἰέλος, ἡ, idem.*

ἰΐλος, † nugæ, loquacitas—*trifles, loquacity.*

ἰῖος, filius, natus—a son. ἱεῖς Ἀχαιῶν, the Greeks. ἱεῖς, Ἄρης, sons of Mars, mighty warriors.

ἱννος, † equuleus, Mannus—a little colt, a poney, a nag.

ἱπνος, somnus, sopor—*sleep, that which is sound or deep, an Hypnotic, soporific draught.*



730 φάκελλος, † Fascis, Fasciculus—a bundle, a faggot.

φαλλός, † penis ligneus vel coriaceus—a kind of penis.

φάλος, conus galeæ cui crista inseritur ; scutum splendidum et album ; petra in mari eminens—the helmet's crested cone, the plummy top of the martial head-piece, a glittering shield, a shining buckler ; a rock rearing its head in the ocean. stem. ἦλοι τινές λαμπροὶ ἔνεκα κόσμος τῆς περικεφαλαίας, brilliant studs ornamental of the helmet, Scap. R. adj. φαλός, splendidus, q. v.

φάρμακον, Pharmacum, medicamentum, venenum, veneficium ; medicamen ; pigmentum—a Pharmakon, a healing or baneful composition, a medicine, poison, an empoisoning, an antidote, a remedy.

φάρος, ὁ vel ἡ, † Phar-os-us, turris maxima prope Alexandriam, navigantibus nocturno tempore lucem præbens ; quævis turris ejusmodi—the Pharos, a famous watchtower, or lighthouse near the port of Alexandria, reckoned one of the wonders of the world ; also the small island of Pharos at the mouth of the Nile on which this celebrated tower stood ; a watch-tower or light-house in general. Sed. φᾶρος τοῦ τὸ, palla—a robe.

735 φελλός, † suber, cortex—cork, bark.

φίπλος, † scintilla—a spark.

Nouns, Decl. 2, ος, m. ος, n.

- φηγός, Dor. φαγός, ἡ, * Fagus ; esculus ; glans Fagea—
a beach ; the mast-tree ; mast. q. φάγω, edo.
- φῆλος, impostor, fallax—an impostor, deceiver, Fallacious.
- φίλος, amicus—a friend.
- 740 φιμός, & φίμος, Camus, capistrum, fiscella—a bridle, bit,
headstall, muzzle, halter, thong.
- φλοιός, cortex, suber—bark ; cork ; cork-wood.
- φλοῖστος, sonitus quem aqua edit, præsertim quum fluctus
excitantur, fremitus undarum ; strepitus, murmur,
tumultus—the sound of rolling floods, the roar of lofty
billoes ; noise, jar, murmur, tumult, din.
- φορεμός, * sporta, corbis, calathus ; teges, storea—a basket,
lady's work-basket ; a mat of leaves or rushes.
- φόβος, onus ; res molesta, tedium—a burden, load, Freight ;
an unpleasant affair, a troublesome piece of business,
tedium, what is irksome. R. φέρω, Fero, to Bear, carry.
- 745 φεῖνος, † rubeta—a red toad, a land one.
- φύλλον, Folium, frons—a leaf, Foliage, a branch or bough.
q. φύω, nascor.
- φωλεός, ἡ & ἐά, poet. εἶδος, lastrum, latibulum, antrum, cubile
—a den, cavern, thicket, lair, lodge.

X

- χαλίνος, frænum, habena ; imperium—a bridle, curb, a
bridle-rein ; the reins of Government, command, sway.
- χαῖον, † pedum—a shepherd's staff, a pastoral crook.
- 750 χαλκός, æs ; arma ærea ; moneta, pecunia—brass ; brazen
armour ; coin, money.
- χερσμός, ὁ vel ἡ, caverna, latibulum, lastrum ferarum—a
cavern, lair, wildbeast's den.
- χιδός, pabulum ; farrago—fodder, forage ; a mixture of
grain, blend-fodder, a farrago.
- χοῖρος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, Porcus, sus—an hog, pig, swine, sow.
- χονδρός, * grumus concretus ; far ; cartilago—a concreted

Nouns, Decl. 2, ος, m. ον, n.

heap, a clod, lump, mass; flour or bread-meal; a cartilage, tendon,

- 755 χορός, Chorus, coetus canentium et saltantium, lætantium turba; Choreia, tripudium—a Chorus, Choir, those who join in dance and song, a mirthful company, a joyful band, a concert, dance, ball, the ball-room.

χόρτος, fœnum, gramen, cibus; septum—hay, grass, pasturage, food; an inclosure, a pasture.

χρόνος, tempus, ætas, ævum, diuturnitas, annus—time, an age, season, long duration, the whole year.

χρυσος, aurum, monea aurea—gold, gold coin; Meton. the Mint.

χυλός, succus, sapor; Chylus—juice, sap, taste, relish; Chyle.

- 760 χύτρος, olla—a pot or kettle. q. χέω, fundo.

χώρας, locus, sedes, spatium, regio; ager, prædium, fundus—a place, seat, abode, a domain, tract of land, a country, region; a field, manor, farm. q. χῶ, capio.

Υ

ΰάλιον, & ΰελλιον, † frænum—a bridle; pl. ΰάλια, sive ΰέλλια, monilia, torques, collaria; armilla—necklaces, a chain of gold, collars; bracelets.

ΰάμμος, ἡ, arena, sabulum—sand, grit, gravel.

ΰήφος, ἡ, lapillus, calculus; lapillus pretiosus, gemma; scrupus, calculus—a little stone, a pebble; a precious stone, a gem; a play-stone, votive shell or pebble, a calculation.

- 765 ΰιαθος, ὀκαὶ ἡ, † storea, teges—a mat, braided rushes.

ΰιθος, † convitium—a reproach.

ΰίμ- & ΰίμμ- υθος, † cerussa—white lead, paint.

ΰόλος, † fumus, flamma, fuligo—smoke, a flame, soot.

ΰόφος, strepitus, sonus, fragor—a noise, sound, crash.

Nouns, Decl. 2. ος, m. ον, n.

770 ὤωλος, † verpus, apella; titio—one who is circumcised, a Jew; a quenched firebrand.

ὤωμος. * frustrum, buccella—a scrap, bit, mouthful.

Ω

ὠκεαν-ος, G. Ion. ὠῖο, Oceanus, mare, ambiens terrarum orbem—the Ocean, “The world of waters the wide-spreading main.” Adj. etiam apud Hom. q. ὠκέως, cito, celeriter, (R. ὠκὺς, velox, celer) et ῥάω, fluo.

ὤμος, Humerus—the shoulder.

ῥων, * superior pars domûs—the upper part of a house.

775 ὠὸν, † Ovum—an egg.

DECLENSION III.

Some of its nouns are free from, and others are subject to contraction.

We first attend to those which, generally speaking, are uncontractable; saying that they terminate in seven different letters; i. e. in five consonants, viz. ρ, ξ, ζ, σ, ψ, of diverse genders; and two vowels, viz. α, υ, of the neuter.

To exhibit at one view their grand and subdivisions, to point out their gender, and assist in forming their genitive, from which all their other cases (except every Vocative Singular, and the Datives Plural of Chapter 2 and 3) are derived, we give the following Scheme.

CHAP. 1. ρ.			Class 4. ας, } εις, ος, } ος, τὸ. & υς, }		
Class 1.	ην, ηνος,	ὁ.			
— 2.	 ενος,				
— 3.	ων, ωνος,				
— 4.	 ονος,				
— 5.	 ονλος,				
— 6.	ιν, ινος, ἦ.				
— 7.	αν, υν, ος, ὁ.				
CHAP. 2. ξ.			CHAP. 4. ζ.		
— 1.	ζ, χος, ὁ.		— 1.	ης, ἥλος, ὁ.	
— 2.	 κλος,		— 2.	ως, ὠλος,	
— 3.	 χός, ἦ.		— 3.	ας, ἀνλος,	
— 4.	 γος,		— 4.	ας, ἀδος, ἦ.	
— 5.	γξ, γγος,		— 5.	ις, ἰδος,	
			— 6.	 ῖλος,	
			— 7.	ις, υς, } θος, & υς, }	
CHAP. 3. ς.			CHAP. 5.		
— 1.	ης, ερος, ὁ.		— 1.	ψ, = πς, πος, ὁ.	
— 2.	 ηςος,		—	 = φς, φος,	
— 3.	ως, ὠςος,		— 2.	 = βς, βος, ἦ.	
			SECTIONS.		
			SECT. 1.	α, ας, ας, αλος, τὸ.	
			— 2.	υ, υς,	

The exceptions in point of gender are signified by the article, as in the preceding declension.

Nouns, Decl. 3. Chap. 1 v, Cl. 1, ην, ηνος, ὅ.

The following is the general method of declining :

Sing.		Dl.	Pl.	
m. & f.	n.	m. f. & n.	m. & f.	n.
N. & V. *	 *	N. A. V. ε,	N. & V. ες, α,	
G.	 ος,	G. D. οιν,	G. ων	
D.	 ι,		D. σι,	
A.	α, *		A. ας, α.	

CHAPTER I.

TERMINATING LETTER, N.

CLASS, 1.

N. ην, ὅ, G. ηνος, D. ηνι.

Ἑλλην, Hellen, filius Deucalionis, a quo seu generis autore, Græci nomen Εἰλλήνων, sortiti sunt ; Græcus—*Hellen the Son of Deucalion, from whom, as father of their race, the Greeks have obtained the name of Hellenes ; a greek.*

κηφὴν, fucus—a drone bee.

μῆν, Mensis—a Month.

πυρῆν, * nucleus, bacca, granum, specilli pars altera, gemma quædam—a kernel, pipin, berry, grain ; the small end of a surgeon's probe, a kind of gem.

δ σπλὴν, * Splen, lien—the Spleen, the milt.

οφῆν, * cuneus ; instrumentum tortorum—a wedge ; an instrument of torture.

σωλὴν, † canalis, tubus, fistula ; instrumentum ad vulnera exploranda accomodatum ; piscis quidam testaceus—a canal, tube, pipe ; a surgeon's probe ; a kind of shell-fish.

χῆν, ὁ καὶ ἦ, * anser—a goose or gander.

Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 1, 7, Cl. 1, ἡν, ἡνος, ὅ.

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† ἡν, † vermiculus vel culex in caprificis nascens ; fructus palmæ masculæ—a grub or gnat breeding in wild figs ; the fruit of the male palm-tree.

## Class 2, N. ἡν, G. ἐνος, ὅ.

ἄρσεν, seu ἄρσεν, mas—the male. Adj. masculinus, virilis, fortis—masculine, manly, stout, brave.

αὐχὴν, cervix ; locus angustus ; pars gubernaculi in quam gubernator incumbit—the neck ; a strait place ; the pilot or steerman's place on board a ship.

λιμὴν, portus—a port, harbour, haven for ships. q. λιών, μένει, because ships in port lie secure.

ποιμ-ὴν, Dor. ἄν, pastor, opilio ; rector, ductor—a shepherd ; a ruler, leader, guide. q. ἐν ποίῳ μένων, in herbâ Manens.

5 ὑμὴν, membrana, pellicula, tunicula, tunica, ; Hymen nuptiarum deus vel præses ; nuptiæ, carmen nuptiale ; membrana in quâ involutus est fœtus—a membrane, film, pellicle, slender skin, tunicle, tunic ; Hymen, the god of nuptials ; marriage, an Hymeneal or marriage song ; the membrane which envelops the fœtus. q. ὑῶ, Pluo.

φρεὴν, mens, sapientia, ingenium ; φρένες, prudentia, intelligentia, præcordia, mentis sedes—the mind, reason, wit, intellect ; pl. prudence, intelligence, the inward parts, heart, seat of the mind.

## Class 3, ων, G. ὠνος, ὅ.

ἄγκων cubitus ; curvatura ; cornua citharæ—the elbow ; a curvature, bend ; the scrolls of an harp.

ἄγαν, certamen ; solemnnes ludi, certamina ludorum ; circus, locus certaminis ; cœtus, multitudo spectantium ; concertatio ; actio forensis ; periculum, molestia ;

templum; exercitatio ad certāmen—a contest; public Grecian games, rivalry at them; the circus, place of contest; an assemblage of people, a crowd, press of spectators; a concertation, contention; a pleading at the bar; danger, molestation; a temple; preparation for combat. q. ἄγω,

Ago.

αἰών, Ævum, seculum, æternitas, vita, duratio vitæ hominis, mundus, pravi homines, medulla spinæ—an Æon, age, length of time, eternity, life, duration of human existence, the world, evil men, spinal marrow. q. αἰεὶ ὦν, quum sit semper.

βυβών, † inguen, tumor—the groin, an inguinal tumor.

5 γαργαρέων, † Gurgulio, guttur, fistula quâ spiratur—the throat, windpipe.

γληχών, ἦ, † pulegium—pennyroyal.

εἰρων, \* dissimulator, in oratione dissimulatè loquens, cavillator, omnia deridens—a dissembler, one who saith one thing while he means another, an Ironist; a caviller, a captious and unfair disputant, a wrangler, an objector, a general scorner.

ἰών, Ion, filius Xuthi, nepos Hellenis, a quo Iones dicti fuerunt posteri ejus ac subditi, patriaque eorum Ionia—Ion, son of Xuthus, and grandson of Hellen, from whom his posterity and subjects were called Ionians, and their country Ionia. Adj. Ionicus, Ionic, of or belonging to Ionia.

κάεθων, asinus—an ass.

10 κλών, ramus, circulus—branch, twig, shoot.

κορυφήν, † fastigium, apex, finis; summa manus; civitas Asiæ Minoris quondam potens—the top, tip, summit, height, end; finish-stroke, completion; a once powerful city of Asia Minor.

κώδων, \* tintinabulum, nola, campana; orificium tubæ, tuba ipsa; homo garrulus—a bell; the trumpet's mouth, the trumpet itself; a talkative person, a man of many words.



- κοῦπον, \* Cothon, genus poculi; compotatio—a kind of cup;  
a compotation, a banquet.
- Λάκων, † Laco, incola Lacedæmonis seu agri Spartoni—  
a Lacedæmonian, an inhabitant of Lacedæmonia or Sparta.
- 15 λεμῶν, pratum, locus irriguus—a meadow, watered ground.
- μήκων, ἡ, † papaver; excrementum pinnarum et muricum,  
pars media in conchis; arenæ quædam species in metal-  
lis; pars intestinorum polypodis instar vesicæ atra-  
mentum continens; pl. μῆκωνες, pisces quidam gregales  
—a poppy; the excrement of shell-fishes, the mid-part of  
oysters, a kind of sand or grit found in metals, the bladder  
of the polypus in which it carries its black liquor or ink;  
pl. a kind of fishes which go in shoals.
- Ποσειδῶν, Neptuneus, deus maris—Neptune, god of the sea,  
the monarch of the main.
- περὼν, eminentia montis, cacumen—a mountain eminence,  
its top, a summit, prominence. περὼν, ὠνός, & περῶν, ονος.
- πώγων, barba—a beard. πώγωνιον, parva barba.
- 20 σαλᾶκων, † qui in paupertate opulentiam simulat, pauper  
jactabundus—a poor person who apes the rich, a boastive  
and haughty pauper.
- σίφων, \* Siphon, tubus, canalis; herba quædam—a Siphon,  
tube, pipe, canal, channel; a kind of herb.
- χιτών, tunica exterior vel interior, subucula, lorica—an  
upper or an under garment, a waistcoat, a shirt, a coat of  
armour.

## Class 4, N. ων, G. ονος, ο.

- ἐνδῶν, ἡ, \* lucinia, Philomela; lingula tibiæ—the nightin-  
gale, Philomel, the melodious warbler; the tip of a pipe  
or flute. q. αἰδῶ, cano.
- ἄκμων, † ramus major; virgultum—a larger branch, a  
bough; a twig.
- ἄλαζών, ὁ κωι ἡ, inanis jactator, ostentator, gloriosus, super-

Nouns, Decl. 3. Chap. 1 7, Cl. 4, *ων, ονος, ό.*

*bus, arrogans; homo mendax; qui hic et inde vagatur; an empty boaster, a bragadocio, boastive, proud, arrogant; a lying fellow; a vagrant, a stroller.*

*ἄξων*, Axis rotæ; Metaph. Axis mundi; asser; spondylus secundus; trames, orbita—the Axis of a wheel; by Metaphor, the Axis of the world; a plank, pole; the second vertebre; a path, truck, orbit: apud Athenienses, *ἄξονες* erant Axes ligneæ in quas leges Solonis erant incisæ—amongst the Athenians, wooden tables on which were written the laws of Solon.

5 *ἀρτέμων*, † Artemo, velum navis majus, antenna; in machinâ tolendis oneribus trochlea—the mainsail of a ship, sailyard; the pulley of a crane.

*βραχίον*, † Brachium, lacertus, armus vituli—the arm, also a muscle, a shoulder of veal. item, brevior, compar. a *βραχ-ύς*, *εἴς*, *ύ*, brevis, short.

*γείων*, vicinus; affinis, similis—a neighbour; a relation, an equal.

*δαίμων*, *ό και ή*, Dæmon, spiritus potens, genius, deus, fortuna, diabolus—a Demon, potent spirit, a genius, fortune, a devil. q. *δαίω*, scio.

*ἥων*, littus, ripa—the shore, a bank. *ἥων*, id.

10 *κανών*, id quod est supra trutinam, et equilibrium facit, examen; Canon, regula, norma; palus seu lignum erectum, mensura saltus, tributum ordinarium, calamus circa quam textores fila involvunt, virgula quibus olim clypeos tenebant, calathri cavernarum in quibus feræ inclusæ sunt; doctrina in Verbo Dei tradita; decretorum capita; psalmus et cantus ordinarius; clericorum ordo—the cock of the scale's beam, criterion of the equipoise, needle of the balance; a canon, law, rule, moral touchstone, prescript, pattern, square, level plumb, regulator, ordinary rule; an upwright piece of wood, measure of a leap, extent, jurisdiction, customary tribute, a small stick round which weavers wrap their threads, small thongs or twigs where-with shields were balanced and fitted on, the grates of a

## Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 1, v, Cl. 4, ων, ονος, δ.

*wildbeast's den; Scripture doctrine; the heads, or summaries of synodical decrees, ecclesiastical discipline; psalms or anthems for certain days; an order of clerks.*

κίον, ὁ καὶ ἡ, columna, columella; interseptum narium, cureculio—a pillar, one of inscription; the interstice of the nostrils, wesend of the throat, a weevil.

κύων, G. κύων, per Syncop. pro κύονος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, pl. κύεις, D. pl. κύσιν, Ion. κύεσσιν, Canibus; Canis, Canis marinus, Canis cœlestis, Sirius, Canicula; jactus quidam in ludo aleatorio; scintilla ex ferro candente prosiliens; frustum panis quo manus abstergebant et canibus deinde projiciebant; virile, verenda; morbus quidam—a dog, Hound; the dogfish; a constellation, the canicular, the dog-star; a losing cast at dice, the ace point; a spark flying from red-hot iron when beat on the anvil, a crust of bread with which people cleaned their hands or rubbed their fingers and then cast it to the dogs; parts of male or female; a kind of malady. κύεις κωκύει, Canes inferi, i. e. Erinyes, furia—the three furies. κύων δ' ἔμειλ' ἔχων, q. d. having dog's eyes, i. e. impudent.

λαγών, ἡ, \* ilia, lateris cavitas; cavitas terræ; rete—the flank, hollow of the side; a cavity or hollow in the ground; a net.

σινών, ἡ, † mala, maxilla—the cheek, jaw.

15 σινδών, Sindon, linteum pertenuē; amictus ex lino, tunica linteā—Sindon, fine linen, a garment thereof, a tunic of linen.

σχαδών, † animal quoddam pennis et pedibus carens—a certain animal which hath neither wings nor feet.

χειλιδών, ἡ, hirundo; cavitas ungulæ equorum; piscis polypo similis; cavitas in brachii hominis flexu circa cubitum; ornamentum muliebre; τὸ αἰδοῖον γυναικείον; sermone barbarus; ficus Atticus—a swallow; the hollow of a horse's hoof, from its semblance to a swallow's nest; a fish of the polypus kind; the inside of the elbow; a female ornament;



Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 1, γ, Cl. 5, ων, οντος, ε.

parts; one rude in speech, or of barbarous dialect; an Attic fig,

χθών, ἡ, terra, humus—the earth, the ground.

χίων, ἡ, Nix—snow. q. χέω, quia funditur e cælo.

Class 5, N. ων, G. οντος, ε.

ἄκων, & ῥακς, jaculum, spiculum, telum—a javelin, missive weapon, dart.

γέγων, senex; γερόντες, senatores, curia; colus—an old man; pl. senators, a session-house court; a distaff.

δράκων, \* Draco—a Dragon; pl. δρακόντες, castellæ, armillæ, ornamental chains, bracelets, pendants.

θεράπων, minister, famulus, servus; cultor—a servant, a domestic, a slave; an husbandman.

5 λείων, Leo; serpens et piscis quidam; signum cœleste; morbus; saltatio quædam—a Lion; a kind of serpent and fish; the celestial sign Leo, the leprosy; a kind of dance.

Χάρων, † Charon orci portitor; mors, orcus—Charon, the stygian pilot or ferryman, death, place of the dead.

Class 6, N. ιν, G. ινος, ἡ.

ἄκτιν, radius solis; radius fulminis—a ray or beam of the sun; a flash of lightning.

γλαυκ-ιν, & ις, cuspis teli; angulus, acies—the point of a dart; a barb, an edge.

δελφ-ιν & ις, ὁ καὶ ἡ, Delphin; instrumentum nauticum quo utebantur in demergendas naves—a Dolphin; a nautical instrument used for sinking ships,

διν vel δις, ὁ καὶ ἡ, acervus, cumulus; littus, ripa, collis, agger—a heap, pile, store; the shore, a bank, hill, mound.

5 ἰκτιν, ὁ, † milvius—a Kite, bird of prey.

ἰν vide ἰς, fibra—a nerve, fibre.

ῖν, & ῖς, nasus—the nose. pl. ῖνες, the nostrils.



## Class 7, N. αν, υν, G. ος, ό.

μόσσυ, s. μόσυ, turris, propugnaculum; tribunal—a tower, one made of wood, a fort, rampart, bulwark; tribunal, seat of a tribune, the bench of a judge.

παιάν, Pæan, hymnus in laudem Appolinis et Dianæ; hymnus in quemlibet alium deum; hymnus qui præclaro cuidam viro canebatur; Apollo ipse; interdum quicumque medetur; pes quidam metricus—a Pæan, hymn in honour of Apollo and Diana; a song to any other divinity; an ode sung in honour of some celebrated hero; Apollo himself; any practitioner in the healing art; a metrical foot. Pæanes canebantur ad mala propulsanda; etiam partâ victoriâ, aut in prælii congressu—Peans were sung to ward off calamities; also when victory was obtained, or the battle joined.

10 πᾶν, Pan, pastorum deus—Pan, the god of shepherds, said to be half man and half goat. But πᾶν, omne. πανικός φόβος vel θόρυβος, Panicus terror vel tumultus—Panic fear, a Panic; q. d. terror arising from the sight of the god Pan.

## CHAPTER, II.

## ITS TERMINATING LETTER IS Ξ.

## Class I, N. Ξ, (=κς,) G. κος, ό.

ἄβαξ, † Abacus, tabula mathematica, tabula calculatoria, mensa, armaria—a plank, counter, mathematical table, slate, chessboard, table, cupboard, safe.

ἀλώπηξ, εκος, ή, Vulpes; homo astutus; piscis quidam, avis que; saltationis genus; partes musculosæ—a fox; a

## Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 2, ξ, Cl. 1, ξ, κος, &amp;c.

*crafty and designing man; a kind of fish and bird; a sort of dance; muscular parts.*

ἄμπυξ, ὁ καὶ ἡ, funiculus auratus, quo comæ in frontibus equorum religuntur, reticulum muliebre, vitta; rota, vasis opérculum—a horse's gilt head-band, a woman's fillet, a ribbon; a wheel, the lid or cover of a vessel, any thing which is round.

ἀλαξ, ἡ, \* Sulcus, lira—a furrow, a ridge.

5 βέμβηξ, ἰξ, ἡ, \* turbo, trochus, vortex—a top, whirlwind, storm, vortex whirlpool.

βλάξ, piscis quidam omnino inutilis; iners, ignavus, socors, supinus—a kind of fish of no manner of use; inert, lazy, dull, negligent, a Black. q. ῥάλλω, q. d. abjici dignus.

δέλφαξ, ὁ καὶ ἡ. † porcellus—a young pig. q. δελφύς.

δοίδυξ. † pistillum, radius—a pestil, a geometrical staff.

δόναξ, \* arundo; sagitta, calamus scriptorius, necnon piscatorius, tibia—a reed; an arrow; a pen, an angler's reed, a pipe or flute.

10 δόξ, ἡ, † capra, capra sylvestris, dāma—a roe, wild she-goat, a deer, doe; Dorcas, n. mul.

θράξ, † Thrax—a Thracian; poet. θρήξ.

θρίδαξ, ἡ, † lactuca—a lettuce.

θωράξ, pectus, Thorax, lorica; murus; poculi genus—the breast, Thorax, stomach, a breastplate, cuirass, girdle, mail; a tower, battlement, breastwork; a kind of cup.

ἰέραξ, accipiter—the hawk, a falcon.

15 κάλυξ, ἡ, rosa clausa, Calyx, &c.—a rosebud, the cup of a plant, that which supports the petals, or budding leaves; the husk, hose, peel; a case, sheath; a female ornament; the name of an herb. Quasi ἡ καλύπτω, R. καλύπτω, tego, velo.

κίμαξ, ἡ, \* palus, vitis pedamentum; pertica, contus, lignum hastæ—a stake, vineprop; a perch, a barge-man's pole, the shaft of a pike or spear.

κάχληξ, lapillus, calculus; peculiariter qui in aquis reperitur et maris litoribus—a small stone, a pebble; especially one of those which are found in brooks or on the seacoast, a seashell.

κηξ, ἡ, † larus—a seagull.

κηρύξ, præco, caduceator; avis et piscis—a Crier, herald, harbinger; a kind of bird & fish. q. κηρύξω, vociferor.

20 κίλιξ, † Cilix—a Cilician.

κιμῶν, ιξ, † Cimbex, genus vespæ vel apis; avarus—a kind of wasp or bee; a Cimbic, a miser.

κλίμαξ, ἡ, scala, gradus, Climax, gradatio, figura Rhetorica; instrumentum tortorum; palæstræ genus; pars currus—a scale, ladder, step, Climax, ascent, gradation, a figure in Rhetoric; an instrument of torture; a kind of wrestling or fencing; the elevated part of a car or chariot. q. κλίνω, Inclino.

κόλαξ, adulator, assentator, parasitus—an adulator, flatterer, parasite. q. κολών, cibus.

κόραξ, Cornix, Corvus; sidus cœleste; nomen piscis; machina bellica; malleus quo fores pulsantur; rostrum gallinaceum; genus supplicii; nomen pastilli, repagulum—a Crow, a raven; a constellation; the name of a certain fish; an engine of war; the rapper of a door; the beak of a cock; a species of punishment; a little loaf or roll; a rail; barricado; barrier. q. κηρύξω, clamo.

25 κώδαξ, † Cordax, genus saltationis—a kind of country dance.

κόχληξ, † calculus, lapillus in ripâ vel litore, glareâ—a pebble; gravel-stone, sand, grit.

κέρμαξ, † acervus lapidum—a heap of stones. κλέμαξ, id.

κάριξ, ἡ, † capsâ, cistâ, arcâ, loculus, conditorium—a coffer, chest, ark, trunk, box; locker, repository.

λύγξ, ὁ vel ἡ, Lynx, fera prædita acerrimo visu—the Lynx, a spotted wildbeast of most penetrating sight; and a very compound of ferocity.



Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 2, ξ, Cl. 1, ξ, κος, ὁ.

μείραξ, ὁ καὶ ἡ, puer, puella, adolescens, juvenul-us-a—a  
boy, girl, young person, a youth.

30 μώδραξ, † verna—a domestic slave.

ράξ, † ferula, arbor quædam—a rod, ferule, reed, shrub.

είαξ, gubernaculum seu clavus navis—the helm or rudder  
of a ship.

μόφαξ, ἡ \* uva acerba, immatura uva ; quivis plantæ fruc-  
tus acerbus et imminaturus—a sour grape, an unripe one ;  
the sour and unripe fruit of any plant, verjuice.

δραξ, † ramus vel surculus ex radice arboris enatus,  
stolo ; etiam ramus in summa arbore aut media ; item  
virga aculeata—shoot or twig springing from the root of  
a tree ; a top twig or branch, or one growing from the  
side of a tree ; also a pointed or barbed rod, a goad.

35 πάλλαξ, \* juvenis, adolescens—a youth, young man. q.  
βαλλω.

πείραξ, ὁ vel ἡ, † Perdix ; astutus, libidinosus—a Par-  
tridge ; sly, wily, wanton.

ήληξ, ἡ, galea, cassis—a helmet, head-piece.

είδαξ, ὁ vel ἡ, fons, scatebra, saliens aqua—a fountain, a  
spring. q, πηδῶν, to gush, stream.

είδαξ, \* simia, pumilio, homuncio—an ape, a dwarf. πι-  
θήκος, id.

40 πίναξ, asser, tabula ; libellus, index ; catinus seu catillus,  
quâdra—a square board, a table, counter, picture ; a  
pocket-book, an index ; a dish, platter, square. πίνακτον.  
tabella.

δοξ, ἡ, dos, donum, munus ; gratia—a portion, dowry, a  
gift, present ; a gratuity, a bribe.

δοξ, ὁ καὶ ἡ, † hinnulus, dama—a fawn, young hind, fallow  
deer, a buck, doe.

φύδαξ, † Fundum ; manubrium gladii—the bottom of a  
vessel, its cover ; the hilt of a sword.

σᾶξ, ἡ, caro, pulpa—flesh, the pulp ; Synecd. corpus—the  
body.



- 45 σκώληξ, \* vermis, lumbricus—a worm. r. f.  
 σμίλαξ, ἡ, & σμίλος, ό, \* taxus, arbor feralis et venenata ;  
 arbor a taxo diversa, folium habens ilicis ; Smilax, fru-  
 tex hortensis, herba quædam—the mournful yew, fune-  
 ral and poisonous tree, also another tree, the leaf of which  
 resembles that of the scarlet oak ; a garden shrub, Smilax,  
 a kind of herb, bind-weed.  
 σμωδιξ, ἡ, vibex, livor ex percussione—blueness caused by  
 the lash, the vestige of a stroke.  
 στύραξ, † Styrax, arbor Syriæ ; lacryma ejus ; cuspis hastæ,  
 tonsilia—the Storax, a tree of Syria ; Storax, its sweet  
 gum ; the point of a spear or lance ; a small oar.  
 σφῆξ, Vespa, crabro—a Wasp, a hornet.  
 50 φείαξ, impostor, derisor—id. one that Feigns and imposes, a  
 scornful knave.  
 φοῖνιξ, palma ; ramus vel fructus illius arboris ; herba  
 quædam ; Phoenix, nomen avis, viri et portus ; color  
 Phœniceus, i. e. ruber seu purpureus color ; instru-  
 mentum quoddam ; collyrium—the palm-tree ; its  
 branch or fruit ; a kind of herb ; a fabled bird called the  
 Phoenix, also a man's name, and the port of Phœnice ; the  
 red or purple color, the Phœnician tinge or dye ; a Phæ-  
 nician instrument of some kind ; ointment for the eyes ;  
 red, bordering upon red, yellow.  
 φεῖξ, ἡ, maris horror, superficialis inundatio, veluti quum  
 mare exigua stringitur aura ; motus, maris incipiens,  
 primumque fluctuum agitatio ; maris vel fluctuum fremi-  
 tus—the crispation of the sea's surface, the placid motion  
 of its waves, as when fanned by soft breezes, and curled by  
 gentle gales ; its incipient roll, the first agitation of its  
 waves ; the roaring of the sea, the rage of its billows.  
 χάλιξ, † lapillus, Silex, Calx, cementum—a pebble, flint  
 and Chalk-stone, scapling, cement. also the same as χάλις,  
 neat wine.  
 χοῖνιξ, ἡ, † Chœnix, mensura sextarios duos continens—a  
 Chœnix, a measure equal to two sextarii ; in liquids, one

Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 2, ξ, Cl. 2, ξ, κλος, ὁ.

*containing somewhat more than three pints. Note, the sectarius, among the Romans, contained 1lb. 8oz.*

Class 2, N. ξ, (=κς) G. κλος, ὁ. (Plenas. τᾶ τ.

βασις, Rēx; dominus, herus—a king; a lord, master.

νῆξ, ἡ, Nox; tenebræ mortis—Night; the shades of death.

Class 3, N. ξ, (=χς) G. χος, ἡ.

βήξ, \* tussis—a cough. βήσσω, Tussio.

βύξ, ὁ, cincinnus, cirrus, capillus—a ringlet, a curl, hair in trim, an insect.

βύξ, G. τριχός, capillus, seta; villus—hair; bristles; wool.

ὄνυξ, ὁ, Unguis, Ungula; Uncus; torturæ genus, fidiculæ; pars cordis; pars folii rosæ superior; gemma quædam, Onyx, marmoris species; pus in cornea tunica oculi; operculum conchylii; ostrum; frutex quædam—a nail, a hoof; a hook; a kind of rack or torture, inquisitorial cords; part of the heart; the upper part or white of a rose-leaf; a valuable gem, the Onyx, a species of marble; pus or matter in the horny tunicle or coat of the eye; the cover of a shell-fish; the purple fish; a kind of small shrub.

5 βύξ, mica, minutum frustulum—a crumb, a small scrap or fragment.

Class 4, N. ξ, (=γς) G. γος, ἡ.

ἀίξ, capra; r. caper—a she-goat; rarely an he; signum cœleste—the constellation of the goat.

ἀνύξ, ambitus et circumferentia rotæ, orbis rotæ; currus; ambitus, orbis, fornix—the compass and circumference of a wheel, its orb or circle; a wheeled carriage, a chariot; a circuit, an orb, a circle, an arch, a vault.

καλαίτις, ὁ, † galea depressa et crista carens—a low and plumeless helmet, a head-piece without a crest.

## Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 2, ξ, Cl. 4, ξ, γος, ῆ.

κόκυξ, ὁ, †. Cocyx, Cuculus ; piscis, herba, grossusque quidam ; crista et galea—a Cuckoo ; a kind of fish, herb, and wild-fig ; a plume and helmet.

5 λάλαξ, † Latax—poured liquor, the sound of dashed water ; also a kind of amphibious quadruped.

μάστιξ, flagrum, flagellum, scutica ; a Deo poena, morbus—a whip, scourge, lash, strap ; divine punishment, a mad lady. μαστιγόν, flagello.

κότλιξ, ὁ, † Coturnix—a quail.

πέμφιξ, flatus ; gutta, nubes, bulla ; pustula—a puff, gale of wind ; a drop, cloud, bubble ; a pustule, pimple.

τέλιξ, ὁ, \* cicada, locusta ; τέλιγες, coqui quidam—a loud chirping insect, a grasshopper, a locust ; pl. kitchen boys.

Class 5, N. γξ, (=γγξ) G. γγος, ῆ.

λάρυγξ, ὁ, guttur, gula—the throat, the Larynx, gullet-pipe, gorge.

λύγξ, κος, ὁ καὶ ῆ, a Lynx. vide Cl. I.

ῥέλιγξ, † scintilla seu flamma crispa, cirrus—a spark, a curling flame, a curl or ringlet of hair.

ῥαδάμιγξ, \* poet. gutta—a drop of water.

σάλπιγξ, tuba, buccina, lituus ; classicum ; avis et piscis quidam—a trumpet, instrument of martial music, a clarion ; an Epithet of Minerva ; the trumpet's rendezvousing sound, the clarion's assembling call ; a sort of bird and fish.

ῥάγξ, gutta, stilla—a drop. ῥεαγγός, tortuosus.

φάλαγξ, Phalanx, genus acei apud Macedones, legio, turma, cohors, acies ; regula libræ ; araneus ; φάλαγγες, intermedia digitorum ; ligna quibus naves in navali fulciuntur—a Phalanx, Macedonian battalion, a legion, troop, cohort, brigade, troops in battalia ; the regulator or cock of the balance ; a kind of spider ; pl. the joints of the fingers ; blocks by which ships are supported when laid up, or under repairs in the dock.



Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 3, ε, Cl. 1, ης, ερος, ό.

φάραγξ, † vallis, convallis, barathrum, præcipitium, hiatus;  
vorago—a valley, trench, ditch, precipice, chasm, gulph:  
Metaph. a spendthrift.

Φάρυγξ, ό vel η, guttur, gula, faux—the throat, maw, chops,  
jaw.

5 Φόρυγξ, cithara, testudo—a harp, guitar.

## CHAPTER. III.

ITS TERMINATING LETTER IS Ρ.

Class 1, N. ης, G. ερος, ό.

ης, Aër, cœli temperies; ἀης, η, caligo, Aër tenebrosus;  
the Air, temperature of the sky; f. gloom, obscurity, a  
dark and misty Air. ηης, ἡέρος, ό και η, poet. Aër, caligo.

ἀθης, arista, spica, acuta pars ejus; summa pars cuspidis  
sagittæ, gladii mucro—an Ear of corn, the bearded  
grain, its point or top; the tip of an arrow's barb, the  
point of a sword.

αιθης, Aether, Aër, cœlum, deorum domicilium; inflam-  
matio, ardor—the Ether, pure Air, the Weather; heaven,  
the mansion of divinities; an inflammation, ardour η. αιθω,  
uro, & ἀης, Aër.

ανης, G. Sync. ανδρός, vir, homo, maritus—a man, a husband.

5 ασης, stella, Astrum—a Star,

γασης, η, G. Sync. γάστρος, venter; ventriculus; uterus—the  
belly; stomach; womb.

δανης, † levir, mariti frater—a husband's brother.

δυγαλης, η, G. Sync. θυγατρός, filia, nata—a Daughter.

μηης, η, G. Sync. μητρός, Mater, genetrix; Matrix, uterus  
—a Mother; the Matrix, womb. Amongst some ecclesi-  
astical writers, baptisterium, the baptismal font.



## Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 3, §, Cl. 2, ης, ηρος, ὅ.

- 10 πατρίης, G. ἑρος, Sync. εῶς, D. ἐρί-ρι, A. ἑρα, *only because of* πατρίς, Patria, *one's native land.* Pater, genitor, parens, actor *a Father, parent, author, founder,*

## Class, 2, N. ης, G. ηρος, ὅ.

- ἀορίης, \* lorum quo ensis appenditur—a sword-belt, a buckler.  
 ἐννείης, & ης, ἡ, fratria, fratris uxor—a sister-in-law, a brother's wife.  
 θίης, Fera, bellua; λέο—a wild-beast, a beast of large size; a lion, Deer.  
 κίης, ἡ, Sors, fatum; fatum funestum, mors; pestis, noxa, morbus; Κήεες, Parcæ—one's lot, fate; deadly destiny, death; a pestilence, calamity, disease: pl. the Parcæ, fatal sisterhood. But κῆρ. contr. of κίης, ὥς, τὲ, Cor.  
 5 μυκίης, \* naris, nasus; irisio; proboscis—a nostril, the nose; scorn, Mockery; an elephant's trunk. R. μύσσω, Mungo.  
 Σήεες, pl. Seres—the Seres, a people of Asia; item, bombyces, seu vermiculi qui nent Sericum, silk-worms.  
 σπινθίης, \* scintilla—a spark, Splinter.

## Class 3, N. ως, G. ωρος, ὅ.

- ἑλως, captura, præda, rapina; pœna captionis vel interfectionis—a capture, seizure, prize, prey, rapine; slavery or death.  
 ἱχώς, \* sanies, tabum, pus; sanguis crudus, tumor serosus; cruor, humor deorum—corrupted blood, black or putrid gore, pus, matter, corruption; crude or half-formed blood, serose humor; blood from a wound, the gore of wounded divinities.  
 κάσωρ, G. ορος, † Castor—a beaver. Castor, the brother of Pollux.

Nouns, Decl. 3. Chap. 3 §, Cl. 4, ας, ης, ος, υς; ους, τὸ.

πέλωρ, τὸ, monstrum immane—a huge monster.

5 φῶρ, Fur; fucus; speculator—a thief; a drone bee; a gazer, a spy.

Class 4, ας, ης, ος, υς; Γ. ους, τὸ.

ἄορ, ensis; spātha—a sword; a spattle, lath; also a kind of trevet. Poet. ἦρ. Ion. βῆρ.

ἰάρ, & ἦρ, Ver; sanguis, pinguedo—the spring, Synechd. a year; the blood, fatness.

ἦλορ, cor, pectus, anima, animus—the heart, breast, soul, mind, courage.

ῥέναρ, \* vola, cavitas manus et pedis—the hollow of the hand and foot.

5 μάρ-υρ, & υς, ὁ καὶ ἦ, Martyr, testis—a Martyr, a witness.

νέκταρ, Nectar, potus deorum—Nectar, the drink of the gods.

ῥάρ, ἦ, uxor, conjux—a wife. pl. ῥάρη; ῥῆρ, mulieres.

ῥναρ, indecl. somnium, insomnium, visio; umbra et somnium vanum—a dream, a vision; a shadow or empty vision; a vain dream. ῥνῆρ, id.

πῦρ, ignis—Fire.

10 σφάρ, † exuvium anguis et cicadæ—the slough of a snake or serpent, that of a grasshopper, the skin on milk, the shriveled or withered skin of age.

χέρ, ἦ, manus; brachium; quibusdam etiam brutis tribuitur, ut ursæ, simiæ, et elephanti; scriptura; potestas, copiæ—the hand; arm; it is also used of certain brute animals, a bears paw, that of an ape, the proboscis of an elephant; Chirography; power, troops, forces.

## CHAPTER IV.

## FINAL LETTER, Σ.

## Class 1, N. η; G. ηλοῖ; ὅ.

γύης, \* incantor, præstigiator; impostor quivis—a juggler, fortune-teller; an impostor.

θῆς, operarius, servus mercenarius—a labourer, hired servant. q. θείω, potio.

κάνης, Canistrum, calathus—a Canister, a basket.

κέλης, Celes, equus desultorius; eques desultorius; Celex—a vaulter, charger, hunting, or race horse; a knight who in battle changes horses; a yacht or brigantine, a Keel.

5 λίβης, \* Lebes, ahenum, cacabus; pelvis—a cauldron, copper kettle, a vat; a bason, dish.

μάγνης, † Magnes, lapis ferrum attrahens; Magnesiæ habitator—the Magnet, or load-stone; an inhabitant of Magnesia.

μύκης, fungus; vide Decl. 1, Cl. 1.

σης, η, † timea—a moth.

τάπης, Tapes, Tapetum, stragulum variis coloribus intertextum vel villosum—Tapestry, a pictured coverlet, a variegated rug, a carpet, hanging, horse-sheet, painted curtains, a bed, &c.

## Class 2, N. ως. G. ωλοῖ; ὅ.

ἑλως, \* Helos, sive Helota, servus Spartannus; servus quivis—a captive enslaved by the Spartans; a slave, menial servant.

εἰς, ως, situs, mucor, putredo—filthiness, mouldiness, rottenness, putridity, corruption.



Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 4, ε, Cl. 3, ας, αντος, ο.

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Class 3, N. ας, G. αντος, ο.

ἄλλας, † lucanica seu botellus—*sausages, pudding, and the like.*

γίγας, * Gygas, terræ filius—a *Giant, son of the earth.*

ἐλέφας, Elephas, Elephantus; ebur; morbus; poculi genus—an *Elephant: ivory; a disease, the leprosy; an ivory cup.*

ἵμας, lorum, habena, corrigia; gurgulionis morbus—a *thong, rein, bridle, strap, scourge, stirrup, cable, girdle; a disease of the throat.*

5 κλιβανίς, pl. † Cillibantes—*tables upon which soldiers placed their shields.*

Κορυβάς, † Corybas, sacerdos Rheæ seu Vestæ—a *priest of Rhea or Vesta; κορυβανιάω, insanio, furo in more Corybantum.*

λυκάβας, † annus—a *year.*

ἐκρίβας, † pulpitum; instrumentum pictorium; aries silvestris; scala—a *pulpit, a scaffold; a painter's instrument; a wild ram; a ladder.*

Class 4, N. ας, G. αδος, η.

ἄχρως, † pirus silvestris—a *wild pear-tree, a wild pear.*

ἱμάς, humor, vapor—*id. fluid.*

μαγὰς, † fulcrum citharæ—the *neck or bridge of the harp or lute.*

ὄργως, † terra Deo sacra, ut luci et saltus, campi inculti, ager arabilis; vinea, arbustum—*holy ground, places held sacred, as groves and forests, uncultivated or rest-land, arable ground; a vineyard, Orchard.*

5 σπολάς, † vestis coriaceus—a *leathern coat, a coat of skins.*

ψαχὰς, † ros; gutta, stilla—*dew; a drop.*

ψις, † roris gutta, stilla minuta, ros—a *dewdrop, a small*

Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 4, ε, Cl. 5, ις, ιδος, ῆ.

drop, dew or gentle rain which gladdens the earth. q. ψα, lætitia.

Class, 5, N. ις, G. ιδος, ῆ.

ἀκρίς, † locusta—a locust.

ἀσπίς, clypeus, scutum; clypeatum agmen; Aspis, serpentis genus—a shield, target, buckler; a troop armed with shields; an Asp, small venomous serpent. ἀσπίδι, utebantur Lacedæmonii, πέλις, Thraces—the Lacedæmonians used the clypeus, the Thracians the Pelta.

βαλβίς, † repagulum, carceres; initium—the starting post, a barrier; beginning, outset.

βαςίς, & G. ιος, † Baris, navigium, &c.—a Bark, Barge; a covert, a turreted house.

5 ἐλπίς, Spes; expectatio—hope; expectation.

ἔρις, lis, contentio; contentionum dea—strife, contention, quarrel; Eris, goddess of contention.

ἐμίς, & G. ιτος, lex, institutum, jus; Themis, dea justitiæ; tributum, vectigal; oraculum, vaticinium; consilium—law, institute, justice, right; Themis, the goddess of justice; tribute, custom, tax, toll; an oracle, presage, prophecy; counsel, advice.

ἰάσπις, † Jaspis—a Jasper, a gem of beauteous green.

ἰκίς, & per Aphæresin, κίς, † mustela silvestris—a weazel, ferret, wild cat. q. κίς, pecten.

10 ἰρίς, & G. ἰριος, Att. ἰριως, A. ἰρίν, Iris, arcus cœlestis; Iris dea, nuncio deorum; circulus oculi; herba quædam aromatica; gemma, avis, flumen—the Iris or rainbow; the goddess Iris, messenger of divinities; the circle surrounding the pupil of the eye; a kind of aromatic herb, the flower de luce, a gem, bird, river.

ἰσίς, † Isis—the Egyptian goddess Isis.

κερκίς, radius textorius; pecten; tudicula; os majus quod tibiam fert; summum pini, populi cacumen; plectrum;

radius mathematicus ; paxillus—a weaver's shuttle ; a slay ; a lath or thible ; the leg and arm bone ; the summit of the pine, top of the poplar ; a string striker ; a mathematical rod ; a stretcher, stake, pin.

κηλῖς, † macula ; Ulcus ; cicatrix ; nævus, probrum, ignominia—a spot, blemish ; an Ulcer ; a scar ; a flesh mark, deformity, reproach, dishonour, ignominy.

κρηπίς, * basis, fundamentum ; Crepida, soccus ; Crepido, margo ; placentæ genus—a basis, base, foundation, a slipper, a sock ; a Creek, shore, brink, margin, bank ; a kind of cake.

15 λιβηρίς, † exuviae, pellis deposita—cast skins, the slough of a serpent, snake, adder, &c.

μῆτις, consilium, prudentia, intelligentia, sapientia ; consilium vaftrum—counsel, prudence, intelligence, understanding, wisdom ; evil counsel, a dark design, guile.

νότις, humor, humiditas—id. wet, moisture. q. νότος, Notus, Auster, the south wind.

ὄπις, ultio, vindicta ; cura, consideratio—revenge, vindictiveness ; care, solicitude, consideration.

ὀψαλῖς, * pallastra, gallina—a pullet, a hen.

20 παῖς, vel παῖς, ὁ καὶ ῆ, puer, puella, vide separ. Cl.

πραπίδες, pl. * præcordia, mens, solertia—the intestines, inward parts ; the mind, expertness.

ῥαπίς, * virga ; Crepida ; fibula—a Rod ; a slipper, a sandal ; a buckle.

σανῖς, * tabula, asser, tabula cui maleficos alligabant, tabula judicialis, liber ; σανίδες, valvæ—a table, board ; plank, one to which malefactors were tied, a judicial table, magisterial board, a book, record ; pl. valves, folding doors.

σελῖς, spatium inter lineas, etiam inter tabulata navis, pagina, margo—the blank or space between line and line, also between the benches of a ship, a page, the margin of a book.

25 ραφῖς, uva passa—a grape, raisins.

Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 4, §, Cl. 5, ις, ιδος, η.

στρίγγις, Strigilis; lamella aurea, capitis ornamentum—*curry-comb, flesh-brush; leaf gold, an ornament of the head.* στεγγίς, id.

Σύβαρις, & G. ἰος, † Sybaris, urbs quædam Italiæ, vel Magnæ Græciæ, deliciis et luxui mirum in modum dedita; luxus—*Sybaris, a city of Calabria in Italy, within Magna Græcia, totally given up to luxury and effeminacy; luxury, enervation.*

σφραγίς, sigillum, signum, obsignatio, signaculum—a seal, sign, mark, signature, the act of signing or sealing, a signet.

σχαλίς, † varus, paxilus seu furcula—a hunter's fork, a stake or small fork.

30 τίγρις, † vel G. ἰος, Tigris—a Tiger.

φάρις, † ruga—a wrinkle.

φδοῖς, † placentæ genus—a kind of cheesecake.

φοῖς, squama, qualis est serpentis; varietas, parvæ pennæ—a scale, as those on the coat of a serpent; variety, diversity of colour; the fins of a fish, pens of a fowl.

φρονίς, cogitatio, cura, sollicitudo, occupatio—care, sollicitude, occupation.

35 χάλις, vel χάλιξ, * bacchus, vinum merum—neat wine, the pure blood of the grape. q. χαλάω, laxo.

ψαλίς, * forfex, forficula; arcus; motus celer—a pair of shears or scissors; an arch, vault; quick motion.

Class 6, N. ις, G. ιδος, η.

λίς, ο, * tenue et subtile linteum—fine linen.

χάρις, A. χάρις, & sæpe ponitur pro ἐνεκα, Gratia, Charitas, benevolentia, amicitia, gaudium. eleemosyna, beneficium, præmium, venustas, elegantia—Grace, favour, Charity, love, benevolence, goodwill, kindness, friendship, joy, gladness, pity, compassion, benefit, reward, beauty, neatness, elegance: χάρις, Gratiæ, Grates, thanks, requi-

Nouns, Decl. 3. Chap. 4 ε, Cl. 7 ις, υς, νς, ϑος, ῆ.

tal. Χάριτες θεαί, Gratiae deæ, Charites, the three Graces, companions of the Muses and Mercury, and attendants on Venus: viz. Aglaia, the chearful; Thalia, ever flourishing; and Euphrosine, the delightful. q. χαρᾶ, lætitia. R. χαίρω, gaudeo, to rejoice.

Class 7, N. ις, υς, νς, G. ϑος, ῆ.

ἐλμυς, lumbricus, tinea—a worm, a moth.

χόρυς, A. θα, vel ν, galea; cassis; galerita—an helmet; a crested lark.

κῶμυς. laurus quæ ante fores statuitur; fasciculus fœni—a domestic laurel, a laurel tree in front of the house, or before the door; a bundle of hay.

μίσμυς, † funis, funiculus, filum—a rope, cord, thread.

5 ὄρνις, ὀ vel ῆ, A. θα & ν, N. pl. ὄρνιθες. & υς, avis, ales; gallina, gallus; augurium—a bird, a fowl; a hen, cock, chick; augury, i. e. prediction from the flying, feeding, &c. of birds.

πίρηνς, crates, seu alveus ex viminibus in curru—a hurdle, hamper, coach-basket.

CHAPTER V.

Class I, N. †, (=πς) G. πος, ὀ.

γρυψ, * Gryps, Gryphus, avis adunco rostro in morem aquilæ—a Griffin, a bird with a crooked beak, like that of the eagle.

γυψ, * vultur, avis prædatrix et rapax, aquilarum genere—a vulture, rapacious bird of prey of the eagle kind.

ῆλι, † calceus—a shoe.

Nouns, Decl. 3; Chap. 5, ↓ Cl. 1, ↓, πος, ὁ.

- κατήλι↓, & α: φος, † trabs, tabulatum—a *beam, plank, floor*.
- 5 κόλλοψ, corium durius in cervicibus et dorsis boum, &c.
puer cinædus: κόλλοπιες, verticilli citharæ seu lyræ quibus chordæ intenduntur—*hard or hoofed and horny skin on the necks and backs of oxen and sheep; a catamite; pl. the bracing pegs of the harp or lyre.*
- κῶνωψ, † ὁ vel ἡ, culex—a *gnat, a midge.*
- λαίλαψ, ἡ, procella, Lælaps, turbo, ventus procellosus—a *mighty storm, a raging tempest, a tornado, poet. the rapid whirlwind's wings, a rending wind, a hurricane.*
- μῶλωψ, † vibex, verberum in cuti vestigium, livor, vibex plagæ—the *vestiges of stripes, blueness caused by the lash, traces of the scourge, the impress of a stroke or blow. q. μῶλος, pugna, & ὤψ, facies.*
- ὥψ, ἡ, vox, cantus, cantilena—the *voice, a song. R. ἔπω, loquor.*
- 10 σκόλοψ, * palus præacutus, vallus, palus; sarculus—a *pointed stake, a pallisado, spar, post; a shoot or twig.*

Class 2, N. ↓, (=β;) G. βος, ὁ.

* Ἀραψ, † Arabs—an *Arabian.*

φλεψ, ἡ, vena—a *vein.*

χάλυψ, † Chalybs, genus ferri durissimi—*iron of the hardest quality, steel.*

SECTION 1, N. $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \alpha, \\ \alpha\beta, \\ \alpha\gamma, \end{array} \right\}$ G. αἶος, τὸ.

αἷμα, sanguis, cruor; cædes, homicidium; consanguinitas—*blood, gore; slaughter, homicide; consanguinity.*

* Ἀλφα, indecl. Alpha—the *first Greek letter, a person of prime dignity, he who holds the first, or most honourable place.*

Nouns, Decl. 3, Sect. 1, α, ας, ας; αῖος, τὸ.



ἄρμα, currus, vehiculum; pondus, onus—a chariot, car, vehicle; a weight, load, burden.

ἄρωμα, † Aroma, odoramentum, odorum suavis—Aromatics, sweet spices or drugs, perfume, fragrance, sweet odours, the spicy gales of Arabia.

5 ἄσθμα, † flatus, spiritus; anhelitus, anhelatio difficilior, Asthma, suspirium—a puff, breath, vapor; panting, shortness of breath, the phthisic, Asthma, a sigh.

βεῖλας, indecl. † simulacrum—an image.

γέρας, et G. ἄος-ῶς, præmium, munus honorarium, honor—a reward, prize, present, a free or honorary gift, an immunity, a badge of honour.

γῆρας, senectus, senium—old age, the evening of one's days, the winter of life.

δέλεα, esca qua capiuntur animalia; illecebræ quævis; fraus, dolus—a bait, that by which animals are enticed and taken, a Lure, decoy; any enticement; fraud, deceit.

10 δέλτα, invar. litera Delta; pars Ægypti, pub. mul.—the letter Delta; a part or division of Egypt called the Delta.

δέμας, invar. corpus—the body.

δέπας, & G. αος, poculum, patera—a cup, bowl, dish.

δέρας, pellis, corium—a skin, hide, leather. δέσμα, αῖος, τὸ, id.

ἐγκάλα, pl. intestina, viscera—the intestines, the bowels.

15 ἔρμα, fulcrum, stabilimentum; confidentia; saburra, scopulus, innuris—a prop, supporter, stay, basis; confidence; ballast; a rock or shelf in the sea; a pendant or ear-ring.

ἥπαρ, Hepar, jecur—the liver. ἡπαλίζω, Hepar refeoro, Hepati similis sum, ad Hepatis colorem vergo. ἡπαλικὸς; Hepaticus, Hepatic.

κέαρ, Cor; animus—the heart, the mind. κῆς, id. Sed κῆς, κῆρος, ἦ, fate.

κέρας, & G. Sync. κέρας, Cras. κέρας, D. κέρατι, -αῖ-α, Cornu; potentia; tibia vel poculum é Cornu factum; Cornu, pars exercitus; fluminis ostium seu ramus; cincinnus

Nouns, Decl. 3, Sect. 1, α, ας, ως ; αῖος, τὸ.

plexus ad formam Cornu ; antenna ; extremitas altera uteri ; sophisma, captiosæ argutæ—a *Horn ; strength, puissance ; a pipe or cup made of horn ; the wing of an army ; the mouth, or a branch of a river ; a bush of hair crisped in the form of a horn ; the sailyard, bowsprit ; one extremity of the uterus ; a sophism, subtile repartees.*

κλήμα, * palmes, sarmentum, virga vitea, flagellum vitigineum ; vitis insigne centurionis—a *vinebranch, twig, shoot, rod, switch ; a centurion's rod.*

20 κρείας, caligo, tenebræ ; crepusculum ; diluculum, seu ultima pars noctis—*gloom, darkness ; twilight, departing day, the dusk ; day-break, the dawn.*

κρέας, et G. Sync. κρέ-ας, Cras. ως, D. αἶ, αῖ, α, Caro ; carnis frustum ; corpus—*flesh, a piece or bit of meat ; the body.*

κύμα, fluctus, unda ; Metaph. lues magna ; mala varia ; frequentia maxima—a *billow, surge, wave ; Metaph. a sweeping pestilence, a great mortality ; of ills a complication ; a great concourse, a press, throng.*

κῦμα, † Somnus profundus, sopor altus ; Somnus dulcis ; dulcis quies ; veternus, murcor ; illecebræ—*deep, or sound sleep ; soft slumbers, sweet repose ; lethargy, drowsiness ; a lure, enticement.*

λαῖμα, † trajectus ; Latitudo, æquor—a *trajection, passage over ; Latitude, the broad sea.*

25 λῆμα, presens animus, animus virilis fortisque, fortitudo ; propositum animi, voluntas, consilium ; dignitas ; timidus animus ; lucrum—*presence of mind, a manly spirit, courage, valour, fortitude ; purpose of mind, resolve, design, will, counsel ; dignity ; a timid mind, dastardly spirit ; lucre, gain.*

λῦμα, sordes, purgamentum—*dirt, sweepings, refuse.*

λῶμα, fimbria, limbus, ora vestimenti—a *selvage, fringe, tassel, the border of a garment.*

ὄνομα, poet. ἔνομα, Æol. ὄνυμα, Nomen, vocabulum ; fama, celebritas ; prætextus—a *Name, Noun, term, word ; fame, Renown, celebrity ; a pretext.*

Nouns, Decl. 3, Sect. 1, α, ας, ας; αῖος, τὸ.

ἄα, contr. ἄς, G. ἄιος, Auris; τὰ ἑῷα contr. ἄια, Aures; vasorum ansæ; corycei et delatores principum—the ear; pl. the ears; ears or handles of vessels; spies and reporters to princes, men on secret service, informers. Dor. ἄς, G. ἄιος, id.

30 ἔδα, solum—the ground. It is used only in the N. & A. see ἔδδος, εος, τὸ, id.

ἔδα, * Uber, mamma, proprie belluarum; sumen, cibus olim in deliciis habitus; Ubertas, feracitas—a dug, especially of beasts and cattle, an Udder; the hind part of a sow's Udder, which, when seasoned, was formerly accounted a delicious dish; Uberity, abundance, fruitfulness.

πελα, † planta pedis; solea; calcaneum—the sole of the foot; sole of a shoe; the heel.

πέρας, & πέρας, finis, terminus; effectus, clausula—an end, a boundary, limit; a result, clause. adv. denique, demum, tenus, in fine, lastly, as far as. q. περάω, trajicio.

πήμα, damnum, exitium; clades—loss, defeat, destruction; slaughter.

35 πῶμα, * operculum, operimentum; poculum; potus—a lid, cover; a pot, a cup; its contents, drink, liquor.

σελας, fulgor, lumen, jubar; Poet. ignis—brightness, light, a ray, a sunbeam; Poet. fire.

σημα, signum, nota, vexillum, insigne nobilitatis; portentum, augurium; bustum, monumentum—a sign, note, mark, badge, signal, ensign, standard, coat of arms, trophy; a portent, foretoken, presignification; a tomb, monument, sepulchre.

σίγμα, indecl. * the letter Sigma; a kind of table.

σεας, sebum, sebum, adeps; farina aqua subacta addito fermento; fermentum—tallow, suet, fat; fermented dough; leaven, yeast.

40 σόμα, os, orificium; ostium fluvii; acies ferri vel gladii; acies vel frons exercitus—the mouth, an orifice; the

Nouns, Decl. 3, Sect. 1, α, ας, ας; αλος, τδ.

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mouth of a river; the edge of a sword; the front or van of an army.

σῆμα, corpus, caro; mancipium—the body, flesh; a servant, slave; q. d. a lump of flesh, i. e. a body destitute of the noble mind.

T

τέμας, finis, exitus rei; signum, ostentum—an end, result, final issue; sign, intimation what the end will be, a token, ostent.

τέλαμα, Lama, lacuna—a ditch, trench, marsh, bog.

τέρας, signum, portentum, prodigium, ostentum, monstrum—a sign, token, portent, prodigy, ostent, a surprising signal.

45 τέρας, pro quo τέρεμ' Terminus, Meta, finis—a limit, Term, boundary, goal, end, bottom, foot. Adv. tandem, ad extremum, at the long run, at last.

ἵδας, aqua—water. N. obsol. pro quo ἰδωρ, id. q. v. Separ. •Cl.

ἵπαρ, invar. visio vera—a true or open vision.

φείαρ, \* puteus—a pit.

χεῖμα, Hyems, tempestas—winter, a tempest, winter storm. q. χέω, vel χεῖω, fundo; quod multas fundit pluvias et nives.

50 χεῖμα, res, id quod utibile est, negotium, peculium, gestamen, opus, factum, merx, oraculum, indigentia, necessitas; χεῖμαλα, opes, divitiæ, pecuniæ, facultates, comoda, emolumenta—a thing, what may be used, an utensil, some matter, or business, an affair, private property, a domestic or home concern, that which may be wielded or worn, a work, performance, act, deed, fact, trade, merchandise, an oracle, want, need, indigence, necessity; pl. wealth, riches, money, goods, means, gain, conveniences, profits, emoluments. q. χεῖω, utendum do.

## Nouns, Decl. 3, Sect. 2, υ, υς, τὸ.

## Sect. 2, N. υ, G. υς, τὸ.

βῦ, † invar. vox infantis vagientis, vox infantilis—the crying of a child, the voice of an infant.

γόνυ, & G. αἶλος, poet. γένος, & γένελο; D. pl. γόνασι, poet. γένεσι, & αἶσι, Genu; internodium—the Knee; space between two knots or joints.

γῆϋ, indecl. quicquid minimum est, quisquiliæ, sordes quæ sub unguibus est; genus quoddam numismatis; vox suum, et vox quam edere solent qui dedignerant respondere—any thing diminutive, a small trifle, sweepings, ruff, scurf, dirt under the nails; a kind of small coin; the Grunting of hogs, a Gruff, Grum, or surly answer.

δάκρυ, & ορ, Lacryma; succus e plantâ—a tear; gum-drops.

δόρυ, & G. per Metath. δεξὺς, D. δεξι, & G. δόρυς, D. ι, poet. G. δεξ-δς, D. ι, hasta, lancea, pilum; lignum oblongum navis—a spear, lance, pike, halbert, javelin; the oblong timber of a ship.

μέθυ, vinum, temetum—wine, that of a strong and inebriating quality.

ράπυ, † Sinapi—mustard. σίμητι, & σήραπι, ἑως, τὸ, idem.

## THE SECOND,

## Or Soft and Contractible Part

## OF THE THIRD DECLENSION.

## CHAPTER VI.

Its terminations are αυς, ες, υς: But the two former have but one Primitive each; viz. ναῦς, & βῆς; which two words we dispose of in the first place, and then proceed to those in υς.

## Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 6, υς, υός, ἡ.

ναῦς, G. ναός, & νεός, Att. νεῶς, A. pl. νέας, N. Ion. νηῦς, G. νηός, D. pl. poet. νηυσί, navis—a ship. q. νόω, fluo.

βῶς, G. βοός, ὁ καὶ ἡ, Dor. βῶς, A. βῶν, pl. βῶς, Bos, vacca—an ox, cow, Bull; Synechd. Bovina pellis, an ox's hide: Metony. scutum, a shield, i. e. one of tough bull hides; flagellum e corio bubulo; numisma Atticum bovis imagine signatum; piscis quidam, a leathern thong or scourge, a strap; an Attic coin stamped with the figure of an ox; a kind of fish.

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|--------------|------------------|---------------------|
| Sing. N. υς, | Dl. N. A. V. υς, | Pl. N. & V. υες-ῦς, |
| G. υός,      | G. & D. υοῦ,     | G. ὡν,              |
| D. υι,       |                  | D. υσι,             |
| A. υν,       |                  | A. υας, ῦς,         |
| V. υ.        |                  |                     |

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πατήρ, ὁ, † pater—a father. q. ἀπὸ, Ab. & φύσις, natura, R. φύω, gigno.

ἄρετες, † rete; reticulum; vitta: ἄρετες, casses—a net; a woman's caul, network; a ribbon: pl. hunter's nets, snares.

ἄχλς, \* Caligo, tenebræ; nebula, oculorum caligatio—Blackness, darkness, gloom, obscurity; a mist, Cloud; dimness of sight.

βότρυς, ὁ, \* Botrus, uva, racemus; nomen herbæ; capillus—a grape, raisin, a cluster, bunch; Botrys, an herb, the oak of Jerusalem; Metaph. a bush of hair, a ringlet.

5 γένυς, mentum, maxilla; acies, securis, bipennis—the chin, jaw; an edge, saw, hatchet, sword.

δελφς, \* Vulva, uterus—the womb, matrix, a Delf,

δεῦς, quercus, robur; arbor quævis; lignum—an oak; a Tree in general; timber.

ἑχέλις, ο vel η, † Anguilla—an eel.

Ἐριννς, \* Erynny, furia, dea infernalis, peccatorum ul-

trix et pœnarum irrogatrix—*Erinnys, a fury, infernal goddess, an avenger of crimes and imposer of punishments in the gloomy mansions of Pluto. Erinnies, the three furies, daughters of Acheron and Nox, viz. Alecto, Megæra, & Tisiphone.*

10 ἰλὺς, \* *Limus* ; *Lutum* ; *cœnum* ; *fœx*—*Mud, Clay, dirt, dregs, Lees.*

ἰζὺς, † *limbus*—*the loin, flank.*

ἰσχυρίς, *robur, vires, potentia*—*strength, force, power, valour.*

ἰτυς, \* *circumferentia et curvatura rotæ, umbo, omnis extremitas rei rotundæ, umbo clypei, gyrys, vortex*—*the circumference and curve of a wheel, its nave or stock, the border of any thing that is round, the boss of a shield, an eddy, vortex, whirlpool.*

ἰχθυίς, ὁ, *piscis*—*a fish. ἰχθυάω, piscor, to fish.*

15 κάλυψ, ὁ, † *indumentum Persicum*—*a persian robe.*

κάρυς, s. καρχαρίς, \* *hordeum in furno tostum* ; *semen rosmarini* ; *granum hordei, &c.*—*roasted barley, rosemary seed ; a barley corn ; a small round production of certain trees.*

κίλυς, \* *vis, vires, robur*—*force, strength, mettle, robustness.*

κίκνῳ, *valeo, viribus polleo, propero, to be strong, make haste.*

κίρψ, \* *acervus, agger, tumulus*—*a heap, pile, mound, hillock, bank.*

λίγνυς, † *Fuligo* ; *fumus* ; *flamma*—*soot ; smoke ; a black blaze.*

20 Λίγυς, ὁ καὶ ἡ, *Ligur*—*a Ligurian. λίγυτις, ἰδος, ἡ, femina Ligur. λιγυστικός, Ligusticus.*

μῦς, ὁ, *Mus, Musculus*—*a Mouse, a little Mouse, a Muscle.*

νηδυς, \* *venter, alvus, uterus, cavitas*—*the belly, the paunch, stomach, womb, a cavity : Need.*

πίδυς, \* *ærumna, miseria, calamitas*—*grief, trouble, misery, calamity.*

ῥοψ, † *lumbus, coxa, ilia*—*haunch, loins, flank, sides.*



25 ἐφ' ὄρους, supercilium; fastus, superbia; tumultus, supercilium montis—the eyebrow; haughtiness, superciliousness, scorn, disdain, pride; a hillock, a mountain's brow, the brow of a hill.

πίκνυς, Picea, Pinus—the Pitch-tree, a Pine.

πρεσβυς, ὁ, senex—an old man. See next Class.

σάχυς, ὁ, Spica, arista, culmus; stella fulgida in virginis sinistra manu; herba quædam, et ligamen—an ear of corn, the beard of grain, its stem, an oaten stalk; a bright star in the left hand of virgo; a kind of herb and ligature.

q. ἱσημι, Sto.

σῦς, ὅς, ὁ καὶ ἡ, Sus, porcus; aper—a sow, pig, hog; a boar.

30 χέλυσ, testudo; Chelys, instrumentum musicum, a testudine similitudine, dictum testudo; machinamentum quoddam, pectus—a tortoise; the Chelys, a musical instrument called the testudo from the resemblance it bore to a tortoise shell, a lute or harp, the lyre; a kind of military engine or fence, a busk, the breast.

## CHAPTER, VII.

### CLASS I.

This class hath three terminations, ες, & υς, of the masculine gender, and υ, of the neuter.

#### Method of Declining:

| Sing.                  |              |                       | Pl. |    |
|------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-----|----|
| m.                     | n.           | m. & n.               | m.  | n. |
| N. εὐς, υς, υ,         | N. V. A. εἰ, | N. V. εἰς, ἑς, εἰ, ἡ, |     |    |
| G. .... εὐς, Att. εὐς, | G. & D. εὐν, | G. .... εὐν, ....     |     |    |
| D. .... εἰ-η. ....     |              | D. εὐσι, εἰσι, ....   |     |    |
| A. εὐ-η, υν, υ,        |              | A. .... εὐς-ης, εὐ-η  |     |    |
| V. εὐ, υ, ....         |              |                       |     |    |

Nouns, Decl. 3. Chap. 7, Cl. 1 εὐς, υς, m. υ, n. εος, Att. εως.

ἄστυ, urbs, Astu, peculiariter Athenæ—a city, the city of Athens in particular. q. σάω, Sto.

βασιλεύς, rex; regulus—a king; the regulus, a bird so called, a wren.

βεταβεύς, qui dat præmium certaminis, iudex certaminis, vel Arbiter et moderator; Arbiter rerum aliarum et præmium Diribens—he who bestows the premium of the combat, and awards to the victor the well contested prize, an Arbiter amongst those who contend at Olympus, of ritual games the umpire and judge of the rapid race; an Arbiter in other matters, and on other occasions the dispenser of rewards. q. ῥάβδος, virga.

γῆρυς, ἦ, vox—a voice, Cry.

5 ἑρμηνεύς, interpres—an interpreter. Ερμῆς, Mercurius.

πτελέχυς, securis, bipennis—an hatchet, ax, halbert.

πῆχυς, cubitus, ulna; norma fabrilis; pars citharæ verticilla continens; pars arcus media sagittas continens—the arm from the elbow to the hand, the length or extent from the elbow to the tip of the middle finger, i. e. a cubit, a measure of varied length used by the ancients; a carpenter's rule, workman's square; the screw part of the harp; the centre of the archer's stringed bow, which sustains the levelled arrow.

πρεῖβυς, Att. G. εως, senex, G. is, & icis; senator; legatus, avis nomen—an old man; a senator; a legate, an envoy; the name of a certain bird. πρεῖσβα, senex, an old woman. πρεῖσβης, principes, honorati, princes, dignified characters. Adj. πρεῖσβ-υς, ηα, υ, q. v.

## CLASS II.

Its termination is ις, and its gender feminine.

Sing. N. ις,

Pl. N. V. A. ιε,

Pl. N. & V. ιες-ις,

G. ιος,

G. & D. ιοις,

G. ιων,

D. ιῶ-ι,

D. ιῶι,

A. ις,

A. ιαῖς-ις,

V. ις,

Obs. Nouns of this Class are not unfrequently declined like those of the preceding one, changing  $\epsilon$  into  $\epsilon$ , except in the N. A. & V. sing. E. G.

## Sing.

## Pl.

## Pl.

N. 15,

N. A. V. εε,

N. &amp; V. εε-εε

G. εος, vel εω,

G. &amp; D. εων,

G. εων,

D. ε-ε,

D. εσι,

A. ε,

A. εας-εε,

V. ε.

ἄγυις, cœtus, multitudo congregata, congregatio—an assembly, crowd, convened multitude. q. ἄγορὰ, Æol. ἀγυρὰ.  
 ἄρδις, cuspis teli—the point of a dart, an arrow's barb.  
 ἄσις, † limus, sordes, cœnum—mud, dirt, mire. ἄσιος, limosus, very muddy.

ἄχρωις, Acherōis, populus albus—a kind of white poplar.

5 βάλις, & βάλιον, † ramus palmæ—a palm branch, a branch of laurel or Bay.

γύις, † pollen—fine flour.

ῥήις, contentio, rixa, pugna—contention, debate, battle. q.

ῥά, & ῥίς, contentio, q. d. δάρις,

ῥίς, ὅ, \* anguis, vipera—a snake, serpent, viper.

ῥέσις, ὁ καὶ ἡ, vates, divinus, Deo dictatus, ex Deo loquens—a prophet, diviner, one dictated to by, or speaking from a divinity, an oracle. Adj. vaticinus, prophetic. q. ῥέος, deus, et ῥέω, loquor; poet. ῥέπω.

10 ῥίς, Iris—the rainbow: See Chap. 4, Cl. 3.

ῥίς, lumbus—the thigh, loins. q. ῥίς, robur; vel ῥίς,

1. ῥίς, findo, Scindo.

κάνναβις, & κάννιβις, † Cannabis—hemp.

κιδάρις, † Cidaridis, pileus regius Persicus, tiara; saltationis genus apud Arcades—a royal, or sacerdotal Persian cap, a tiara, a diadem; a kind of Arcadian dance.

κιννάβαρις, † Cinnabar-is, -i—vermilion; red lead.

15 κίς, ὁ, † Cis, vermis seu vermiculus, qui in ligno et fru-



## Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 7, Cl. 2, ις, ιως, ἡ.

mento nasci solet, eaque rodit—a worm or grub, that breeds in, and eats wood, corn, and fruit.

κόνις, pulvis, Cinis; lixivium—dust, ashes, Cinders: lye, water impregnated with the salts of ashes.

κόρεξ, ὁ καὶ ἡ, † cimex; frutex, herba, et piscis—a bug; a kind of shrub, herb, and fish.

κύβηλις, † securis, bipennis—a hatchet, halbert. Prov. a Kibble.

κύμινδις, G. εως & ἰδος, Cymindis, avis quædam nocturna—the Cimindis or night-hawk, a bird of night which is hostile to the eagle.

20 κύβητις, ὁ, † tabula triangula, cui leges inscribebantur—a triangular table, on which the laws of Athens were written.

κύστις, † vesica—a bladder, Cystis.

λάτρις, ὁ καὶ ἡ, serv-us-a, minister, famul-us-a—a man or maid servant, a domestic, a slave.

μάντις, vates, hariolus, divinus, fatidicus, haruspex—a prophet, soothsayer, diviner, prognosticator. q. μαινομαι, furor.

μῆνις, & G. ἰδος, ira permanens, ira diuturna, iracundia, odium—abiding anger, inveterate hate, rancour, displeasure, hatred. q. μένω, Maneo.

25 νῆστις, ὁ καὶ ἡ, jejunos; intestinum jejunum; piscis quidam—fasting; the second or empty intestine; a certain fish.

οἶς, vel οἷς, ὁ καὶ ἡ, Ovis, aries—a sheep, ewe. m. a ram, tup.

ὄρχις, testis, testiculus; herba, oliva, et piscis quidam—a testicle; a kind of herb, olive, and fish.

ὄφις, ὁ, serpens, anguis, coluber; sideris nomen; ornamentum quoddam brachiale, piscis quidam, morbus capitis—a serpent, a snake, a serpent of the shade; the name of a constellation; a brachial ornament, a bracelet, a kind of fish, a disorder of the head. poet. G. ὄφης. q. ὄπλω, pro βλέπω, video.

πόλις, ιως, Att. εως, Ion. & poet. νος, urbs, civitas, oppidum; ludi genus—a city, town; a sort of play. Dl. ἱστ. τὴν πόλιν.



30 πρόξῆς, ὁ καὶ ἡ, vitul-us-a, juven-us-a—a calf, an heifer.  
πρόξῆς, id.

πρόξῆς, ὁ, præfectus, rector, administrator, dispensator;  
custos, tutor—a prefect, governor, administrator; keeper,  
guardian, tutor.

σάγαις, † ensis Amazonicus—an Amazonian, or Persian  
sword.

τύρσις, † Turris—a Tower, rampart.

ὑβρις, injuria, contumelia, probrium, flagitium; stupratio;  
insolentia, superbia, petulantia—injury, affront, contu-  
mely, dishonour, reproach, a great crime; violation of  
chastity; insolence, pride, petulance.

35 φήμις, ὁ, † auriga, animus—a charioteer, the mind.

φολλίς, † Obolus; marsupium sive sacculus; Follis—a  
small coin; a bag, purse, a pair of bellows.

Χάρυβδις, † Charybdis, vorago, vortex maris—Charybdis,  
a most dangerous vortex opposite to Scylla, a gulf, whirl-  
pool of the ocean. παρὰ τὸ ῥέμβεν εἰς χάος.

## CLASS III.

## Neuter Gender.

| Sing.          | Pl.                | Pl.             |
|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| N. A. & V. ος, | N. A. V. εε,-η,    | N. A. V. εα,-η, |
| G. εος-ες,     | G. & D. εοιν,-οιν, | G. εων,-ων,     |
| D. εῖ-ει,      |                    | D. εσι.         |

ἄγος, vas quodlibet, velut dolium, muletra, urna, &c.—a  
vessel in general, as a hogshead, a tub, milk-pail, urn, &c.

ἄγος, vallis, convallis; editus locus montis—a valley,  
dale, low-land; a mountain eminence, the ridge of a hill.

ἄγος, veneratio, res quam veneramur, veneratione digna,  
res sacra; puritas; purificatio et lustratio; scelus, pia-  
culum—veneration, the object thereof, that which is vene-  
rable and sacred; purity; purification and lustration, the  
act of cleansing; a piece of wickedness, a flagrant deed, a  
great crime.

Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 7, Cl. 3 ος, εος, τδ.

αἶσχος, turpitude, fæditas, deformitas; probrum, dedecus, infamia—*turpitude, baseness, filthiness, ugliness, deformity; reproach, dishonour, shame, infamy.*

5 ἄλγος, dolor, mœror, tristia, molestia, calamitas, malum—*pain, grief, sadness, trouble, molestation, calamity, disaster, mishap.*

ἄλσος, \* lucus, nemus, saltus—a grove, wood, forest.

ἄνθος, flos—a flower.

\* Ἀργος, Argos—a town of Thessalia; the renowned city of Peloponnesus; it is sometimes put for the whole of Peloponnesus, and not unfrequently for all Greece.

ἄφενος, vel G. ε, divitiæ, opes, q. d. redditus annui, lucrum—*riches, wealth, revenue, gain.* ἄφιος, id.

10 ἄχθος, pondus, onus; dolor; gravis, molestia—*weight, load, burden; pain, Ache, grief, great trouble.*

ἄχος, dolor, mœror, tristitia—*pain, an Ache, grief, sorrow, sadness,*

## B

βυθός, profunditas; intimus locus; acies militaris; altitudo—*Depth, profundity; a covert, private recess, secret corner; ranks of war, so many deep; height, altitude.* q. βυθός, ἔ, ἰ, q. v.

βέρο, pondus, onus; Metaph. molestia, gravitas, auctoritas—*weight, what we have to bear, a load, burden; Metaph. trouble; gravity, authority.*

βέλος, Telum, jaculum, sagitta; fulmen; ictus et dolor ex ictu—a dart, Bolt, javelin, arrow; a thunderbolt, lightning; a stroke and attendant pain. R. βάλλω, jaculor.

15 βράγχος, & G. ε, † rancedo, rancitas—*hoarseness.*

βρέφος, † infans; fœtus animantium—an infant, the young of animals.

## Γ

γάνος, lætitiâ, gaudium, voluptas, oblectamentum; vinum; splendor, fulgor; hortus—*gladness, joy, mirth, Gaiety, pleasure, delight; wine; splendor, brightness; a Garden.*

## Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 7, Cl. 3, ος, ιος, τὸ.

γλεῦκος, † mustum, succus dulcis—*new wine, sweet juice or gum.*

## Δ

δάνος, Donum, munus ; mutuum ; mors—a gift, Donation, present ; a loan, usury ; death, q. d. the discharge of nature's loan.

20 δειῦκος, † Dulcedo—*sweetness.*

δῆνος, † concilium ; ars, vafrities—*counsel ; art, craft, vafrity, a fetch.*

## Ε

ἔγκος, hasta, ensis—a spear, pike, lance ; a sword. q. ἔχω, habeo.

ἔθνος, gens, Natio, populus ; ordo, societas atque genus hominum, sexus, pars urbis—a Nation, people, the Hea-then ; an order, a clan, a society and race of men, lineage, sex or kind, part of a city : It is also used of herding brutes ; and of a crowd or multitude.

ἔθος, mos, consuetudo, ritus ; lex non scripta—*manner, custom, common usage ; the law of custom, or of the land.*

25 εἶρός, lana—*wool.*

ἔλεος, compassion, vide Decl. 2.

ἔλκος, Ulcus ; vulnus, maxima inveteratum—an Ulcer ; a wound, especially an inveterate one, a sore. q. ἔλω, traho.

ἔλος, † Palus ; aqua palustris cæno mixta—a fen, a marsh, its muddy water.

ἔλεια, pl. arma, clypeus, galea, &c. vasa convivialia—*arms, implements of war, as a shield, helmet, &c. armour ; ban-quetting vessels, utensils, plate.*

30 ἔρεβος, Erebus, orcus, orci tenebræ seu caligo, inferi—*Erebus, hell, its darkness, infernal, gloom and obscurity, the shades.*

ἔρευσος, Rubor—*redness, a blush.*

ἔγνος, \* planta, germen, ramas—a plant, bud, branch.



ἔτος, annus—a year.

ἔχθρος, odium, inimicitia, simultas—*hatred, enmity, a private grudge, secret malice.*

## H

35 ἥθος, pl. ἡθῆα, consuetæ sedes, locus consuetus, sedes notæ, domicilium, mansio—*haunts, well known seats, an usual place, places oft frequented, a dwelling, mansion, abode.*

ἥθος, indoles, ingenium, morum quædam proprietas, mores, Ethica, affectus tenuiores, natura—*disposition, bent or turn of mind, wit, genius, inclination, a certain propriety of manners and behaviour, line of conduct, morals, Ethics, ordinary affections, instinct, nature.*

## Θ

θάμβος, stupor, attonita admiratio, pavor—*amazement, surprise, admiration joined with wonder, fear, dread.*

θάρσυν, Metath. θράσος, fiducia, confidentia; audacia, animi præstantia—*self-consciousness, courage, confidence; assurance, boldness, audacity; presence of mind.*

θῆρος, æstas, messis, fruges demessæ—*summer, harvest, the reaped or gathered crop.*

## I

40 ἴδος, sudor—*sweat.*

ἵχνος, vestigium, ima pars pedis; vestigium, signum quod pes incedentis solo imprimit; pes ipse; gradus, incensus—*the sole of the foot; a footmark, a vestige or impress of the foot; a step, gait, walk, advance.*

## Κ

κέρδος, lucrum, quæstus, emolumentum, commodum, utilitas, præmium; astutia, dolus—*lucre, gain, profit, emolument, advantage, utility, reward; craft, fraud, deceit.*



## Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 7, Cl. 3, ος εος, το.

- κῆδος, cura, sollicitudo ; mœror, luctus, molestia, ærumna, damnum ; exequiæ, parentalia, exequarum cura ; affinitas, nuptiæ—care, solicitude, anxiety, sadness, lamentation, grief, trouble, molestation, loss, damage ; sepulchral rites, interment, the care of funerals ; affinity, alliance, nuptials, marriage.
- κῆλος, Cetus vel Cetos, balæna, signum cœleste—a whale, grampus, the constellation of the whale.
- 45 κίναδος, & G. β, \* vulpes ; homo vulpina vafritie præditus—a fox ; a crafty man, one like the fox for wiles.
- κράτος, Metath. κῆλος, robur, vis, vires, potentia ; imperium, regia dignitas, victoria—strength, force, ability, puissance, power ; empire, authority, royal dignity, victory, conquest.
- κρύος, frigus, algor, gelu, glacies, rigor—cold, frost, ice, rigor, stiffness, rigidity.
- κῆνος, \* jumentum, pecus—a labouring beast, cattle, live stock. q. κίλωμαι, possideo.
- κῆδος, gloria, Decus—glory, an honour. Compar. κύνειος, όνος, ό και η, gloriosior ; Superl. κύνειστος, gloriosissimus, gloria eminentissimus.
- 50 κῆρος, auctoritas, edictum, firmamentum, rata fides, pignus, cardo rei—authority, plenipotence, an edict, fiat, ratification, plighted faith, a pledge, the hinge of a matter.
- κῆλος, \* Cavitas ; Cavus sinus, alveus, venter cavus, corporis truncus et moles, corpus capacitas, profunditas—a hollow, Cavity ; a winding bay, one of semilunar form, the hollow of the breast, the bed of a river, the hold of a ship, its keel, the hollow of the belly, or the paunch, the trunk, and bulk of the body, the body itself, capacity, depth, profundity.

## Λ

- λαῖφος, † vestis e tenui stamine ; vestis quævis ; vestis attrita et lacera ; velum—a thin light vest, a garment in general ; one worn out and tattered ; a sail.

## Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 7, Cl. 3, ος, εος, το.

λίπος, pinguedo, pinguitudo, adeps, sebum—*fat, grossness, grease, suet, tallow.*

## M

μέλος, membrum, artus; modulus, Melos carmen, suis membris constans—a *member, limb, joint; a measure, model, pitch, musical notes, tuneable singing, Melody, a tune, verse, a song, consisting of its parts and members.*

- 55 μένος, ardor, vel impetus animi, animus, Mens, robur, vis, vehementia, ira—*Mental ardor, transports of, and the mind itself; strength, force, warmth, vehemence, anger.*  
q. μένω, Maneo.

μέρος, pars, portio—a *part, share, division, portion.* μέρη, ἶδος, ἡ, id. th. μείρω, fut. μερῶ, divido. τὰ ἐπὶ μέρους, τὰ κατὰ μέρος, singularia. κατὰ μέρος, ἐν μέρει, singulativim. ἀνὰ μέρος, vicissim. ἀπὸ & ἐκ μέρους, ex parte. τὸ σὸν μέρος, quantum in te est.

μῆδος, cura, consilium, prudentia—*care, caution, counsel, prudence.* pl. μῆδεα, curæ, consilia; genitalia, pudenda.

μῆκος, longitudo, prolixitas, proceritas, statura, spatium—*length, prolixity, tallness, size, stature, natural height, space, extent.*

μῖσος, odium—*hatred.*

- 60 μῦσος, scelus, piaculum, facinus detestandum—a *piece of wickedness, a deed to be detested, a high, or great crime.*

## N

νάκος, \* vellus, pellis cum suo villo—a *fleece, woolly skin, shaggy felt.*

νάπος, seu νάπη, † clivus montis aut promontorii silvosus et leniter cavus, locus cavernosus, vallis nemorosa, saltus—a *woody and somewhat craggy side or declivity of a mountain or promontory, the rough side of a hill, a mountain's craggy front, a cavernous place, a wooded vale, a forest, woodland.*

Nouns, Decl. 3. Chap. 7, Cl. 3 *ος, εος, τος*.

*νεῖκος*, rixa, jurgium, altercatio, contentio; bellum—*strife, quarrel, dispute, altercation, contention: war.*  
*νεφος*, Nubes, Nebula; multitudo magna—a *cloud, a mist; a great multitude.*

Ξ

65 *ξίφος*, ensis, gladius, sica; mucronatum rostrum Xiphiae piscis; gladiolus, herba quædam—a *sword, rapier, poinard, Knife; the pointed snout of the Xiphias, or sword-fish; the herb glader or sword-grass.*

Ο

*ὄνειδος*, probrum, dedecus, exprobratio; item laus, decus, gloria—*reproach, disgrace, blame, censure; praise, a badge of honour, glory, renown.*

*ὄρος*, & G. poet. *ὄρεος*, N. pl. *ὄρεα-ὄρεῃ*, poet. *ὄρεα*, D. *ὄρεσι*, mons collis—a *mountain, a hill. But ὄρος, ο, ὄ, terminus. ὄρεός, ὄ και ἡ, ορεινός, ἡ, ὄν, montanus, montosus.*

*ὄδος*, solum, humus, pavementum, terra—the *ground, floor, earth. This word is unusual in the nominative case, for which ὁδός, ὁδος, τος, is used.*

*ὄχος*, currus—a *chariot. ὄκος, ο, ὄ, idem. q. v.*

Π

70 *πέλαγος*, Pelagus, maris profunditas, æquor, mare—the *main sea, the depth, or profundity of the ocean, the solidity and surface of the deep, the sea.*

*πένθος*, luctus, mœror; funus—*mourning, sorrow, grief, sadness; a funeral.*

*πίος*, † the *Penis. Prov. to Pee, i. e. urinam reddere.*

Ρ

*ῥέδος*, \* *membrum, quævis pars corporis, facies—a member, limb, any part of the body, the face.*

*ῥίγος*, Rigor, Frigus vehemens, algor, febris—*piercing and petrifying cold, keen frost, Rigidity, chilness, an ague.*



## Nouns, Decl. 3. Chap. 7, Cl. 3 ος, εος, τδ.

75 ῥύγχος, \* rostrum, Rictus—a beak, snout, grin.

## Σ

σκελος, crus; pes; suffrago—the leg; the foot; the hough, pastern of a beast: τὰ σκέλη, genua, the knees.

σκευος, vas, instrumentum, utensile quodvis—a vessel, instrument, any utensil, arms, a sail, banquet, &c.

σκοτος, & G. ε, tenebræ—darkness.

σκυλος, corium, pellis, Cutis, Scutica, flagrum—leather, hide, the Skin; a Scourge, a whip.

80 σκυφος, Sciphus—a Cup; & G. ε, q. v.

σμήνος, \* examen apum; alveare, apiarium; multitudo magna; sermonis suavitas—a swarm of bees; their hive, their stall; a countless multitude, a crowd; a flow of eloquence.

σπεις, \* Specus, Spelunca—a den, cave, cavern, lair.

σίλεχος, caudax, truncus, stipes—the bole, stock, body or trunk of a tree, its stump, a log of wood.

σῆθος, pectus—the breast, the chest.

85 σέηνος, luxus, deliciæ, voluptas; tumultuatio; fastus, morum asperitas—luxury, immedical indulgence and gratification, delight, pleasure; bustle; disdainfulness, pride, rude and haughty behaviour, a forbidding carriage.

## Τ

τάβος, Terror, horror, stupor, timor, metus, Ter. &c.—fright, amazement, fear, dread.

τάφος, densitas, præsertim silvæ, densus silvæ locus—density, a sylvan shade, a thicket, a woodland bowyer.

τάφια, pl. \* exequiæ, inferiæ, parentalia, justa—obsequies, funeral solemnities, the rites of sepulture, honours due from the living to the dead.

τείχος, murus; τὰ τεῖχη, mœnia—a wall, a rampart; pl. the works or fortifications of a town, camp, &c. R. τεύχω, struo.



## Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 7, Cl. 3, ος, εος, τὸ.

- 90 τέλος, finis, terminus, exitus ; vectigal, impensa, sumptus, magistratus ; legio, turma, cohors ; nuptiæ—an end, limit, finish, termination, issue, final event ; custom, tax, charge, expēditure ; magistracy, civil authority ; a legion, troop ; band, cohort ; nuptials, marriage.

## Υ

ὑδωρ, poet. pro ὑδαρ, ἄλος, τὸ, aqua—water.

ὑψος, altitudo, celsitudo, sublimitas ; cacumen, vertex, fastigium—height, loftiness, sublimity, grandeur ; a top, summit, peak.

## Φ

φᾶρος, palla, pallium, vestis exterior, tegmen, velamen, velum capitis, navisque—a robe, gown, outer garment, plaid, covering, veil, sail : But φάρος, ε, ὁ καὶ ἡ, Pharus, q. v. φῶς, splendor, lux, lumen, jubar, seu lumen solis, dies ; vita—brightness, splendor, light, a beam, ray, the light of the sun, day ; life ; q. d. the enjoyment of the light.

- 95 φῦκος, \* alga, unde lana inficitur, vultusque tingitur, muscus, purpurissum, Fucus ; saxatalis—a kind of marine herb used for dying wool and colouring the face, paint of ruddy colour, red alkanet, a kind of fish.

## Χ

χεῖλος, labrum, labium ; sermo ; litus seu ora maris, ripa—the lip ; a word, speech ; the sea-coast, margin of the main or of a river, a brink, the side of a ditch, brim of a vessel.

χεῖρ, poet. χεῖρ, debitum, mutuum, æs alienum ; fatum ; mors ; q. d. debitum fatale ; munus vel officium, negotium, res, causa ; egestas, opus indigentia ; necessitas ; utilitas ; vaticinium, oraculum ; portentum, casus—a debt, loan, other people's money ; fate, destiny ; death, q. d. the debt which nature owes and must discharge ; duty,

## Nouns, Decl. 3, Chap. 7, Cl. 3, ος εος, τδ.

office, obligation, an affair, piece of business, a matter, cause, motive; want, need, indigence; necessity, constraint; utility; prophecy, prediction, an oracle; a portent, omen; casualty.

† εἶφος, tenebræ, obscuritas, fumus—darkness, gloom, obscurity, a fog, mist, smoke; Adj. tenebrosus, obscurus, dark, obscure.

## Nouns in ω, &amp; ως, f.

| Sing.   |      |      | Pl.         |
|---------|------|------|-------------|
| N. ω,   | .... | ως,  | N. & V. οί, |
| G. ῥος, | ῥς,  | .... | G. ῶν,      |
| D. ῶι,  | οῖ,  | .... | D. οῖς,     |
| A. ῥα,  | ῶ,   | .... | A. ῥς,      |
| V. .... | οῖ,  | .... |             |

αἰδώς, pudor, verecundia; veneratio, observantiā, reverentia; verenda—bashfulness, modesty; veneration, respect, observance, reverence; parts. αἰδέομαι, veneror. αἰδοῖος, venerabilis.

† Ἀκκώ, † Acco—the name of a foolish woman, who admired her person at, and conversed with her looking glass, as with one of her own species; it was also in her composition to feign a refusal of what she desired; an imitator of this female, one whose actions are trifling and indiscreet.

Βαυβώ, Baubo, nutrix Cereris—Baubo, the nurse of Ceres. Baby, q. d. a nursling of Baubo.

† Ἐνυώ, † Enyo, Bellona, dea bellica—Bellona, the sister of Mars and goddess of war.

5 Ἥως, Aurora, diluculum, lux, dies, oriens—Aurora, goddess of the dawn, the dawn, break of day, early red, blushes of the morning, rising light, day, the east.

Λατώ, † Latona—the mother of Apollo and Diana.

Μορμώ, † Mormo—a woman of frightful aspect and horrid mien, a hag, bugbear, any forbidding spectacle.

Σαρδών, † the island of Sardinia.

## Nouns, Separate Class.

## The Separate Class.

ἄλς, ἄλος, ὅ, Sal—Salt. ἡ, mare, the sea.

\* Ἀρης, εἰς, ὅ, Mars, Mavors, Gradivus, deus armorum et belli; prælium, bellum; vulnus, plaga; cædes; ferum—Mars, the bellipotent divinity, god of arms and war; War, battle, a combat, flight; a wound; slaughter; iron, steel, the sword.

ἄρης, ἀγρός, ὅ vel ἡ, Agnus—a lamb.

βῶς, βοός, ὅ καὶ ἡ, Bos—an ox. See Chap. 6.

5 γάλα, (olim γαλαξί) γάλακτος, τὸ, Lac; succus—Milk; juice, gum.

γάλας, G. ὡς-ω, & N. ὅως-ὄω, ἡ, † Glos—a husband's sister, a brother's wife.

γυν-η, Dor. α (olim γυναιξί) G. γυναικός, ἡ, mulier, femina; uxor—a woman; a married woman, a wife. V. ὦ γύναι; D. pl. γυναιξί, N. & A. DI. Att. τῷ γυναι-κει, G. & D. τοῖν κοῖν.

Ζεύς, (olim Δις) G. Διός, ὅ, D. Διὶ, A. Δία, V. Ζεῦ. N. poet. Ζῆν, G. Ζηνός, Dor. Ζᾶν, Ζατός, Jupiter; aër—Jupiter, first of gods; the air, atmosphere. q. ζᾶω, vivo, vel διὰ, quod omnia transit. Δεύς, Βδεύς, Δῆν, Δᾶν, Ζῆς, Ζᾶς, are sometimes met with, but are undeclined.

ἥρως, G. ὡς, Sync. ὡς, D. ἥρωι, & ἥρω; N. pl. ἥρωες, Heros, ex deâ et homine natus, semideus; virtute superans; generosus, fortis, potens—a Hero, goddess-born, a demigod; one surpassing in virtue; one generous and good, valiant, brave, and potent. N. & A. pl. ἥρως, pro ἥρω-ες-ας.

10 ἰς, α. ἰνός, ἡ, fibra, nervus; robur, vis—a fibre, nerve; strength, force. ἰνις, Funes.

ἴν, ἰνός, ἡ, id. also the name of a measure also ἴν, poet. for μῖν, ipsum, ipsam, Him, her. ἰπίον, occiput, the back part of the head.

κάλως, ὡς, & ὦ, ὅ, rudens, funis nauticus; funis quivis—a Cable; rope in general. A. κάλως, Odyss. 5.

κτεῖς, α. κτενός, ὅ, pecten; pubes, inguen; ὅι κτενός, dentes



## Nouns, Separate Class.

quatuor interiores ; conchæ quædam marinæ—a *comb* ;  
*private parts* ; pl. *the four fore teeth* ; a *kind of marine*  
*shell-fishes*.

κῶς, G. κῶς, τὸ, pellis ovina villosa, ovinum villus ; stragulum—a *sheep's woolly skin, a fleece, a felt* ; a *covering, a rug*. This word is generally undeclined.

15 λᾶς, λᾶος, ὁ, contr. λᾶς, λᾶος, item G. λάς, seu λάα, Lapis, saxum—a *stone, rock, flint*.

μέλι, ἴος, τὸ, Mel—*honey*.

ναῦς, ναὺς, ἡ, Navis—a *ship*. vide Chap. 6, Decl. 3.

ὀδὺς, ὀδόντης, ὁ, Dens ; pistillum—a *tooth* ; a *pestil*.

ὤς, ὠὺς, τὸ, vide ὤας, ὠαίος, τὸ, Auris, vide Section 1.

20 παῖς, παιδός, ὁ καὶ ἡ, Dialysi, παῖς, παῖδος, A. poet. παῖν, puer vel puella ; servus, minister ; filius, filia—a *boy or girl* ; a *servant, attendant, page* ; a *son, a daughter*. παιδίον, parvulus.

πές, G. ποδός, ὁ, V. ὦ πές, D. pl. πόσι, Pes ; radix montis, pes mensæ, scamni et similium ; pes metricus ; funis nauticus, clavus, temo—a *foot, the foot of a mountain, table, staircase, ladder, &c. a foot in measured verse, a ship's cable, its rudder or helm, the waincope or draught-pole*.

σκῶς, G. σκαῖός, τὸ, Stercus, merda ; oletum—*dung, soil, compost, ordure* ; a *jakes*.

ῥῥα, (olim ῥῥας,) G. ῥῥαίος, τὸ, aqua ; mare, aqua pluvia ; aqua intercus ; Hydrops—*Water* ; the *sea* ; *rain-water, Drops* ; the *Dropsy*. Poet. ῥῥος, εὐς, τὸ, id. q. ῥῥ. pluo.

24 χλαμύς, ὕδος, ἡ, † Chlamys, vestis quæ tunicæ superindui solet, paludamentum—a *Cloak, mantle, upper garment, surtout, a military robe or cloak*.



Adjectives, Cl. 1,  $\omicron\varsigma$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $\omicron\nu$ .~~~~~  
ADJECTIVES.

By subjoining a few in a Separate Class, we are enabled to comprise, in Five Divisions, all the Primitive Adjectives which are contained in the Greek Language.

Class the first consists of Adjectives in  $\omicron\varsigma$ , Impure, of Three and Two Terminations. Those of the former are thus declined :

| Sing.                    |                   |                 | Dl.                     |               |                 | Pl.                           |                          |                            |
|--------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| m.                       | f.                | n.              | m.                      | f.            | n.              | m.                            | f.                       | n.                         |
| N. $\omicron\varsigma$ , | $\eta$ ,          | $\omicron\nu$ , | N. V. A. $\omega$ ,     | $\alpha$ ,    | $\omega$ ,      | N. & V. $\omicron\iota$ ,     | $\alpha\iota$ ,          | $\alpha$ ,                 |
| G. $\varepsilon$ ,       | $\eta\varsigma$ , | $\varepsilon$   | G. & D. $\omicron\nu$ , | $\alpha\nu$ , | $\omicron\nu$ , | G. ....                       | $\tilde{\omega}\nu$ ,    | ....                       |
| D. $\omega$ ,            | $\eta$ ,          | $\omega$ ,      |                         |               |                 | D. $\omicron\iota\varsigma$ , | $\alpha\iota\varsigma$ , | $\omicron\iota\varsigma$ , |
| A. $\omicron\nu$ ,       | $\eta\nu$ ,       | $\omicron\nu$ , |                         |               |                 | A. $\varepsilon\varsigma$ ,   | $\alpha\varsigma$ ,      | $\alpha$ ,                 |
| V. $\varepsilon$ ,       | $\eta$ ,          | $\omicron\nu$ , |                         |               |                 |                               |                          |                            |

And those of the latter thus :

| Sing.                    |                 |                 | Dl.                     |    |    | Pl.                         |                            |            |
|--------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------------|----|----|-----------------------------|----------------------------|------------|
| m.                       | f.              | n.              | m.                      | f. | n. | m.                          | f.                         | n.         |
| N. $\omicron\varsigma$ , | ....            | $\omicron\nu$ , | N. V. A. $\omega$ ,     |    |    | N. V. $\omicron\iota$ ,     | ....                       | $\alpha$ , |
| G. ....                  | $\varepsilon$ , | ....            | G. & D. $\omicron\nu$ , |    |    | G. ....                     | $\tilde{\omega}\nu$ ,      | ....       |
| D. ....                  | $\omega$ ,      | ....            |                         |    |    | D. ....                     | $\omicron\iota\varsigma$ , | ....       |
| A. ....                  | $\omicron\nu$ , | ....            |                         |    |    | A. $\varepsilon\varsigma$ , | ....                       | $\alpha$ , |
| V. $\varepsilon$ ,       | ....            | $\omicron\nu$ . |                         |    |    |                             |                            |            |

Note; The Adjectives of two terminations, both in this and the next class, are distinguished from those of three, by the masculine and feminine Article.

## CLASS I.

$\alpha\beta\rho\epsilon\beta\eta\lambda\omicron\varsigma$ ,  $\delta$  και  $\eta$ , † magnus, impudens, odiosus—*huge, impudent, hateful*.

$\alpha\gamma\alpha\theta\delta\varsigma$ , bonus, probus ; fortis ; præstans ; prudens ; utilis ; felix, faustus ; frugifer, lautus, opiparus ; benevolus ; purus—*Good, virtuous, honest, true ; stout, brave ; excellent ; prudent ; useful ; happy, auspicious, fortunate ; fertile, neat, genteel, wealthy ; kind, benevolent, pure, fair.*

## Adjectives, Cl. 1, ος, η, οι.

ἀγέεωχος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, \* superbus, ferox, protervus, insolens ;  
valde honoratus—*proud, fierce, wild, rude, saucy, insolent ; much honoured.*

ἀγκλός, † obliquus, tortuosus—*oblique, crooked, winding.*

ἀγκύλος, curvus, incurvus, Uncus, aduncus, tortuosus—  
*curved, bent in, crooked, hooked, winding.*

ἀγλασιός, † pulcher, venustus—*fair, handsome, neat, Glossy.*

ἀγνός, castus, purus, pudicus—*chaste, pure, modest.*

ἄδινός, confertus, densus, multus, frequens, continuus ;  
gracilis, mollis ; miserabilis, gemitu dignus—*crammed, stuffed, dense, thick, close, crowded, frequent, continual ; slender, soft ; miserable, pitiable, demanding a sigh.*

ἀήσυλος, † molestus, iniquus—*troublesome, unjust.*

10 ἀήλος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, † ventis expositus, insatiabilis, magnus—*exposed to the wind, insatiable, large, huge.*

αἰαν-ός, vel ης, † gravis, acerbus, perpetuus—*troublesome, crabbed, gloomy, perpetual.*

αἰδύλος, † audax—*bold, daring.*

αἰκλος, † vespertinus—*of the evening, late.*

αἰρύλος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, \* blandus, lepidus, festivus, affabilis ; illecebrosus, blanditiis decipiens—*bland, kind, courteous, pleasing, witty, festive, affable, obliging ; alluring, insuaring, deceiving by flattery.*

15 αἰρός, gravis ; horribilis, horrendus, terribilis ; malus, infelix ; vehemens—*grave ; horrible, frightful, dreadful, terrible ; bad, wicked, Heinous, unhappy, vehement, violent.*

αἰόλος, varius, variegatus, multiplex, implicitus, velox—  
*various, diversified, variegated, manifold, intricate, subtile, swift, nimble. Subst. a species of scar-fish.*

αἰσυλος, & ὁ καὶ ἡ, \* iniquus, nefarius, sceleratus, injustus, flagitiosus—*inequitable, unfair, nefarious, villainous, iniquitous, wicked, unjust, flagitious.*

ἄκαλός, & ἡκαλός, † quietus—*quiet, at rest.*

ἄκμηρος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, † jejunus—*fasting, jejune.*

20 ἄλλ-ος, η, ο, Alius, alter—*another, the other. ἄλλός, pro ὁ ἄλλος ; Dor. ἄλλοι, pro οἱ ἄλλοι.*

Adjectives, CL. I, *ος, η, ον.*

- ἄλφος, † Albus—white. Subst. a kind of ringworm.  
 ἀμαμάκτος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, † inexpugnabilis, indomitus, invictus,  
 qui animo est in praelia admodum pronus; immensus—  
 invincible, that cannot be vanquished, unconquered, of a  
 warlike mind; immense, unlimited.  
 ἀμαλός, Mollis, pro ἀπαλός, π. mutato in μ; q. v.  
 ἄμβροτος, tenebricosus, obscurus—very dark, gloomy, obscure.  
 Subst. comes, assecla, sectator, an attendant, page, client.  
 25 ἄμους, Unus, aliquis—one, some person. Dor. for ἐμους, Mine,  
 or for ἡμέτερος, ours. But ἄμους, is put for ἡμους, when.  
 ἀναφάλαντος, † calvus—bald, thin of hair.  
 ἀπαλός, tener, mollis, delicatus—tender, soft, delicate.  
 ἀργός, albus; otiosus, piger; lentus, segnis; incultus—  
 white; idle, lazy, slow, dull: also lively, brisk, diligent;  
 rude, uncultivated.  
 ἄσμενος, \* lætus, gaudens, gratus, alacer; libens, ultro  
 —glad, joyous, agreeable, merry, brisk; willing, voluntary,  
 of one's own accord.  
 30 ἁλός, tener, mollis, juvenilis, puerilis—tender, soft, juve-  
 nile, puerile.  
 ἀλάσμηκτος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, † qui oculos not claudit, intrepidus, im-  
 pavidus—who doth not shut his eyes, intrepid, bold, un-  
 daunted.  
 ἀλάσθαλος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, † damnorum auctor, perniciosus, impro-  
 bus, scelestus, injustus, impius—causing loss or mischief,  
 endamaging, hurtful, pernicious, destructive, knavish,  
 wicked, unjust, impious.  
 Β  
 βάκχος, furore percitus, orgia celebrans—transported, infu-  
 riated, mad as a Bacchanalian, carousing, celebrating the  
 orgies or rites of Bacchus. Also Bacchus, the god of  
 wine. Bacchatur ignis, the fire rages and spreads.  
 βάλαντος, † mulierosus—given to debauchery. Subst. podex.  
 35 βαυκός, † jucundus, delicatus—pleasant, agreeable, delicate.



Adjectives, Cl. I, *ος, η, εν*.

βλαῖσος, † valgus, crūra distorta habens; Blæsus—bandy-legged, impotent; stammering.

βροτός, ὁ, mortalis—mortal, subject to decay and death. βροτός, ἀνὴρ, a mortal man. See Decl. 2.

γαυσός, † curvus, tortuosus—crooked, twisted.

γλαυκός, Glaucus, cæruleus, cæsius—blue, of sky colour, azure, cerulean, sea-green.

40 γρηγός, \* velox, vividus; torvus, terribilis—swift, nimble, quick, vivid; grim, frightful, terrible.

γυμνός, nudus; inermis; destitutus, pauper; manifestus—naked; unarmed, defenceless; destitute, poor; manifest, apparent.

## Δ

δαιδός, timidus, ignavus; miser; debilis; improbus, malus—timid, fearful, indolent, of a cowardly and lazy turn; wretched; weak; knavish, base, bad, wicked.

δεινός, Dirus, gravis; vehemens; solers, peritus; validus, magnus; nefarius, improbus, terribilis—Dire, awful, grave, stern; vehement, eager; dextrous, expert; strong, firm, great; nefarious, knavish, dishonest, base; frightful, terrible.

δηλός, manifestus, notus, perspicuus, certus—manifest, open, known, clear, perspicuous, certain.

45 δίδυμος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, geminus, duplex—double, two-fold: δίδυμος, gemini, gemelli; testiculi, twins; the testicles.

δολιχός, \* longus, prolixus, multus, Dolichus—long, prolix, tedious, much, a great deal; Prov. Doliching, i. e. hanging at length, trailing.

δοχμός, \* obliquus, tortus—oblique, awry, crooked, twisted.

## Ε

ἐκατός, quisque, singuli, quilibet—every one, each, any one.

οἱ καὶ τ' ἐκατον, singuli. καὶ τ' ἐκατον, sigillatim, severally.



## Adjectives, Cl. I, ὁ, ἡ, οὗ, ἠ, οὖ.

ἡσυχλός, ὁ καὶ ἡ, \* quietus, mitis, pacificus—*quiet, easy, tranquil, mild, cool, peaceable; pacific.*

50 ἔρημος, & ὁ καὶ ἡ, desertus, solus, solitarius, non habitatus, incultus, præsidio destitutus, incustoditus, unicus, singularis—*left, abandoned, forsaken, alone, solitary, uninhabited, wild, uncultivated, unpatronized, destitute, defenceless, unprotected, only, single*: Subauditur χώρα vel γῆ, regio vel terra deserta, a desert and uninhabited region: Substantivè usurpatur ἔρημος, Eremus, desertum, solitudo, locus vastus, regio non habitata, terra inculta, as a substantive, a wilderness, a desert, a solitude, a wild waste, a forest, a woodland, a tract of country without an inhabitant, a land barren and desolate; Poet. ground unknown to the plough-share.

ἰσθλός, bonus, probus; frugi, utilis; fortis, strenuus; peritus—*good, honest, virtuous, true; thrifty, useful; stout, strenuous, expert.* q. ἰσθλῶ, Volo.

ἔσχατος, ultimus, postremus, extremus, summus—*last, farthest off, most remote, highest, lowest,*

ἔτοιμος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, promptus, paratus—*ready, at hand, prepared.*

ἔνυμος, per Epenth. ἐνύμνος, verus—*true*: d. pl. Ion. ἐνύμοισιν.

ἐτυμον, Etymum, the Etymon, or true origin of a word.

ἐνυμον, adv. vere, revera.

55 ἑσθλός, ὁ καὶ ἡ, † hesternus, pridianus; mārcidus, rancidus; vetus, obsoletus—*of, or appertaining to yesterday; decayed, musty, rancid, flat; old, obsolete.*

H

ἡβός, † curvus, gibbosus—*crooked, hunched.*

ἡλίκος, quantus; quam magnus, quam potens; tantus—*as, or so great, so, or as much; how, or so great, so, or how potent, able, or mighty; so much, great, or large.*

ἡρεμος, quietus, otiosus, mitis, placidus—*quiet, sedate, having leisure, mild, placid.*

## Adjectives, Cl. 1, ος, η, εν.

ἡσυχος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, quietus, quietè fruens; sedatus, placidus—  
*quiet, enjoying ease and rest; sedate, calm, placid.* ἡσυχιος,  
 & αἶος, id.

60 ἰκαχός, Idoneus, congruus, aptus; sufficiens; satis mag-  
 nus, satis multus, capax—*fit, proper, suitable, meet, apt;*  
*sufficient; large enough, capacious.*

ἴσος, æqualis, par, æquabilis—*equal, alike, upon a par, con-*  
*sistent.*

ἰσχνός, macer, gracilis, tener—*lean, lank, slender, tender,*  
*weak.*

καινός, novus—*new.* q. καὶ νῦν; compar. καινότερος, superl. αἰός.

κακός, malus, improbus, nequam; infaustus, perniciosus;  
 imperitus, ignavus, timidus; ignobilis, humilis, abjectus,  
 pauper; vilis, vanusque—*bad, evil, reprobate, wicked;*  
*unlucky, inauspicious, unfortunate, pernicious, unskilful,*  
*inexpert, lazy, indolent, timid: ignoble, base, low, abject,*  
*poor; vile, mean, contemptible, vain.*

65 καλός, pulcher, formosus, decorus, decens, honestus, lau-  
 dabilis, egregius; probus, bonus; strenuus, fortis &  
 suavis, jucundus—*fair, beautiful, handsome, comely,*  
*sightly, decorous, graceful, decent, genteel, honest, lauda-*  
*ble, praiseworthy, honourable, egregious, choice, excellent;*  
*sound, approved, good; strenuous, stout, brave; pleasant,*  
*polite, agreeable, entertaining.*

κενός, vacuus, inanis; vanus—*empty, inane, void, vain.* εἰς  
 κενόν, frustra, in vain, to no purpose.

κίβδηλος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, cui scoria admixta est, non satis a fœcibus  
 purgatus; adulterinus, fucatus, non sincerus—*drossy,*  
*not properly cleared from dregs or refuse; impure; adul-*  
*terate, false, painted, insincere.*

κλαμβός, † mutilatus—*mutilated, maimed.*

κοῖλος, cavus, concavus, depressus—*Hollow, concave, de-*  
*pressed.*

## Adjectives, Cl. 1. ρς, ης, ος.

20 κοινός, Att. κοινός, Communis, publicus, vulgaris, pervagatus, societate et conversatione gaudens, profanus, impurus, immundus—Common, public, vulgar, ordinary, notorious, fond of company and conversation, profane, impure, unclean. Hence, Coin, current money.

κομλός, scitus, elegans, venustus, bellus; lepidus, facetus, festivus; vaser, versutus; garrulus, loquaculus, jactantiæ et superbiæ plenus—neat, elegant, handsome, beauteous, comely, combed, pretty; pleasant, witty, facetious, festive; crafty, deceitful; garrulous, loquacious; very boastive and proud.

λέφος, levis, remissus, languidus; exiguus; ventosus, inconstans; vacuus, inanis, facilis—light, remiss, languid; little, unstable, volatile, inconstant; vacant, empty, inane, slender, facil.

κεῖνος, \* celer, velox, pernix, rapidus—swift, fleet, nimble, quick, rapid.

κεῖνος, † aridus, siccus, torridus; dulcis, bonus—arid, dry, exsiccated, parched, roasted; sweet, good. Subst. vitium fructuum, præcipue uvarum, a defect in fruit, especially in that of the vine, occasioned by solar heat.

25 κυλός, † Claudus, mancus, curvus—lame, impotent, maimed, crooked, awry.

κυρτός, † Curvus, gibbosus, incurvus, convexus—crooked, hump-backed, stooping, bent in, hollow, vaulted, convex, slopewise.

κωφός, surdus, fatuus, hebes, absurdus; mutus; invalidus; tranquillus—deaf, silly, foolish, dull, absurd; mute, dumb, weak, invalid; tranquil.

κἀγινός, vel ης, ὁ καὶ ἡ, † libidinosus, salax, lascivus—libidinous, salacious, lascivious, wanton.

καρινός, † saginatus, pinguis, bene habitus—fat, in good plight.



Adjectives, Cl. 1; *ος, η, ον*.

80 λεπτός, tenuis, gracilis, subtilis, macer, rarus, exiguus; acutus, ingeniosus, argutus—*thin, slender, subtle, fine spun, lean, meagre, rare, little, small; acute, witty, ingenious, shrewd, quaint.*

λευκός, albus, candidus; limpidus, dilucidus; perspicuus, serenus, faustus, felix, jucundus—*white, candid; limpid, clear, pellucid, perspicuous, serene, favourable, fortunate, happy, joyous, pleasant.*

λίσσος, \* lævis, glaber—*smooth, even.*  
λίλος, † vilis, simplex, nudus, tenuis, exiguus, incultus—*vile, mean, worthless, simple, naked, small, little, uncultivated, neglected.*

λοιστός, ultimus, postremus—*Last, hindmost.* λοιπός, id.

85 λοξός, \* obliquus, non rectus, transversus—*oblique, sideway, indirect, crosswise, transverse.*

λοξός, † curvus, incurvus—*crooked, bent back or in, lame.*

λεπτόν, † (N. G. & C. carens,) Lucidum—*bright, Lucid.*

## M

μαδός, lævis, glaber, depilis—*smooth, bald, without hair.*

μαδαρός, id.

μαλός, † tener, albus, candidus, exitiosus—*tender, white, candid, hot, destructive.*

90 μαρός, † rarus, laxus, solutus, mollis, fungosus—*thin, rare, lax, loose, soft, spongy.*

μάργος, & ὁ καὶ ἡ, insanus, amens, vecors, stolidus; petulans, protervus, improbus, libidinosus—*insane, raving, frantic, foolish; petulant, rash, immodest, libidinous, wanton.*

μάχλος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, \* libidinosus, incontinens, lascivus—*libidinous, incontinent, lewd, lascivious, wanton.*

μέσος, Medius—*middle, medial, equally inclined, indifferent, neuter.*

μίτος, plenus, refertus, cumulatus, onustus—*full, crammed, heaped, loaded.*



95 *μῆλ' & μῆλ' ἄλως*, † *Mutilus*—*Mutilated, without horns.*

*μογγός*, † *qui voce est obtusa*—*having a thick low voice.*

*μόνος*, *ἑολιμένος*, *solus, unicus, Unus, singularis, implex, Merus, sejunctus, separatus, desertus*—*alone, Unique, Only, but One, single, simple, Mere, to himself, retired, separated, abandoned, forsaken.*

*μυλλός*, ὁ καὶ ἦ, † *curvus, tortuosus*; *qui oculis est distortis, strabo*; *subst. placentæ genus*—*crooked, distorted; squint, or goggle-eyed*; *Subst. a kind of paste or cake.*

—*εὐμύλλος*, *But μύλλος*, *a Mullet, kind of fish.*

*μῦθος*, † *Mutus*—*Dumb, Mute.*

100 *νεήλος*, ὁ καὶ ἦ, † *cæcus, demens*—*blind, foolish, affrighted.*

*νενός*, † *stultus, fatuus*—*foolish.*

*νόθος*, ὁ καὶ ἦ, *Nothus, spurius, non legitimus*; *peregrinus*—*bastard, spurious, illegitimate; alien, foreign, strange.*

*κλυδός*, ὁ καὶ ἦ, † *claudus*—*lame.*

*ξανθός*, *g. εἰ*, *Dor. pro εἰ*, *flavus, fulvus, ruber, rufus*—*yellow, of gold-colour, fulvid, flaxen; red, brown.* *But ξάνθος*,

*εἰ*, *ι*, *nomen fluvii, a celebrated river of Phrygia, poetically said to roll on golden sands.*

*Ὁν Ξάνθον καλεῖσσι θεοὶ, ἄνδρες δὲ Σκάμανδρον.*—*HOMER.*

*Xanthus his name with those of heavenly birth,*

*But called Scamander by the race of earth.*—*POPE.*

105 *ξύος*, *Att. for κύνος*, *Common. q. v.*

*ὀβριμός*, \* *fortis, potens, robustus, prævalidus, impetuosus*

—*strong, able, robust, very stout, very impetuous, violent.*

*q. βριάω*, *robustum reddo.*

*ὀλίγος*, *paucus, parvus, exiguus, tenuis, exilis*—*few, little, small, mean, slender, thin*; *οἱ ὀλίγοι*, *optimates, the great ones.*

## Adjectives, Cl. 1, ος, η, ον.

ὅλος, totus, integer, universus, solidus—the *Whole, All, total, entire, pure, universal, solid.*

ὁμαλός, planus, lævis; similis, æqualis—*plain, even, smooth; alike, equal, q. d. all alike, ab ὁμός, & ὅλος, or q. d. one like another. R. ἄλλος, Alius.*

110 ὁμός, similis, par, æqualis—*like, upon a par, equal.*

ὀπικός, † Opicus, deformis—*dirty, deformed.*

ὀρθός, rectus, erectus, arrectus; porrectus, in rectum tendens; æquus, sincerus—*right, true, exact, parallel, erect, upright; stretched along, extending, forming a right line; equal, impartial, sincere.*

ὀρφανός, parente vel parentibus Orbus, Orphanus, pupillus; Orbus quavis re, viduus—*deprived of one or both parents, left without father or mother, in an Orphan state, having lost one's best friends or guardians, a fatherless child, a motherless one, an Orphan, a pupil; deprived of what one highly valued, having lost what was dear or useful, bereft, left alone, destitute. ὀρφανὰ τέκνα, Orphani, Orphans, fatherless children.*

ὅσος, & poet. ὅστος, quantus—as, or so much. pl. ὅστοι-αι-α, quot, qui, quæ, quæ. ὅσοι περ, quicunque, quot.

ῥαψός, † improbus—*knaveish, wicked.*

## II

115 πέλός, niger, fuscus, lividus—*black, brown, livid, wan.*

πέλεκ-ος, & νός, niger, nigris distinctus maculis, varius—*black, black-spotted, brindled, parti-coloured, streaked.*

ποικίλος, varius, variegatus, picturatus, maculosus; versutus—*various, diversified, of different colours, variegated, embroidered, pictured, Speckled, spotted; crafty, artful.*

πολλός, poet. for πολὺς, much, many.

πρῦμνός, ultimus, extremus—*last, most remote. πρῦμνα, puppis, the poop, the stern of a ship.*

## Adjectives, Cl. 1, ὅς, ἡ, ὅς.

120 ῥαδανός, † tener, mollis—*tender, soft.*

ῥιμνός, rugosus, curvus; tenuis, macilentus—*Wrinkled, shrivelled, crooked; slender, thin, lean, lank.*

ῥοδανός, † valde rapidus—*most rapid; item, Roseus, Rosy, from ῥόδον, Rosa, a Rose.*

σαυκός, † aridus, Siccus—*arid, dry.*

σαυλός, † mollis, delicatus, fluxus, levis, quietus, tardus—*soft, delicate, volatile, light, at rest, tardy, slow.*

125 σεμνός, venerandus, gravis, castus, pudicus, honestus, augustus—*venerable, grave, chaste, pure, modest, honest, good, august, serene.*

σίικχος, injucundus, molestus; derisor, imbecillis, fastidiosus, tæter aspectu—*unpleasant, disagreeable, troublesome; a scorner; imbecile, weak, Sick, fastidious, disdainful, of grim or sullen aspect.*

σιμός, Simus, qui depressis est naribus, Silo, Silus; arduus, acclivis—*having the nostrils depressed, flat or snub nosed, having the nose crooked or bent upward; lofty, steep, difficult of access.*

σιπαλός, \* deformis, odiosam et invisam faciem habens, impurus—*deformed, ugly, of an odious and unsightly visage, dirty, impure.*

σιφλός, id. also debilis, weak, lame. But σίφλος, reprehension, scorn.

130 σίφνός, † vacuus—*empty; q. Σίφνος, ε, ἡ, insula quædam.*

σκιναυγός, † naufragus—*shipwrecked; Subst. urinator, a diver.*

σμφός, † inanis, spongiosus—*empty, inane, spongy.*

σοφός, sapiens, peritus, prudens, eruditus, callidus—*wise, sapient, expert, prudent, learned, skilful, well experienced.*

σπανός, rarus, infrequens, paucus, parvus, pretiosus—*rare, seldom, scarce, infrequent, few, scanty, frugal, valuable: σπανίος, id. & ingeniosus.*



Adjectives, Cl. I, *ος, η, ον*.

- 135 στενός, angustus, arctus—*narrow, strait, close, stinted*.  
 τραγγός, tortuosus, tortus, distortus, obliquus, perversus ;  
 impudens—*winding, twisted, distorted, Strained, oblique,*  
*indirect, perverse ; impudent*.  
 τρογγύλος, rotundus, globosus, teres—*round, rotund, glo-*  
*bose, cylindric, long and round, taper as a tree or pillar.*  
 γογγύλος, id.  
 σφιδανός, vehemens, festinus, intensus, asper, durus—*ve-*  
*hement, eager, hasty, intense, rough, hard, severe.*

## T

- ταπεινός, humilis, submissus—*humble, low, despicable, sub-*  
*missive*.  
 140 τιθαστός, ὁ καὶ ἡ, cicur, mansuetus—*tame, mild, kind, gentle*.  
 τραυλός, \* balbus, blæsus, Traulus—*stammering, lisping,*  
*Drawling.* q. τραύω, vulnero.  
 τύνος, seu τυνός, † parvus—*little, Tiny, Puny*.  
 τυφλός, cæcus ; obscurus, vix apparens—*blind, dark, ob-*  
*scure, hardly visible, difficult to be seen.* q. τύφω, fumum  
 excito.

## T

- τύβος, † curvus—*curved, crooked*.  
 145 ὑκελος, † sanus—*sound, healthy*.

## Φ

φαλός, splendidus, albus—*bright, splendid, shining, clear,*  
*white, polished.* Sed φάλος, vide Decl. 2. q. φός, lux,  
 a φάω, pro quo φαίνω, luceo:

φαιῖλος, Dor. φαῖρος, Att. φλαῖρος, pravus, malus, nequam,  
 vilis, facilis, levis, nugatorius—*depraved, base, bad,*  
*vicious, having a Flaw, Foul, vile, worthless, facile, light,*  
*trivial.*

φαιῖβος, clarus, purus, impollutus, castus ; splendidus,  
 lucidus ; sic sol dicitur Phæbus ; vaticinus, vatici-



Adjectives, Cl. 1, *ος, η, ου.*

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nandi peritus ; estque Appollinis epithetum, qui dicitur Φοῖβος Ἀπόλλων—*clear, pure, unpolluted, chaste ; bright, splendid, lucid ; thus the sun on account of its brightness is called Phæbus ; possessing prophetic powers, skilful to divine ; an epithet of Apollo.*

Φοξός, † qui est capitis acuti, clio—*having a taper or conical head.*

X

150 χαῦνος, laxus, fungosus, mollis ; inflatus, tumidus, superbus, futilis, levis, negligens, lentus—*lax, loose, spongy, porous, soft ; inflated, puffed up, tumid, proud, futile, vain, light, negligent, remiss, slow, loitering.*

χίεσος, vide χίερος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, desertus.

χωλός, claudus, mancus, mutilus, imperfectus—*lame, maimed, mutilated, defective, imperfect.*

Ψ

↓ εδνός, † glaber—*thin of hair, bald.*

↓ ελλός, † Balbus, blæsus, inarticulaté loquens—*stammering, speaking thick and inarticulately, Lispering.*

155 ↓ ιλός, tenuis, exilis ; nudus, glaber, depilis—*thin, small, slender ; naked, smooth, without hair, bald.*

↓ ιπλος, † pinguis—*fat.*

ωμός, * crudus ; crudelis, sævus, immitis, inhumanus, truculentus—*crude, raw ; cruel, severe, sour, crabbed, inhuman, savage, fierce, barbarous.*

CLASS II.

This Class consists of Adjectives ending in *ος* pure, and *εος* ; those of three terminations make their feminine genitive singular in *ας*, and their dative in *α*, conformably to the second class of Decl. 1, of substantives. In all other respects they conform to the preceding class.

ἄβρεός, mollis, delicatus ; lautus, festivus ; gravis—*soft, delicate ; gay, trim, festive ; weighty, grave.*

Adjectives, Cl. 2, ος, p. & εος, α, ον.

ἅγιος, sanctus, sacer ; purus ; venerandus—*holy, sacred ; pure ; venerable.*

ἀγλαός, ὁ καὶ ἡ, splendidus, fulgens, illustris, insignis, clarus, limpidus—*bright, splendid, shining, illustrious, famous, renowned, clear, fair, limpid.*

ἀγλαερός, † stolidus—*foolish.*

5 ἀγμηρός, † quietus—*quiet, at rest.*

ἄδρς, multus, abundans, largus, magnus, coacervatus, crassus, densus, totus, simul, dives, opulentus, gravis, grandis, validus, maturus, adultus—*much, abounding, large, great, heaped together, thick, gross, close set, dense, the whole together, all at once, crowded, rich, wealthy, opulent, weighty, grave, grand, strong, valid, ripe, mature, adult, full grown.*

ἄδεός, confertus, in unum collectus, coacervatus ; universus, simul totus, densus, frequens ; subitus—*close, pressed or crammed, brought to a head, formed into a Thrave, thrown and heaped together ; universal, the whole together, crowded, forming a press or throng, dense, thick, frequent ; sudden.*

ἄκρος, summus, extremus, supremus ; perfectus, præstantissimus, singularis—*highest, topmost, utmost, most lofty, supreme, highest of all ; most excellent, unrivalled.*

ἀκραῖος, id.

10 ἀλαός, ὁ καὶ ἡ, cæcus, non videns—*blind : q. a. priv. et λάω, video.*

ἀλίγκιος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, similis—*Like, alike, resembling.*

ἀμαυρός, obscurus, evanidus, elanguidus ; ignobilis, obsoletus—*obscure, wan, evanid, faded, languid, feeble ; base, ignoble ; obsolete.*

ἄμυδρός, * subobscurus, vix apparens, exilis, tenuis—*rather dark, somewhat obscure, hardly perceptible, doubtful ; thin, slender, weak.*

ἄξιος, dignus, illustris, æstimabilis ; vilis—*worthy, illustrious, estimable, valuable ; vile, worthless. q. ἄγω, æstimo.*

15 ἀπλός, όν, όον, contr. ἀπλῆς, ἡ, ἔν, simplex, candidus, ingenuus, sincerus; stultus, plane verus—*simple, artless, candid, ingenuous, sincere; silly, foolish, liable to imposition; incontrovertible, evident.* But ἀπλοος, contr. ἄπλως, innavigable.

ἀραιός, Rarus, tenuis, imbecillis, angustus—*Rare, thin, slender, soft, weak, strait, narrow.*

ἀριστερός, Sinister; infaustus; stultus—*Sinister, on the left hand, left-handed, awkward; unlucky; stupid, foolish.*

ἄρτιος, ό και ἡ, par, integer, perfectus, incolumis; consentaneus, consummatus, instructus, paratus—*even, equal, on a par, whole, entire, perfect, safe, sound, hearty; consentaneous, agreeing, consummated, completed, prepared, adjusted, fitted, ready.*

ἀσαλαμίνιος, ό και ἡ, + maris expers—*unacquainted with the ocean, new to all the dangers of the main, a land-lubber.*

20 αὐστηρός, † Austerus, severus, agrestis, darus, tetricus—*Austere, cruel, severe, wild, rustic, savage, hard, stern, sullen.*

ἀφαιρός, † imbecillis, debilis—*weak, unable.*

B

βαίος, † parvus, modicus, paucus, unus—*little, small, but few, one.*

βάρβαρος, ό και ἡ, Barbarus, non Græcus, pronuntiatione peregrinâ utens; ineruditus, imperitus, agrestis—*Barbarous, not Grecian, of an uncouth and harsh dialect; unlearned, inexpert, rustic, rude.*

βίβαλος, ό και ἡ, firmus, stabilis, solidus—*firm, fixed, stable, solid.*

25 βέλτερος, melior, præstantior—*Better, more excellent, more eminent; one of the irregular comparatives of ἀγαθός, good.*

βέλων, ονος, ό και ἡ. id.

βληχρός, debilis, imbecillis, invalidus; robustus—*feeble, weak, debilitated, invalid; robust.*

Adjectives, Cl. 2, ας, π. & ρος, α, ον.

βλοσυρός, † torvus, truculentus, aspectu terribilis; auctoritate præditus—grim, stern, sullen, of frightful aspect, terrible to view; clothed with authority: Prov. Blossy.

Γ

γαῦρος, superbus, arrogans, ferox; qui elatus est, et aliquâ re exultat—Proud, arrogant, fierce; who is elated with and exults in any thing.

γλίσχρος, lentus, viscosus, glutinosus, tenax; lubricus; parcus, strictus; jejunos; valde sordidus; ærumnōsus; gulosus; suavis, humilis; adulator—clammy, viscous, glutinous, tenacious; lubricous, smooth, slippery; sparing, niggard, close-fisted; empty, jejune; very sordid, mean indeed; troublesome, difficult; pleasant, agreeable, humble; an adulator, a flatterer.

30 γλοιός, invalidus, sordidus, malignus—invalid, weak, sordid, dirty, ill-disposed, malicious: Subst. sordes olei, strigmenta, the dregs of oil.

γυρός, Curvus, incurvus; rotundus—Curved, crooked, bent back; rotund, round: Subst. scrobs, a ditch.

Δ

δεξιός, Dexter, faustus, solers, scitus, urbanus, agilis—right-handed, lucky, prosperous, Dexterous, expert, ingenious, witty, pleasant, ready, prompt.

δεύτερος, secundus, posterior, alter—second, latter, the other.
q. δὺδ & εἰςτος.

διαλύγιος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, † magnus, amplius—great, wide, ample; also violent.

35 διπλ-όος, ὅη, ὅον, contr. ᾤς, ᾤ, ᾤν, Duplex, duplus, versipellis, versutus—Double, two-fold; sly, wily, crafty.

Ε

εἰςτερος, Alteruter, utrevis; uterque—one of the two, either; each. q. εἰ & εἰςτος.

Adjectives, Cl. 2, ος, p. & ρος, α, ον.

ἑλαφρός, levis & celer instar cervi, velox, non gravis, facilis
—light and nimble with the celerity of a stag or hart,
swift, fleet; light, not dull or heavy, facile, easy. q. ἑλαφρός,
ὁ καὶ ἡ, cervus.

ἐλευθερός, Liber; immunis, liberalis, generosus, ingenuus
—free, at liberty; exempt, Liberal, of noble disposition,
generous, open, ingenuous.

ἐνδιος, * Meridianus—Meridian, pertaining to, or happening
at noon.

40 ἑνιοί, ιαί, ια, pl. aliqui, quidam, nonnulli—some, certain per-
sons or things, a few.

ἕτερος, Alter, alius; diversus—the other, another, the rest;
of a different kind. N. pl. ἕτερα, Cetera.

ἑχρός, munitus, tutus, firmus—guarded, fortified, safe, se-
cure, firm.

Z

ζωρός, * merus, meracus—pure, unmixed.

H

ἥλος, stultus, stolidus—foolish, unwise.

45 ἡμερος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, mansuetus, cicer, mitis, placidus; sativus—
mild, gentle, tame, placid; that may be set or planted.

ἡπιος, * placidus, mitis, lenis, clemens—placid, mild, easy,
gentle, kind, clement.

Θ

θιός, * tostus—toasted, broiled.

θός, celer, velox; acutus—swift, fleet, quick, nimble,
ready; acute.

I

ἰδιος, peculiaris, specialis, sui generis, suus, proprius, pri-
vatus—peculiar, special, of one's own kind or cast, one's
own, proper, private. Sæpe ponitur pro ἑαυτῷ, ἡς, ut τὸ
ἰδιον φρεῖον, pro τὸ ἑαυτῷ; ἐκ τῶν ἰδίων λαλεῖ, i. e. ἀφ' ἑαυτοῦ, a se
ipso. οἱ ἰδιοί, familiares. κατ' ἰδίαν, privatim.

- 50 ἱερός, sacer, sanctus, sacrosanctus ; augustus, præstans—
sacred, holy, inviolable ; august, excellent, eminent.
ἰός, solus, unus—alone, single, one. ἰὼ ἡμέρῃ, uno die.

K

κάςσιος, † obliquus—oblique, sideway, transverse, across.
Hence, *Kersy*.

κιρρός, † fulvus—somewhat red, yellow.

κραῦγρος, † aridus, friabilis—dry, friable, rough.

- 55 κρήγυος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, † gratus, jucundus, placitus ; bonus, utilis ;
idoneus, aptus ; suavem vocem edens—grateful, agree-
able, pleasant ; good, useful ; fit, meet, apt, suitable ; of
sweet voice ; giving a pleasant sound.

Λ

λάβρος, valdè seu nimium vorax, avidus, vehemens ; qui
avido et hiantè ore aliquid facit—very voracious, greedy,
eager, immoderate, vehement ; hurrying, fluttered, or over
head in business.

λαιδρός, † impudens, procax, audax—impudent, saucy, bold,
audacious.

λαϊός, † Lævus, sinister—on the left side, sinister, inauspi-
cious, unlucky.

λάμυρος, † disertus, loquaculus, lepidus, facetus ; impu-
denter loquax, scurrilis—eloquent, talkative, facetious,
witty, jocose ; impudently loquacious, scurrilous.

- 60 λάσιος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, hirsutus, hirtus, pilosus, hispidus, setosus,
horridus, villosus ; herbosus ; ericâ consitus ; consitus
fruticibus atque arboribus—rough, pilose, abounding with
hair, bristly, woolly, fleecy ; crowned with herbage ; beset
with heath or ling ; forming a thicket of shrubs and trees.

λαῦρος, * Latus ; multus, copiosus, largus—broad, spacious ;
much, very copious, plenteous, abundant, large.

λαῖος, Lævis, glaber, planus ; proclivis, facilis ; tritura
lævigatus, minutim contusus—smooth, level, even, plain ;



slopeswise, easy; made smooth by pounding, beat fine, brayed small.

λεπρεός, scaber, asper; Leprosus, cujus cutis quasi in squamulas asperas resolvitur—*scabby, rough; Leprous, having the skin scalified, or, as it were, turned into rough squamulæ or little scales.*

λέχριος, † obliquus—*oblique, indirect, aslant.*

65 λίεος, impudens, inverecundus—*impudent, immodest.*

λοίσθιος, id. q. d. λοῖσθος, ultimus—*Last.*

λυγρός, * gravis, difficilis, tristis, lugubris, funestus, exitiosus, miserabilis—*grievous, troublesome, difficult, sad, mournful, lugubrious, lamentable, unfortunate, destructive, miserable.*

M

μίλεος, * vanus, inanis, stultus; infelix, infortunatus; nihil efficiens—*vain, void, empty, foolish; infelicitous, unhappy, unfortunate; making nothing out, inefficient.*

μέλειος, sublimis, editus, altus, excelsus, elatus, supernus, in ardua tendens; pensilis, pendulus, suspensus, vagus, fluctuans—*sublime, high, lofty, borne away, above, elevated, high poised in air, soaring, bidding for a height sublime; Metaph. intent, burning with desire, high in expectation, contemplative: hanging, pendulous, suspended, vague, indeterminate, roving, straying, fluctuating. It is used of a person or ship when on the high seas: N. pl. μέλιωρα, superna, quæ in aëre, vel circa astra fiunt aut apparent, Meteora, things above, those which take place or appear in the vicinity of the stars, aerial appearances, Meteors.*

70 μικρός, parvus, exiguus; parvi pretii aut momenti; paucus—*little, small, diminutive; of little worth or moment; few; σμικρός, id. Dor. μικρός.*

μινυός, parvus, exilis—*little, small, minute.*

μολοβρός, † vorax, gulosus, mendicus—*voracious, ravenous; mendicant.*

μολοθρός, † qui se intrudit—*uninvited, intrusive.*

Adjectives, Cl. 2, ος, p. & εος, α ος.

μυρίος, infinitus, innumerus; summus, extremus, maximus
—*infinite, unnumbered, innumerable; very high, very re-*
mote, extreme, very great, vast, excessive. pl. μυρίοι, ἴαι, ἱα, *in-*
finiti, untold, unnumbered. But μύριοι, ἰαι, ἱα, *decem mil-*
lia, decies mille, ten thousand, a thousand ten times told.

75 μῶρος, stultus, fatuus; ineptus, brutus—*foolish, stupid,*
silly, irrational, brutish.

N

νεκρός, mortuus, defunctus, exanimus—*dead, defunct, life-*
less; Subst. cadaver mortui, a corse, dead body.

νέος, Novus, novellus, recens, juvenis, tiro—*New, just*
grown, tender, recent, of late, young, a youth, novice.

νυκτεριος, † novus—*new, lately formed.*

νηρός, † cavus, humidus—*hollow, moist, humid.*

Ξ

80 ξηρός, aridus, siccus, torridus, tabidus—*dry, arid, exsiccated,*
parched, tabid, decayed.

Ο

οἷος, qualis; promptus, paratus, expeditus—*such as, of this*
sort or kind, of such quality; prompt, prepared, ready,
free, expeditious. Item pro ὁμοιος, similis; & pro δυνατός,
potens, possibilis, & οἷος, qualis, Sed

οἷος, οἷη, οἷον, solus—*alone, by one's-self.*

ὁσιος, sanctus, justus, purus; publicus, profanus—*holy,*
pure, just, pious: public, profane.

Π

παίγδιος, ὁ καὶ ἡ, † colore præditus inter cinereum et rufum—
of a colour between ash and red.

85 πέρπερος, * levis, vanus, temerarius, præceps, perperus—
light, vain, rash, precipitate, giddy, foolish, stupid, awk-
ward.

Adjectives, Cl. 2, *ος*, *π*. & *ος*, *α*, *ον*.

πηρὸς, *mancus*, *mutilus*, *orbis*, *cæcus*, *mutus*—*maimed*, *broken*, *impotent*, *mutilated*, *bereft*, *deprived*, *blind*, *mute*, *dumb*.

πικρὸς, *amarus*, *acerbus*—*bitter*, *sour*, *crabbed*, *peevish*.

πλάγιος, & *ὁ καὶ ἡ*, *obliquus*, *transversus*, *limus*—*oblique*, *indirect*, *sideway*, *transverse*, *atry*, *slopetwise*.

πλέος, Att. *πλείως*, poet. *πλεῖος*, *plenus*, *refertus*—*full*, *plenary*, *crammed*, *replete*. Compar. *πλείων*, & *πλείων*, Superl. *πλείστος*.

90 *πόλος*, *canus*, *albus*, *candidus*, *niveus*—*grey*, *hoary*, *pale*, *white*, *candid*, *white as snow*, *polished*.

πότῆρος, Uter, *utra*, *utrum*—*either*: interrog. *which of the two?*
πρότῆρος, *venerandus*, *honorandus*, *augustus*—*venerable*, *to be honoured*, *august*.

πραῶς, aliquando *πραῶς*, *lenis*, *mitis*, *mansuetus*—*gentle*, *mild*, *kind*, *affable*, *good-natured*.

πρόσπαιος, *ὁ καὶ ἡ*, † *recens*—*recent*, *fresh*.

95 *πωρὸς*, *cæcus*—*blind*, *poor*.

P.

πρᾶδιος, & *ὁ καὶ ἡ*, *facilis*, *proclivis ad aliquid*—*facile*, *easy*, *ready*, *inclined to*, *or leaning towards something*. *ῥάων*, *facilior*, *ῥᾶστος*, *facillimus*.

Σ

σκεδρὸς, † *exactus*—*nice*, *diligent*.

σκολιὸς, *obliquus*, *tortuosus*, *tortus*, *prævus*, *perversus*, *perplexus*, *versutus*—*oblique*, *crooked*, *winding*, *twisted*; *depraved*, *wrong*, *perverted*, *perplexed*, *wily*, *crafty*. *σκολιῶν*, *tortuosum reddo*.

σκόλυφος, † *tetricus*—*grim*, *peevish*.

100 *σῶος*, *σῶη*, *σῶον*, Dor. & poet. *σῶος*, *η*, *ον*, *Salvus*, *incolumis*, *sospes*, *integer*, *perfectus*; *salutaris*—*safe*, *sound*, *whole*, *entire*, *complete*, *perfect*; *wholesome*, *salutary*.

στερεός, *solidus*, *validus*, *firmus*, *integer*, *rigidus*, *durus*—*solid*, *strong*, *firm*, *whole*, *entire*, *stiff*, *rigid*, *hard*.

Adjectives, Cl. 2, ος, p. & γας, α, ου.

σφοδρὸς, * *vehemens, violentus, validus, alacer, acer, acerbus, pertinax—vehement, eager, violent, stout, valid, brisk, pert, ready, sharp, sour, wilful, pertinacious.*

σχέτιλος, *miser, miserabilis, infelix; asper, severus, crudelis, durus, intractabilis, acer, audax, patiens laborum; scelestus, nefarius, injustus, importunus—wretched, forlorn, miserable, unhappy; rough, severe, cruel, savage, hard, rude, untractable, crabbed, austere, bold, daring, patient of toils and hardships; wicked, impious, nefarious, mischievous, fraudulent, unjust, importunate, fretful.*

T

ταρδὸς, † *velox—swift, quick, nimble.*

105 τήσιος, † *inanis—empty, void, inane.*

τινθαλίος, † *calidus, fervidus—hot, fervid.*

Υ

ὕγρὸς, *humidus, humectus, madidus, aquatilis, in aquis degens; liquidus, mollis, lubricus, viridis—humid, wet, moist, aquatic, living in the water; liquid, insipid, soft, supple, lubricous, slippery, slack, green, verdant.*

ὑπλιος, *supinus, resupinus, in dorsum versus—supine, lolling with the face upwards, lying on the back, lazy, indolent.*

ὑστερος, *posterior, posterius, serior sequens, secundus, inferior, posthabendus; proximus futurus, proximus venturus—posterior, after, coming after, later, following, in the second place, inferior, less valued or esteemed, put on one side; next at hand, about to be, that is to come or happen in the next place. ὑστατος, postremus.*

Φ

110 φαιδρὸς, *hilar-us, seu -is, lætus, alacer, faustus, luculentus, splendidus, illustris—cheerful, glad, mirthful, brisk, happy, fortunate, fine, gay, bright, splendid, illustrious.*
q: φαίνω, luceo, splendo.

Adjectives, Cl. 2, ος, p. & εος, α, ον.

φαιδς, † subniger, fuscus—*somewhat black, shaded, tawny.*
 φαλακρς, † calvus—*bald, bare.*

X

- χαιδς, vel χαδς, † bonus—*good, generous.*
 χεεος, ε και η, desertus, incultus, asper—*desert, uncultivated, rough.* Subst. solum desertum; terra, solum, continens, *a wilderness, a desert, land unploughed, untilled; the earth, ground, continent, mainland:* χεετος, id.
 115 χηος, viduus, orbus, desertus, indigens—*deprived, in a widowed state, destitute, bereft, deserted, forsaken, indigent.* χηα, vidua.

Ψ

- ψαδρς, * friabilis, qui in minutas particulas friari potest, fragilis—*friable, that may be readily crumbled and reduced to powder, fragile, short, brittle.*
 ψαιδρς, † rarus, rarus habens capillos—*scarce, thin of hair.*
 ψανερς, † agilis, celer, levis; delicatus—*nimble, swift, light, delicate.*
 ψαφερς, † aridus, squalidus, infirmus, friabilis; tenebrosus—*dry, arid, squalid, infirm, fragile, friable; very dark, gloomy.*
 120 ψιδρς, ε και η, tenuorem et exiliorem vocem edens—*giving a soft sound, whispering, making a hum.* Subst. *a whisper, soft sound; a whisperer, a traducer.*
 ψιδιος, † vilis, miser, vitiosus—*mean, vile, wretched, vicious,*

Ω

ωγυγιος, † Ogygius; Poet. antiquus, vetustus—*Ogygian; Poet, antique, of old, ancient, of yore: q. d. from the days, or ever since the time of Ogyges, a very ancient Theban prince, in whose reign a deluge overflowed Greece.*
 ωερς, pallidus, luridus—*pale, wan, lurid, ghastly.* ωεος, pallor.

CLASS III.

Sing.			Pl.		
m.	f.	n.	m.	f.	n.
N. υς,	ἑῖα,	ὅ,	N. V. ἑες-εῖς,	εἵαι,	ἑα,
G. ἐός,	εἵας,	ἐός,	G. ἑων,	ἑῶν,	ἑων,
D. εἴ-εῖ,	εἴα,	εἴ-εῖ,	D. ἑσι,	εἵαις,	ἑσι,
A. υν,	εἵαν,	ὅ,	A. ἑας-εῖς,	εἵας,	ἑα,
V. ὅ,	εἵα,	ὅ.			

Dl.

m.	f.	n.
N. A. V. ἑε,	εἴα,	ἑε,
G. & D. ἐοῖν,	εἵαιν,	ἑοῖν.

αἰπύς, altus, excelsus, in alto positus ; ingens, gravis, difficilis—*high, lofty, placed on high ; great, huge, weighty, difficult.*

ἀμβλύς, obtusus, hebes, cujus acies est obtusa ; cæcutiens ; languidus, remissus—*obtuse, dull, blunt ; dim-sighted ; languid, remiss.*

βραδύς, tardus, segnis ; ingenio segnis—*tardy, slow, loitering ; dull, of untoward wit, slow of understanding.* Compar. βραδύων, & βράσσων, vel βραδύτερος, Superl. βράδιστος, vel βραδύτατος.

brevis, parvus, exiguus—*short, brief, little, small.*

brevis, n. adverbiascit, aliquantum, paulisper, interdum, parvi momenti, *some little, a little while, sometimes, now and then, of small moment, of little consequence.*

5 γλυκύς, dulcis, jucundus—*sweet, dulcet, pleasant.* Compar.

γλυκίων, γλυσσων, Poet. γλυκερός, & γλυκύτερος ; Superl. γλύτος, & γλυκύτατος ; τὸ γλυκὺ, passum, i. e. vini dulcis genus.

δασύς, Densus, pilosus, hirsutus—*thick, Dense, pilose, rough.*

δριμύς, acris gustu vel sapore ; acer, vehemens ; astutus ; asper, truculentus—*sharp to the taste or palate, palatable,*

Adjectives, Cl. 3, υς, εια, υ.

savoury; stinging, vehement, hot, hasty: crafty, artful; rough, fierce, grim.

ἱλαχὺς, parvus, exiguus—little, small. ἱλάσσων, less; Superl. ἱλαχίστος, least; exinde novus compar. ἱλαχιστότερος, minimo minor, Ephes. 3. v. 8.

εὐθύς, rectus, non obliquus, apertus, nulla circuitione tectus—right, direct, not oblique, but in a right line; open, unequivocal. εὐθύς, etiam adv. & id. qd. εὐθέως.

10 εὐρύς, latus, amplus—broad, wide, large, ample. εὐρύνω, dilato.

ἡδύς, dulcis, suavis, jucundus; lætus, lepidus—sweet, pleasant, agreeable; cheerful, gladsome, gay, witty.

ἡμισυς, Dimidius, Semis—half. Hence the Inseparables Hemi, Semi, and Demi, id.

θῆλυς, vel ὁ και ἡ, fœmineus; θήλεια, fœmina—feminine; a female, a woman. q. εἰδέλω, volo, vel θάλλω, pullulo.

ἰθύς, rectus, directus; verus, apertus—right, just, straight, even, direct; true, ingenuous, open.

15 μάλυς, † indoctus, vide Separ. Cl.

ὀξύς, acutus; dicitur de ense, cuspidē; sensu, animo, voce, gustu; vehemens, subitus, celer, præceps; promptus, expeditus ad aliquid aggrediendum—acute, sharp; applicable to a sword, to the point of any thing; to the senses, quick perception; to the mind, of penetrating judgment and nice discrimination; to the voice, shrill; and to the taste, savoury, acid, or sour; vehement, intense, angry, sudden, quick, swift, precipitate; prompt, prepared, ready for any undertaking.

παχύς, crassus, densus, spissus; pinguis, obsesus; stupidus, hebes, tardus; opulentus, dives—thick, dense, gross, packed; fat, of gross habit; stupid, dull, slow, tardy; opulent, wealthy, rich.

πλάτος, Latus, amplus, spatiosus—broad, ample, spacious. Hence, Plate, Platter, Plat.

πρεσβυς, Æol. πρετρύς, senex—old: compar. πρεσβύτερος, senior,

Adjectives, Cl. 3, υς, ης, ο.

older; Subst. a *Presbyter*, an *elder*; Superl. πρεσβύτατος, & πρεσβύτος, ἴση, ον, *maximus natus*; antiquissimus, vetustissimus, honoratissimus, augustissimus, potissimus, oldest, first-born, most ancient, very antique, from times of yore, from days of ancient date; most honourable, most serene, truly august, most excellent, most desirable.

ταχύς, celer, citus, rapidus, velox, præceps, festinus—*swift, fleet, quick, nimble, ready, rapid, of great velocity, with winged speed, precipitate, speedy.*

- 20 τραχύς, asper, scaber; confragosus, scabrosus, scruposus, agrestis; acer, acerbus, torvus—*rough, scabrous, scaly; rugged, craggy, stony, over-grown, wild, rustic; sour, crabbed, peevish, grim, grisly.*

ῥαπύς, celer, velox, pernix, citatus—*swift, quick, nimble, fleet, speedy.*

CLASS IV.

Its Adjectives are of two endings in the Nominative case, viz. ων, of the masculine and feminine gender, and ον, of the neuter. They are declined as under:

Sing.			Pl.		
m.	f.	n.	m. f. n.	m.	f. n.
N. ων,	ον,	ον,	N. V. A. οντες,	N. & V. οντες,	ονα,
G.	ονος,	ονος,	G. & D. οντων,	G.	ονων,
D.	ονι,	ονι,	D.	D.	οσι,
A. ονα,	ονα,	ονα,	A. ονας,	A. ονας,	ονα,
V.	ον,	ον,	V.	V.	ονα,

ἀμύμων, * inculpatus; laudabilis, celeber, præclarus, egregius, strenuus; faustus—*blameless, faultless, inculpable; laudable, praiseworthy, renowned, egregious, excellent, strenuous, brave; lucky, fortunate.* q. α neg. & μῶμος, macula. ἥττω, Att. ἥττω, minor, inferior—*less, inferior; one of the irregular comparatives of μικρός, parvus.*

Adjectives, Cl. 5, ης, ὁ και ἡ, ες, τὸ.

μείων, Dor. & Æol. μῆων, Minor, Meaner, &c. id. qd. ἡσσων,
Item, Subst. Meon, a kind of herb.

πίων, pinguis, obesus, opimus, uber—fat, fed, made up,
rich, plenteous.

CLASS V.

Sing.			Dl.			Pl.		
m.	f.	n.	m.	f.	n.	m.	f.	n.
N. ἡς,		ἑς,	N. V. A. ἑε-ῆ,	N. & V. ἑεε-εῖς,		ἑα-ῆ,		
G.	έος-ος,		G. & D. έοιν-οῖν,	G.	έων-ών,			
D.	εῖ-εῖ,			D.	εῖσι,			
A. έα-ῆ,		ές,		A. έας-εῖς,		έα-ῆ.		

ἀγείηης, † injurius—injurious, hurtful.

ἀγῆης, † scelestus—wicked, impious.

ἀγκηθῆς, † innoxius—innocent, harmless.

ἀγκῆς, † resonans—resounding.

5 ἀξηχῆς, † aridus, difficilis, gravis, non intermissus—dry,
arid, difficult, grievous, incessant.

ἀδεγῆς, † accuratus; vilis—accurate, exact, vile, contempt-
tible.

ἀκριβῆς, accuratus, exquisitus, scrupulosus, diligens, ad
rem attentus, tenax, subtilis; exploratus, certus; ple-
nus, justus—accurate, with nice exactness, exquisite, mi-
nute, punctilious, scrupulous, diligent, attentive to the busi-
ness in hand, tenacious, subtile; explored, sought out, cer-
tain, sure; full, just, exact. παρὰ τὸ εἰς τὸ ἄκρον βῆσαι.. The
Greeks speak of going to the top, as we to the bottom of a
thing.

ἀληθῆς, verus, verax; certus; rectus, conveniens, idoneus;
sincerus, memor—true, real, without deceit, sure, certain;
right, convenient, meet, fit, suitable; sincere, mindful. q.
α neg. & λήθω, Lateo, q. d. open, undisguised.

ἀολλῆς, * confertus, congregatus—close pressed, crammed,
thronged, congregated, herded together.

Adjectives, Cl. 5, ης, ὁ καὶ ἡ, ες, τὸ.

10 ἀπηνής, * crudelis, immitis, sævus, durus, trux—*cruel, fierce, severe, savage, grim.* ἀπῆνεια, inhumanitas.

ἀγριμής, † incolumis, integer, sanus—*safe, entire, whole, sound.*

ἀσελγής, petulans, insolens, protervus, improbus, petulantly injurius; lascivus, libidinosus, impudicus, ganearius, luxuriosus, obscænus, flagitiosus, incestuus—*petulant, insolent, fierce, sullen, grim, knavish, bent upon mischief; lascivious, libidinous, immodest, given to luxury, riot, and debauchery; obscene, flagitious, incestuous.*

ἀτρεκής, verus, certus, accuratus—*true, certain, incontrovertible, accurate, to a nicety.*

ἀφελής, simplex; tenuis, fragilis—*simple, innocent; thin, slender, fragile, thrifty.*

15 δασπλής, † difficilis, gravis, atrox—*difficult, austere, stern, fierce, cruel.*

δασυλής, * largus, Dapsilis, copiosus—*large, abundant, liberal, copious, plenteous.*

ἐναργής, * clarus, evidens, manifestus—*clear, bright, evident; that may be clearly seen, manifest.*

ἐπιπρόντης, idoneus, aptus, habilis—*fit, suitable, apt, handsome.*

ζαφελής, † valdè simplex; durus, agrestis, vehemens—*very simple; hardy, wild, rustic, vehement: q. ζα valdè & ἀφελής, simplex.*

20 ἡνεκός, porrectus, in longitudinem protensus; perennis, continuus, perpetuus—*stretched out, drawn along, extended to a length; perennial, through the year, continued, perpetual.*

λαγνής, unchaste; see λάγνος, Cl. 1.

λαπαιστής, assiduus, sedulus, qui aliquid instanter facit—*assiduous, diligent, sedulous, perseverant, who doth or goes about a piece of business in good earnest.*

νωθής, * tardus, segnis, lentus, piger, hebes; stupidus, marcidus—*tardy, slow, lazy, dull; stupid, flat.* νωθός, id.

Adjectives, Cl. 5, ης, ὁ και ἡ, ες, τὸ.

νωλεμής, † assiduus, indessinens—*assiduous, diligent, incessant.*

25 πρηνής, Pronus, in caput propendens, præceps—*Prone, with the face downward, stooping or nodding forward, leaning to its fall, precipitate, headlong.*

σαφής, manifestus, apertus, perspicuus, certus, clarus, planus—*manifest, open, perspicuous, evident, certain, clear, plain.* σαφώς, manifestè, apertè. σαφηνίζω, manifesto, notum facio, declaro. σαφήνεια, perspicuitas.

σχηνής, † asper, moribus indomitis; acutus, manifestus—*rough of manners, wild, stern, rustic; acute, pointed, manifest.*

τετυήλης, † clavatus—*nailed.*

ίγιής, sanus, valens, incolumis, sospes, integer—*sound, healthy, strong, safe, whole, untouched.* ύγια, sanitas.

ύγαίνω, sanus sum. ύγιανός, sanus.

The Separate Class.

*Αμφω, N. A. & V.—ἀμφοῖν, G. & D. Ambo—*Both, each of the two. This word is confined to, and amply exemplifies the dual number.*

ἐκων, ἔσσα, ὄν, G. ὄντος, ἔσσης, ὄντος, voluntarius, volens, qui spontè aliquid facit—*voluntary, free, willing, who doth any thing spontaneously and of his own accord.*

εὖς, G. εὖς, ὁ, Poet. ἥϋς, bonus; strenuus, fortis; generosus, magnus—*good; strenuous, stout, brave; generous, great.* εὖ, bene.

ἰκέτης, ε, ὁ, D. η, A. ην, D. pl. Ion. ἰκέηησι, supplex—*suppliant, humbly intreating, petitioning on bended knee. Subst. a servile petitioner, a slave. q. ἰκνέομαι, venio.*

5 ἱσως, ορος, ὁ και ἡ, sciens, peritus; testis, arbiter, judex—*skilful, knowing, well informed, acquainted with the page of History; a witness, arbiter, judge. q. ἴσημι, Dor. ἴσαμι, scio, novi. ἱστορία, cognoscendi studium, Historia.*

Adjectives, Separate Class.



ἤλς, υ, ό, * temerarius, præceps, audax, impudens; magnanimus, animosus—*rash, precipitate, daring, bold, impudent: magnanimous, brave, spiritous.*

μάκ-αρς, G. αρεος, ό, ή, και τό, D. pl. αρεσι, Ion. αρεσσι, beatus, felix—*blessed, happy.* μακάριος, beatissimus. μάκ-αρς, αρεος, ό και ή, & μακάριος, ια, ιον, id.

μέγας, μεγάλη, μέγα, G. μεγάλη-ς, -ής, -ς, D. ω, η, ω, A. μέγ-αν, αλην, α, V. α, άλη, α, Magnus, ingens, grandis; vehemens, atrox, violentus—*great, huge, grand, potent; vehement, eager, outrageous, fierce, violent.* μέγας conforms in all its cases to Class 1, except in the N. A. & V. sing. as N. pl. μεγάλη-δι-αι-α, &c.

μέλ-ας, αινα, αν, G. ανος, αίνης, ανος, ater, niger, fuscus, (sensu fig. profundus,) malus, immitis, crudelis—*black, dark, gloomy, deep shaded, dusky, of the colour of smoke, (figuratively, deep, profound,) bad, naughty, ungentle, severe, cruel.*

10 μώλ-υς, υος, & υξ, υκος, ό, † indoctus, tardus, hebes, mollis, imbecillis—*unlearned, rude, tardy, dull, soft, languid, weak.*

πᾶς, πᾶσα, πᾶν, G. παντός, πάσης, παντός, D. παντί, πάσῃ, &c. omnis, totus, universus, quivis, quilibet—*all, each, every one, the whole, universal, any one, whosoever.*

πολύς, πολλή, πολὺ, A. πολύν, πολλήν, πολὺ, V. πολὺ, &c. multus, numerosus, frequens; magnus, amplus, spatiosus, vehemens, potens—*much, many, very numerous, crowded, frequent; great, large, ample, spacious, vehement, potent, mighty.* πλείων, ό και ή, πλείον, poet. πλέον, τό; G. πλείονος, plus, major, amplior, copiosior; πλείϊος, η, ον, plurimus.

Primitive Numbers.

PRIMITIVE NUMBERS.

εἷς, m. μίᾱ, f. ἑν, n. γ. ἐνός, μιᾶς, ἐνός, Unus ; quidam ; alter—
One ; an ; somebody ; another.

δύο, Att. δυο, ὁ, ἡ, τὸ, Duo—Two. α. & d. δυοῖν, Att. δυεῖν, d.
 pl. δυοῖ : *But δύο is often used in all cases.*

τρεῖς, οἱ καὶ αἱ, τρία, τὰ, γ. τριῶν, d. τρισί, Tres, Tria—Three.

τέσσαρες, Att. τέτταρες, οἱ καὶ αἱ, τέσσαρα, τὰ, γ. τεσσάρων, d. τέσ-
 σαρσι, quatuor, quaterni—four.

5 πέντε, Æol. πέμπε, quinque—five. πεντάκις, quinquies.

ἕξ, Sex—Six. ἕκτος, Sextus. ἑξάκις, Sexies.

ἑπτα, Septem—Seven.

ὀκτώ, Octo—Eight.

ἐννεά, Novem—Nine.

10 δέκα, Decem—Ten. q. δέχομαι, capio, admitto, quia omnes
 numeros capit denarius.

εἴκοσι, Poet. εἰκοσι, Dor. εἴχαλι, viginti—twenty.

ἑκατὸν, centum—a hundred. Indef. multi, magni, many, a
considerable number, a great deal.

χίλιαι, ιαί, ια, mille—a thousand.

μυρίαι, ιαί, ια, decem millia, decies mille—ten thousand, a
 thousand ten times told. *But μυρίοι, infiniti, countless*
Myriads, ten thousands, not numbered, pl. of μυρίοις, infinitus,
 q. v. Cl. 2.

PRIMITIVE PRONOUNS.

Personal Ones.

Εγώ, γ. ἐμῆ, μῆ, Ego—I.

σύ, Dor. τυ, γ. σῆ, Tu—Thou.

ἐ, sui—of him, her, and itself ; N. caret ; D. οἱ, vel ἑοῖ, A. ἱ.

Demonstrative.

ἐκεῖν-ος, η, ο, γ. ο, ης, ο, ill-e, a, ud—he, she, that. Poet. κείνος,
 Dor. τῆνος.

Primitive Pronouns.

ὅ, ἡ, τὸ, G. τῷ, τῇς, τῷ, hic, hæc, hoc—*this, the, that, who. The Prepositive article.*

αὐτός, αὐτή, τῷτο, G. τῷ, ταύτης, τῇ, hic, hæc, hoc—he, she, it, this. ὦ, ἄλλος, et simpliciter ἄλλος, heus tu, holloa you; hark ye.

Relative.

αὐτὸς, ἡ, ὅ, G. οὗ, ης, οὗ, ips-e, a, um; ipsemet; qui sponte aliquid facit; solus ab aliis non adjutus; idem; ego; dominus—he, she, it; he himself; who acts, or doeth any thing of his own accord; alone, unaided; the same, the very man; I; a lord, dignified character.

αὐτόν, & αὐτήν, ipsum, ipsam—him, her; A. Doric, Æol. & Poet. Acc. put for αὐτόν, αὐτήν, or for ἑ. se, the Accus. of ἑ, sui: So αὐτόν αὐτόν, for ἑαυτόν, se ipsum, himself. It is sometimes put for ipsos, themselves; also for ejus, of him, or her. Interdum significat αὐτῷ, vel αὐτῇ, in poet. idem.

ὅς, ἡ, ὅ, G. ὅς, ἡς, ὅς, qui, quæ, quod—who, which, that; The Subjunctive Article.

Indefinite.

δεῖνα, m. f. & n. quidam, nescio quis, hic, ille—some person or thing, somebody, a stranger, this, he, that. Poet. δεῖς. Δεῖνα, is seldom declined; when it is, it is varied in the following manner, G. δεῖνος, vel δεῖναλος, D. δεῖν, A. δεῖνα, & δεῖν. It wants the Dual and Plural numbers.

ποδαπὸς, ἡ, ὅν, G. ὅ, ἡς, ὅ, cujas? ex quâ regione?—of what country? whence? from what part or region? q. ποῖς διαπίδε. τίς, ὁ καὶ ἡ, τὸ, τὸ, G. τινός, aliquis, quispiam, quidam, certus—somebody, any one, whosoever, any one we happen to meet or fall in with, a certain person or thing. Its neuter joined with numerals may be rendered by circiter, fermè, about, near, well nigh, almost. With πᾶς, ἑκάστος, & αὐτός, it is expletive. But

τίς, n. τί, Quis, quæ, quid? qualis? qualis nam?—Who, what, which? what sort, kind, or quality? of what form? what manner of?

Prepositions.

PREPOSITIONS.

The Greeks have eighteen Prepositions, of which four govern the Genitive case, viz.

ἀντὶ, *pro*, vice; instar, par; præ, contra—for, *in the place or stead of*; like, *paramount, equal to*; before, *against*. ἀντίος, adversus. ἀντίον, ex adverso.

ἀπὸ, *a*, *Ab*, ἐ, *ex*; absque, post, procul, per—From, *out of*; without, *after, distant, by*.

ἐκ, *è*, *Ex*, *a*, *ab*, *de*; post, per, propter—Out of, *from*; after, *by, for*. Note ἐκ becomes ἐξ before a smooth, and ἔχ before an aspirated vowel or diphthong.

πρὸς, *Pro*, propter, præ, ante, coram, prope—For, *on account of, before, in presence of, near*.

Two govern a Dative, viz.

ἐν, *Poet.* ἐνὶ, & ἐν, *In*, apud; item ut *Lat.* in regens. Acc. ad, erga, prope, inter, cum, intra, coram, penes, per, contra—In, *or at a place*; also *into, to, towards, near, among, with, within, before, in the power of, by, against*; ἐν is commonly significant of rest, or speaks the place, situation, or state, in which a person or thing is. ἐν τρισὶν ἡμέραις, spatio trium dierum.

σύν, *Att.* ζύν, *Cum*, una cum—with, *on one's side, together with*. σύν is often understood; as ἔλαβεν αὐτῷ στρατηγῷ τὸ στρατόπεδον, he took the army with the general.

ἀνά, *per*, in, intra, inter, adversus—through, *in, with, among, against*; *Poet.* Dat. super, in, cum, upon, in, with. εἶδα ἀνὰ σκήπτρῳ Διὸς αἰετὸς, *Pind.* The eagle sleeps upon Jupiter's sceptre. χρυσίῳ ἀνὰ σκήπτρῳ, aureo cum Sceptro. ἀνὰ τὸν βίον, during life. ἀνὰ τυχόνα, as it happens, casually. ἀνά is often used distributively, as ἔλαβον ἀνὰ δηνάριον, acciperunt singuli Denarium, they received one penny each. Matt. xx. 9. ἀνὰ μέρος, alternis, vicissim, by turns, by parts. ἀνὰ πέντε, quini, by fives, or five by five. χωρεῖσθαι ἀνὰ μετρη-

Prepositions.

τὰς δύο ἢ τρεῖς, capientes singulæ Metretas binas aut ternas, containing two or three firkins a-piece. John ii, 5. ἀνὰ πέντε δραχμας, about five Drachms. Apud medicos significat partes æquales. ἀνὰ i. e. ἀνὰ, alike of each, of each an equal quantity.

eis, vel ἐς, in, (regens Accus.) ad, erga, versus, contra, adversus, propter, apud—into, to, towards, against, for, at. q. εἰμι, eo.

Four, a G. & Acc. viz.

διὰ, G. per, ad, in, inter, cum. A. per, propter—G. through, by, to, in, among, with. A. by, through, for, on account of. διήκεις, toto anno. διὰ δεκά ἑτῶν, decimo quoque anno.

κατὰ, G. de, e, contra, adversus, sub, per, ad, super. A. secundum, versus, in, inter, propter, de, apud, Poet. D. a, ab, de, inter. G. from, against, under, through, by, to, upon. A. according to, towards, in, among, by means of, from, at, with. Poet. D. down, from, among. κατὰ ὄρεσφι, from the mountains, adown the hills. κατὰ οἶκον, domi, at home. κατὰ ὥρην, ad tempus.

μετὰ, G. cum, apud, unà cum, inter, per, erga. A. post, ad, in, (reg. Acc.) inter, secundum, circum. Poet. cum, in, inter. G. with, at, together with, among, by, through, towards. A. after, to, into, among, about. Poet. Dat. with, in, among. Æolicum est κατὰ usurpare pro μετὰ. The Poets sometimes use μετὰ with an Acc. for πρὸς or ἐπὶ. Sed μετὰ, idem est quod μετέστι, particeps est.

ὑπέρ, poet. ὑπερ, G. Super, Supra, pro, propter, per. A. Supra, trans, ultra—G. above, for, in behalf, or on account of, by. A. Over, beyond. D. Super, above; but it is very seldom used in this case.

Six, a G. D. & A. viz.

ἄμφι, Ion. ἀμπι, G. circa, circum, juxta, de, propter. D. circum, circa, propter, prope, apud. A. circa, circiter,

Prepositions.



propter, ad, erga, apud—G. about, around, near, of, concerning, for, on account of. D. about, on all sides, for, because of, near, at. A. about, on this side and that, for, concerning, to, towards, at.

ἐπὶ, G. super, supra, in, ad, versus, coram. D. super, propter, ob, in, ad, adversus, inter, per—G. upon, over, in, at, to, towards, before. D. upon, on account of, for, in, to, against. A. upon, at, for, to, against, among, by.

παρά, G. A, ab, ex, coram, contra. D. juxta, apud, ad, penes. A. juxta, circa, ad, per, supra, ultra, inter, contra—from, before, against. D. near, at, to, in the power of. A. near, to, through, over, beyond, among, against.

περί, G. de, pro, propter, præ. D. circa, circum, propter. A. circa, circum, cum, erga, contra—G. of, or about, i. e. concerning, touching, or with respect to, for, on account, or because of, before. D. about, around, for. A. about, incircling, near, with, towards, against.

ὅς, G. a, ab, ex, erga, cum. D. apud, ad, usque. A. ad, erga, juxta, circiter, in, apud, inter, propter, contra—G. from, towards, with. D. at, to, as far as. A. to, towards, near, about, in, at or with, among, for, by reason of, against. Absolute πρὸς, est πρὸς ἑλ, præterea. πρὸς δὲ ad hæc vero. πρὸς τὶ δ' ἰστέμεις; ; cur quæris? πρὸς Θεῷ, per Deum.

ὑπὲρ, poet. ὑπάλ, G. Sub, a, ab, ex, propter, per. D. Sub, cum, propter. A. Sub, Subter, Subtus—Under, by, from, out of, for, by reason of, through. D. Under, with, for. A. Under, near, hard by. ὑπὸ κίεθν βαλλάνῃ ἐαυτὸν, se quæstui subicere, lucro servire.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 1, π, β, φ, πλ; 1. φω, pf. φα.

VERBS.

CHAPTER I.—CLASS 1.

The Characteristic Letters of this Class are the Labials; viz. π, β, φ, and πλ. All its verbs terminate their First future tense in φω, and their preterperfect in φα. e. g.

$$\text{pr. } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \pi\omega, \\ \beta\omega, \\ \phi\omega, \\ \pi\lambda\omega, \end{array} \right\} 1. \phi\omega; \text{ pf. } \phi\alpha.$$

ἀλείφω, ungo, oleo vel unguento lino, illino; exhortor, incito, instigo—to anoint, rub over with oil or unguents; to exhort, incite, instigate. im. ἡλείφον, β. ἡλιφον, 1. ἀλείφω, α. ἡλεψα, pf. ἡλεφα, α. part. ἀλείφας, ασα, αν, Γ. αντος, ασης, αντος, ind. med. ἡλείφαμην, ὦ, ατο, imper. ἄλεψαι, pf. ind. ἡλοιφα, Att. ἀλήλοιφα, ας, ε.

ἀμείβω, muto, commuto, permuto; alterno; succedo; prætereo, transeo; gratiam refero, remunero, par pari refero; respondeo—to change, commute, exchange, barter, transfer; to alternate, act by turns, change reciprocally; to succeed; pass by or over, make a transition; to return a favour, remunerate, retaliate, render like for like; to reply, give a response, answer. pf. med. ἡμοιβα, ας, ε, pass. ἡμεμμαι.

ἀπάφω, decipio, fallo: idem quod ἀπαλλάω—to deceive, disappoint, impose upon.

ἄπλω, necto, annecto, alligo, Apto; accendo—to knit, concatenate, braid, annex, join, bind, fasten together, Hasp, fit, Adapt; to light, enkindle. pf. act. & med. ἤφα, 2. ἄφω, β. ἤφον, ες, ε, α. ἤφα, part. ἄφας, a. ind. pass. ἤφθην, Dor. vel Ion. neglecto augmento, ἄφθην, pf. ἤμμαι, part. ἡμμένος, η, ον, aptus, accensus, suited, matched, enkindled,

Verbs, Chap. I, Cl. I, π, β, φ, πλ; 1. ↓ω, pf. φα.

pr. ἀπτόμενος, η, ον, annexus, Aptus. ἀπτομαι, tango, invado, capesso; g. poet. d. aprompquo, adeo.

5 ἀσπρω, fulguro, fulgeo, corusco, mico; ejaculor, mitto, spiro—to lighten, flash, coruscate, sparkle, glitter, shine; to hurl, shoot, cast, belch out. q. ἀσπρε, & ἀπρω, β. ἡσπραπον, pf. m. ἡσπραπα.

ἀλμβω, contristo, tristitiā afficio; privo, frustror—make sad, affect with sorrow, depress; to deprive, frustrate.

B

βάπρω, mergo, immergo; tingo, intingo; lavo; haurio, hauriendo impleo; perio de navi—to duck, plunge, immerse, Bathe; to tinge, die, sprinkle, (vide Ex. xii. 22.) to wash, lave; to draw or drink in, fill by suction, drench: fall over-board. β. ἔβαφον, α. ἔβαψα, pf. pass. βέβαμμαι, ψαι, πται.

βλάπρω, (olim βλάδω,) lædo, noceo, damno afficio—to hurt, harm, injure, endamage, Blab, i. e. hurt by telling what should not be told. α. ἔβλαψα, 2. βλαδῶ, β. ἔβλαδον, pf. m. βέβλαδα, pass. βέβλαμμαι, ψαι, πται, 2. βλαδῆστομαι, β. ἐβλάδην, inf. βλαδῆναι, part. βλαδῆς; εἶσα, εν.

βλέπω, video, aspicio, respicio, intueor, specto; caveo; rationem habeo; vivo—to see, view, look upon, glance at, behold, survey, consider; to eye, beware of; to take an account, reckon; to live, q. d. enjoy the light, have the power of seeing. q. βάλλω ὥπα. β. ἔβλεπον, α. ἔβλεψα, pf. pass. βέβλεμμαι, ψαι, πται.

Γ

10 γάφω, vel γλύφω, cavo, excavo, fodio, sculpo, scalpo—to hollow, scoop, excavate, dig, delve, mine, carve, Sculp, engrave.

γράφω, sive γνάφω, carmino—to card, &c. vide κνάπω.

γράφω, Scribo, pingo, describo, insculpo; decerno, sancio—to write, paint, picture, describe, sketch, trace, engrave,

Verbs, Chap. 1. Cl. 1, π, β, φ, πλ; 1. φω, pf. φα.

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*insculp, Graff; to enact, sanction, warrant.* im. & β. ἐγγράφον, pf. act. & m. γέγραφα, α. ἐγγράφα, pass. ἐγγράφην, pf. γέγραμμαι, φαι, πλαι, part. γεγραμμένος, η, ον.

Δ

δᾶπλω, voro, dilanio, dilaniendo voro, rodo—to feed upon with voracity and rapacity, to raven, tear in pieces, mangle and devour, eat alive, gnaw. δαεδᾶπλω, id. β. ἔδαφον.

δέφω, excorio, pelle nudo; emollio, subigo—to excoriate, strip off the skin, flay, peel; soften, make pliant, curry, dress leather.

15 δρέπω, decerpo, carpo, meto, colligo, vindemio—to pluck fruit, crop, mow, reap, collect autumnal fruits, bind the the harvest sheaf, gather the ripened grape, bring home the vintage.

δρύπλω, lacero, lanio—to tear, lacerate, butcher, cut up, Drub. β. ἐδρύφον.

E

ἔπω, & ἔπομαι, sequor—to follow, accompany. β. med. ἐπόμην, ε, ειο, poet. ἐσπόμην, sequebar. 1. ἔφομαι, εσαι, & εαι, ελαι, sequar. a. inf. ἔσεσθαι.

ἔπω, operor, ago—to work, act, manage. Usitat. in compositione.

επω, dico, loquor; jubeo—to say, tell, speak; to command.

In pr. inusitatum est: Pro Aug. post: adsciscit: idemque per omnes modos servat. α. εἶπα, poet. εἰπά, β. εἶπον, ες, ε, poet. εἰπον, optat. εἰποιμι, οἰς, οἰ, imper. εἰπέ, dic; pro 2<sup>a</sup>. pl. εἴπετε, usit. α. εἴπατε; α. & β. Subj. εἴπω, ης, η, α. Opt. εἴπαιμαι, αῖς, αἰ, imp. εἴπον, ᾶλω, β. inf. εἴπειν, part. εἴπων, ἔσσα, ὄν, & ὄντος, &c.

ἐρείπω, everto, diruo, disturbo, demolior—to avert, overturn, overthrow, raze, cast down, demolish, destroy. β. ἠείπον, cecidi, lapsus sum.

20 ἐρέπω, edo—to eat, graze; Poet. tego, orno, corono, to cover, adorn, crown.

## Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 1, π, β, φ, πλ; 1. ψα, pf. φα.

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ἐρείφω, tego, contego, tectum impono—to cover, thatch, roof;
α. ἐρεψα, coronavi. ὀροφῇ, fastigium, culmen, contigna-
tio, tectum, a top, summit, the raftering of a house, its
roof.

ἔρπω, Serpo, repo; vado—to Creep, slide on the belly as do
serpents, move on many feet as do reptiles, to crawl: to
go, march: inf. ἔρπιω, Dor. ἐρπην, Serpere.

ἔσπω, & σπῖω, Poet. προῖπω, to say, lisp out. 1. σπήσω, β. ἔσπον,
imp. σπῖ, pro quo σπῖς, dic.

⊙

θάλπω, foveo, calefacio, ut facit gallina ovis incumbans—
to cherish, to warm, as a hen by incubation warms her eggs.

25 θάπλω, sepelio, humo, inhumo; stupeo, cum stupore ad-
miror—to bury, inhumate, commit to the ground, inter; to
be astonished, lost in wonder; 1. θάψω, α. ἐθαψα, ας, ἦ, inf.
θάψαι, pf. τέλαφα, β. ἔλαφον, pass. ἤλαφην, sepultus fui, inf.
ταφῆναι, part. ταφείς, sepultus; pf. m. τέθνηπα, ας, ε, part.
τεθνηπώς, νῖα, ὅς, α. ὅλος, νῖας, ὅλος.

θλίβω, Æol. φλίγω, premo, comprimo, constringo, affligo,
elido, humi sterno—to press, squeeze, compress, clench, tie,
bind fast, afflict, dash against, strike down, throw flat on
the ground. α. ἐθλίψα, ας, ε, pf. pass. τεθλίμμαι, part.
ένος, pressus, strictus.

θρύπλω, frango, rumpo, confringo, comminuo, contero, frio;
deliciis frango, luxu corrumpto, luxuriosè vivo—to
break, rupture, rend, shiver, dash to pieces, diminish,
bruise, crumble; to enervate with pleasures, unman by lux-
ury, live loosely. 2. τρυφῶ, β. ἐτρυφον, pass. ἐτρυφθην, pf.
τέθρυμμαι, ψαι, πλαι, to have been rent, broken, and reduced
to Thrums and fragments.

θώπλω, assentor, colo; cavillor, irrideo—to flatter, caress,
make court to; to taunt, jeer, ridicule.

I

ἐάπρω, mitto, jacio, jaculor; noceo; jungo; conviciis insector—to throw, send, cast, hurl; to hurt; to join; to press upon with reproaches, expose to the strife of tongues.

30 ἴπρω, sive ἴπω, & ἴπρωμαι, lædo, noceo, damnum infero—to hurt, harm, wound, injure, endamage.

K

καλύπω, tego, abscondo, velo, operio—to cover, hide, veil, conceal, shut up. β. ἐκάλυβον, α. ἐκάλυψα, pf. κεκάλυμμαι, ψαι, πλαι.

καμπρω, flecto, inflecto, incurvo—to bend, curve, inflect, bow, form a curve, incurvate. καμπύλος, curvus, inflexus.

κάπρω, comedo, avidè edo, mordeo; flo, spiro—to devour, eat greedily, gnaw; to puff, blow, pant. κάψα, Capsa, cista, a coffer, maund, chest.

κάρφω, sicco, arefacio, squalidum reddo—to dry, exsiccate, parch, make squalid; Metaph. deprimo, facio ut deflorescat, to depress, cause to fade, wither.

35 κλέπω, Clepo, furor, suffuror, depeculor; oculo, suppressio; clam facio vel dico; decipio, fallo—to steal, rob, Clip, pilfer, embezzle, rifle; to hide, secrete, suppress, to act and talk privately, plot and work under hand; to deceive, disappoint. κ. καλύπω, abscondo, to hide. β. ἐκλαπρον, α. ἐκλεψα, pf. κέκλεψα, Att. οφα, furatus sum. part. εφ- & οφ-ώς, υῖα, ὅς, furatus. m. κέκλοπα, pass. εμμαι, part. εμμένος, surreptus. β. κλεπτῆς, deceptus.

κνέπω, γνάπω, seu γνάφω, carmino, carpo, carpendo velliendoque expolio ut fullones, pecto, polio—to card, pick, tease, and dress wool, to hatchel flax, to clear and make glossy by teasing, picking, culling, &c. according to the fuller's art, comb, Knap, neatify, polish.

κόλλω, tundo, tundendo excavo, incido, scalpo, sculpo—to strike, beat; to excavate by strokes, beat hollow; to cut, make an incision, pare, carve, engrave.

κόπλω, scindo, seco, findo, cædo, succido, amputo, præcido, vulnero, saucio, percutio, ferio, cudo, tundo, obtundo, pulso, impello, succutio—to *Cut, tear, sever, cleave, split, chop, rend, cut down, fell trees, cut or lop off, prune, pare, slice, wound, gash, hurt, smite, beat, hit, push, strike, forge, stamp, bray, thrash, break, blunt, stun, knock, rap, impel, push on, shake, jog.* α. ἐκοψα, pr. pass. κόπτομαι, scindor; vexor; fatigor, fatisco, laceo; item præcidor significatione obscenâ, *to be cut or torn; to be vexed; to be fatigued, fail, grow feeble.* Dicitur aliquis κόπλισθαι, (pr. inf.) proscindi dictis mordacibus, *a person is said to cut, i. e. have his feelings wounded by mordacious language and sarcastic remarks; it is also used of vitiated grain, &c. especially when grubs or weevils breed therein.* β. inf. κοπῆναι, cædi, cæsus esse, *to be cut or have been beat*, pf. part, κεκοµένος, concisus, *cut up, or to pieces*; pr. m, κόπτομαι, plango, clarâ voce lamentor, et pectoris femorumque percussione animi dolorem testor, *I express my grief by loud lamentation, I beat my breast in anguish and smite upon my thigh.* α. ἐκοψάμην, ω, αἰο, pf. κέκοπα, part. κεκοπώς, ὤα, ὅς, qui pulsavit. *This verb governs an accusative case.*

κρύπλω, abscondo, occulto, tego, abdo—to *hide, abscond, conceal, secrete, keep close, or out of sight, cover, keep back.* α. ἐκρυφα, abscondi, pf. κέκρυφα, Att. ἐκρυφα, β. ἐκρυγον, pass. ἐκρύβην, inf. κρυβῆναι, part. κρυβείς, pf. ind. κέκρυμμαι, ψαι, πλαι, α. ἐκρύφθην; γ. καλύπλω, tego.

40 κύπλω, pronus sum, inclino vel incurvo me ad videndum; demitto oculos; vergo, inclino—to *be prone, bending or lying with the face downward, to stoop, bend, or lean forward for the purpose of seeing; to look down, cast an eye below; to verge, incline.* 2. κυβῶ, (Hence the Latin Cubo, to lie down) α. ἐκυψαι, ας, ε, part. κύψας, ασα, αν, γ. αῖλος, ασης, αῖλος.

Verbs, Chap. I, Cl. I, π, β, φ, πλ; 1. ψω, pf. φα.

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## Λ

λάμπω, luceo, splendo, fulgeo, mico, niteo—to shine, irradiate, glitter, be luminous as a Lamp, bright und resplendent. λαμπείάω, id. α. ἔλαμψα, ας, ε, imp. λάμψον, ἄλω, inf. λάμψαι.

λάπτω, Lambo, lambendo bibo more canum, luporum, et animantium; confertim bibo mero me ingurgito, plenius me proluo poculis; evacuō, exinanio—to lick with the tongue, lap as dogs, wolves, &c. to drink to excess, fill with wine, drench from flowing cups, drain the bowl, empty, evacuate.

λείβω, et λίσσω, Ion. & Æol. ἔβω, Libo, fundo, stillo—to pour out in sacrifice, make Libations, spill, shed, pour out, distil.

λείπω, Linquo, relinquo, desero; desum, deficio, absum—to leave, quit, desert, forsake; to be wanting, fail, be deficient, absent, become an absentee, stand aloof. α. ἔλειψα, 2. λιπῶ, β. ἔλιπον, ες, ε, pf. m. ἔλειπον, pass. ἔλεμαι, ψαι, πλαι.

45 λέπω, decortico, delibro, putamen vel squamam detraho, exuo—to Peel, strip trees of their bark, to shell, unhusk, unscale, unslough, put off, divest.

λήβω, vide λαμβάνω, capio—to take.

λίπω, cupio, desidero, appeto—to covet, desire, long and make for.

## Μ

μάρπτω, capio, præhendo, corripio, assequor, scopum attingo—to take, catch, lay hold of, seize, obtain, reach the mark. β. ἔμαρπον, pf. m. ἔμαρπα, ας, ε. μάρπτειν σθένος, vires assumere, to take courage, renew the strength.

μέλπω, canto, cantu celebro—to sing, chant, celebrate in poetic lays. γ. μέλος, εος, τὸ, carmen, & ἔπω, dico, pf. m. μέμολπα, ας, ε.

50 μέφομαι, queror, conqueror; expostulo, reprehendo, (cum D.) incuso, vitupero; vitio, verto—to complain, be que-

Verbs, Chap. I, Cl. I. π, β, φ, πλ; I. ↓ω, pf. φω.

*rulous, to expostulate, reprehend, reprimand, blame, rebuke, accuse, reproach; vitiate, mar, pervert.* I. m. μέμφομαι, α. ἐμμεψάμην, ω, αἶο, pf. pass. μέμεμμαι, φαι, πῆλαι, α, part. μεμφθεῖς, *blamed.*

## N

νήφω, *sobrius sum; vigilo, sum vigilans atque cautus—to be sober; to watch; be vigilant and cautious, prudent and on one's guard.* α. ἐνηφα, imp. νῆφον, αἶω. q. νῆ, non & πίω, *pro quo πίνω, bibo.*

νίπλω, *lavo, propriè de manibus—to wash, properly, to wash the hands.* I. m. νίφομαι, η, εῖλαι, α. ἐνιφάμην, ω, αἶω, Subj. νίφωμαι, η, ηῖλαι, imper. νίφαί, ασθῶ, inf. νίφασθαι, part. νιφάμενος.

νίφω, *ningo; madefacio—to snow; moisten, wet: pr. pass. νίφομαι, nive conspergor, irrigor, to be exposed to a snow shower, be sprinkled or covered with snow, be made wet, or drenched with snow.*

## O

ὀλόπλω, *vello, decortico—to pluck, pull off, Lop, peel.* q. λέπω, *id.*

55 ὀπλομαι, *video—to see, perceive by the eye, descry.* Æol. ὄσομαι, q. v, I. m. ὄφομαι, α. ὠψάμην, ω, αἶο, subj. ὄφωμαι, pf. ind. ὄπωπ-α, ας, ε, vidi, part. ὤς, ὤα, ὄς, pass. pf. ind. ὤμμαι, ὠψαι, ὠπῆλαι, *visus sum, I have been seen, discovered, found out.* I. ἐφθήσομαι, α. ὠφθην, part. ἐφθεῖς, pf. ὠμμένος, η, ον, *seen, discovered, observed.*

## Π

πέμπω, *mitto, dimitto, emitto, procul amando, demitto, mitto in, impono, deduco, veho, transveho, trajicio—to send, dismiss, send forth out or away, send on a foreign embassy, order abroad, or off to a far country, let down, put in, impose, lead, or carry away, convey, pass over.*



Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 1, π, β, φ, πλ; 1. λω, pf. φα.

α. ἐπέμψα, imp. πέμψον, ἄλω, subj. πέμψω, ἤς, ἦ, inf. πέμψαι, part. πέμψας, ασα, αν, pr. pass. πέμπομαι, mittor, α. ἐπέμφθην, ης, η, 1. πεμφθήσομαι, pf. m. πέπομφα.

πέπλω, Æol. πῆσσω, Att. πέτλω, coquo, concoquo, digero, maturo, pinso—to seeth or boil, cook, concoct, digest, mature, pound, knead. α. ἐπέψα, 1. pass. τεφθήσομαι, α. ἐπέφθην, pf. πέπεμμαι, inf. πεπέφθαι, part. πεπεμμένος, coctus, dressed, cooked.

πίπτω, co. πλώω, & πέλω, cado, procido, ruo, labor—to fall, tumble, bite the ground, be slain, routed, droop, totter, slip. 1. πλώσω, & πέσω, Dor. πεσῶ, a quo fingas thema novum πεσέω, et hinc habeas β. ἐπεσον subj. πέσω, ἤς, ἦ, opt. πέσοιμι, οῖς, οἰ, imp. πέσε, εἰλω, inf. πεσεῖν, cecidisse, πέσων, εσα, ον, G. ονλος, &c. 2. m. πεσῶμαι, cadam, α. act. ἐπεσα, pf. πέπλωκα, ας, ε, part. πεπλωκώς, Sync. πεπλώς, (et πεπλέως) f. ωσα, G. ωλος, ωσης.

πρέπω, decorus sum, conspicuus sum, excello—to be decorous, handsome, graceful, comely, neat, slightly, conspicuous, worthy, commendable, to excel, surpass. Hinc impers. πρέπη, decet, decorum est, convenit, dignum est, 'tis decent and decorous, meet and becoming, graceful and worthy; pr. part. πρέπων, εσα, ον, G. ονλος, &c. decens, &c. comely and graceful, in style and character. ΤΟ ΠΙΠΕΙΟΝ, Quod decet et convenit, congruum, decorum, honestas, What is neat and befitting, elegant and convenient, the graceful and agreeable, decency and decorum, honesty and honor.

## P

60 πείνω, suo, consuo, sarcio, consarcio—to sew, tack together, stitch up, patch, piece, mend; Metaph. struo, machinor, to plot, contrive, devise, machinate. β. ἐρράφον, α. ἐρράψα, pf. ἐρράφα, ας, ε.

πέμω, Def. gyro, in gyrum ago, circumago, circumvolvo; temerè inambulo, spatior, vagor, erro—to turn round, make a circuit, move in a ring or circle, wheel about, cir-



Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 1, π, β, φ, πλ; 1. ↓ω, pf. φα.



*cumvolve, whirl, reel, wind; to pace about, Rove at Random, Ramble giddy Rounds, Romp, expatiate, wander, stray.*

ῥέπω, vergo, præpondero, inclino, propensus sum, pertineo; benevolus sum—to verge, decline, bend, to preponderate, over-balance, out-weigh, incline, have a propensity, tend, or appertain to; to be benevolent, well-disposed or inclined.

ρίπτω, Att. έω, (1. ήσω,) jacio, dejicio, projicio, jacto, præcipito—to cast, fling, hurl, throw down, cast forth or out, fling together, toss, precipitate, tumble headlong. β. ῥρίφον, α. ῥρίφαι, part. ρίψας, ασα, αν, pf. ind. ῥρίφα, poet. ῥέριφα, pass. ῥρίμμαι, ψαι, πλαι, projectus sum, ppf. ῥρίμμην, ψω, πλο, Att. ῥέριμην, β. part. ρίφεις.

## Σ

σέω, veneror, colo, adoro, erubesco, pudet me, observo—to venerate, revere, worship, adore, blush, be modest and shame-faced, dutiful and observant. pr. imp. σέε, cole, worship thou. pr. pass. σέομαι, η, είαι, color, &c. imp. σέε, inf. σέεσθαι, α. σεφθήναι, m. σέλυσθαι. This defective verb is of the same import, both in the active and middle voice: It is seldom used out of the present tense, and generally governs an accusative case.

65 σήπω, putrefacio, putridine vitio—to make putrid, effect the Sap, cause to rot, to corrupt, vitiate by putridity. α. ἔσηψα, pf. σέσηφα, pr. m. σήπομαι, putresco, putrefio; β. pass. ἔσάπην, ης, η, putrefactus sum, pf. m. σέσηπα, Dor. σέσαπα.

σκάπλω, fodio, defodio, cavo, excavo—to dig, delve, mine, Scoop, hollow, excavate, sap, inter. 2. σκαφῶ, β. ἔσκαφον, pf. ἔσκαφα, fodi, α. ἔσκαψα, subj. σκάψω, ης, η.

σκέπτομαι, circumspicio, dispicio; in viso, viso, visito; specular, video, perpendo, delibero, consulto—to look around, view on all sides, take an ample survey; go to see, inspect, visit; Speculate, behold, gaze at or upon, view as a

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 1, π, β, φ, πλ; 1. ψω, pf. φα.

*Sceptic, consider, thoroughly weigh, deliberate, consult.*

1. m. σκέφομαι, pf. ἔσκεπα, pass. ἔσκεμμαι, ψαι, πλαι, part. ἔσκεμμένος, consideratus.

σκέπω, tego, operio, velo; prætexo—to cover, cloak, veil, hide, screen, defend; to form a plea or pretext; σκεπ-άω, & ἄζω, id.

σκήπλω, nitor, innitor; incumbo; cado seu decido in, immitto cum impetu, ruo, immitto—to lean, stay or rest upon, be incumbent: to fall into or upon, cast or throw with impetuosity, to hurl, rush, send, emit.

70 σκολῶπλω, † lacero, avello—to lacerate, tear, pluck from, Scallop.

σκάπλω, cavillor; contumelioso gestu subsanno, dictieriis mordacibus irrideo—to cavil, wrangle, Scoff, taunt, ridicule by reproachful mimicry, sarcastise with a jeer. pf. ἔσκωφα, pass. ἔσκωμμαι, ψαι, πλαι.

στρίβω, στρίβω, & στρίβω, Stipo, calco, constipo—to stuff, cram, tread, press, constipate. pf. m. ἐστρίβω. στρίβω, vestigo, indago; propriè calco.

στρίμω, Def. contumeliâ seu injuriâ afficio, contumelior, injuriosè tracto; assiduè moveo—to reproach, slander, injure, dishonour, calumniate, maltreat; to keep in constant motion, move often.

στρίφω, corono, redimio, orno, cingo, circumdo, circumfundo; impleo, repleo—to crown, ornament with a chaplet, encircle with a wreath or garland, to adorn, bind, gird, environ, encompass, surround, circumlave; to crown a cup or bowl, i. e. fill it to its brim. α. ἐστρίφα, pf. ἐστρίφα, pass. ἐστρίμμαι, ψαι, πλαι.

στρίβω, splendo, luceo, fulgeo, corrusco, rutilo, niteo, illustro—to shine, be refulgent, to glitter, stream, flash, sparkle, rutilate, be neat and wear a polish, to clear, brighten, irradiate, illumine. α. ἐστρίφα, pr. part. στρίβων, nitens, micans, glittering, &c. item Subst. Stilbon, the planet Mercury, so called on account of its scintillations.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 1, π, β, φ, πλ; 1. ψ, pf. φα.

- 75 *τρέφω*, *verto*, *verso*, *flecto*, *torqueo*, *ango*; *voluto*, *cogito*; *revert*, *remeo*, *pedem reflecto*; *versutè ago—to turn, bend, incline, roll, wheel about, twist, writhe, torture*; *to revolve, think, q. d. turn over in the mind; to return, row or measure back, alter one's course; to put to flight, chase away; to deal deceitfully, practise a fraud, impose upon.*  
*α. τρέψα*, imp. *τρέψον*, ἄλω, obverte, 2. *τραφῶ*, β. *τραφον*; pf. m. *ἔτροφα*, ας, ε; pr. *τρέφομαι*, *convert* me, pass. *converter*, 2, *τραφήσομαι*, η, εἶαι, β. *ἐτραφην*, ης, η, subj. *τραφῶ*, part. *τραφεὶς*, *conversus*; α. ind. *ἐτρέφην*, part. *τρέφεις*, εἶσα, ἐν, pf. ind. *ἐτραμμαι*, *conversus sum*, part. *ἐτραμμένος*, η, ον, *tortus*.

*σύφω*, *constringo*, *astringo*; *spisso—to bind, tie, fasten, Stop, be astringent, sharp to the taste; to thicken, Stiffen, condensate, stuff.*

## T

*τέρω*, *delecto*, *oblecto*, *exhilaro*, *mulceo*, *juvo—to delight, allure, please, solace, exhilarate, sooth, charm.* β. *ελαπον.*  
*τρέπω*, *verto*, *convert*, *muto*; *in fugam verso vel convert*; *considero*, *perpendo—to turn, turn again or about, over-set, return, translate, change; to put or betake to flight; to consider, turn over in the mind, thoroughly weigh, deliberate.* β. *ἐτραπον*, α. inf. *τρέψαι*, pf. m. *τέτρωα*, β. pass. *ετραπην*, *in fugam versus sum*, 2. *τραπήσομαι*, α. *ἐτρέφην*, pf. *πέτραμμαι*, part. *πέτραμμένος*, *conversus*.

*τρέφω*, *alo*, *nutrio*, *edueo*; *compingo—to nourish, sustain, educate; form, compact.* *ἐτραφον*, 1. *τρέψω*, α. *ἔτρεψα*, pf. *τέτρεφα*, m. *τέτροφα*, ας, ε, pass. *τέτραμμαι*, ψαι, πται, α. *ἐτραφην*, β. *ἔτραφην*, *educatus sum*, pf. part. *τετρυμένος*, *educatus*.

- 80 *τέρω*, *Tero*, *Frico*, *contero*, *tundo*, *trituro*, *comminuo*; *quotidianis laboribus exerceo—to wear, Rub, chafe, beat, bruise, thrash, tease, Trouble, harass, vex, bring into Tribulation, Tire, minish, spend, wear out, exhaust; to lay*



Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 1, π, β, φ, πλ; 1. ψω, pf. φα.

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out in quotidian toil, follow daily labor. α. ἐπειψα, pass. ἐπειφθην, pf. τέπειμμαι, ψαι, πλαι, m. τέλεισα, ας, ε.

τύπτω, verbero, percutio, pulso, tundo, ferio, cædo—to verberate, percuss, strike, beat, rap, knock, Tup, Butt, lash, whip, strap, scourge. 2. τυπῶ, β. ἐτυπον, pf. m. τέλυπα; pr. pass. τύπτομαι, verberor, cædor, vapulo, to be struck, undergo the lash, be beaten; pf. τέλυμαι, α. ἐλύφθην.

τύφω, fumum excito; accendo, incendo, inflammo, uro—to make or raise a smoke, to light, inkindle, set on fire, inflame, burn. 1. θυψω, α. ἐθυψα, pf. τέθυφα.

Φ

φεύω, freq. φέθομαι, fugio; timeo, metuo—to flee, make off, run away, sturn; to fear, be sore afraid, dread. pf. m. πέφοθα.

φέρω, pasco; alo, nutrio—to feed, depasture; to afford aliment, nourish, sustain; quasi φέρω σίον, to support life.

X

χαλέπτω, damno, afficio, lædo, noceo; everto, labefacto—to endamage, injure, hurt, harm, annoy; to evert, overturn, weaken, labefy. pf. κηχαλε-φα, m. -πα, ας, ε.

85 χρέμπτομαι, † screo, excreo—to hawk, fetch up and spit out.

χρῆμπτώ, appropinquare facio, admoveo, appropinquo, accedo, appello; fuleio me, innitor; ungo, illino—to cause to approach, bring near or to, move towards, draw near, accede, arrive at, make the land, gain the shore or port; to support one's-self, stay or lean upon; to anoint, lubricate, rub.

CLASS II.

Its Characteristic letters are the Palatals or Gutturals κ, γ, χ, and σσ, Att. τλ: 1. ξω. pf. χα.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 2, $\alpha, \gamma, \chi, \sigma\sigma$, Att. $\tau\lambda$; 1. $\xi\omega$, pf. $\chi\alpha$.

$\alpha\gamma\chi\omega$, Strangulo, suffoco, fauces constringo, neco; coerceo, quovis modo coarcto; mœrore afficio—to *Strangle, suffocate, Choak, hang, kill; to coerce, constrain, curb, bind, straiten, compress; to make pensive, affect or fill with sorrow.* 1. $\alpha\gamma\xi\omega$, pf. $\eta\gamma\chi\alpha$; pr. pass. $\alpha\gamma\chiομαι$, Angor, to be Strangled, Hanged, Choaked.

$\alphaγω$, duco, adduco, veho, traho, affero, invehō, Ago, impello, cio, abduco, extraho, appendo, instituo, moderor, guberno, eo, proficiscor, quasi Ago me—to *lead, conduct, convey, draw, bring to, bring in, Act, do, order, induce, impel, provoke, carry away, esteem, attach, append, institute, moderate, guide, manage, govern, go, walk.* 1. $\alpha\xi\omega$, pf. $\eta\chi\alpha$, Att. $\alpha\gamma\eta\chi\alpha$, et per Epenth. $\tau\epsilon\sigma, \alpha\gamma\eta\sigma\chi\alpha$, Bæot. $\alpha\gamma\eta\sigma\chi\alpha$, pr. imp. $\alpha\gamma\epsilon$, duc, sæpe adverbiascit, et idem valet quod adverbium apud Latinos Age; β . indic $\eta\gamma\omicron\nu$, Att. $\eta\gamma\alpha\gamma\omicron\nu$, subj. $\alpha\gamma\acute{\alpha}\gamma\omega, \eta\varsigma, \eta$, imper. $\alpha\gamma\alpha\gamma\epsilon, \epsilon\iota\omega$, inf. $\alpha\gamma\alpha\gamma\epsilon\iota\nu$, part. $\alpha\gamma\alpha\gamma\omicron\nu$. α . $\acute{\omicron}\nu\tau\omicron\varsigma$, pr. pass. $\alpha\gammaομαι$, 1. $\alpha\chi\theta\eta\sigmaομαι, \eta, \epsilon\iota\alpha\iota, \alpha$. $\eta\chi\theta\eta\nu, \eta\varsigma, \eta$, inf. $\alpha\chi\theta\eta\eta\alpha\iota$, part. $\alpha\chi\theta\eta\epsilon\iota\varsigma$, perductus, pf. ind. $\eta\gamma\mu\alpha\iota, \eta\xi\alpha\iota, \eta\chi\lambda\alpha\iota, m. \eta\gamma\alpha$, Att. $\eta\gamma\alpha\gamma\alpha, \beta$. Att. $\eta\gamma\alpha\gamma\acute{\omicron}\mu\eta\nu$, infin. $\alpha\gamma\alpha\gamma\acute{\epsilon}\sigma\theta\alpha\iota. \alpha\gamma\eta\nu \epsilon\pi' \alpha\gamma\kappa\upsilon\rho\omega\nu$, In Anchoris stare, to ride at Anchor. Hence, *Hag, Hack, Hackney, &c.*

$\alphaγω$, Frango, rumpo—to *Break: But αγγυμι, is much more used; q. v.*

$\alpha\theta\acute{\epsilon}\lambda\gamma\omega$, † Mulgeo, sugo—to *milk, suck, draw the teat or dug: q. à θηλή. & αγω.*

5 $\alpha\tau\acute{\epsilon}\sigma\omega$, ruo, cum impetu feror, prosilio, irruo, ingruo, erumpo, festino, vago, impellor—to *rush, be carried with impetuosity, leap forth, rush upon, make a charge or violent onset, to sally out, hasten, hurry, rove, wander, be impelled or driven.* α . part. $\alpha\tau\acute{\epsilon}\xi\alpha\varsigma, \alpha$. pass. ind. $\eta\chi\theta\eta\nu$.

$\alpha\lambda\acute{\epsilon}\gamma\omega$, curo, rationem habeo alicujus—to *take care of, attend to, take or audit an account, make a reckoning.* $q.$ $\lambda\acute{\epsilon}\gamma\omega$.

$\alpha\lambda\lambda\acute{\alpha}\sigma\sigma\omega$; freq. Att. $\tau\lambda\omega$, muto, immuto, commuto—to *change, commute, swap, buy and sell.* $q.$ $\alpha\lambda\lambda\omicron\varsigma, \& \alpha\gamma\omega. \alpha.$ $\eta\lambda\lambda\alpha\xi\alpha$,

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ; 1. ξω, pf. χα.

inf. ἀλλάξαι, β. ind. ἡλλαγον, pass. ἡλλάγην, ης, η, 2. ἀλλαγήσομαι, pf. m. ἡλλαγα, pass. ἡλλαγμαί, ξαι, κται, α. ἡλάχθην, 1. ἀλλαχθήσομαι.

ἑμαρῦσσω, splendo, fulgeo—to shine, glitter.

ἀμέλγω, Mulgeo; fructus immaturos carpo vel decerpo, ut fur—to Milk, draw out; to pluck unripe fruit, take them as by stealth.

10 ἀμέρω, exsugo, premo, proprie ex oleis amurcam exprimo—to suck or draw out, press, extract the oil from the lees, wring out the dregs.

ἀμύ-σσω-τιω, unguibus rado, lacero, lancino, sacrifico; vellico, discerpo; animum exulcero, mentem alicujus saucio—to scratch, tear, draw blood, lacerate, cut, lance, scarify; to vellicate, pluck; to exasperate, gall, wound the mind, hurt the feelings. α. inf. m. ἀμύξασθαι.

ἀνώγω, jubeo, hortor, suadeo, instigo—to command, exhort, encourage, persuade, instigate. α. ἠνωξα, ας, ε, im. & β. ἠνωγον, Ion. ἀνωγον, pf. m. ἠνωγα, Ion. ἀνωγα, ας, ε, jussi.

ἀρῶσσω, τιω, abscindo, amputo, proprie sero; pulso, illido; Metaph. convitiis, impeto—to cut off, amputate, saw asunder; to beat, strike, dash against; Metaph. to insult, reproach, harass with invectives. q. Ἀρης, Mars. α. ἠραξα, ηραξα.

ἀρῆγω, auxiliior, opem in bello fero, opitulor, arceo—to help, assist, be an ally in war, auxiliary in battle, to aid, defend, ward off. q. Ἀρης, Mars, & ἄγω, adduco.

15 ἀρριχασθαι, † manibus pedibusque scandere, vel sursum tendere—to climb upon one's hands and feet, clamber, make upwards.

ἄτλω, prosilio, subsilio, subsulto, salio—to leap forth, make a spring, sally out, skip, hop, caper, bound, leap. q. ἄτσω, ruo.

B

βλίσσω, exprimendo aufero, ut mel è fovis, vel ex uberibus lac—to squeeze or press out, as honey from the comb, or milk from the dug. 1. βλίσσω, pf. βέβλικα.

βράσσω, fervio, bullio ; vide βράζω.

βράχω, sono, sonitum seu crepitum edo—to sound, make a din, creak.

- 20 βρέχω, madefacio, humecto, rigo, irrigo, pluo, bibo ; macero, tingo—to moisten, wet, water, irrigate, broach, rain, swell a brook ; to drink, suck in ; to drench, steep to softness, tinge. α. ἔβρεξα, rigavi, β. ἔβραχον, pf. m. βέβραχα, pr. pass. βρέχομαι, irrigo, compluor, part. βρεχομένος, qui imbre perfunditur. 2. βραχήσομαι, β. ἔβραχην, part. βραχείς, perfusus, pf. ind. βέβρεγμαi, ξαι, κλαι, α. ἔβρεχθην, ης, η.

βρύκω, mordeo, rodo ; deglutio—to bite, gnaw ; to gorge, swallow down.

βρύχω, frendeo, strideo ; fremo, mugio—to grind or gnash the teeth, grate, creak : to roar as a lion, lynx, tiger, &c. to howl, bellow, bray. pf. pass. βέβρεγμαi, ξαι, κλαι.

Γ

γίχομαι, cupio, affecto, Glisco, appeto, festino—to desire, affect, long and make for, hasten to, speed, run. 1. γίξ-

Δ

δάδύσσω, † lacero—to tear, lacerate.

- 25 δείκω, vide δέικνυμι, ostendo—to shew.

δεῖκω, video, aspicio—to see, view, look upon. 2. δαρκῶ, per Metath. δρακῶ, β. ἔδρακον, ἔδρακον, 2. inf. δρακείν, pf. m. ind. δέδρακα, Metath. δέδρακα, pass. δέδεγμαi, β. ἔδρακην, α. ἔδρεκθην, part. δερχθεῖς ; δέρομαι, poet. video, im. Ion. δερέσκομην, υ, ελο.

δέχ- Ion. δέκ-ομαι, ac-ex-re-sus-cipio, admitto, non recuso ; approbo, expecto, sustineo ; intelligo apud Grammaticos—to take, accept, receive, undertake, admit, make no

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ ; 1. ξω, pf. χω,

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*refusal, form no objection, approve, wait or look for, sustain ; to understand.* inf. δέχων, *to be willing*, 1. δέχομαι, α. pass. ἐδέχθην, ης, η, *acceptus sum*, pf. δέδεγμαι, ξαι, κται, *accepi*, 3<sup>a</sup> pl. δέδεγμένοι εἰσι, Ion. δέδεχαίαι, & sine aug. δέχαίαι, *accepērunt*, inf. δέχθαι, *suscepisse*, ppf. ind. ἰδέδεγμην, ξω, κτο, *pro quo dēκτο, exciperat*, pf. m. δέδοκα, ας, ε, α. ἐδέξαμην, ω, ατο, imp. δέξαι, inf. δέξασθαι, part. δεξάμενος, pr. inf. δέχεσθαι, *to take in good or bad part.* & δίχομυ, *nolo, to be unwilling, refuse.*

δήκω, vide δάκνω, *mordeo, pugno—to bite, goad.*

δίδακω, vide διδάσκω, *doceo—to teach.*

30 δίκω, *jacio, dejicio—to cast, hurl, fling, cast or throw down :*  
Poet. pro βάλλω.

δίωκω, *persequor, cursu insequor fugientem, sector, consector, fugo, persequendo expello, abigo, in exilium mitto ; persequor judicio, accuso, reum ago ; percutio, ferio, assequi conor, expeto, affecto—to pursue, trace, dog, follow, put to flight, chase, drive off or away, expulse, banish, send into exile ; to sue at law, prosecute, impeach, accuse, bring to trial, scan a discourse or sentence, to describe : to aim at the acquisition of, strive after, affect.* α. ἰδίωξα, ας, ε, imp. δίωξον, pr. pass. διώκομαι, *persecutione premor, persecutionem patior*, pf. διδιώγμαι, ξαι, κται, α. ἰδιώχθην, ης, η, 1. διωχθήσομαι : Obs. δίωκω, *de personā dictum denotat nocendi cupiditatem ; sed de re dictum significat singularè studium ejus obtinendæ.*

δόκω, vide δοκέω, *video, judico.*

δράσσω, Att. δράττω, *præhendo, apprehendo, manu corripio, arripio—to take, lay hold of, apprehend, fasten upon, grasp, seize, drag : pr. m. δράσσομαι, carpo, 1. δράζομαι, carpam, α. ἰδραξάμην, ω, ατο, imp. δράξαι, pf. pass. δέδραγμαι.*

# E

εἶκω, *similis sum ; cedo, non repugno, non resisto, morem gero, indulgeo—to be like, bear a semblance, tally ; to*



Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ; 1. ξω, pf. χα.

grant, concede, be compliant, confirm, be non-resistant and forbearing, morigerous and indulgent. α. ἔξα, cessi, part. ἔξας, cedens, pf. m. οἶκα, A. εἰκα, ας, ε.

35 εἰργω, includo, includo carcere, in carcerem conjicio—to shut up, inclose, immure, confine, cast into prison. pf. εἰρχα, α. ἔξξα, pass. εἰρχθην, pf. εἰργμαι, ξαι, κλαι, vinctus sum, I have been bound; 3<sup>d</sup>. pl. Ion. εἰρχαλαι, pro εἰργμένοι εἰσι, & ppf. Ion. εἰρχαλο, pro εἰργμένοι ἦσαν. Gaudent enim Iones tertiam personam pl. pf. & ppf. a tertia sing. formare ante ται vel το α breve inserentes: For the Ionians have a pleasure in forming the third person plural of the perfect and pluperfect tenses from the third person singular, inserting α short before ται of the former, and το of the latter tense.

εἰργω, ardeo, prohibeo, veto, excludo—to keep or ward off, hinder, prohibit, forbid, debar, exclude; pf. εἰργα, ἐργα, & εὐργα.

ἐλέγκω, arguo, argumentis vel exemplis demonstro, disputando vinco, probō, convinco; refello, refuto, redarguo, reprehendo; reprimo, coerceo, aspernor, suscito, percontor—to charge home, demonstrate by arguments and examples drawn from many quarters, make full proof, convince, overcome by argument, prove to conviction; to repel, refute, confute, retort, rebuke, reprehend; to repress, constrain; to asperse, despise; to enquire, demand of, pump, question. pf. ἠλεγχα, 1. ἐλέγξω, α. ἠλεγξα, argui, imp. ἐλεγξον, αἴω, ind. pass. ἠλέχθην, pf. ἠλεγμαι, γξαι, κλαι.

ἐλκω, traho, attraho manu, naribus, pondere, &c. sugo; Metaph. vivo cum aliquo—to draw, pull, bring to, attract, draw with the hand, with the nostrils, to smell, to draw as doth the heavier scale of a balance, to preponderate or outweigh, &c. to suck: By a Metaphor, to live or associate with a person, q. d. to cleave to or be attracted by some one. im. εἴλω, augetur; post: recipiendo, 1. ἐλξω, pf. εἴλχα.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ ; 1. ξω, pf. χα.

ἐνέγκω. ἐνείκω, ἐνέχω, vide φέρω, fero, porto—to bear, carry.

- 40 ἐπείγω, urgeo, impello, insto, incumbo—to urge, drive, push on, impel, persist, be instant ; med. festino, propero, maturo, to make haste, be quick and speedy, to mature : pf. act. ἤπαχα, αἱ, εἰ : q. ἐπὶ & ἄγω Ago ; q. d. to work or act upon.

ἐρείκω, & ἐρίκω, frango, scindo, confringo, contundo—to break, shiver, rend, dash to pieces, wreck, pound, bruise.

ἐρείκομαι, frangor, &c. to be broken, shattered, wrecked, &c.

ἐρέσσω, vel ἔρω, remigio ; impello—to row, ply the oar, impel.

ἐρέύγω, Ructo, eructo ; emitto, evolvo—to belch, rift, eruct, throw up ; to emit, send forth, roll out. 2. ἐρυγῶ, β. ἤρυγον, pf. pass. ἤρυγμαι, ξαι, κλαι, pr. m. ἐρεύγομαι, eructo ; per Metaph. desumptam a fontis scaturigine, eloquor, edisero, palam proloquor, to eructate ; by a Metaphor, taken from the spring or rising waters of a fountain, to speak out, declare, publish, proclaim, sound abroad ; the same as ἀποφθείγομαι : ἐρεύγεσθαι φωνήν, ructare, h. e. emittere vocem, to speak. Fluvii quoque dicuntur ἐρεύγεσθαι, i. e. undas suas in mare devolvere, quasi eructando et evomendo, rivers are also said to eructate, i. e. to roll their collected floods into the receptive bosom of the ocean, by a kind of eructation and evomition. 1. ἐρεύξομαι, eructabo ; rugiam. vide Amos, 3. v. 4. By this Verb are denoted a copiousness and perpetuity like that of a perennial fountain or living spring.

ἐρύκω, inhibeo, impedio, contineo, detineo ; arceo, depello—to hold in, impede, hinder, stop, detain ; ward off, repel, drive out or away. pr. inf. ἐρύκην, Ion. ἐρυκέμεν, continere.

- 45 ἐρχομαι, ἐλεύθω, venio, eo, aggredior, incipio—to come, go, arrive, enter upon, attempt, make a beginning. im. ἤρχομαι, ε, εἶο, imp. ἔρχε, Ion. ἐρχεο, accede, β. ind. ἤλυθον, Sync. ἤλθον, ες, ε, opt. ἐλθοιμι, subj. ἐλθω, ης, η, imp. ἐλθε, εἶο, inf. ἐλθεῖν, part. ἐλθὼν, ἔσας, ὄν, pf. ind. ἤλυκα, m. ἤλυθα. Att. ἐλήλυθα, & εἰλήλυθα, ppf. ἤληλυθαι, inf. ἐληλυθέναι, part. ἐληλυθώς, & εἰληλυθώς, ὤα, ὀς, 1. ind. ἐλεύσομαι, η, εἶαι.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 2, α, γ, χ, σσ; 1. ξω, pf. χα.

εὐχομαι, glorior, jacto me, profiteor, dico; precor, opto, voveo—to *boast, brag, profess, declare, talk, tell; to pray, wish, vow.* εὐ Att. ἠν-χόμεν, υ, εἶο, pf. pass. εὐγμαι, ξαι, κλαι, 1. m. εὐξομαι, α. εὐξάμην, ω, αἶο, opt. εὐξάιμην, αἰο, αἶο.  
ἔχω, co. σχῶ, habeo, possideo, teneo, obtineo, impetro; sustento, sustineo, resisto, obsisto, cohibeo, reprimo, cingo, circumdo, tendo, appello, pertingo, attineo, gesto, scio, habito, incolo, æstimo, reputo, possum, ago, administro, guberno, affectus sum—to *have, possess, hold, obtain, get; to sustain, support, resist, oppose, stop, to keep or hold in, repress, environ, surround, tend to, make for, arrive at, touch upon, appertain, bear, wield, to know, be skilful, to inhabit, dwell, esteem, value, to be potent, able, to do, act, manage, administer, govern, to be affected.* m. ἔχομαι, prehendo, adhæreo, conjunctus sum alicui, capesso, aggredior, desisto, abstineo, to *lay hold of, adhere, cleave or be joined to, take in hand, attempt, enter upon, to desist, be forbearant, abstain.* im. act. ἔχον, (recipiens loco augmenti) & sine aug. ἔχον, pr. contr. & 2. σχῶ, β. ἔσχον, ες, ε, subj. σχῶ, ῆς, ῆ, imp. σχῆ, per Pleonas. σχῆς, 1. ἔξω, & σχήσω, habebo, pf. ἔσχῃα, ας, η, habui, impetravi, pass. ἐσχημαι, σαι, ται, α. ἐσχέθην, habitus sum, m. 1. ἔξομαι, β. ἐσχόμην, habui, imper. σχῆ.

## Z

ζεύγω, vide ζεύγνυμι, jungo, copulo—to *join.*

## H

ἤκω, venio, accedo, pervenio, adsum; attineo, pertineo—to *come, approach, draw near, arrive, be present; appertain, belong, extend to, concern.* im. & β. ἤκον, 1. ἤξω, α. ἤξα, subj. ἤξω, ῆς, η, pf. ind. ἤκα, ας, ε. Obs. The present tense of this verb is not unfrequently used for the preterperfect; e. g. ἀπὸ μακρόθεν ἤκασι, procul venerunt, they came from far.

50 ἤρῳ, + mugio, rugio—to *bellow, roar.*



Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ ; 1. ξω, pf. χα,

## Θ

θάλω, mulceo, demulceo, delinio, decipio, seduco—to stroke, gently rub, softly pat, sooth, appease, charm, allure, beguile, deceive, seduce, lead astray: Quasi εἰς τὸ θάλλειν ἄγω, impello quocunque velim.

θνήω, accuo; incito, excito, instigo, inflammo—to whet, sharpen, give an edge; to incite, rouse, instigate, inflame, fire. α. ἐθνήξα, inf. θνήξαι.

θίγω, tango, attingo, contrecto—to touch, feel, reach, handle. θιγάν-ω, & -ομαι, idem. pr. inf. θίγειν, Ion. θιγέμεν, Dor. θιγεμέναι, part. θίγων, εσσα, Dor. ωσα, ον, tangens, β. ind. ἔθιγον, imp. θίγε, Dor. θίγον, tange, 1. ind. θίξω, α. ἐθίξα, pf. τέθιχα. Hence the word thing, q. d. what is tangible, what is perceptible, a reality.

θύσσω, clamo, vociferor, latro; cano, prædico; impetu belluino feror, seu feræ in modum invado—to cry aloud, shout, bawl, vociferate, bark; to sing, proclaim; to be transported with belluine rage, make a ferocious onset. q. θύσσω, quatio. q. θύω, macto, sacrifico, &c. κυσὶ θυῖται, clamore incitare et inhortari canes, to call to the chase, wind the huntsman's horn.

## I

ἰάχω, vociferor, clamo—to vociferate, bawl, be noisy, give a shout. q. ἰα, vox, & χέω, fundo.

ἴκω, Poet. ἰκάνω, venio; assequor—to come; gain, overtake. im. & β. ἴκον, Bæot. ἴζον, α. ἴξα, ες, ε: Hinc ἰκομαι, venio, pro quo ἰανέομαι, q. ν.

## K

κινάσσω, † moveo—to move, stir.

κέεχω, exaspero—to sharpen, make rough, exasperate, vex; κέεχων, id. pr. pass. κέεχομαι, to be sharpened, &c. m. to



Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ; 1. ξω, pf. χα.

*emit a hoarse and hollow sound like the rattling in the throat of a dying man.* κερχάω, raucum creperumque sono.

κηρύσσομαι, † evanesco—to vanish, disappear.

60 κλάζω, vide κλάζω, clamo, clango—to shout, clang.

κρέκω, Metath. κίεκω, pectine seu radio pulso; pulso, insono, resono; strepitum edo, stridulum, molestum, et odio-  
sum sonum edo—to strike with a musical stick or quill; to  
beat, play upon, resound, ring; to make a confused noise,  
creak, scream, raise a stridulous harsh and grating sound,  
make a creaking and discordant din. κρέκων ἱστόν, texere  
telum, to rattle the loom, weave a web of cloth. Hence,  
a creek, so called from the turbulency and obstreperousness  
of its waters.

A

λαφύσσω, τρω, avidè deglutio, helluor, lurcor, deyoro, obli-  
gurio, per luxum consumo, evacuo—to swallow greedily,  
gormandize, guttle, devour, riot, consume or spend in lux-  
ury, to evacuate, empty.

λέγω, dico, aio, loquor, memoro, dissero; numero, percen-  
seo; lego, delego, colligo; m. cubo, jacio, dormio—to  
say, speak, talk, discourse, tell, relate, rehearse, declare;  
number, count, reckon up; to gather, cull, collect, bring  
to a head; neut. to lie down, go to bed, stretch one's-self,  
sleep. im. & β. ἔλεγον, 1. λέξω, dicam, for which ἐρῶ, the  
future of εἶρω, is used; α. ἐλεξα, pro quo εἶπα vel εἶπον, ab  
ἐπω, dico, quod inusitatum est in pr. pf. λέλεχα non legitur,  
sed pro eo λέλαληκα, quasi a λαλέω, loquor; pf. pass.

λέλεγμαι, ξαι, λται, m. λέλογα, ιας, ε.

λείχω, α. ἐλειξα, lambo, lingo—to lick.

65 λεί-σσω, 1. σω, pf. κx, video, aspicio—to see, behold, look  
upon; poet. pro βλέπω, video.

λήγω, cesso, desino, quiesco; finem facio; cessare seu de-  
sinere facio—to cease, desist, lag, give out, rest, become  
quiescent; to finish, make an end; to cause a cessation or  
desistance. pr. inf. λήγην, Dor. ληγμηναι, desinere.

Verbs, Chap. 1. Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ; 1. ξω, pf. χα.

λήγω, vide λαγχάνω, sortior, to cast lots.

λείγω, strideo, strido, stridorem edo—to creak, grate, give a shriller stridulous sound, to ring.

λίσσομαι, supplico, supplex oro, precor, imploro—to supplicate, petition on bended knee, to pray, implore. 3<sup>d</sup>. sing. im. ελίτσειο, Ion. λισσέσκεϊο, precabar; 1. m. λίσσομαι, precabor, part. λισσόμενος, α. imper. λίσαι, precatus sis, precare, item inf. precari, pr. f. λίσσεσθαι, id. Dicitur etiam λίλομαι.

70 λόγω, vide λαγχάνω, sortes duco—to draw lots.

## M

μαλάσσω, τλω, mollio, emollio—to soften, mollify. pf. pass. μέμαλαγμαι.

μαρῶσσω, † luceo; perstrepo—to shine; sound.

μάσσω, τλω, pinso, subigo; abstergo; tango—to bruise, knead, mash, beat, pound; wipe off; touch. 1. σω, & ξα, α. ἔμαξα, pf. part. pass. μεμαγμένος, subactus, kneaded.

μάχομαι, co. μαχέομαι, pugno, prælior, bellum gero; jurgo, rixor, litigo, disputo—to fight, combat, skirmish, wage war; objurgate, scold, quarrel, litigate, wrangle, dispute. im. m. εμαχόμην, Ion. μαχόμην, 2. μαχῶμαι, 1. μαχεσομαι, & μαχήσομαι, α. ἔμαχ-εσάμην, & πσάμην, ω, αἰο pf. pass. μεμάχημαι,σαι,ται.

75 μηλίσσω, verbis factove demulceo seu delinio, mihi consilio, mollitum reddo, placo, gratificor—to appease by words or deeds, lenify, allay, calm, conciliate, reconcile, make soft, gentle or pliant, pacify, please, gratify, oblige. q. μαλάσσω, mollio; vel à μελι, mel. pr. imp. μηλίσσε, Ion. μηλίσσειο, inf. μηλίσσεμεν, pro μηλίσσην.

μηρύκ-ω, -ομαι, ἰζω, ᾠζω, ᾠομαι, -ῶμαι, rumino, cibum ante mansum remando—to ruminate, chew the cud: R. μηρύω, revolve, glomero; quod ruminare est revolvere cibum.

μίγω, & μίσγω, misceo—to mix, mingle, vide μίγνυμι, id.

μορῶσσω, inquino, fædo, contaminino—to defile, befoul, mar by admixture, contaminate.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ, Att. τ; 1. ξω, pf. χα

μύσσω, mungo, mucum nasi extrahō, emungo—to *blow the nose, extract its mucus, to snuff a candle.* 2. μυγῶ, β. ἔμυγον.

## N

80 νάσσω, Att. νάττω, 1. νάσω, & νάξω, æquo et complano; premo, farcio—to *level, make smooth and even; to press, stuff, cram.* q. νᾶω, fluo.

νύσσω, vel νύττω, pungo, fodico, punctim vulnero vel cædo, pello, impello, pulso—to *prick, pierce, make a puncture, wound with a point or prick, goad, spur, stimulate, drive; push, impel, beat, knock.* α. ἐνύξαί, αἰς, εἰ, pf. pass. νένυγμαί, ξαι, κται, β. ἐνύγην, part. νυγίς, εἶσα, ἐν, percussus, ictus, punctus, struck, goaded.

## O

ὀδύσσω, irascor, succenseo, indignor—to *be angry, indignant.*

1. ὀδύσω, α. m. ὀδύσαμην, & ὀδύσσαμην, ω, αἰο. This aorist seems to be the only tense in use, and that but in the third persons. Μίγας ὀδύσατο Ζεύς, Il. Great Jove was indignant; the first of gods was angry. ὀδύσσατο, irati sunt. In order to form the above first aorist, some suppose ὀδύζομαι, 1. ὀδύσομαι, irascor.

οἶω, aperio, patefacio—to *open, make patent.* οἶν-υμι, & ὦω, id. 1. οἶξω, α. ὤξα, Att. ἐῶξα, pf. ὤχα, & ἔωχα, m. ἔωγα, pro ὤγα, pass. ὤγμαι, & ἔωγμαι, ξαι, κται, α. ὤχθην, & Att. ἐωχθην, ης, η, 2. οἶρήσομαι, aperiar.

οἶχομαι, co. εἶχομαι, abeo, discedo, proficiscor, decedo—to *go away, make off, depart, withdraw, secede, retire, decay.*

1. οἶχήσομαι, abibo, α. pass. ὤχθην, pf. ὤχημαι, σαι, ται.

85 ὀμέγω, vide ὀμέγνυμι, tergo—to *wipe.*

ὀρέγ-ω, vel νυμι, porrigo, extendo; præbeo, tensâ manu præbeo, do—to *stretch out, reach, extend; to afford, hand, present, give.* 1. ὀρέξω, α. ὤρεξα, pf. ὤρεχα, m. ὤρογα, pass.



Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ ; 1. ξω, pf. χα.

ῥέγωμαι, ξαι, κλαι, α. ῥέχθην, pr. m. ῥέγομαι, appeto, to desire, long for, 1. ῥέξομαι, α. ῥεξάμην, ω, αλο, appetivi, I have desired and made for.

ῥύσσω, τλω, fodio, defodio, circumfodio—to dig, delve, root, draw a dike, surround with a ditch, form an intrenchment. β. ῥρυγον, ες, ε, α. ῥρυξα, ας, ε, pf. ῥρυχα, Att. ῥῶρυχα, ας, ε, m. ῥρυγα, Att. ῥῶρυγα, ας, ε, fodi, pass. ῥρυγμαι, Att. ῥῶρυγμαι, ξαι, κλαι.

## Π

πάσσω, vel πατλω, inspergo, conspergo, spargo, superinjicio ; variego, variè distinguo—to besprinkle, bedew, dash, spatter, syringe, strew, sprinkle, cast upon ; to variegate, checker, intersperse with divers colors, distinguish by varied marks. 1. πάσω, α. ἑπασα, sparsi, pf. πέπακα.

πάσχω, co. παθίω, patior, afficior—to suffer, be acted upon, bear, be circumstanced. 2. παθῶ ; resolutione παδέω, 1. παθήσω, pf. πέπαθηκα, β. ἑπαθοι, Ion. πάθοι, passus sum, inf. παθεῖν, Ion. παδέην, part. παθὼν, ἔσα, ὄν, passus, 1. m. πείσομαι, pro πήσομαι, pf. πέπονθα, quasi a πονέω, per Epenth. τῇ θ, pro πέπονθα, part. πεπονθὼς, υῖα, ὄς, G. οἷος.

90 πάλλασσω, cum strepitu vel vehementer palpito, percutio, ferio, pulso—to palpitate audibly or beat vehemently, pant, throb ; percuss, strike, push, hit. α. ἐπάλλαξα, pf. πεπάλλαχα.

πείκω, seu πίκω, pecto, carmino, carpo, tendeo—to comb the hair, dress wool or flax, to pick, tease, card, clip, sheer : πεκίω, idem, 1. ξω, pf. πέπεχα, m. πέποκα, α. pass. ἐπέχθην, ης, η, tonsus sum.

πήγω, & πήσσω, vide πήγνυμι, pango—to fasten, peg.

πλάγγω, vide πλάζω, errare facio—to cause to err.

πλάσσω, τλω, fingo, i. e. figuli more formo, illino, fingo, confingo, comminiscor, simulo—to form, mould, use a plastic hand, fashion with a potter's skill, to plat, daub, plaster, to feign, pretend, devise, dissemble, counterfeit.



Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ ; 1. ξω, pf. χα.

β. ἑπλάδον, 1. πλάσω, α. ἐπλάσα, Dor. ἐπλάξα, ας, ε, pf. πέπλακα, pass. πέπλασμαι.

πλέκω,necto, connecto, plecto, plico, texo, contexo ; Metaph. struo, machinor—to tack, join, link, tie, connect, to twist, perplex, (R. per) plait, knit, braid, weave, splice ; Metaph. to plot, devise, machinate. β. ἑπλάκον, pass. ἐπλάκην, α. ἐπλέχθην, pf. πέπλεγμαι, ξαι, κλαί, part. πεπλεγμένος, η, ον, plexus ; pf. ind. m. πέπλοκα.

95 πλήσσω, τρω, ferio, ico, percutio, frango ; percello, terreo—to strike, beat, percuss, break ; stun, affright. α. ἐπληξα, ας, ε, β. ἐπληγον, quod ad ictum corporis pertinet, et ἐπλάγον quod ad consternationem animi, the former alludes to a corporal stroke, the latter to mental consternation. β. inf. pass. τλαγῆναι, part. πταγείς, pf. m. πέπληγα, pass. πέπληγμαι, ξαι. κλαι, α. ἐπλήχθην, 1. πληχθήσομαι.

πλίσσω-ω, vel ομαι, totatim incedo, gressum glomero, gradior—to amble, pace, wheel, walk, march ; tanquam terram πλήσσω pedibus ; q. d. to beat the ground, make the feet tell.

πνίγω, suffoco, strangulo, ango, neco—to suffocate, choke, strangle, kill. α. ἐπνιξα, im. & β. ἐπνιγον, im. pass. ἐπνιγόμεν, η, εἰο, β. ἐπνίγην, ης, η, 2. πνιγήσομαι, pf. πέπναγμαι, ξαι, κλαι, πνίγος. εος, τὸ, & πνίγμός, η, ὅ, suffocatio.

πράσσω, τρω, ago, facio, actito, gero, administro, tracto, exigo ; vivo, ætatem ago—to do, act, perform, practise, exercise, do business, follow some practical vocation, manage, achieve, execute, administer, handle, treat, exact, require, press, constrain ; to live, be capable of action, to pass one's time. α. ἐπράξα, pf. pass. πέπραγμαι, ξαι, κλαι. πρᾶτλαν κλέος, gloriam sibi parare, to get renowned.

πίσσω, τρω, piso, pinso, tundo, decortico—to pound, bray, beat, shell corn, peel, bark a tree. 1. πίτω.

100 πύσσω, plico, complico, in rugas & sinus contracto—to tuck, knit together, fold, complicate, to wrinkle, crimple. α. ἐπύξα, part. pass. πύχθεις, plicatus, tucked, folded.

Verbs, Chap. I, Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ ; 1. ξω, pf. χξ.

## P

πέσσω, allido, dejicio, vi et impetu valido decido—to dash against, break, cast or throw down, raze, fall with a violent shock. quasi ab ἀΐάσσω, to rend, per Aphaer. τῷ α. α. ἐρραχθην, part. ραχθεῖς. καλαβιάσσω, τρω, frango, rumpo, impetuose deturbo, erumpo, cum impetu decido, defluo: R. καλὰ, καλαβράκης, cataracta, locus abruptus et præceps in flumine, unde aqua præceps ruit; vectis, obex; porta; avis quædam, a cataract, a rapid, &c.

πέγκω, et πέγχω, sterto, ronchisso—to snore, snort.

ρήγω, Dor. ῥάγω, pro quo ῥήγν-υμι, s. ὑω, fere idem quod

ρήσσω, Frango, rumpo, erumpo; vehementer ferio, allido; tingo—to break, rend, shiver, burst; to strike with violence, dash against; to tinge. β. ῥήραγον, I have torn to rags, broke into fragments. 1. ῥήξω, α. ῥήρηξα, fregi, allisi, pf. ῥήρηξα, pass. ῥήρηγμαι, dilaceratus fui, β. ῥήραγνυ, part. ῥαγείς, ἐνλος, ruptus; broken, rent, ragged, pf. m. ῥήρηγα. Att. ῥήρωγα, ας, ε.

105 ῥώκω, † dentibus fremo—to grind the teeth.

## Σ

σαλαγεν, † stuprare—to debauch.

σαλάσσω, † concutio—to shake together, fill over.

σάπτω, onero, onus impono: refercio, constipo, impleo, subigo—to load, Saddle, burden, freight; to sack, cram, Prov. to satchel, to bale, constipate, fill, press down. 1. σάξω, pf. σίσαιχα, pass. σίσαιγμαι, instratus sum.

σμήχω, attero, absumo, consumo, corrumpo; exuro, incendio vasto, inflammo—to wear out, impair, diminish, consume, corrupt: to burn, desolate by fire, wrap in smoke and flame. 2. ἱσμυγον, α. inf. σμύζαι, incendere, β. pass. part. σμυγείς, exustus, burnt up.

110 σμύχω, mando, manduco, convitior, pereutio—to eat, devour; to revile, mock, smoke, i. e. ridicule, taunt, sneer; to strike, smack, percuss.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, στ ; 1. ξω, pf. χα.

σπέρσσω, lacerō, dilacerō, laniō, dilanio, discerpo, carpo, vellico—to rend, tear, lacerate, dismember, mangle, pull in pieces, pluck, vellicate. qs. α σπῶω, traho, & ἀράσσω, seco. α. ἑσπαράξα, part. σπαράξας, ασα, αν, pf. pass. ἑσπαράγμαι, ξαι, κλαι.

σπέρχω, urgeo, premo, propello & festinare cogo ; festino, propero—to urge, drive, press, push forward, propel and hasten as by forced marches ; to make speed, hasten ; σπέρχομαι, pr. m. festino ; irascor, succenseo ; to make haste ; to be angry ; pass. urgeor, propellor, fugor, progredi festinanter cogor, ira concitor, succenseo, to be urged, propelled, put to flight, pressed by the foe, forced to go hastily forward, or make a quick and forward movement, to be roused to wrath, be angry with. α. ἑσπέρχθην, part. σπέρχθεις, ἑστα, ἐν, celer, festinus, &c. swift, quick, hasty, vehement, urgent.

τέγω, Tego, operio, occulto ; tueor, protego ; contineo, elabi non sino ; tolero, sustineo, suffero, patior ; retineo, impedio, propulso—to cover, hide, secrete ; to defend, guard, protect ; to hold, contain, admit of no escape or sliding away ; to bear, sustain, support, suffer, endure ; to retain, hinder, impede, keep off. pf. m. ἑσταγα. τέγη, tectum, ædificium, contignatio.

τείχω, ordine eo vel incedo, eo, vado—to walk with steady step, move in rank and order, go, march. α. ἑσταξα, β. ἑστηχον, pf. m. ἑστηχα, -ηχα, & -οιχα.

- 115 τέγω, naturali quâdam charitate complector, qualis est amor parentum erga liberos et vicissim, naturæ instinctu diligo ; amo, diligo, deamo, acquiesco, contentus sum ; oro, opto, desidero—to enfold in the bands of natural charity, embrace with parental, filial and fraternal affection, love by nature's instinctive law ; to love, cherish, delight in, be pleased and satisfied with ; to ask, demand, wish, long for, desire. α. ἑτεξα, pf. ἑτηξα, pass. ἑτεγμαι ξαι, κλαι, m. ἑτοργα, ας, ε, q. τέγω, ut sit protego naturali propensione.



Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ; 1. ξω, pf. χα.

συγῶ, odio, prosequor—to hate, vide συγέω, id.

συρίσσω, τῶ, sibilo, sibilum edo, fistulo, fistulā cano; exsibilo, sibilo, ejicio, explodo—to hiss, *Whistle, fife, play on a pipe or flute, reject with an hiss, explode, scoff, deride*, συρίζω, id.

σφάττω, mactō—to kill, vide σφάζω.

σφίγω, stringo, constringo, astringo, presso, cogo, coerceo, complecto—to bind, tie together, fasten with a string, secure, pinch, press, constrain, embrace. α. imp. σφίγξον, ὦτω, stringe, string, tie, pf. part. pass. ἐσφριγμένος, strictus, bound.

120 σῶχω, † tero, levigo—to wear, make smooth.

## T

ταράσσω, τῶ, turbo, commoveo, perturbo, terreo, preterreo, seduco—to trouble or agitate the waters, make them turbid or muddy; Metaph. to move, disturb, perplex, affright, terrify, seduce. α. ἐταράξα, pass. ἑταράχθην, pf. τετάραγμαi, ξαι, κλαι, perturbatus fui, part. τεταραγμένος, η, ον, turbatus.

τάσσω, τῶ, ordino, colloco, statuo, constituo, destino—to order, put, place, appoint, arrange, marshal, form in batalia, constitute, assign, destine. α. ἐτάξα, ας, ε, statui, β. ἑτάγον, I did tag, pass. ἑτάγον, pf. τετάγμαi, ξαι, κλαι, ordinatus sum, 3<sup>a</sup>. pl. τεταγμένοι εἰσι, Ion. τετάχαλαι, ordinati sunt, part. τεταγμένος, η, ον, ordinatus, status, fixus, α. m. ἐταξαμην, constitui, part. ταξάμενος, η, ον.

τίγω, tingo, madefacio, humecto, rigo, irrigo, mollio—to tinge, imbue, moisten, steep, wet, water, irrigate; to mollify, soften, dilute. τέγων † εὐδεί λόγον, tingere mendacio orationem, i. e. mendacia dicere.

τίκω, pario, procreo—to bring forth, procreate, vide τίκω, apud Separ. Cl.

125 τεύχω, fabricor, struo, paro—to make, frame, build, machine, contrive, prepare. β. ἐτύχον, 1. τεύξω, ας, η, α. ἐτένξα, pass. ἐτεύχθην, et ἐλύχθην, pf. τέτυγμαi, pro quo τέτυγμαi, ξαι,



Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ; 1. ξω, pf. χα.

κλῑαι, pr. m. τῦχομαι, paro, to get ready, β. ἐλυχόμην, Ion. ἐλυχόμην, et poet. τέλυχόμην, ε, εἶο. τύχων γέρας τινί, poet. honorarium munus alicui parare; τιμὴν, honorem alicui habere.

τήκω, liquefacio, liquo, macero, tabefacio, consumo, mollio—to melt, liquify, dissolve, to cause to fade or decay, bring on a tabefaction, attenuate, consume, soften. τήκομαι, liquesco, colliquesco, liquor, liquefio, marcesco, marceo, tabesco, to melt, be melted and dissolved, become liquid, to waste and pine away, wax feeble, decay, tabefy. 2. pass. τηκίσσομαι, η, εἶαι, liquescam, fundar, β. εἶακην, ης, liquefactus sum, pf. m. τέληκα, part. τέληκώς, victus, marcidus, withered, decayed. Ψυχὴ τηκομένη, a debilitated mind.

τιθίσσασω, † melifico—to make honey.

τινάσσω, quatio, concutio, vibro—to shake, concuss, cause a tremor, vibrate, brandish, hurl.

τμήγω, vide, τέμνω, seco—to cut.

130 τρέχω, co. δρέμω, & δραμέω, curro, festino, propero—to run, pace it nimbly, Prov. to Trig, post away, pass swiftly, make haste. By a Metaphor, this verb applies to the course of human life, a round of duty, run of prosperity, and the range of will or fancy. im. ἑτρεχον, 1. δρέξω, α. ἑδρεξα, part. δρέξας, ασα, αν, 1. m. δρέξομαι, η, εἶαι, α. ἑδρεξάμην, ω, αἶο, pf. act. δεδράμηκα, à δραμέω, quod fingas a 2. δραμῶ, per solutionem ῶ in έω; β. ἑδραμον, imp. δράμι, curre, inf. δραμείν, cucurrisse, part. δραμὼν, ἔσα, ον, qui cucurrit. 2. m. δραμῆμαι, pf. δίδραμα, ας, ε, cucurri.

τρώγω, rodo, edo, comedo—to gnaw, eat, devour. β. ἑτραγον, pf. τέτρωχα, 1. m. τρώξομαι, η, εἶαι.

Φ

φάγω, edo, comedo, manduco, vescor—to eat, feed, chere, live upon; φήγων, id. Note, the present and preterperfect

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ ; 1. ξω, pf. χα.

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tenses are out of use. 2. φαγῶ, β. ἐφαγον, comedi, imper. φάγε, εἶω, optat. φάγοιμι, subj. φαγῶ, ης, η, inf. φαγεῖν, part. φάγων, οῖος, qui comedit ; 2. ind. m. φαγόμεαι, εσαι, εἶαι, comedam, pro φαγῆμαι, ἦ, εἴηαι.

φεύγῶ, fugio, fugam capio, do me in fugam ; effugio, evado : refugio, vito, declino, aversor ; fugio patriam, exulo, verto solum ; reus sum, accusor—to flee, take flight, run away ; escape, evade, avoid, shun, decline, be averse, refuse : to leave one's country, become a fugitive, go into exile, emigrate : to be criminated, prosecuted, accused. 2. φυγῶ, β. ἐφυγον, ες, ε, inf. φυγεῖν, fugere, 1. ind. φεύξω, pf. πεφεύχα, 1. m. φεύξομαι, pf. πέφευγα, πρό πέφυγα, ας, ε, pass. πέφυγμαι, ξαι, κῆαι, part. πεφυγμένος, η, ον, qui fugit.

φθέγγομαι, sonum edo, vocem emitto, clamo, loquor, ex-primo—to give a sound, exert the voice, utter, shout, speak, express. 1. m. φθέγγομαι, pf. ἐφθόγγα, pass. ἐφθεγμαι.

135 φλέγω, uro, cremo, incendo, inflammo ; illustro, illumino ; fulgeo ; ango—to burn, kindle, set on fire, cause a flar-gration ; It is also used of the passions ; to brighten, il-lume ; to shine, glitter ; to tease, vex. φλέγομαι, ardesco, flagro, ardeo, to wax hot, be flagrant, burn with passion. α. part. act. φλέξας, qui combussit, β. ind. ἐφλεγον, pf. m. πέφλογα, ας, ε, pass. πέφλεγμαι, α. ἐφλέχθην, inf. φλεχθῆναι, part. φλεχθεὶς, εῖσα, ἐν, γ. ἐπλος, combustus, flecked.

φράσσω, sepio, munio, obstruo, obturo, constipo, ocludo—to enclose, fence, environ, fortify, obstruct, stop, con-stipate, shut up. β. ἐφράγον, α. ἐφραξα, ας, ε, pf. pass. πῑ-φραγμαι, ξαι, κῆαι, 2. φραγήσομαι, η, εἶαι, obstruar, inter-rumpar, β. ἐφάγην, ης, η, obstructus fui, subj. φραγῶ, ἦς, ῆ.

φριμάσσομαι, fremo, proprius de equo feroci et hinnienti ; insolesco, ferocio—to foam, snort, rage, said properly of a mettlesome and neighing horse that ill endures the bit ; to bluster, grow proud and insolent, be unruly, elate, fierce, to fret and chafe.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 2, κ, γ, χ, σσ, Att. τ; 1. ξω, pf. χα.

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φρυάσσω, τρω, fremo, ferocio—to froth at the mouth, champ the foaming bit, prance, rage, fret, bluster, be fierce and wild. α. ἰφρυάξα, usitatus est.

φρυάττομαι, 1. ξομαι, insolescam. This and the two preceding verbs are of like signification.

140 φρύγω, et φρύσσω, τρω, torreo, torrefacio, frigo, arefacio—to toast, broil, roast, parch, fry, make arid, dry.

φυλάσσω, custodio, servo, conservo, asservo, observo, tueor, tuto, excubo, caveo, vito—to guard, keep, conserve, to be observant, to watch and ward, be on sentry duty, to be cautious and circumspect, wary and on the look out, to avoid. α. ἐφύλαξα, custodivi, subj. φυλάξω, ης, η, imp. φύλαξον, αῖω, inf. φυλάξαι, Ion. φυλάσσαι: φυλάσσομαι, custodior, m. caveo, α. ἐφυλαξάμην, ω, αἰο, observavi, pf. pass. πέφυλαγμαι, ξαι, κῖαι.

# X

χαράσσω, τρω, scalpo, sculpo, imprimo, exaro, scarifico, in-eido, excavo—to engrave, sculp, carve, imprint, stamp, characterize, trench, scarify, cut, hollow, excavate. α. ἰχάρεξα, pf. κεχάραχα, pr. inf. χαράσσαν, Dor. & Æol. χαρασσέμεναι, pr. part. f. χαράσσεσα, G. ης, Dor. χαράσσοισα, G. ας.

# Ψ

ψέγω, reprehendo, vitupero, culpo—to reprehend, censure, reproach, blame. 1. ψέξω, pf. ἰψέχα, pass. ἰψέγμαι, ξαι, κῖαι.

ψύγω, † arefacio—to dry, exsiccate.

145 ψύχω, frigefacio, refrigero; sicco, arefacio; flo; spiro—to cool, refresh; to dry, make arid; to blow, fan, breathe. β. ἐψυγον, pr. m. ψύχομαι, refrigesco, to wax cool. β. pass. ἰψύγην, ης, η, refrixi, 2. ψυγήσομαι, η, εῖαι.

ψάχω, in frusta comminuo, comminuo, refrico, attenuo, lavo—to crumble, reduce to particles, diminish, rub down, scale away, attenuate, smooth, wash.



Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p.; 1. σω, pf. κα.

### CLASS III.

Its verbs are characterized by the Dentals or Linguals, τ, δ, θ; by the double letter ζ, and by the subjunctive ι, υ, or some diphthong. They make their first future, σω, and their præterperfect in κα. Such verbs in ζω, as make 1. ξω, & pf. χα, are duly notified.

ἀάζω, callidum habitum efflo, exhalo—to breathe, emit the warm breath, exhale, produce a haze or mist.

ἀγνάζω, + servo—to preserve. ἀγκλεύω, id.

ἀγνύω, frango—to break; vide ἀγνυμι, id.

ἀδεάζω, + suspiro—to sigh.

5 ἄδω, satio, expleo—to satiate, fill, cloy.

ἄδω, per Syncopen pro ᾠδίω, placeo, to please.

\*ἄδω, to sing, used in prose for

ᾄδω, cano, canto, cantu celebroy—to sing, chant, celebrate in verse or song. 1. ᾄσω, pf. ᾄκα, β. ᾄδον, pf. med. ᾄοιδα, pr.

inf. pass. ᾄειδεσθαι, celebrari. In prose α & ε are contracted into α, and the ι being subscribed we have \*ἄδω, id. im.

\*ᾄδον, Dor. ᾄδον, canebam, pf. ᾄκα, 1. ᾄσω, α. ᾄσα, ας, ε, Ion.

αἶσα, cecini, subj. ᾄσω, 1. ind. med. ᾄσομαι, pf. pass. ᾄσμαι, σαι, ἴαί, celebratus fui.

ἄζω, sicco, arefacio—to dry, exsiccate, parch: pr. med. ἄζομαι, aresco, to grow dry, become arid.

10 ἀζω, & ἀζομαι, veneror—to venerate, honour, respect.

αἰάζω, lugeo, lamentor—to mourn, bewail, lament. 1. αἰάξω

& αἰώσω; q. αἶ, heu! alas!

αἶθω, uro, cremo, accendo; fulgeo, splendo, ardeo—to burn, set on fire, enkindle, light up; to glitter, shine, burn, flame. αἶθω, ορο; ardens, flagrans, burning, pr. part.

ἄτω, Poet. audio; efflo, expiro—to hear; breathe out, expire.



Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p. 1. σω, pf. κα.

ἀκούω, audio, exaudio, ausculto, obtempero, obedio, intelligo—to hear, hearken, listen, attend, observe, comply with, obey, to understand. im. ἤκουον, β. ἤκουον, ες, ε, 2. ἀκούω, α. ἤκουσα, ας, ε, imper. ἀκουσον, αἴω, subj. ἀκούσω, ης, η, infin. ἀκούσαι, part. ἀκουσας, ασα, αν, qui audivit, pf. ind. ἤκουκα, ας, ε, med. ἤκοα, Att. ἀκήκοα, pass. ἤκουσμαι, σαι, ςαι, α. ἤκουσθην, 1. ἀκουσθήσμαι, ης, εἶαι.

15 ἄλθω, & ἀλθαίνω, co. ἀλθέω, medior, sano; augeo—to heal, cure, restore to health, make sound and whole; to increase, augment. 1. ἀλθήσω, α. ἤλθισα.

ἀλλύω, volvo, voluto—to roll, tumble, toss. ἄλυνθεω, id.

ἀλύω, animo sum inquieto; aberro, temerè expatior; animo coincido, langueo, mœrore et præ conciliū inopia; angor animi; exulto, superbio; insanio; nihil ago, otiosus sum—to be troubled in mind, labour under mental disquietude; to ramble, rove at random; to be dispirited, droop, pine in sorrow and be at a loss what course to take, be reduced to one's ne plus ultra; to be anxious; to rejoice, exult, be proud and boastive; to dote; to be inactive, indolent, idle: q. α neg. & λύω, solvo. q. d. λύσιν τῶν κακῶν ἐχ εὐρίσκω, solutionem a malis non invenio.

ἀμύνω, transeo, pertranseo, vado; muto, vinco—to go over, pass through; march; to change, overcome. p. ἀμα ἔω, simul eo.

ἀνύω, & ἀνύῶ, perficio, efficio, conficio, perago; prosum, confero; impleo; consumo, destruo, perdo; impetro, obtineo, consequor; festino, propero, expedio—to perfect, effect, finish, complete, accomplish, achieve, perform, go through with; to profit, avail, advocate, confer; to fill; consume, destroy, kill, to get, obtain, acquire; to make haste, speed, expedite, dispatch.

20 ἀπαλαύω, g. fruor, commodum, fruetum vel emolumentum capio, particeps sum, damnum capio—to enjoy, have the benefit and convenience of; receive profit and pleasure from share in, be an accomplice, come to harm, Prov. to catch it. From ἀπό, & λαύω, R. λάω, video.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p.; 1. σω, pf. κα.

ἀπύω, sono, sonitum reddo; vociferor, clamo; loquor, dico—to sound, make a noise; to vociferate, shout, call to; to speak, talk, say. ἡπύω, id.

ἄρδω, rigo, irriquo; potum præbeo, ad aquam—to water, irrigate, drench; give drink, lead to water. pr. part. ἄρδόμενος, madens.

ἄρπάζω, rapio, prædator—to snatch, rapt, take by rapine, make a hasty seizure of, rob, plunder; Metaph. cito, intelligo, & mente percipio, to understand readily, take in at once. β. ἡρπαγον, ες, ε, 1. ἄρπασω. Dor. ἄρπα'ξω, & ἄρπαξῶ, α. ἡρπασα, pf. ἡρπακα, m. ἡρπαγα, pass. ἡρπασμαι, & ἡρπαγμαι, ξαι, κται, α. ἡρπασθην, β. ἡρπαγην, ης, η, raptus sum. 2. ἄρπαγησομαι.

ἀρτυέω, Dor. ρω, apto, apparo, adorno, instruo; condio—to fit, prepare, make ready, adorn, dispose; to season, powder, pickle. α. ἡρτυσα, pass. ἡρτυθην, ης, η, 1. ἀρτυθήσομαι, pf. ἡρτυμαι, part. ἡρτυμένος, η, ον, conditus, seasoned, powdered, salted.

25 ἀρύω, & ἀρύω, haurio, ex profundo traho—to draw, bring up, draw from the deep. q. ἀίρω, sursum tollo.

ἀσπάζομαι, amplector, saluto, osculor, blandio, amicè et familiariter excipio, comiter accipio—to embrace, salute, kiss, caress, receive in a friendly and familiar way, give a hearty welcome, entertain courteously. Ex α id. qd. ἄμα, simul, & σπ'αω, traho.

ἀνύω, terreo, metu percello, terrefacio; perturbo; obstupescio, stupore percello, attono—to affright, strike with terror, fill with fear, terrify; to disturb, disorder; to amaze, astonish, stupify, stun, thunder-strike. ἀνύξω, pf. ἡνυχα; pr. m. ἀνύζομαι, timeo, consterno, part. ἀνυζόμενος, turbatus, timens.

αῖω, vel αῖω, sicco, arefacio; accendo, splendeo—to dry, exsiccate, make arid; to light, inkindle, shine.

αῖω, seu αῖω, clamo, resono, boo, flo—to raise the voice, shout, resound, bellow, blow, snore; q. αῖω, flo.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p.; 1. σω, pf. κα.

30 ἀφύω, haurio, hauriendo, promo, exhaurio; dealbor—to draw up, drain, draw out, exhaust: grow white: ἀφύσσω, id.

## B

βαῖζω, Poet. loquor, dico, verba facio, orationem habeo—to speak, say, talk, make a speech, declaim. 1. βαῖσω, & βαῖζω, pf. βέβαιχα.

βασαῖζω, porto, bajulo; exporto, tolero, sustineo, suffero; libro, exploro, examino—to carry, be the bearer of; to carry out, inter, undertake, sustain, suffer; to weigh, poise, explore, examine, prove. im. ἐβαῖσάζον, ες, ἐ, 1. βασάσω, ες, α, Dor. βασάξω, α. ἐβασάσα, ας, ε, inf. βασάσαι, part. βασάσας; pr. pass. βασάζομαι, feror, im. ἐβασάζομην, ε, εἶο, inf. βασάζεσθαι; qs. βάω, & ράω.

βαύζω, latro, baubor—to bark, bay. 1. ξω, pf. χα. Fictum a canum latratu, βᾶν, βᾶν.

βλύζω, & βλύω, scaturio, mano, effundo—to stream, gush out, flow, flush, pour forth: Sic dictum a murmure aquarum.

35 βορβορεύζω, † strepo—to make a grumbling noise as do the intestines.

βραῖζω, & βραῖσσω, ferveo, bullio—to boil, be put in motion by heat, to seeth, braise.

βριζω, 1. βριξω, pf. βέβριχα; post sumptum cibum paululum dormio—to take a nap after dinner, dose, be heavy.

βριθω, gravis sum, ingravesco, onustus sum; deorsum vergo præpondere, inclinor, propendeo; cum impetu inclino, ingruo, impressionem facio, abundo, gravo—to be heavy, grow weighty, be near the birth, be loaded or burthened; bend beneath a weight, stoop under a burthen, incline, lean forward, propend; to descend with violence, fall suddenly, lie upon, make an impression, abound, weigh down. 2. βριθω, pf. βέβριθα.

βρύω, 1. σω, pf. βέβρυχα, scateo, fundo, mano, abundo, circumfluo, scatere facio, germino, pullulo—to run, flow,



Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p.; 1. σω, pf. κα.

*gush out, burst forth, spout, diffuse, abound, overflow, spread, inundate, to germinate, sprout, bud, shoot, grow. It is used of the champaign when crowded with men, or covered with flocks and herds. Hinc Angl. to brew.*

- 40 βύζω, vagio—to cry as an infant. q. βῦ, vox infantis vagientis; item, bubulo, to hoot as an owl, q. βύας, hubo.

βύζω, etiam, confertim impleo, a

βύω, obturo, obstruo; impleo, tego—to stop up, obstruct; fill; cover.

## Γ

γαίω, glorior, superbio, efferor—to boast, be proud, elated, gay.

γαγαλίζω, & γαργαλίζω, † titillo, lætitiâ afficio—to tickle, provoke laughter, gladden, exhilarate; q. γάω γέλων, gigno risum, γαγαλίζομαι, to giggle.

- 45 γεύω, gustare facio, gustum præbeo—to cause one to taste, afford a taste, give a zest or gust, create an appetite. 1. γεύσω, α. ἔγευσα, imp. γεῦσον, pf. ind. γέγευκα; pr. m. γεύομαι, gusto, experior, to taste, try, γεύσομαι, η, εἶαι, α. ἐγευσάμην, ω, αἶο, gustavi, inf. γεύσασθαι, part. γεύσάμενος, η, ον, pf. ind. γέγευμαι, pass. γέγευμαι, σαι, ται, 1<sup>a</sup> pl. γεγεύμεθα, Ion. & Dor. γεύμεθα.

γογγύζω, murmuro, musso—to murmur, grumble, growl, mutter. α. εγογγυσα, ας, ε, pf. pass. γεγόγγυσμαι.

## Δ

δαίω, eo. δάζω, δαΐζω, Disco, doceor, scio; divido, epulum præbeo; incendo, uro; epulor, edo—to learn, receive instruction, get wisdom and understanding, to be taught and instructed, to know and be skilful; to divide, make a feast or banquet; to kindle, set on fire, burn; to feast, banquet, eat, dine. 1. δαίσω, δαΐσω, vel δαΐζω, & δάσω, α. ἔδαισα, pf. δέδαικα, & δέδακα, divisi, m. δέδρα, & δίδακα, novi, ussi, ppf. ἐδεδηγην, didiceram, diviseram, 1. δαίσομαι, & δά-



Verbs, Chap. I. Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, υ p. ; 1. σω, pf. κα.

σομαι, α. ἐδαισάμην, part. δαισάμενος, 1. pass. δασθήσομαι, α. ἰδασθην, pf. δέδασμαι, & part. δεδαῖγμενος, Hinc. δαίω, disco, doceor, to learn, be instructed, q. v. δαίων enim significans disco, inusitatum est in pr.

δεῖδω, co. δῖω, timeo, paveo, trepido—to fear, dread, tremulate, quake for fear. im. ἔδιον, timebam, 1. δέισω, α. ἰδῃσα, Ion. δῖσα, Æol. δῖσισα, inf. δῖσαι, Ion. Redupl. δεδῖσαι, timuisse, part. δέισας, ανλος, pf. ind. δέδεικα, 1. m. δέισομαι, α. ἰδῖσαμην, subj. δέισωμαι, pf. ind. δέδοικα, (1. pl. δέδοιγμεν, sync. pro δεδοίκαμ-εν, Dor. ες, timuimus) pro δεδοίκα, Euphoniæ gratiâ, poet. δέδοικα, Ion. δέδεα, (1<sup>a</sup>. pf. δεδιμεν, 2<sup>a</sup>. δέδιε, veremur, veremini, sync. pro δέδιαμεν, & δεδιαιε,) et δεδῃα, poet. δέδια, timui, imp. δέδιε, pro quo δέδιθι, (quasi ab inusit. δεδιμι,) poet. δέδιθι, ppp. ind. ἐδεδοίκαν, & ἰδεδίαν, poet. ἐδεδίαν, pf. inf. δεδειέναι, part. δεδιώς, poet. δεδιώς, sync. δεώς, ολος, timens. Poetice sæpe præterita præsentis significationem obtinent. From δῖω, comes pr. pass. subj. δῖωμαι, from δέδιμι, inf. δεδεισθαι, & per. Aphær. δέισθαι.

δεικνύω, ostendo—to shew, vide δεικνυμι.

50 δεσπόζω, dominor, dominium obtineo—to rule, have dominion, domineer, lord over, act as a Despot. 1. δεσπύσω, pr. pass. inf. δεσπόξισθαι, dominio alterius parare, acquiri, to be under the dominion of another, become a Despot's property or slave. q. δέω, ligo, & πᾶς, pes.

δένω, rigo, madefacio, imbuo, tingo; misceo, subigo, mollio—to water, wet, moisten, dew, sprinkle, imbue, tinge; to mix, knead, soften, mollify. α. ἰδενσα, subj. δένσω, ης, η.

δῆνω, † invenio—to find. It hath generally a future signification.

διάζομαι, † stamini addo quod deest—to add what is wanting to the warp, make up its deficiency.

δίξω, ambigo, dubito; quæro, disquiro; studeo, do operam—to doubt, be dubious, doubtful; to seek, search, make a disquisition; to be studious, give or bend the mind to endeavour. q. δῖς.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p. ; 1. σω, pf. κα.

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55 δι-άζω, dubito, ambigo—to doubt, waver, be in a state of uncertainty. 1. άσω & άξω, pf. διδίσ-ακα, & αχα. q. δις, & τάω. διω, expello, abigo; timeo, celeriter curro, fugio—to expel, drive off or away, speed or accelerate one's flight, run away.

δνοπολίζω, † ferio, concutio manibus—to strike, shake with or in the hands.

δοκαζω, δοκ-άω, & εύω, observo, expecto; puto, arbitror—to observe, expect, await, lie at catch; to think, be of opinion, judge.

δύω, poet. δύνω, subeo, ingredior; occido: induo—to go under, plunge, dive, enter; to go down, fall, set: to put on, invest. imp. ἔδυνον, Ion. δύνον, 1. δύσω, α. ἔδυσα, demersi; From δῦμι, comes β. ἔδυν, υς, υ, imp. δῦθι, subiveris, inf. δύναι, Dor. δύμεναι, part. δύνς, δύνσα. δύν, G. δύνλός; δυσμή, ἥς, ἥ, & δύσις, εως, ἥ, occasus solis, &c. the setting of the sun, a fall, end. ἔδυμα, αλος, τὸ, Indumentum, vestimentum, a garment, apparel. δύσκω, poet. pro δύνω, imp. ἔδύσκον, Ion. δύσκον, ες, ε, Hence Dusk.

E

60 ἐδω, co. ἰδέω, Edo; rodo, arrodo—to eat; gnaw, waste. im. ἦδον, Ion. ἔδεισκον, 1. ἐδέσω, pro pf. ἦκα, ἦδεκα, Metath. ἐθηκα, Att. ἐθήδεκα, & ἐθήδοκα, part. ἐθηδοκώς; pr. m. ἔδομαι, quod frequens pro 2. ἐδέμμαι, pf. ἦδα, Att. ἐθηδα, part. ἐθηδώς, qui edit; α. pass. ἠδέσθην, part. ἐδεσθείς, pf. ἠδεσμαι, Ion. ἐθηδαμαι, Att. ἐθηδεσμαι, part. ἐθηδεσμένος, η, ον.

ἔζω, & ἱζω, sedere facio, colloco—to make one sit down, to seat, place at ease. im. ἐζόν, 2. ἐδῶ, β. ἰδον, 1. ἔσω, α. εἶσα, pass. εἶσθην, pf. ἔσμαι, pr. m. ἔζομαι, sedeo, sido, to sit down, be seated and at ease, 2. ἐδέμμαι, 1. ἔσομαι, sedebo; q. ἔω, colloco.

εἶδω, Video; scio, cognosco, animadverto—to see, view, behold; know, form an idea, understand, consider, animadvert. Pr. & im. vix occurrunt. β. εἶδον, Apoc. ἰδον, ες, ε,

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p. ; 1. σῶ, pf. καὶ

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imp. ἴδε, Att. ἰδέ, aspice, vide, et adverbialiter, ecce, Opt. ἴδοιμι, subj. ἴδω, ης, η. inf. ἰδεῖν, Ion. ἰδέειν, vidisse, part. ἰδὼν, ἰδῶσα, ἰδὼν, G. ἰδόντος, intuens, qui vidisset, Ind. Med. εἰδόμεν, vidi, imp. ἰδῶ, vide, et Adv. en, ecce, lo, see, behold, pf. οἶδα, novi, οἶδας, novisti, Æol. θα adjecto, οἶδαςθα, Sync. οἶσθα, 1. εἶσομαι, poet. ἴσομαι, videbo, Metaph. sciam, intelligam, q. d. oculis mentis videbo, α. εἰσάμην, Ion. ἐσάμην, assimilatus sum, Opt. εἰσαίμην, inf. εἰσασθαι, part. εἰσάμενος, Ion. ἐσάμενος, visus. Note, β. ἴδον, &c. where the Apocope of ε takes place, it is used by the Poets in the Indicative Mood, and by Prose writers in all moods, except the Indicative.

εἶω, Poet. vado—to march, R. εἰω, Eo, to go.

ἐλδομαι, η, εἶαι, Poet. per Proth. ἐέλδομαι, desidero, cupio, appeto—to desire, long for.

65 ἐλεύθῶ, & ἐλεύθομαι, vide ἐρχομαι, venio.

ἐλινυ-υω, & εἰω, quiesco, otior, moror, sedo, cesso, cessare facio ; ἐλινύω, id. to be quiet, at rest and retired, to be idle, loiter, to allay, cease, cause a cessation.

ἐμπαύσομαι, 1. σομαι, curo, rationem habeo ; revereor—to take care of, audit an account, reckon ; to revere, respect.

ἐπηρεάζω, noceo, damno afficio ; infesto, vexo, calumnior—to hurt, injure, endamage ; to harass, infest, trouble, vex, offend, calumniate. q. ἐπὶ, & Ἄρης, Mars. ἐπήρημα, damnum, injuria.

ἐρεῖθω, irrito, lacesso, provoco—to irritate, tease, provoke to wrath. q. ἐρις, lis, contentio. ἐρεθίζω, id.

70 ἐρείδω, figo, infigo, firmo, firmiter fulcio ; trudo, incumbo, ejaculor, ingruo—to fix, fasten, secure, to render firm and stable, to prop, support firmly, to fortify ; to thrust, shove, press upon, dart, invade, assault. α. ἤρῃσα, ας, ε, part. ἐρείσας, ασα, αν, pr. pass. ἐρείδομαι, figor, to be fixed, Med. innitor, decumbo, to lean upon, to lie on the ground, α. ἤρῃσαμην, ω, αλο, sustinui me ; pf. pass. ἤρῃσμαι, fixus sum.



Verbs, Chap. 1. Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p. ; 1. σω, pf. κα.

ἐπιλύω, inhiſeo, cohiſeo, reſtimo—to *inhibit, hinder, reſtrain, reſs.* α. ἐπιλύσα, Æol. ἐπιλύσῃα, & Ion. ἐπιλύσασκα, inhiſui, 3<sup>a</sup> ſing. opt. ἐπιλύσαι, Æol. ἐπιλύσῃε, compesceret, pr. pass. ἐπιλύομαι, η, εἶαι, prohibeor, *I am prohibited*; im. ἐπιλύομεν, ε, εἶο, α. ἐπιλύθην, 3<sup>a</sup> pl. ἐπιλύθησαν, Bæot. ἐπιλύθεν, tenuerunt.

ἐρύω, poet. εἰρύω, traho; custodio, ſervo; vito—to *draw, haul, drag; to keep, watch over, preſerve, ſave; to ſhun, avoid, be cautious.* Hence ῥύω, of the ſame import. im. εἰρυνον, aug. i poſt ε recipit; 1. ἐρύσω, α. εἰρύσα, ας, ε, pf. εἰρυκα, α. inf. ἐρύσαι, part. ἐρύσας, Æol. ἐρύσαις: ἐρύομαι, ſync. ἐρυμαι, in activâ ſignificatione capitur, custodio, tueor, ſervo, ſalvum et incolumen præſto, conſervo, *to guard, keep, preſerve, deliver, &c.* 3<sup>a</sup> pl. εἰρυντο, pro ἐρύοντο, pf. pass. εἰρυμαι, ſαι, ῖαι, 3<sup>a</sup> pl. εἰρυαῖαι, Ion. pro εἰρυνῖαι, vide pf. vb. εἰργω, Cl. 2, ppf. εἰρυμην, σο, το, α. εἰρύθην, 1. med. ἐρύσομαι, η, εἶαι, α. ἐρύσαιμην, ω, αἶο, opt. ἐρύσαιμην, αῖο, αἶο, Ion αἶο, eriperit, inf. ἐρύσασθαι, poet. εἰρύσασθαι.

ἔσθω, vel ἔσθω, edo, comedo—to *eat, devour.* 1. ἔσθω, pf. ἔσθικα, pr. ſubj. ἔσθω, ης, η.

ἐλάζω, examino, inſuero, ſcrutor—to *examine, inquire, ſearch, make inſuery, teaze.* 1. ἔλω, Dor. ἔλω.

75 εὐδω, co. εὐδέω, dormio—to *ſleep.* 1. ἤσω, pf. κα καθεύδω, id. & multo frequentius.

εὐω, vel εὐω, Uro, uſtulo—to *burn, parch, kindle, ſet on fire.*

## Z

ζευγνύω, jungo—to *join, vide ζεύγνυμι.*

ζώνω, to bind with a Zone or girdle, vide ζώννυμι, id.

## H

ἡθω, colo, per colum mitto, percolo—to *ſtrain, filter, put through a colander, ſieve or ſtrainer, to purge by filtration.*

1. ἡτω, pf. ἡκα, α. ἡσα, part. ἡσας. ἡθέω, id. & uſitatius, 1.

ἡθήσω. ἡθίζω, id. 1. ἡθίσω, α. part. ἡθίσας, ας, αν.

E E

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p.; 1. σω, pf. κα.

80 ἡμύνω, inclino, cado, ruo—to lean, incline, diverge, fall. 1.  
ἡμύσω, pf. ἡμύκα, Att. ἐμήμυκα.

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θαυμάζω, miror, admiror: colo, observo, magni facio, in pretio habeo, laudo, contemplor—to wonder at, admire; revere, esteem, honour much, respect greatly, highly value; praise, make honourable mention of; contemplate, view with wondering eyes. α. θαύμασα, ας, ε, subj. θαυμάσω, ης, η, 1. med. θαυμάσομαι, η, εἶται, admirabor; α. pass. θαυμάσθην, ης, η, inf. θαυμασθῆναι, admiratione esse, to be held in admiration.

θρύω, frango, ferio, frio, contendo; debilito—to break, strike, bruise, crumble, pound: weaken, debilitate. α. θραύσα, pf. τεθραυκα, pf. pass. τεθραυσμαι, fractus sum. q. θλάω.

θρησκύνω, superstitiosè Deum vel Deos colo, veneror, colo, observo—to use superstitious ceremonies in divine worship, to offer superstitious adoration to the true God, or to idols, to worship superstitiously, to venerate, honour, respect. q. Θρηάζ, Ion. Θρηήξ, κός, ό, Thrax. Quod apud Thraces Orpheus cultum Deorum invenerit.

θύω, sacrifico, sacra facio, macto, immolo; cum impetu quasi furibundus feror; propero & festino, furo, ferveo, æstuo, odores accendo, suffio, epulor—to sacrifice, act a sacerdotal part, kill, immolate; to hurry and bustle, be transported with a kind of fury, or be possessed of the mania Enthusiastic, to chafe, rage, be fervid, to burn incense, perfume, feast, banquet. im. θύον, 1. θύσω, α. θύσα, imp. θύσον, αἴω, pf. ind. τεθύκα, ας, ε, pass. τεθύμαι, α. ἐθύθην, ης, η, mactatus fui.

85 θωμίζω, † funiculis ligo, cædo—to tie, or bind with cords, to scourge, whip.

## I

ἰαύω, commoror, tempus tero; dormio, pernocto—to loiter, linger, delay, lose time, let it run waste, spend it in idleness, and yawning out *Hi-au-o-o*; to sleep, pass the night. q. ἰάω, sino.

ἰδρύω, vel ἰδρύμι, sedere facio, statuo, colloco—to make one sit down, appoint, place, seat. pass. ἰδρύμαι, statuo, collocor, to be appointed, placed: med. sedeo, insideo, to sit down, sit upon; ἰδρύνω, id. α. ἰδρύσα, pass. ἰδρυθῆναι, collocatus est, pf. part. ἰδρυμένος, collocatus.

ἵζω, to seat, place, im. ἵζον, sedebam, 1. ἵσω, pr. med. ἵζομαι, to sit; vide ἕζω. καθίζω, id. quod ἵζω et ἕζω.

## K

καγχάζω, Cachinor, convitior—to laugh aloud, make a cackination, scorn, reproach. q. χάω, hisco.

90 κάζω, Poet. orno, exorno, decoro, excolo, instruo—to adorn, decorate, dress or fit out, trim, furnish. pf. pass. κέκασμαι, part. κέκασμένος, η, ον.

καίω, co. κάω, Pleonas. καύω, uro, accendo, incendo, cremo, ustulo; uro ut frigus vel nix—to burn, kindle, set on fire, light the funeral pile, to bite as cold or frost, pinch as winter snows. 1. καίσω, κήσω, et καύσω, α. ἔκαυσα, ἔκησα, et ἔκησα, combussi, pf. κέκαυκα, 2. καῶ, β. ἔκαον, ussi, subj. κάω, ης, η, pf. med. κέκηκα: κάομαι, pr. pass. uror, med. ardeo. 1. καύσομαι, pf. pass. κέκαυμαι, σαι, σαι, 1. καυθήσομαι, α. ἐκαύθην, 2. καυσόμαι, β. ἐκάην, Ion. κάην, subj. καῶ, ῆς, ῆ, part. καείς, deustus, α. subj. καυθήσομαι, η, εἶαι.

κακκάζην, † dicitur de cantu gallinarum ad ovorum partum—to cackle, said of laying hens.

καλαβερίζω, † Calabrizo, Calabros imitor—to Calabrizo, to imitate the Calabrians.

κασσών, † consuo, reficio consuendo; struo, machinor—to sew up, repair by the needle; contrive, plan, machinate.

95 καύω, vide καίω, uro, to burn.



Verbs, Chap. I, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p.; 1. σω, pf. κα.

κείομαι, vide κείμαι, jaceo—to lie along.

κείω, jacere cupio, Pleonas. a κείω.

κείω, findo—to cleave, sever. pr. part. κείων, findens, q. κέω.

κέλαρ-ύζω, & ίζω, cum strepitu fluo, murmuro, strepito—to flow in sounding rills, run in whispering streamlets, murmur, make a noise. q. κέλαδος, strepitus, & ρύω, vel ρέω, fluo, pr. inf. κέλαρυζαν, Dor. κέλαρυσδεν, murmurare.

100 κεράννυω, misceo—to mix, vide κεράννυμι.

κευθω, occulto, abscondo—to hide, conceal, secrete.

κίω, vado, eo—to walk, go, march. im. ἕκινον, Ion. κίον,

ibam, β. part. κίων, profectus; q. ἕω.

κράζω, co. κλάγω, clamo, vociferor, clango, strido, frango, gruo—to shout, vociferate, clang, clank, make a clangor, sound a trumpet, creak, rend. This verb is used of the cry of cranes, gagging of geese, cackling of hens, &c.

2. κλαγῶ, β. ἑκλαγον, 1. κλαγξω, α. ἑκλαγξα, pf. κεκλαγχα, med. κέκληγα, part. κέκληγώς, υἷα, ος, clamitans, vociferans.

κλαίω, fleo, lachrymo, ploro, ejulo, deploro, defleo; do pœnas, vapulo—to weep, shed tears, bewail, lament, bemoan, deplore, weep over; to suffer punishment, be beaten, undergo the lash. im. ἑκλοιον, 1. κλαύσω, pf. κέκλαυκα; q. κλάω, frango, luctu enim et lachrymis frangitur animus.

105 κλείω, claudio, obsero; celebro, memoro, celebrem seu inclytum reddo; dico, perhibeo—to shut, close, lock up, cloister, closet; to celebrate, make honorable mention of, renowen, place upon the pinions of fame, tell, recite, report, exhibit. 1. κλείσω, et κλασω, Dor. κλάξω, α. ἑκλησα, subj.

κλείσω, ης, η, inf. κλείσαι, α. ind. pass. ἐκλείσθην, pf. κέκλησμαι, & κέκλημαι, part. κέκλεσμένος, η, ον. κληῖζω; & κληῖω, id.

κλοδοπύω, † furare et subducere tempus, decipio—to kill the hour, trifle away time, deceive.

κλύω, abluo, eluo, lavo; clystere perluo; sonum ut fluctus edo—to wash off or away, rinse, lave; to purge by clyster; to sound as beating billows. im. ἑκλύζον, Ion.

κλύζεσθον, lavabam, pf. pass. κέκλυσμαι, lotus fui, α. ἐκλύσθην, turbatus sum.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω pi; 1. σω, pf. κα.

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κλώω, & κλύμι, audio, exaudio, ausculto, obtempero, obédio, morem gero; percipio, sentio—to hear, hearken, attend, regard, comply, obey, be morigerous and obsequious; to take in, understand, perceive. im. vel β. κλυον Ion. κλύον, audiebam, vel audiui, pr. opt. κλύομαι, audiam, 2^a pl. imp. κλύετε, audite, Ion. & Poet. κέκλυθε: A κλύμι, formatur, pr. imp. κλύθι, audi, Ion. et Poet. κέκλυθι κλυίης, ἢ, ὄν, qui auditur, inclytus, f. alma.

κλώζω, clamo more graculorum, Glo cito; sibilo, e theatro explodo—to cry as a jackdaw, cluck or clock as a hen; to hiss, explode from the theatre. 1. κλώξω.

110 κλώθω, neo, glomero, torqueo; fataliter destino—to spin, draw the Clothier's thread, whirl round, wind, twist, reel; to destine, bind by fate, concatenate events.

κοδομείω, † hordeum frigo et torreo—to bake and roast barley.

κολάζω, punio, castigo; reprimo, coerceo, fræno, moderor—to punish, castigate; repress, restrain, bridle, moderate. med. id. α. ἐκολασσάμην, ω, αἶο, subj. κολασσώμαι, η, ηται; pass. punior, pœnas do, pf. κέκολωσμαι, σται, σται, pœnas dedi.

κολέω, decurto, amputo, trunco; imminuo, retundo—to curtail, cut off, amputate, maim, mutilate; lessen, impair, blunt.

κομίζω, curo, porto, vide th. κομείω.

115 κορεννύω, satio, saturo, vide R. κορέω.

κράζω, clamo ut cornix vel corvus, crocito; clamo quovis in modo—to caw as a crow, rook, or raven; to vociferate, bawl, be noisy: κράζομαι, id. et usitatus, 1. κράζω, α. ἐκράξα, Ion. ἐκέκραξα, pf. κέκραχα; pf. m. κέκραγα, et κέκραχα, clamavi, p. post f. κέκραξομαι, mox clamabo vel vociferabor; vel 1. med. verbi κέκραγω; 3^a pl. pass. κέκραγμένοι, εἰσι, Ion. κέκραχθαι, cum clamore postulati sunt, imper. κέκραχθι, clamato, pro κέκραχι.

κρίζω, strido, stridorem edo—to make a grating noise, to creak. 1. κρίζω, pf. κέκριχα, 2. κριγῶ, pf. med. κέκριγα.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p. ; 1. σῶ, pf. κα.

κρούω, pulso, ferio, percutio, collido—to *beat, strike, cause to resound, percuss, ring, dash against, cause to recoil or rebound.*

κροῖω, crocito ut corvus; crocito ut quævis avis male canens, garrio—to *caw as a rook or crow, cry as the raven: cry or chatter as any untuneful bird, scream, crow, prate, be talkative.*

120 κτίω, condo, creo, fabrico; coloniam aliquo duco, locum aliquem ædificiis in eo extructis habitabilem reddo, instituo, auctor sum alicujus rei—to *build, found, create, form, frame; to lead a colony to, or plant one in some distant region, to colonize, found a state, make cities rise, to institute, be the author of, give birth and origin to.* pf. ἔκτισα, 1. κτίσω, α. ἔκτισα, imper. κτίσον, αἴω, inf. κτίσαι, part. κτίσας, αἴως, ind. pass. ἐκτίσθην, ης, η, part. κτισθεῖς, εἶσα, εν, 6. ἐνός, conditus sum, pf. ind. ἔκτισμαι, creatus fui, part. ἐκτισμένος, poet. κτίμενος, η, ον.

κυλίω, volvo, voluto, roto—to *roll, tumble, toss, turn round, whirl about.* κυλινδ-ω, et ἔω, id.

κύω, in utere gesto vel fero, pregnans sum, gravis sum; concipio; osculor, suavior—to *be in a state of gestation, be pregnant, big with child; to conceive; kiss, caress; κυέω, id.*

κωκύω, fleo, ploro, lamentor, ejulo, ululo—to *weep, bewail, lament, mourn, ululate, howl.*

κωλύω, prohibeo, veto, impedio, inhibeo, reprimo, arceo—to *prohibit, forbid, impede, inhibit, restrain, repress, ward off.* α. ἐκώλυσα, inf. κωλύσαι, ind. pass. ἐκωλύσθην, ης, η, pf. κέωλυμαι.

125 λάζομαι, poet. for λαμβάνω, to *lay hold of.*

λαπαζω, 1. ξω. evacuo, inanio; mollio, perdo, destruo—to *evacuate, empty; soften, mollify; devastate, ravage, destroy: λαπάσσω, id.*

Verbs, Chap. I, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p. ; 1. σω, pf. κα.

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λαπίζω, insolentius me effero, jacto me—to be haughty and insolent in speech and carriage, give airs and be boastive.

λαύω, vide ἀπολαύω, fruor.

λήθω, Dor. λάθω, Lateo, to lie concealed, be latent : λήθομαι, obliviscor, to forget, vide λανθάνω.

130 λιάζω, agito, jacto, turbo ; admodum propero, magnam adhibeo diligentiam ; separo, med. separo me, secedo ; exeo, abeo, eo, venio, inclino—to agitate, toss, trouble, disturb : to use great diligence and dispatch ; to separate, pr. med. λιάζομαι, to separate one's-self, secede, withdraw ; to go out or away, go, come, incline.

λιλαίομαι, poet. for γλίχομαι, to desire q. v.

λιχμάζω, & ἄω, see λείχω, to lick.

λέω, lavo, proprie corpus—to wash (the body), to lave. α.

ἔλυσα, part. λέσασ, ἀνίος. λέομαι, pass. abluor, med. lavo me, α. ἐλυσάμην, ω, αῖο, pf. pass. λειβμαι,σαι, ται, lotus sum, part. λειβμένος, η, ον.

λύζω, singultio, singulto—to sigh, hiccup, yex. 1. λύξω, pf. λέλυχα.

135 λυσκάζω, † aufugio—to run away.

λύω, solvo, laxo, remitto, libero, solvo e portu—loose, untie, relax, dissolve, remit, free, liberate, loose from port, unmoor, set sail. 2. λυῶ, α. ἔλυσα, ας, ε, subj. λύσω,

ης, η, inf. λυσάι, 1. pass. λυθήσομαι, η, εἶαι, α. ἐλύθην, ης, η, pf. λέλυμαι, med. λέλυσα, ας, ε.

## M

μαστεύω, quæro, perquiro, indago, vestigo ; desidero, affecto, cupio—to seek, enquire, search out, trace, investigate ; to desire, affect, aim at, long for. q. μάω, quæro.

μίδω, impero, imperium teneo, rego ; curo, curam gero—to command, rule, govern, reign, sway a sceptre, be king of the Medes ; to take care and have the management of, μυδέω, et μίδομαι, (co. μεδέομαι, 1. ήσομαι,) id. pr. part. pl.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p. 1. σ, pf. κα.

μέδοντες, *princes, sceptre-bearers, sons of care.* Prov. Medeless, i. e. insubordinate, unruly.

μείδω, *liquefacio, consumo, elixo, coquo—to melt, dissolve, consume, seeth, boil; pr. part. pass. μελδόμενος, tabescens, q. μέλη ἔδω, membra edo.*

μείδω, *privo, noceo; video, obtueor, intueor—to deprive, take away, hurt; to see, view, survey, inspect.*

140 μηνύω, *indico, significo, nuntio, certiorum facio, declaro—to indicate, point out, shew, signify, tell, certify more fully, declare, give the meaning.* pf. μέμνηκα, 1. μνήσω, α. ἐμνήσα, pass. ἐμνήσθην, ης, η, part. μνησθεῖς, ἔσα, ἐν, q. μνάω.

μηρύω, *revolvo, glomero, agglomerum et filum ducum; texo, intexo—to roll, wind round, as yarn on a bottom, make a clew, put up and draw the thread, spin; to weave, braid, make cloth or tapestry.*

μηνύω, *misceo, to mingle, vide μίχνημι.*

μνίω, † *comedo—to devour.*

μοεγνύω, *vide ὁμόεγνημι, tergo—to wipe.*

145 μνάζομαι, † *aversor—to turn from, be averse.*

μύζω, *clausis labris sonum e naribus emitto, musso, musso, gemo, murmuro; sugo—to make a noise through the nose, keeping the lips shut, to crack in the nose, snort, mutter, mussitate: Prov. muffle, groan, complain, growl, murmur; to suck.*

μύω, *claudio, ocludo, conniveo oculis, nicto, oculos claudio, labia comprimo—to shut, make up, wink, twinkle, shut the eyes, close the lips.* α. ἔμυσα, ας, ε.

# N

ναίω, *poet. habito, incolo—to dwell, inhabit.* im. ἔναϊον, ες, ε, Ion. ναῖον, & ναίεσκον, *habitabam, pr. pass. habitor: Item ναίω, pro ναῶ, fluo; Hence the Naiades, nymphs of rivers and fountains, “The azure sisters of the silver flood.”*

Verbs, Chap. I, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p.; 1. σω, pf. κω.

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νέω, Nuo, innuo, annuo, nutu significo, promitto, vergo, propendo, inclino—to *nod*; *beckon*, *hint*, *intimate*, or *signify by a Nod*, *assent*, or *agree to*; *to promise*, *bend*, *diverge*, *propend*, *incline*. α. νέυσσα, 3^d sing. Ion. νῦσε, annuit, part. νέσας, ασα, αν, G. ἄνλος; Q. νέω.

150 νυσάζω, dormito, nicto, præ somno capite nuto; negligens sum, non attendo—to *be sleepy*, *drowsy*, *to slumber*, *twinkle*, *nap* or *dose with a nodding head*; *to be negligent*, *inattentive*. 1. νυσάζω, α. ενύσασα, pf. νενύσασα.

Q

ἰδύζομαι, irascor, vide ἰδύσσω.

ὤζω, Dor. ὄσθω, co. ὀζέω, Oleo, odorem spiro, fæteo—to *smell*, *send forth a sweet*, or *a fetid odour*, *to emit a spicy* or *a putrid vapour*, *be fragrant* or *stink*. im. ὤζον, 2. ἰδῶ, 1. ὀζήσω, & ὀζέσω, olebo, α. ὤζησα, pf. ὤζηκα, med. ὠδα, Att. ὀδωδα, olui, inf. ὀδωδέσθαι, part. ὀδωδώς, υῖα, ὅς, pr. part. pass. ὀζόμενος, η, οη, putridus.

αἰγνύω, aperio—to *open*, vide αἰγω.

οἶομαι, vel οἶμαι, co. οἰέομαι, pr. imp. οἶε, οἰέσθω, 1. οἰήσομαι, η, εἶμαι, α. ὠίσταμην, ω, αἶο, putavi, im. pass. ὠϊέμην, ε, εἶο, pf. ὠήμαι, α. ὠήθην, (οἴησις, εως, ἡ, opinio,) Idem quod R.

155 οἶω, vel οἶω, puto, existimo, arbitror, opinor, reor, spero—to *think*, *suppose*, *conjecture*, *be of opinion*, *imagine*, *hope*. im. ὠόμην, & ὠμην.

οἶω, vide φέρω, fero—to *bear*, *carry*.

ἐκλάζω, in genua procumbo, genibus flexis subsido—to *fall on one's knees*, or *with the knees bending under one*, *make a genuflection*, *couch*, *kneel down*: Metath. labasco, succumbo, deficio, *to fail*, *be weak*, *totter*, *fall under*, *droop*, *be deficient*.

ἄλλυω, perdo, vide ἄλλυμι.

ἐκολύζω, Ululō, ejulo, ploro; cum clamore deos precor; júbilo, exulto—to *howl*, *ululate*, *mourn*, *weep*, *bewail*, *deplore*; *to importune the Gods with tremulous shrieks*:

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, θ, ϑ, ζ, ω p. ; 1. σω, pf. κα.

- to jubilate, shout for joy, exult.* 1. ὀλολύξω, α. ὠλόλυξα, pf. ὠλόλυκα, pass. ὠλόλυγμαι, ξαι, κλαι.
- 160 ὀμνύω, juro—to swear, vide ὅτυμι.
 ὀμοεγγνύω, tergo—to wipe, vide ὀμόεγγνυμι.
 ἐνδυλεύω, † exquisite apparo et condio—to prepare nicely and season well.
 ὀπάζω, persequor, sequi jubeo, comitem do ; prabeo, do—to follow, pursue, order after, accompany ; afford, give. α. ὤπασα, Ion. ὅπασα, persecutus sum, part. ἐπάσας, Æol. ἐπάσαις ; ὀπάζομαι, a persequente urgeor, comitem accipio, I am chased, pursued, accompanied, I accept of a companion or attendant.
 ὀπύω, inco, coeo, uxorem habeo—to consummate a marriage. im. ὤπυιον, ες, ε, pr. pass. ὀπύιομαι, in matrimonium habeor, incoor.
- 165 ἐχέω, admissarium admitto ; coeo, inco, subagito—to admit or receive the salient male ; and vice versa. q. ὀχέω, porto, R. ὄχος, vehiculum.
 ἐχλέω, moveo—to move, stir.

II

- παίζω, more puerorum lusito, ludo, salto, illudo, jocos—to sport as do children, to play, dance, illude, make game of, joke. 1. παίσω. & παίζω, α. ἔπαιξα, pf. πέπαιχα ; παιδίω, id. R. παῖς, puer, a child.
- παίω, percutio, ferio, pulso, pavio ; subagito ; comedo—to strike, percuss, beat, knock, rap, pay, strike against ; subagitate : devour. pf. pass. πέπαισμαι.
- παλιύω, illicio, allicio, fallo, in retia pertraho—to allure, entice, deceive by a lure, decoy, insnare, intangle in toils and nets ; Metath. to bring into a scrape, leave in the lurch.
- 170 παύω, finem impono, finio, cessare seu desistere facio ; reprimō, coerceo, sedo ; privo—to put an end to, finish, cause a cessation, or desistance ; to repress, re-

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p.; 1. σω, pf. κα.

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*strain, use coercion, stop, stint, allay; to deprive.* 2.

παῶ, β. ἔπαον, α. ἱπαύσα, β. pass. ἐπάην, pf. πέπαυμαι, desitui; pr. med. παύομαι, cesso, desisto, *to cease, desist, make a pause.* im. ἐπαύομην, υ, εἶο, α. ἐπαύσαμην, ω, αἶο, *having paused or made a stop.*

πείθω, persuadeo, oratione flecto, impello ad rem aliquam faciendam, allicio, suadeo, persuaderē conor, doceo—*to persuade, bend by forensic eloquence, urge, or impel to active exertions, to allure, persuade, try to bring over, make persuasive efforts, to teach, inform.* im. ἐπίδον, β. ἔπιδον, pr. med. πείδομαι, persuadeor, assentior, *to be persuaded, give one's assent; with a Dat. case obedio, pareo, credo, to obey, believe, imp. ἐπαθόμεν, υ, εἶο, pf. πέποιθα, ας, ε, confido, I am confident, well persuaded, ppf. ἱπεποιθάν, ης, η, inf. πεποιθέναι, confidere, part. πεποιθώς, υῖα, δς, leaning or relying upon, α. pass. ἐπέσθην, ης, η, assensus sum, credidi, I have assented to, believed, 1. πησθήσομαι, pf. πέτησμαι, persuasus sum.*

πελεμίζω, moveo, commoveo, quatio, concutio, agito—to move, put in a state of commotion, shake, concuss, agitate.

1. ξω, pf. χα, α. pass. ἐπελεμίχθην, 3<sup>d</sup>. sing. Ion. πελεμίχθη, reversus est, pf. πεπελέμηναι.

πέσθω, pedo, crepitum ventris edo—to break wind. 2.

παρῶ, β. ἔπαρδον, pf. med. πέπορδα.

πέσθω, diruo, evertō, vasto, perdo, depopulo, privo, perimo, trucido—to overthrow, overturn, evert, ravage, devastate, lay waste, ruin, destroy, depopulate, deprive, sack, plunder, trucidate, kill, massacre. 2. παρῶ, Metath. παρῶ, β. ἔπαρδον, & ἔπαρδον, pf. med. πέπορδα, pass. πέπερμαι.

175 πείλομαι, volo—to fly, take wing, vide ἵλαμαι.

πίλω, vide πίπτω, cado, ruo—to fall down.

πηγνύω, compingo—to join, fasten, vide πήγνυμι.

πήθω, vide πάσχω, patior—to suffer.

πείζω, prehendo, capio, premo, presso, stringo; crucio—

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, δ, ϑ, ζ, ω p.; 1. σά, pf. κα.

*to lay hold of, seize upon, take, capture, press, squeeze, bind; torture, put to the rack.*

180 πίνω, vide πίνω, bibo—to drink.

πλάζω, cō. πλάθω, errare facio, errabundum hic et illuc agito; erro, jacto, amoveo, disturbo—to cause to err, stray, or wander, drive this way and that; to rove, wander, be erratic, to toss to and fro, remove, disturb, disorder. β. ἐπλάγον, ες, ε, 1. πλάγξω, α. ἐπλάγξα, pf. πέπλαγχα, α. pass. ἐπλάγχθην, ης, η, aberravi, I have deviated. Ponitur et πλάζω, per Syncopen, pro πείάζω, appropinquo, accedo, cujus Thema est πείας, prope.

ποπύζω, sibilo; demulceo, blande contrecto, applodo—to hiss, whistle: stroke softly, gently pat, sooth, flatter, applaud. pr. inf. ποπύζαν, & ποπυλιάζω, Dor. ποπύσδαν, & ποπυυλιάσδαν, sibilare.

πρήθω, incendo, accendo, inflammo, uro; fūo, inflo, tumidum reddo—to light, inkindle, set on fire, inflame, burn; to blow, inflate, puff up, swell, make tumid. α.

πρήσσω, Ion. πρήσα, ας, ε, incendi, pf. πέπρησα, 1. pass. πρησθήσομαι, ω. ἐπρησθην, pf. πέπρησμαι,σαι,σαι.

πρίω, & πρίζω, serro, serra secō vel fīdo; stringo, constringo; privo—to saw, saw asunder, cut or sever with a saw; (Hence to pry;) to tie fast, closely bind, strangle; to deprive. pf. pass. πέπρισμαι,σαι,σαι, α. ἐπρίσθην, πριων,

πριονος, δ, serra, a saw.

185 πλάττω, impingo, offendo, pecco, titubo, vaccillo, labor, laboro—to strike against, hit, stumble upon, offend, mistake, stagger, slip, be hurt, oppressed. α. ἐπλάττω, subj.

πλάττω, ης, η, pf. pass. ἐπλάττωμαι.

πύω, spuo, expuo, excreo; contemno, despūo—to spit, spit out, hawk; to contemn, reject, despise.

πύθω, putrefacio—to cause to rot, corrupt, make putrid; πύθωμαι, putresco, putrefio.



Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p.; 1. σω, pf. κα.

## P

παίω, profligo, corrumpto, destruo, disperdo—to undo, corrupt, destroy, Raze, spend, waste.

πέδω, Metath. ἔρδω, (id. qd. πέζω,) im. ἤρδον, faciebam, Ion. ἔρδον, & ἔρδεσκον, perpetrabam, inf. ἔρδαν, facere, part. ἔρδων, οντος, faciens.

190 πέζω, facio; sacrifico—to do, perform; sacrifice. 1. πέζω, Metath. ἔρζω, α. εἰζα, & ἐρρέζα, Ion. ἔρζω, imp. ἔρζον, fac, inf. ἔρζαι, part. ἔρζας, άσα, άν, G. άνλος, pf. pr. med. πέζομαι, fio, pf. ἔρξα, Att. ἔόργα, Metath. ἔροργα, α. part. pass. πέχθεις, εἶσα, εν, G. ενλος, factus.

πέω, vide πέω, fluo.

πήγνυω, frango—to break, vide πήγνυμι,

πέομαι, usitatus est quam th.

πέω, traho; tueor, custodio, servo, libero, eximo, eripio, redimo—to draw, drag, extricate; to watch over, defend, keep, preserve, liberate, take out, deliver, rescue, save, redeem. πέσκω, id. R. ἔρω, traho, πέω, is sometimes used for πέω, fluo, to Run as a stream. 1. med. πέσομαι, α. ἐρύσαμην, liberavi, inf. πέσαι, ind. pass. ἐρύσθην, subj. ἐρύσθω, part. ἐρύσθεις, εἶσα, εν, G. ενλος, ereptus, liberatus, rescued, liberated, set free.

195 πήγνυω, frango—to break, vide πήγνυμι,

πέωνυω, confirmo, corroboro, vide πέωνυμι.

## Σ

σβέννυω, extinguo—to put out, vide σβέννυμι.

σείω, poet. σία, moveo, agito, quatio, concutio, vibro, libro—to move, agitate, shake, make a concussion, brandish, vibrate, poise, swing. Item, to induce, persuade, calumniate. a. 3<sup>a</sup>. sing. ἔσσει, terræ motus fuit, there was an earthquake. 1. pass. σασθήσομαι, η, εἶαι, α ἔσθην, part. σασθείς, ενλος, commotus, pf. ind. σίσσηται.

σίζω, † strido, sibilo—to whiz, hiss.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p. 1. σω, pf. κα.

σκάζω, claudico, titubo, vacillo—to be lame, limp, stumble, totter.

200 + σκιμαλίζω, pertentare an gallina ovum conceperit; digitum infamem, i. e. medium ostendere—to try whether a hen be with egg, or not, or whether she have, or have not laid; to point with the middle finger, which is indicative of infamy.

σκορπίζω, dissipo, spargo, dispergo—to dissipate, scatter, sprinkle, disperse, squander. α. ἐσκορπισα, pass. ἐσκορπισθην, ης, η.

σπένδω, co. σπείδω, libo, i. e. vino, lacte, aut simili liquore diis sacrifico—to pour out in offering, make an effusion, pour libations, spend, sacrifice to the Gods with wine, milk, and like liquids. Act. & Med. pasciscor, fœdus in eo, percutio, to covenant, make a treaty, form a compact, strike a bargain, ratify, bind, confirm. im. ἔσπεινδον, Ion. σπένδεσκον, 1. σπείσω, α. ἔσπασα, libavi, I have poured a libation, made a liquid offering, imp. σπείσων, ἄλω, pf. ἔσπικα, pf. med. ἔσπονδα, ας, ε, pr. pass. σπένδομαι, libor, mactor, immolor, sacrificor, to be poured out, shed, slaughtered, become a victim, be immolated, sacrificed, α. ἐσπείσθην, sacrificio placatus sum, I am appeased by sacrifice, 1. σπῆσθῆσομαι, pf. ἔσπῆσμαι, σαι, ςαι, part. ἐσπῆσμένος, n. pl. τὰ ἐσπῆσμένα, pacta et fœdera, pacts and covenants, bargains and agreements.

σπένδω, festino, propero; incito, instigo, citato gradu progredi jubeo—to speed, make haste, push, press on; to incite, instigate, order up by a quick march, command a speedy advance. α. ἔσπεινσα, pf. med. ἔσπεδα, adhortatus sum. σπένδῃ βίον ἀθάνατον, poet. immortalem vitam affectare, to aim at immortality.

σπίζω, extendo, expando; pipilo ut aves quædam—to extend, stretch, open, expand, spread; to chirp as do certain birds from the opening shell.

205 ςάζω, stillo—to drop. ςαλάζω, id.

Verbs, Chap. 1. Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p. ; 1. σω, pf. κκ.

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στηρίζω, firmiter statuo, figo, stabilio; firmo, fulcio; confirmo, probo; sto, consisto, firmo pedem, incumbo—to set with firmness, fix, fasten, found, establish, strengthen, prop, support, stay; to confirm, prove, make good; to stand, abide, stand fast, keep a firm foot, rest or lean upon. 1. στηρίζω, α. ἑστηρίξα, imp. στηρίξον, ἄνω, pf. ἑστηρίχα, pass. ἑστηρίγμαι, ξαι, κλαι, part. ἐστηρίγμενος, η, ον, stābilitus, α ind. ἐστηρίχθην, confirmatus fui, inf. στηρίχθηναι.

ρίζω, pungo, notis compungo, stigmata inuro, inustis notis signo, interpungo, notis distinguo; cædo, Metaph. inflamo, incesso—to prick, point, imprint, stamp, stigmatize, brand, mark with a hot iron, make an interpunction, to distinguish by marks, notify; to beat, discolour by the lash; Metaph. to slander, reproach. 1. ρίζω, pf. ῥιχα, pass. ῥιγμαι, ξαι, κλαι.

στοχάζομαι, collineo, i. e. ad rectam lineam dirigo, recta ad scopum tendo—to level, take sight, aim at, make right for the mark; Metaph. in scopum destino, propositum mihi specto; conjecto, conjecturam facio, τὸ design, propose to one's-self, have the end and prize in view, be true and steady to one's purpose; to cūst together, form a conjecture. 1. στοχάζομαι, pf. pass. ἐστόχασμαι.

σπωννύω, sterno—to strew, vide σπώννυμι.

210 σῦν, † tetigine laboro, priapum extendo—to labour under a priapism. q. σάω.

σφαδάζω, pedes agito, jacto pedes, cum tractu quodam salio, exulto, palpito—to agitate and toss the feet, Prov. to Fad about, to beat the ground in an irregular dance, to exult, palpitate, be tremblingly alive to; also to be under the influence of passion.

σφαζω, seu σφάζω, jugulo, neco, mactō, cædo, interficio, trucidō, occido—to jugulate, cut the throat, kill, sacrifice, beat, knock down, slay, murder. 1. σφάζω, α. ἑσφαξα, pf. ἑσφαχα, β. ἑσφαγον, pass. ἑσφάγην, part. σφαγῆς, ἤσκα, ἐσ, σ. ἕλος, trucidatus.

Verbs, Chap. I, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p.; 1. σω, pf. κα.

σφύζω, salio, pulso, palpito; mico, desiderio, æstuo—to leap, dance, knock, beat, palpitate; to shine, flash, be ardent, burn with desire.

σχίζω, findo, diffindo, scindo, discindo, disseco—to cleave, make a fissure, split, rend asunder, make a rent or schism, cut, divide, separate, sever, dissect. pf. pass. ἔσχισμαι.

T

215 τένδω, comedo, rodo, arrodo....to eat up, devour, gnaw; τένθω, vel τίνθω, id.

τενάζω, † satagere, sedulo rem gero—to be busy, sedulous, diligent in business.

τίκω, pario, procreo, vide Separ. Cl.

τίλλω, vel τίνω, † pipio—to chirp as a bird or chick.

τίω, honoro, in honore habeo, magni æstimo, carum habeo; pendo, punio, vindico, ulciscor; solvo, luo, persolvo—to honour, esteem much, rate high, hold dear; retaliate, repay, punish, chastise, revenge,; to loose, free, expatiate, make the payment good, τίνω, id. im. & β. ἔτιον, 2. τιῶ, pf. τέτιχα, med. τέτιχα, pass. τέτιμαι.

220 τονθορίζω, seu ἰζω, † murmuro, musso—to murmur, mutter.

τρίζω, & τρύζω, strido, strideo, murmuro, susurro, sonum quemdam aut susurrum edo—to make a noise, whiz, gnash the teeth, murmur, whisper, give a rustling or whispering sound. 2. τρίζω, med. τέτριχα, ας, ε.

τρύω, tero, attero, vexo, divexo, defatigo, trudo, domo, exaurio, conficio, affligo, afflicto, eneco & macero—to rub, chafe, wear, truant, tire, break, vex, grieve, fatigue, shove, push, tame, exhaust, waste, work up, consume, afflict, kill and emacerate. pf. pass. τέτρυμαι. τρύσχω, & τρύχω, id.

τωδάζω, dictieriis vel conviciis incesso, irrideo, mordeo opprobriis, cavillor—to load with reproaches, ridicule, taunt, sarcastise, mock, rally.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p.; 1. σω, pf. κα.

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ᾄδω, cano, celebro, dico—to sing, hymn, celebrate, repeat the praises of; ὑδαίω, id.

- 225 ἵω, pluo, irriigo, pluviâ perfundo—to rain, water, irrigate, drench, make soft with showers. 1. ὕσω, pf. ὕκα, ὕδες, ἄδος, ἦ, Hyas; pl. ὑάδες, Hyades, stellæ septem in cornibus Tauri, quæ quum oriuntur aut occidunt, pluvias excitant, succulæ.

Φ

φαίω, † frigeo—to be cold.

φείδομαι, parco, pœnam remitto, do veniam, ignosco; parcè utor, parcus sum, abstineo, tempero—to spare, remit the punishment, pardon, overlook; use sparingly, be parsimonious, abstemious, and temperate. 1. Med. φέισομαι, α. ἐφασάμην, ω, αἶο, peperci.

φθίω, corrumpo, vide φθείω.

φλάζω, stultè et inarticulatè loquor, ferveo—to talk in a foolish and inarticulate manner, to chat, and stammer, to be hot, boil.

- 230 φορεύω, pinso, subigo, misceo, turbo, farinam subigentis more confundo; fædo, polluo—to bake, knead, mix, disorder, make turbid, confound as in a kneading trough; to foul, pollute, pervert. 1. φύρω, to mix. φορέων, & φορέυσσω, id.

φράζω, Dor. φράσδω, dico, memoro, commemoro, edissero, indico, expono, nuncio, jubeo; Med. cogito, in animo verso, consilium in eo, delibero, perpendo, statuo; animadvertendo caveo, vito; animadverto, deprehendo, video, cognosco, intelligo—to say, tell, phrase, utter, relate, commemorate, rehearse, shew, set forth, declare, order, command; Med. to think, turn over in the mind, take counsel, deliberate, thoroughly weigh, ponder, appoint; to be wise from observation, to shun; to animadvert, apprehend, see, perceive, know, understand. α. ἴφρασα, pf.

Verbs, Chap. I, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p.; 1. σω, pf. κα.



πέφρακα, 2. φραδῶ, β. ἔφραδον, pf. Med. πέφραδα, pass. πέφρασμαι, σαι, λαι, part. πέφραδμένος, pro πέφρασμένος.  
 φύω, & φύμι, gigno, produco, pario, edo—to beget, produce, bear, bring forth: φύομαι, nascor, enascor, pullulo, orior, to be born, brought forth, shoot, bud, spring, rise.  
 1. φύσω, pf. πέφυκα, natus sum, ita a naturâ comparatus sum, a naturâ habeo, *I have been born, am by nature so and so, such are my physical qualities*, pr. part. f. φύσσα, suppullulans, sprouting afresh, 2. φυῶ, β. ἔφυον, ες, ε, & ἔφυν, υς, υ, inf. φύναι, nasci, part. φύς, γ. φύνλος, natus, pf. ind. med. πέφυα, pass. πέφυμαι, σαι, λαι, β. ἐφύην, ης, η, part. φυείς, εῖσα, ἐν, enatus.

X

χάζω, & χάζομαι, cedo, do locum, recedo, retrocedo; privo; capio, capax sum; contineo—to retire, give place, retreat, quit, recede, give back; to deprive; take, hold, be capacious, contain, be in trouble. β. ἔχαδον, Ion. κέχαδον, capax sum, inf. χαδεῖν, Ion. χαδέειν, pf. Med. κέχαδα, pro κέχαδα.

χαλάζω, to loose, lower, vide χαλάω.

235 χεύω, & χεῖω, vide χέω, fundo—to pour out.

χλάζω, † sibilo—to whistle, hiss.

χλίω, deliciis frango, luxu effemino—to unman with pleasures, to cloy, enervate, soften by luxury, effeminate.

χνάυω, carpo, vellico; catillorum more voro et deglutio—to pluck, vellicate, tweeze, lug; to guzzle, devour in a whelpish manner, gnaw.

χρῆμι-ίζω, & ἑλίζω, hinnio—to neigh, whinny.

χρίω, ungo, inungo, perungo, lino, oblino, illino—to anoint, pour on the Chrism, perfume with unguents, lubricate with ointment, rub, colour, besmear.

†

240 † ενδω, fallo, decipio—to deceive, impose upon, take in; † εν-



Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 3, τ, δ, θ, ζ, ω p. 1. σω, pf. κα.

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δομαι, pass. fallor, frustror, *to be deceived, disappointed*;
pf. ἔψευσμαι, σαι, ςαι, deceptus sum; med. mentior,
frustror, *to lie, feign, falsify, disappoint*: 1. med. ψεύ-
σομαι, α. ἐψεύσάμην, ω, αἶο, mendacio fefelli, *I have deceived*
by falsehood, inf. ψεύσασθαι.

ψίζομαι, & ψίνδομαι, † lugeo, fleo—*to lament, weep.*

ψίω, † attenuo, mando—*to attenuate, chew.*

Ω

ὠθω, trudo—*to thrust*, vide ὠθέω.

ὠρεύω, & ὠρεύομαι, ululo, ejulō, rugio; mugio, latro—*to*
ululate, howl, cry, roar; low, bellow, bark. α. ὠρυσα, pf.
ὠρυκα, pr. part. med. ὠρυόμενος, η, ον, rugiens, frendens.

CHAPTER I.—CLASS 4.

Its Characteristic letters are the Liquids, λ, μ, (μν) ν, ς;
fut. ὦ, pf. κα.

Its first and second Futures are often alike.

When there are two Lambdas (λλ) in the present tense, the
latter is retained no farther than the preterimperfect.

ὠγαλλω, orno, insignio, delectabilè facio—*to adorn, embel-*
lish, make gallant, render delectable. im. ἠγαλλον, orna-
bam, fut. ὠγαλῶ, pf. ἠγαλκα, pr. med. ἀγάλλομαι, glorior,
oblecto me in re aliquâ, gaudeo, gestio, exulto, *to boast,*
to please or solace one's-self in any thing, be delighted with,
take pleasure in, to exult.

ἀγγέλλω, nuncio, certiozem facio—*to tell, declare, bear ti-*
dings as an Angel or messenger, carry news, inform, cer-
tify. 1. ἀγγέλῳ, β, ἠγγελον, α. ἠγγελα, pf. ἠγγελκα, med. ἠγγελα,
3 pl. pr. imper. ἀγγελλέτωσαν, nuntient, Att. ἀγγελλόντων,
(qs. g. pl. pr. part.) α. part. pass. ἀγγελθεῖς, εῖσα, ἐν.

ἀγείρω, congreco, colligo; mendicando corrogo, vagor,
peto—*to congregate, assemble, gather, convene, collect; to*

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 4, λ, μ, ν, ς; 1. ῶ, pf. κκ.

scrape together by mendication, stroll, plod about, be ambitious of. Poet. ἀγέρω, Æol. ἀγέρῳ, fut. ἄγεῶ, pf. ἤγεκα, Att. ἀγήγεκα, med. ἤγορα, α. act. ἤγηρα, Ion. ἄγηρα, inf. ἀγεῖραι, part. ἀγείρας, ind. pass. ἤγεσθην, 1. ἀγεσθήσομαι.

αἶρω, tollo, attollo, crigo, eveho; adfero, infero, præbeo—to take, lift, or raise up, elevate, erect, carry out, convey; bring to, or in, afford. q. αἶρω. fut. αἶεῶ, pf. ἤκα, β. ἤερον, α. ἤερα.

5 αἰδύω, ludo, lusito—to play as do children, sport, take diversion.

αἰκᾶλλω, blandior, assentior, adulator—to flatter, compliment, assent to, adulate, fawn upon. 1. αἰκαλῶ, pf. ἤκαλκα.

αἶρω, tollo, attollo, sursum tollo, eveho; augeo, amplifico; capio, sumo; tollo e medio, subverto; moveo, solvo, proficiscor, abeo—to take or lift up, raise, elevate, place or bear aloft, poise high in Air, carry off; to increase, amplify; to take, assume; bear away, kill, subvert; to move, unmoor, put to sea, go, march, decamp. αἶρομαι, in activâ significatione, erigo, porto, bajulo, fero, reporto, gesto, suscipio, aggredior—to erect, carry, bring, bear, take up, attempt. q. αἶρω. 1. αἶεῶ, pf. ἤκα, α. ἤρα, subj. ἄρω, ης, η, imper. ἄρον, inf. ἄραι, part. ἄρας, ανλος, qui sustulit, 1. pass. ἀρσθήσομαι, pf. ἤρμαι, α. ἤρθην, imper. ἄρθη, ἦω, inf. med. ἄρασθαι.

αἰσθάνομαι, co. αἰσθίομαι, sentio, propriè sensu corporis; audio; sensu quolibet sentio, mentè percipio, cognosco, intelligo, scio—to perceive, be sensible of, properly in a corporal way, to hear, &c. to comprehend, discover, understand, know. 1. pass. αἰσθήσομαι, pf. ἤσθημαι, β. med. ἥσθον, opt. αἰσθόμην, subj. αἰσθώμαι, inf. αἰσθίσθαι, part. αἰσθόμενος.

αἰλδαίνω, augeo, 1. ἤσω, pf. ἤλθκα, vide ἀλδέω, co. & R.

10 αἰλλόμαι, salio, salto—to leap, dance. α. m. ἤλαμην, ω, ελο.

ἀμαρτάνω, co. ἀμαρτίω, aberro, propriè a scopo vel viâ, erro, fallo, pecco, delinquo, peccatum admitto. 1. ἀμαρτήσω,

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 4, λ, μ, ν, ρ; 1. ᾠ, pf. κα.

pf. ἡμάριηκα, 2. ἀμαρῖῳ, β. ἡμαρῖον, & ἡμβρολον, α. part. ἀμαρ-
τήσας, ανλος. ἀμαρῖῳ τῆς ἐλπίδος, qui frustratus est suâ
spe, *having been defeated in his expectation.*

ἀμύνω, auxilior, opem fero; ab injuriâ defendo; propello,
arceo; dimico pro, propugno, tueor; resisto, par pari
refero—to *help, aid, supply with ammunition, defend from
injury, propel, keep off; fight for, protect, guard; resist,
retaliate.* pf. ἡμυγχα, α. ἡμυνα, med. ἡμυνάμην, ultus sum,
1. ἀμυνῆμαι.

ἀναινομαι, renuo, recuso—to *refuse, decline, slight.* 2^a. sing.
ἀναινῆ, Ion. ἀναινέσαι, recusas, 3^a. sing. imperfect. ἀνήνελο,
Ion. ἀναινέλο, recusabat.

ἀνδανω, co. & R. ἀδέω, placeo—to *please, content, delight;*
ἀδω, idem. im. ἡνδανον, ες, ε, 1. ἀδήσω, α. ἦσα, (quasi ab ἀδω,
1. ἄσω) Att. ἔασα, 2. ἀδῶ, β. ἦδον, Att. ἔαδον, pf. med. ἦδα,
Att. ἔαδά, poet. εὔαδα, q. ἀδω, id.

15 ἄρω, apto, adapto, congruo, quadro—to *fit, join, apply,
adapt, suit, match, be meet, agree, quadrature, square.* 1.
ἄρῳ, Æol. ἄρσω, α. ἦρα, Æol. ἦρσα, part. ἄρσας, ανλος, im.
vel β. ind. ἦρον, Att. ἄραρον, pf. med. ἦρα, Att. ἄρηρα, Poet.
ἄραρα, congrui, pf. part. ἦρως, Att. ἄραρως, qui se accom-
modavit, qui placuit.

ἀσχάλλω, doleo, mæreo, tristor; indignor, ægrè fero, suc-
censeo—to *be sorry, grieve, be pensive and sad, troubled
and displeased, to be indignant, fret, be discontented, take
ill, be angry with.* ἀσχαλάω, id.

B

βαίνω, co. βάω, βῆμι, gradior, incedo, eo, abeo; coeo, inco—
to *go, step, walk, march, depart; to generate, with respect
to animals.* 1. βήσω, pf. βέβηκα, sync. vel Ion. βέβαια, ppf.
βέβηκαν, & βέβαιον, 3^a. pl. sync. & sine aug. βέβαιον, in-
gressi erant; β. βῆν, ns, n, & absque aug. βῆν, βῆς, βῆ,
opt. βαίνω, subj. βῶ, βῆς, βῆ, iverim, Ion, βίω, βέης, βέη, poet.

εἶω, imper. εἶθι, pro quo εἶθι, & εἶ, part. εἶς, 1. med. εἶσομαι, (frequentius quam 1. act.) α. εἶσαμένην, pf. pass. εἶσθαι, σαι, ται, et a seipso, εἶσμαι, & εἶσασμαι, ut etiam α. εἶσάνην. εἶσσω, & poet. εἶσώω, & βίσθαι, id. 1. εἶσάω.

βάλλω, co. βαλέω, sync. βλέω, jacio, jaculor, projicio, abjicio, profligo, ferio, percutio, figo, saucio, cædo, attingo, injicio, immitto, pono, trado, committo, condo, ædifico, verro, flecto—to cast, throw, fling, hurl, dart, shoot, send a ball, wing a bolt, bombard, throw or cast away, rout, push, strike, give a blow, hit, shock, smite, fix, pierce, wound, cut, graze, touch upon, inject, immit, put, deliver over, commit, store, lay up, found, build, form an edifice, clean, rake, bend, apply. im. ἔβαλλον, fut. βαλῶ, β. ἔβαλον, 1. βαλήσω, rar. occ. pf. ἐβληκα, jaculatus sum, 2. vel β. inf. βλεῖν, β. imper. βάλε, ἔλο, pf. part. βληκῶς, ὤα, ὅς, pass. ind. ἐβλημαι, σαι, ται, ppf. ἐβλήμεν, inf. ἐβλήσθαι, part. βλημένος, η, ον, 1. ind. βληθησομαι, η, εἶαι, α. ἐβλήθην, imper. βλήθητι, inf. βληθῆναι, part. βληθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, sync. βλεῖς, ictus, struck, blasted, β. opt. med. βλείμην, (qs. a βλήμι, qd. a βλέω) pf. ind. ἐβόλα, conjeci, quasi ab antiquo ἐλλω, unde ἐλος, εος, τὸ, jaculum, telum.

- 20 βαμβαίνω, inarticulatè loquor, balbutio, confusum quendam sonum edo; dentes præ metu quatio, attonitus dentibus crepito—to speak inarticulately, stammer, lisp, babble, make a confused noise; to quake for fear, be affrighted to a tremor, and jingle of the teeth, be so thunderstruck as to cause their chattering.

βασκαίνω, fascino; invideo; criminor, reprehendo—to fascinate, bewitch; envy; criminate, reprove; fut. βασκανῶ, pf. ἐβάσκαγκα, α. ἐβάσκηκα, β. ἐβάσκανον.

βδάλλω, mulgeo, sugo—to milk, suck, imbibe. βδέλλω, id.

βλαστάνω, co. βλαστέω, germino, fruticor, pullulo, proprie de plantis—to germinate, sprout, bud, blossom, branch forth, be productive of sprigs and shoots, to spring, grow: etiam activè, produco, progigno, profero, originem duco—

Verbs, Chap. 1. Cl. 4, λ, μ, ν, ς ; 1. ᾶ, pf. κα.

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*to produce, bring forth, shew, draw its origin from.* 1. *βλαστήσω*, pf. *βεβλάστηκα*, & *ἐβλάστηκα*, β. *ἔβλαστον*, α. *ἐβλάστησα*, part. *βλαστήσας, ασα, αν*, pf. pass. *βεβλάσθημαι*. *βλάσθημα*, αἶος, τὸ, germen ; *βλαστὸς*, ἔ, ὅ, id.

*βέλομαι*, co. *βέλομαι*, volo, malo, cupio, opto, censeo—to *will or be willing, to prefer, choose rather, desire, wish, judge, think, be of opinion.* 2<sup>a</sup> sing. *βέλῃ*, im. *ἐβελόμην*, 1. *βελήσομαι*, pf. med. *ἐβέβλα*, pass. *ἐβέβλημαι*, α. *ἐ- Att. ἡ-βελήθην*.

25 *βρέμω*, fremo, murmuro—to *roar as wild beasts, as the sea, to rumble, rage, growl, murmur* ; fut. *βρεμῶ*, pf. med. *ἐβέρομα*.

Γ

*γάμῶ*, vide *γαμέω*, uxorem duco—to *marry*.

*γαργαίεω*, splendo ; vibro ; palpito ; multiplico ; abundo—to *shine, glitter ; shake, brandish ; palpitare, throb ; multiply ; abound, overflow*.

*γείνομαι*, (qs. a. γείνω,) gignor, nascor—to *be begotten, brought forth, born.* Pr. poeticum est ; sed apud oratores etiam α med. *ἐγενάμην*, frequens in activa significatione, genui, procreavi, et utroque parente dicitur ; de matre, peperī ; inf. *γενίασθαι*, part. *γενάμενος*, 2. ind. *γενῆμαι*, pf. *γένεα*, (Ion. & poet. pro *γένεκα*, quasi à γάω) natus sum, sum vel fui, part. *γεγαώς*. q. γίνομαι, q. v.

*γέμῶ*, plenus sum, onustus sum—to *be full, freighted, loaded.* Part. *γέμων, εσσα, ον*, plenus, pf. med. *γέγομα*.

30 *γίνομαι*, vel *γίγνομαι*, co. *γενάομαι*, sum, existo, fio, nascor, gignor, orior, edor ; accido, evenio, contingo—to *be, also to be at or present, to exist, become, commence, be born, brought forth, take one's rise or origin, be produced ; happen, fall out, come to pass, take place by contingency.* q. *γείνομαι*, sub quo videas nonnulla derivata. 1. pass. *γενήθῃσομαι*, η, εἶται, α. *ἐγενήθην*, β. *ἐγένην*, 2. *γενήσομαι*, pf. *γενένημαι, σαι, λαι*, sum, fio, &c. part. *γενημένος*, 1. ind. med. *γενίσομαι, α. ἐγενήσάμην*, sync. *ἐγενάμην*, ω, αἶο, β. *ἐγενόμην*, ἐγένεα, ἐγένετο,

## Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 4, λ, μ, ν, ς ; 1. ῥ, pf. κα.

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syn. ἔγεν'το, factus sum, subj. γένωμαι, η, ηται, optat. γενόμην, οιο, οίτο, (μὴ γένοιτο, absit) γένε, γενέσθω, esto, inf. γενέσθαι, part. γεόμενος, pf. ind. γέγονα, (ab inusit γείνω,) ppp. ἐγεγόνειν, inf. γεγονέναι, & γεγαέναι, part. γεγονώς, & γεγαώς, ὤα, ος. γίνομαι πρόσ, vel ἐν τῷ, vel περὶ τῷ, versor, vel occupatus sum hanc in rem, incumbo in hanc rem. γίνεσθαι πῦρ ἐπὶ πῦρ, ignis igni adjicitur. γίνεσθαι ἐφ' ἑτέρους, aliis inniti, in aliis spem collocare. ἀπο τινος, ab aliquo disjungi. γέγονε τῇ πόλει ὄνομα, nomen urbi inditum est. ἔμελλον ἡμέρα γίνεσθαι, illucescebat. τὰ μέλλοντα γίνεσθαι, futura. τὰ γινόμενα, proventus revenue. ἐπεὶ ἐγένετο ἐπὶ ποταμῷ, when he came to the river. γίνεταί σοι καλῶς, bene tecum agitur, fortune smiles upon you. τί γέγονε, quid accidit? What's the matter?

Δ

δάκνω, co. δήκω, mordeo; pungo—to bite; puncture, sting, gall. 1. δήξω, α. ἔδηξα, ας, ε, pf. δέδηχα, β. ἔδακον, inf. δακίην, ind. pass. ἐδάκην, pf. δέδηγμαι, ξαι, κται, α. ἐδήχθην, part. δηχθεῖς, εῖσα, ἐν, 1. ind. δηχθήσομαι, med. δήξομαι, quod usitatum est pro 1. act. α. ἔδηξάμην, β. ἔδακόμην.

δαρδάνω, co. δαρδέω, dormio—to sleep, dorm. Pro act. fut. med. δαρδήσομαι, pf. act. δεδάρθηκα, β. ἔδαρδον, poet. per Metathesin, ἔδραδον, inf. δαρδεῖν, & δραδεῖν, part. δαρδών, & δραδών, pf. part. δεδαρδηνώς.

δέμω, (pr, inusit.) co. δεμέω, sync. δμέω, extruo, ædifico—to build, form an edifice, raise a Dome, make a Home. 1. δεμῶ, 2. δαμῶ, pf. δεδέμηκα, et syn. δεδμηκα, α. ἔδημα, part. δημας, pr. med. δέμομαι, rar. α. ἔδημάμην, inf. δείμασθαι, pf. pass. sync. δέδημαι, σαι, ται, extructus est, med. δίδομα.

δέμω, vel δάμνω, domo—to tame, vide δαμάω.

35 διάνω, humecto, madefacio, irrigo—to wet, moisten, water, irrigate. fut. διανῶ.

δρέμω, vide τρέχω, curro—to run,

δύνω, subeo—to go down, vide δύω.

E

ἐγείρω, excito, expergefacio, incito, accendo; extruo, ædifico—to *excite, rouse, stir up, awake, provoke, incite, kindle; to build.* fut. ἀγερῶ, pf. ἤγερεκα, Att. ἀγήγερεκα, α. ἤγερε; ἐγείρομαι, resurgo, excitor, 1. pass. ἐγερθήσομαι, surgam, pf. ἤγερμαι, Att. ἀγήγεσμαι, σαι, ται, α. ἠγέρθη, ης, η, imper. ἐγέρθητι, inf. ἐγερθήναι, part. ἐγερθεῖς, ind. med. ἠγειράμην, ω, αἶο, imp. ἔγερεαι, pf. ind. ἤγορεα, Att. ἐγήγορεα, & cum Epenthese literæ ς, ἐγερτόρεα, part. ἐγενητορῶς, vigilans.

ἐθέλω, co. ἰθέλω, volo, vide θέλω, idem.

40 εἶρω, pr. necto, texo, im. nectebam—to *knit, link, braid, weave.*

εἶρω, dico, loquor, rogo, interrogo, quæro, nuncio—to *say, speak, ask, interrogate, inquire, declare.* εἶρω, signifying dico, &c. is not used in the present and imperfect tense. fut. ἐρῶ, and by solution ἐρέω, dicam, interrogabo; whence we have ἐρέω, dico, &c. poet. ἐρέω; from which, by Aphærising ε, is formed ῥέω, dico, q. v. im. εἶρεον, dicebam, nunciabam, from ἐρέω, taking ι after ε for its augment, vel poet. ab εἶρέω. pf. εἶρηκα, ας, ε, dixi, &c. ppf. εἶρηκάν, ης, α, part. εἶρηκώς. G. ὅλος, 2. 1^a. pl. ἐρῶμεν, dicemus, opt. ἐροῖμι; pr. med. ἐρέομαι, ἔρομαι, & poet. εἶρομαι. interrogo, imper. ἔρε, poet. ἔρεω, roga, 1. ἐρήσομαι, η, εἶαι, α. ἐρήσαμην, & ἠράμην, β. ἠρόμην, poet. ἐρόμην, pf. pass. εἶρημαι, σαι, ται, part. εἶρημένος, η, ον, p. post f. ind. ἐρήσομαι, η, εἶαι. καλὰ τὸ εἶρημένον, secundum quod dictum erat.—Rom. iv. 18.

ἐλαύνω, Dor. ἐλαύω, co. ἐλάω, agito, impello, stimulo, incito, exerceo, exagito, fatigo, vexo, insector, persequor judicio, arcesso, accuso, verhero, pulso, ferio, excutio, moveo, cieo, excito, abigo, expello, duco, ductilè opus facio, traduco, proveho, promoveo, progredior, evado, pervenio, equito, vulnero, transfigo—to *agitate, tumble, toss, chase, drive on, impel, provoke, goad, stimulate, stir up, incite, exercise, ply, rouse, fatigue, disturb, trouble,*

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torture, vex, pursue, sue at law, accuse, beat, strike, forge, push, hit, shake off, excuss, move, stir, drive away, send off, expel, lead, conduct, make a ductile work, draw a ditch, wall, &c. bring from one place or side to another, change situation, decamp, turn, carry on, promote, go forth, march, advance, proceed, evade, escape, avoid, make for, come to, arrive at, ride, wound, vulnerate, transfix. 2. ἔλῳ, 1. ἐλάσω, α. ἤλασα, & absque aug. ἔλασα, 3^a. pl. ἔλασαν, sync. ἔλσαν, pf. ἤλακα, Att. ἐλήλακα, ppf. ἐληλάκαν, 3^a. pl. ἔσαν, Att. ἔσαν, part. ἐληλακώς, im. pass. ἐλαυνόμεν, ε, εἶο, pf. ἤλαμαι, vel ἤλασμαι.

ἐλεφαίεω, * decipio, noceo—to deceive, hurt.

ἔλλω, & ἔλω, vide αἰρέω, capio—to take, seize.

45 ἐνείρω, occido, interficio; corrumpo, perdo, spolio—to kill, slay; corrupt, destroy, spoil. q. ἐν, & αἰρέω. fut. ἐναρῶ, α. ἔνηρα, α. med. ἐνηράμεν.

ἔρρω, co. ἐρρέω, ægre eo, dolens et afflictus eo; inauspicato et cum pernicio accedo; ab eo in malam rem, facesso in malam crucem, pessum eo, perio, interio—to walk and grieve, go mourning and afflicted; approach under every disadvantage; run to ruin, haste to destruction, be undone, die. 1. ἔρρησω, α. ἔρρησα.

Z

ζέλλω, † jacio—to throw, cast.

Θ

θάλλω, vineo, floreo, pullulo, scateo—to be green, flourish, blossom, spring, bud, abound. fut. θαλῶ, pf. τέθαλκα, med. τίθηλα, & τίθαλα, sæpe pro pr. part. τεθαλώς, ὕα, ὅς, abundans. θαλλέω, floreo, vireo; θαλέω, id. & decoror, ornor. θαλίθω, vireo pullulo.

θαίνω, ferio, percutio—to strike, percuss. fut. θειῶ; pr. pass. θείνομαι, percutior, vapulo.

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- 50 θέλω, co. θελώ, volo, opto; delecto; possum—to will, be willing, wishful; to delight, be pleased; be able. ἰθέλω, id. 3a. pl. pr. Dor., θέλοντι; 1. θελήσω, α. ἰθελήσα, pf. τεθέληκα, pass. τεθέλημαι.
- θέρω, calefacio; medeor, curo—to warm, heat; heal, cure, take care of: fut. θερῶ, Æol. θέρσω; θερόμαι, calesco, uror, caleo, to grow warm, wax hot, &c.
- θέρω, to leap, go Thorough, vide θρώσκω.

I

- ἰαίνω, calefacio, tepefacio; liquefacio, dissolvo, emollio; lætitia perfundo, exilaro, floreo; ad iram concito—to heat, warm, make tepid, melt, dissolve, mollify; gladden, exhilarate, flourish; rouse to wrath, make angry.
- 55 ἰάλλω, mitto, immitto, jacio; volo, as, appeto—to send, throw, cast, hurl; to fly, make for; fut. ἰάλω.
- ἰκάνω, vide ἴκω, venio, to come.
- ἰμείρω, poet. desidero, cupio—to desire, covet, long for. ἱμερός.

K

- καγχαίνω, † calefacio—to warm, heat, make hot.
- καθαίρω, purgo, detergo, mundo; lustrō, expio; flagris cædo—to purge, wipe off, cleanse, purify; lustrate, expiate; to scourge, chastise; q. κατὰ, et αἶρω, tollo. fut. καθαίρω, pf. κεκάθαρεκα, α. ἐκάθησα, purgavi, inf. καθῆσαι, pass. ἐκαθάσθην, part. καθαρεθείς, purgatus, pf. ind. κεκάθαρεμαι, κεκαθαρμένος, α. med. καθηράμενος.
- 60 καίνω, perimo, interficio, occido, neco—to destroy, kill, slay, butcher.
- κάμνω, co. καμῖω, sync. κμῖω, faticor, lassescō, deficio; cum labore facio, laboro, elaboro; cum labore comparo, vel acquiro; male me habeo, ægroto—to be tired, fatigued, grow weary, Prov. to Kam, faint, fail; to take pains, labour, toil, work hard at; get by toil and labour; to be

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indisposed or sick. fut. καμῶ, β. ἔκλινον, subj. κάμω, ης, η, pf. ind. κεκάμηκα, vel. κέκμηκα, fut. med. καμῆμαι.

καρκαρίζω, *resono, sonitum edo; pulsatus vibro vel tremo—to resound, make a noise; vibrate, tremble on being struck.*
 κείρω, *tondeo; abscindo; vasto, populo, diripio; insatiabili edacitate voro—to shave; cut off, shear; lay waste, plunder, destroy; to eat greedily, devour with insatiable edacity.* fut. κερῶ, pf. κέκαρκα, α. ἔκηρα, inf. κείραι, med. ind. ἐκέραιμην, ω, αῖο, imper. κείραι, ἄσθω, inf. κείρασθαι, *tondere, pf. pass. inf. κεκάρεσθαι.*

κέλλω, *Appello, appellor, ad vel in portum pervenio; moveo, celeriter curro—to arrive at, make the harbour, gain the port; to move, unmoor, run swiftly; scud.* fut. κελῶ, Aol. κέλσω, α. ἔκαλα, ἔκელσα, inf. κείλαι, κέλσαι.

65 κέλομαι, co. κέλομαι, *usitatus est quam R.*

κέλω, *jubeo, hortor—to command, exhort, induce, encourage.*

1. m. κελήσομαι. κέλυσμα, αῖος, τὸ, *mandatum.*

κενυρόμαι, *voce querulā lamento, lugubri voce queror—to lament in plaintive accents, complain with a mournful voice.*

κλίνω, *Clino, inclino, reclino, acclino; deprimō, inclino me; declino, deflecto; reflecto; in posteriora avertō—to incline, bend, recline, lean to; repress, stoop; decline, turn from; turn back; put to flight.*

κόχλω, *gyro, roto, torqueo—to wheel about, turn round, whirl, twist.*

70 κράνω, *perficio, efficio, effectum reddo; creō; impero, regno—to perfect, finish, grant, give effect to, bring to pass, accomplish; create, form; command, govern, reign, rule.* fut. κρανῶ, 2. m. ἔμαι, inf. εἶσθαι, Ion. ἐέσθαι.

κρίνω, *secerno, discerno, dijudico; excerno, seligo, deligo; discepto, judico; cerno, censeo, existimo, aestimo; adjudico; statuo, constituo; culpo, accuso, damno, punio, probō, exploro, examino—to secern, separate, sunder, discern, discriminate, criticise, arbitrate, judge between; sift, chuse, pick, cull; debate, contend, judge, give*

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sentence; distinguish, think, suppose, rate, value, esteem; adjudge, determine; place, range, order, appoint, establish, constitute; blame, censure, arraign, accuse, criminate, cast, condemn, punish; prove, try, view or search diligently, explore, examine. pr. pass. κρίνομαι, in judicium vocor, α. κρίνῃην, pf. κέκριμαι,σαι, ται.

κτείνω, interficio, occido, neco—to slay, kill, put to death. fut. κτενω, α. ἐκτενεα, β. ἐκτανον, pf. ἐκτακα, pass. ἐκταμαι, α. ἐκτένῃην, I. κτανθήσομαι.

κύρω, & κυρίω, incido, nanciscor, consequor, assequor, impingo, sum—to meet, fall upon, or in with, happen, get, obtain, acquire, hit, or strike against, to be. fut. κυρῶ, Æol. κύρσω, α. ἐκυρσα, inf. κύρσαι, part. κύρσας.

κωλύω, fabulo, garrio, loquitor; blandis et falacibus verbis decipio—to talk, chat, prate, be garrulous, loquacious; to impose upon by flattering and deceitful words, deceive by fair but fallacious speeches. fut. κωλύῶ, pf. κέκωλύκα.

A

75 λαγχάνω, co. λήχω, & λόγχω, sortior, sortes duco; sorte accipio, sortitio nanciscor vel obtineo; particem reddo, velut sortem attribuo; obtineo, consequor; obvenit mihi—to cast or draw lots; take or receive by lot, get or obtain by lot or chance, be lucky; make participant, take into partnership, give a proper share or quota, apportion; to fall out by luck or chance. 2. λαχῶ, β. ἐλαχον, I. λήξω, (usitatus I. med. ληξόμαι, λάξομαι, et κληρώσομαι,) pf. λείληχα, pro εἴληχα, et apud Poetas, præcipue pf med. λείλογχα, (à. λόγχω,) ppf. ἐλελόγηεν, part. act. λεληχώς, et εἴληχώς, med. λελογχώς, pf. ind. pass. εἴληγμαι, part. ἐληγμένος, η, ον. λαχῆν αἰδῶν, mori.

λαμβάνω, co. λήδω, sumo, capio, accipio; capesso, consequor, tollo, percipio, convinco, damno—to take, assume, receive, undertake, enter upon, take the management of, compass, procure, carry off, seize, convict, condemn. I.

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- λήφομαι, η, εἶται, accipiam, pf. act. ἔληφα, Att. εἴληφα, accepi, εἴληφεναι, part. λεληφώς, & Att. εἴληφώς, υῖα, ος, 2. ind. λαβῶ, β. ἔλαβον, accipi, subj. λάβω, ης, η, opt. λάβοιμι, οἰς, οἰ, imper. λαβεῖ, inf. λαβεῖν, part. λαβὼν, ὄντος, adeptus, pr. pass. capior, prehendor, corripior; med. prehendo, teneo, β. part. λαβόμενος,prehendens, pf. pass. ἔλημαι, prehensus sum, Att. εἴλημαι, ψαι, πται, part. λελημένος, Att. εἴλημένος, sumptus, α. ind. ἐλήφθην, ης, η, inf. ληφθῆναι, part. ληφθεῖς, acceptus.
- λανθάνω, co. λήθω, Dor. λάθω, lateo, celo, ignotus sum, delitescio, fallo—to lie hid, be latent, to hide, conceal, be unknown, skulk, lurk, deceive, escape notice. 2. λαθῶ, β. ἔλαβον, part. λαθὼν, latens, 1. λήσω, α. ἔλησα, pf. act. caret, pass. ἐλήσθην, & ἐλήθην, pf. ἔλησμαι, poet. ἔλασμαι, part. λελησμένος, poet. λελασμένος, oblitus, pr. med. λανθάνομαι, obliviscor, to forget, pf. ἔληθα, Dor. ἔλαθα, oblitus fui.
- λαχαίνω, fodio, sulco—to dig, furrow, trench. fut. λαχανῶ, ppf. ἔλαγχα.
- λῶ, λῆς, λῆ, volo—to desire, vide separ. Cl.

M

- 80 μαίνομαι, furo, insanio, desipio—to rage, be transported with passion, become a maniac, rave, be lunatic, insane, giddy, fanciful. 2. med. μαῖνομαι, pf. μέμνηα, ας, ε, insanivi, pr. part. μαινόμενος, furens, insanus, lymphatus, β. pass. μανῆς, in furorem actus, furore percitus, to be driven to madness, be infuriated, R.
- μαίνω, in furorem ago—to drive to madness, infuriate. α. ἔμνηα; q. μηνῆ, Luna.
- μαίρω, luceo—to shine.
- μαρνάνω, co. μαθῶ, disco; intelligo, percipio, cognosco, animadverto; doceo—to learn, cultivate the mind; understand, perceive, know, animadvert, observe. β. ἔμαθον, imper. μάθε, εἶο, part. μαθὼν, ὄντος, qui didicit, 1. m. ind. μαθήσομαι, μαθήσῃ, Ion. μαθήσεται, pf. act. μεμάθηκα, pass. μεμαθήμαι.



μαραίνω, macero, marcescere facio, marcidum reddo, tabefacio—to cause to fade or pine away, to dry up, wither, decay, make flat, enfeeble, waste away, mar, make putrid, affect with the rot or murrain, fut. μαρανῶ, pf. μεμάραγκα, μαραίνομαι, marcesco, to decay, putrify, 1. pass. μαρανθήσομαι. α. ἐμαράνθην, pf. μεμάρε-αμμαι, ανσαι, ανλαι, Att. μεμάρασμαι.

65 μαρμαίρω, rutilo, resplendo, vibrante splendore corusco—to rutilate, glitter, shine with waving splendors, pour forth a flood of light, coruscate, flash. formatur per reduplicationem verbi μαίρω, luceo, q. d. μαίρω καὶ μαίρω, to shine and shine again.

μεγαίρω, invidio; curo, respecto; privo, orbo—to envy, grudge, hate; regard, respect; deprive, bereave, take away.

μείρομαι, idem quod thema.

μείρω, divido, partior, sortior, nanciscor, privor—to divide, part, apportion, cast lots, get, obtain, acquire, deprive, take another's share. fut. μερῶ, pf. med. μέμορα, per Metath. ἔμμορα, pf. pass. μέμαρμαι, Att. εἴμαρμαι, divisus sum.

μελεθαιών, curo, sollicitus sum, desidero—to take care, be solicitous, desire; &

90 μέλει, co. μελίη, curæ est, it is matter of care and concern, of thought and solicitude. R. μέλω, q. v.

μέλλω, co. μελλέω, futurus sum, facturus sum; debeo; in animo habeo; paro; cunctor, moror, differo; cesso—to be about to be, commence, or take place; to owe, be in duty bound; be minded, purpose, intend; prepare, get ready; demur, loiter, delay, put off, procrastinate; cease, give out. im. ἐμελλον, Att. ἤμελλον, 1. μελλ-ήσω, vel ήσομαι, α. ἐμέλλησα, Ion. μέλλησα, futurus fui, pr. part. μέλλων, εσα, ον, μέλλοντα, futura, things to come.

μελόμαι, 1. πσομαι, pf. μεμηλα, vox med. ex & id. cum

μέλω, co. μελέω, curæ sum, curo—I am an object of care, am myself careful, im. vel β. ἔμελον, Att. ἤμελον, 1. μελήσω, pf. μιμήληκα, part. med. μεμηλώς, qui curæ est, curans; pr.

imper. μέλει, ἔλω, 3^a. pl. μελέτωσαν, Att. μελώντων, qs. g. pl. pr. part.

μένω, co. μενέω, maneo, permaneo, constanter vel immotus et fixus maneo; habito; expecto, pæstolor; in statione maneo, et irruentem hostem expecto—to remain, continue, abide, wait, remain fixed and unmoved; be ever the same; to dwell, occupy a mansion; expect, tarry for, to keep one's stand, wait the coming charge or hostile onset, maintain one's ground. μέμνω, & μιμνάω, id. 1. μενῶ, 2. μανῶ, pf. μημένηκα, α. ἔμηνα, ας, ε, subj. μέινω, ης, η, imper. μεῖνον, ἄτω, inf. μεῖναι, part. μέινας, αἰνος, manens, pf. ind. med. μέμονα.

95 μερμάρω, anxie cogito, curas animo volvo, curo, curiosè cogito; irascor—to think with solicitude, be afflicted in mind, troubled and uneasy, oppressed with care, anxiously thoughtful and inventive; to be fretful and out of temper; per reduplicationem verbi μέρω, divido, q. d. μέρω καὶ μέρω, I divide and subdivide. μερμέρω, & μερμηρίζω, id.

μιαίνω, inquino, conspurco, fædo, polluo, contamino, conscelero; inficio, tingo—to defile, befoul, corrupt, pollute, contaminate, adulterate, profane; infect, tinge, stain. fut. μιάνω, α. ἐμίηνα, pass. ἐμιάνην, ης, η, 3^a. pl. ἐμίανθησαν, Ion. & Bæot. μιάνθην, polluti sunt, subj. μιανθῶ, ῆς, ῆ; pf. ind. act. μεμίαγκα, med. μέμηνα, pass. μεμίαμαι, Att. μεμιάσμαι, part. μεμιασμένος, ης, ον.

μισύλλω, in minutas partes seu frusta parva seco vel concido—to shred into small pieces, cut into bits or scraps, mince.

μολυνω, polluo, inquino, contamino, conspurco, attamino, deturpo, fædo, incesto—to pollute, defile, corrupt, contaminate, conspurcate, befoul, soil, make ugly, stain, abuse, debauch. φολύνω, id. Foul, fut. μολυνῶ, α. ἐμόλυνα, pf. μεμόλυκα, pass. μεμόλυμαι, Att. μεμολυσμαι, α. ἐμολύνθην.

μόλω, vide μόλέω, venio, proficiscor—to come, go.

100 μορμύρω, murmuro, propriè ut fluvius cum strepitu fluens;

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inundo—to *murmur, sound as a rolling stream or river; inundate, overflow.* Quasi a μύζω, καὶ μύζω.

μύνομαι, prætexo, prætendo—to *excuse, pretend.*

μύζω, fluo, stillo, fundo—to *flow, gush, trickle, drop, shed, diffuse.* im. ἔμυρον, Ion. μύρον. μύρομαι, lacrymor.

N

νέμω, co. νεμέω, tribuo, distribuo, pascō ; administro, rego, guberno ; possideo, habeo, colo, habito—to *give, bestow, distribute, feed ; administer, rule, govern ; possess, have, hold, cultivate, inhabit, dwell.* fut. νεμῶ, α. ἔνεμα, distribui, pf. νενέμηκα, med. νένομαι ; νέμομαι, tribuor, divisor ; interdum divido, partior, depasco.

Ξ

ξάλλω, carmino, carpo, pecto, depecto ; cædo, percutio—to *card, tease, pick, hatchel, dress flax, comb wool, &c. to beat, strike, give a dressing.* fut. ξαλῶ, pf. ἔξαγκα.

Ο

105 ὀδύρομαι, lamentor, ploro, defleo, fleo, mœreo—to *lament, bewail, weep over, shed tears, be sad.* 2. ὀδυρέμαι, pf. pass. ὀδύρεμαι.

ᾄλλω, vide ὄλλυμι, perdo—to *destroy.*

ὀλοφύρομαι, lamentor, ejulo, ploro, lugeo, deploro, commiseror—to *lament, cry out, weep, bewail, deplore, condole.*

ὄρω, excito, concito—to *excite, stir up, rouse ; ὄρομαι, excitator ; surgo, cum impetu ruo, to be excited, rise, rush with impetuosity.* fut. ὄρῶ, Æol. ὄρω, α. ὤρω, pf. ὤρεκα, med. ὤρεα, Att. ὄρωρα, et per transpositionem, ὤρορα, surrexi, 3^d sing. ppf. ὤρητο, orta est, prodiit, inf. pass. ὤρεσθαι, excitatum esse, surrexisse.

ὁσφραίνομαι, odoror, olfacio—to smell. fut. ὁσφρανῶμαι, α.
inf. pass. ὁσφραίνεσθαι.

- 110 ὁτρύνω, incito, instigo, adhortor—to incite, instigate, exhort, encourage. fut. ὁτρυνῶ, Ion. ὁτρυνέω.

ὀφείλω, co. ὀφειλέω, debeo; reus sum, multor, multandus vel obnoxius sum; debeo, i. e. oportet me—to owe, be indebted; to be arraigned, fined, amerced, to be liable to a fine or mulct, to be obnoxious; I ought, it behoves me. ὀφλω, sync. id. co. ἐχλέω, 1. ἦσω, pf. ὤφληκα. 1. ὀφάλησω, pf. ὤφειληκα, β. ὤφελον, Ion. amisso, aug. ὀφελον, ες, ε, poet. ὀφέλλω, debui; et usurpatur ut adv. optandi utinam cum εἴθε, vel αἰθε, in 1, 2, 3, personā sing. ut εἴθ' ὤφελες, I wish that I had. εἴθ' ὤφελες ἦσθαι, utinam sederes. εἴθ' ὤφελε, I wish that he, she, or it had.

ὀφίλλω, augeo, cumulo; adjuvo, prosum, foveo—to increase, augment, heap up, pile, to help, aid, profit, favour. Usurpatur et pro ὀφείλω, debeo. β. ὤφελον, fut. ὀφελῶ, pf. ὤφελκα.

Π

πάλλω, vibro, quatio, agito, palpito, sortior—to vibrate, dart, shake, agitate, toss, beat, palpitate, cast lots. fut. παλῶ, pf. πέπαλκα, med. πέπαλα, pf. pass. πέπαλμαι, σαι, ιαι. παπταίνω, circumspicio, oculis lustro seu vestigo, circumspectans quæro; oculos converto et intueor; specto, respecto—to look around, take an ample survey, trace with the eye, seek and look about for; cast an eye, turn and look upon; to view, consider, respect. fut. παπτανῶ, α. ἐπαπτήνα, part. παπτήνα.

- 115 πείρω, transadigo, transfodio, transfigo, infigo, adfigo; transeo, pertranseo—to drive, force, pierce, run through, stab, transfix, infix, affix; to go over, pass through. fut. περῶ, β. ἔπαρον, α. ἔπαρα, pf. πέπαρκα, med. πέπορα, pass. πέπαρμαι, α. ἐπάρεθν.

πέλω, & πίλομαι, sum; verito, admoveo, appropinquare

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 4, λ, μ, ν, ρ; 1. ᾶ, pf. κα.

facio—to be, become; turn, move, or go towards, cause to approach, or draw near.

πίνω, & πίνομαι, facio, efficio, ago, paro, curo, struo, laboro; pauper seu inops sum—to make, effect, do, perform, prepare, procure, take care, plan, toil, labor; to be poor or needy, be destitute. pf. med. πίπονα, laboravi.

πίνω, co. πώω, & πῖω, bibo, poto—to drink, sup, take a potion, drain the pint. 1. πώσω, pf. πίπωκα, β. ἔπιον, subj. πῖω, γς, η, imp. πίε, & (from πῖμι,) πῖδι, also πῶδι, (from πῶμι,) inf. πῖν, Ion. πῖειν, bibisse, seu bibere, part. πῖων, ἔσα, ὄν, G. ὄλος, qui bibit, 1. pass. ποθήσομαι, α. ἐποθην, pf. πέπομαι, & πίπωμαι, 2. med. τίομαι, ισαι, &c. pro πῖμαι, ῆ, εἰαι, bibam.

πλύνω, lavo, proprie vestimenta; conviciis incesso, objurgo; contamino—to wash (properly the clothes); to insult, reproach, objurgate, scold; contaminate, soil. fut. πλυνῶ, pf. πέπλυκα, α. ἔπλυνα, imper. πλύνον, ᾶω. Hence perhaps to Plunge.

120 πταίρω, vel τλάρω, sternuo, sternuto—to sneeze. β. ἔπταρον, ες, ε.

πυνθάνομαι, co. πυνθόμαι, audio, intelligo, cognosco, rescisco, certior fio; interrogo, percontor, quæro, sciscitor, rogito, consulto—to hear, listen, understand, have a notion of, recollect, come to know, get better information; interrogate, make strict search and enquiry, demand, ask, query, importune, debate, consult. pf. pass. πέπυσμαι, 1. med. πυνθόμαι, 2. πυνθῆμαι, β. ἐπυνθόμην, inf. πυνθίσθαι, part. πυνθόμενος, quum cognovisset.

P

παίνω, aspergo, irroro, spargo, perfundo—to besprinkle, moisten, bedew, scatter, rain upon, drench. πανρίζω, id. Hence, to rant. fut. πανῶ, pf. ἔπραγα. Πάινειν τινὰ ὕμνω, conspergere aliquem Hymno, poet. pro laudare, to praise a person.



Σ

- σαίρω, scopis purgo, verro; orno; ore sum hianti et aperto—to clean with a broom or besom, sweep, brush; adorn; to gape, be wide or open-mouthed. fut. σαρή, pf. σέσαρχα, pass. σέσαρμαι, med. σέσηρα, & σέσαρχα, ore sum diducto, to shew the teeth, part. σεσαρῶς.
- σθένω, valeo, possum—to be strong, able, potent.
- 125 σίνω, & σίνομαι, noceo, lædo—to hurt, wound.
- σκαίρω, salio, saltito, tripudio—to leap, bound, frisk, skip, dance.
- σκέλλω, fodio, sarrio, sarculo, findo—to dig, grub, weed, hoe, rake, harrow, cleave, cultivate.
- σκέλλω, exsiccō, arefacio; attenuo, tenuem reddo—to exsiccate, dry up, parch, make arid; to attenuate, make thin or slender. σκελεῖω, id.
- σκυδαίνω, irascor, succenseo; tristi vel tetrico sum vultu—to be angry; be of a lowering and sullen countenance, look grim.
- 130 σάλλω, fatigo, vexo, jacto, molestiam exhibeo—to fatigue, vex, trouble, toss, bustle, toil as a Scullion. fut. σκυλῶ.
- σπαίρω, palpito, tremo, vibro; animam Spiro vel expiro, ut faciunt palpitantia animalia cum morte luctantia—to palpitate, heave, throb, tremble, quiver, shake; to yield the breath, expire, throb away the soul, as do panting or palpitating animals when struggling in the pangs of death.
- σπείρω, sero, semino, dissemino, spargo—to sow, disseminate, scatter, sprinkle, disperse. 1. σπερῶ, pf. ἔσπαρχα, 2. σπαρῶ, β. ἔσπαρον, α. ἔσπηρα, inf. σπῆραι, part. σπείρας, ασα, αν, β. pass. ἔσπαρην, subj. σπαρῶ, part. σπαρεῖς, pf. ind. ἔσπαρμαι,σαι,λαι, part. ἔσπαρμένος, 1. med. σπερῶμαι, 2. σπαρῶμαι, pf. ἔσπορα.
- τέλλω, mitto; instruo, apparo, apto, adorno, amicio, induo; fero, duco, traduco, trajicio; contraho, reprimō,

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 4, λ, μ, ν, ξ; 1. ᾶ, pf. κα.

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*inhibeo, sisto, compesco—to send; furnish, fit out, prepare, equip, adorn, array, clothe, put on; to carry, conduct, transport, go, make an expedition; contract, keep or hold in, furl the sails, stay, curb, stop, check, allay.* 1. *σελῶ*, α. *ἔσελα*, 2. *σαλῶ*, β. *ἔσαλον*, pr. med. *ἐέλομαι*, to contend, avoid, withdraw. pf. *ἔσολα*.

*σύρω, traho—to draw, pull, clean, unsheath.* pf. pass. *σίσυρμαι*.

- 135 *σφάλλω, supplanto, evertō, prosterno; fallo, circumvenio, in errorem induco, decipio—to supplant, evert, overturn, throw down; deceive, trepan, circumvent, lead astray, bring into an error, leave in the lurch.* α. *ἔσφρα*, *fefelli*, β. pass. *ἰσφάλην*, *læto successu fui frustratus*. pf. *ἔσφαλμαι*.

## T

*τείνω, Æol. τέννω, co. τάω, tendo, extendo, distendo, intendo, contendo, pertineo, specto—to stretch, extend, lengthen, strain, distend, bag out, bend to, intend, tend to, make efforts, contend, strive, pertain, look, lie towards.* 1. *τένω*, 2. *τανῶ*, pf. *τέλακα*, (ab inusit. *τάω*), α. *ἔτανα*, pass. *ἑτάθη*, *extentus sum*, pf. *τέλαμαι*, *τέλανσαι*, *τέλανθαι*. *exporrectus sum*, med. *τέλονα*. τὰ τείνοντα πρὸς ἀρετήν, quæ ad virtutem pertinent.

*τείρω, vexo, affligo, infesto, molesto, domo, subigo, absumo, tero, attero—to vex, afflict, trouble, infest, beset, molest, tame, subdue, consume, rub, pound, crumble, wear, tear, beat or grind down.* 1. *τερῶ*, Æol. *τίρσω*, pf. med. *τέλορα*.

*τίλλω, inusit. facio, fio, orior, mando, -as—to do, make, become, rise, Tell, i. e. bid, command.* pf. med. *τέλοα*.

*τέμνω, Dor. τάμνω, co. τμείω, & τμάω, (per Metath. & Sync. vel α. 2. ταμῶ, per Metath.) τμήγω, seco, reseco, cædo, succido, concido—to cut, carve, slice, sever, rend, cleave, divide, dissect, clip, pare, amputate, to conclude a treaty*

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 4, λ, μ, ν, ς; 1. ῶ, pf. κα.

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and kill the victim, to cut down, fell timber, mow. 1. τεμῶ, & τμήξω, pf. τέμμεκα, 2. ταμῶ, β. ἔλαμον, (Ion. τάμον,) ἔλεμον, ἔληγον, & ἔλαγον, secui, τεμεῖν, & ταμεῖν, part. τεμών, & ταμών, pass. ind. ἐλμάγην, 3^d. pl. ῆσαν, Bæot. ἔλαγεν, part. τμαγείς, εἶσα, ἐν, α. ind. ἐμήθην, excisus sum, part. τμηθείς, pf. ind. τέλμημαι, med. τέλομα, incidi. τέμμεν τὰς δίκας, dirimere lites. τέμμεν ὁδόν, to cut, take the road, make a journey. σποδὰς τέμμεν, fœdus percutio, to strike a bargain, conclude a treaty.

140 τίλλω, vellico, vello, evello, divello, discerpo, vexo—to vellicate, pluck, pull up or off, tweeze, lug, rive, tear asunder and to pieces, vex, tease, till. fut. τιλλῶ, α. ἔλλω, pf. τέλλωκα, pass. τέλλομαι.

τιτράνω, perforo, terebro—to perforate, vide τιτράω.

τυγχάνω, co. τυγχω, & τυχέω, sum, compos fio; accidit ut sim, forte sum, contingo, evenio, accido; assequor, attingo, adipiscor, impetro—to be, be competent to; be by chance and contingency, fall out, happen; to come up with, touch upon, procure, obtain, get. 1. τεύχομαι, pf. τέλοκα, & τεύχχηκα, 2. τυχῶ, β. ἔτυχον, inf. τυχεῖν, Ion. τυχείω, nancisci, to find, part. τυχών, ἔσα, ὄν, vulgar-is, -e, quilibet, an accidental or common person or thing, one that we pick up.

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φαίω, in lucem edo, in lucem profero, ostendo, luceo, col-
luceo, splendo, defero, accuso—to exhibit in the light,
bring to light, manifest, shew, to shine, glitter, to inform
of, impeach, accuse. R.

φαῖω, luceo. fut. φανῶ, β. ἔφανον, α. ἔφθηκα, pf. πέφαγκα; φαίνο-
μαι, in lucem prodeo, appareo, conspicio, in conspec-
tum venio, cernor, accusor, deferor, reus sum, luceo,
splendo—to go or come into the light, appear, be con-
spicuous, come within sight, be seen, to be accused, com-
mitted, impleaded, to shine, be bright and splendid. τῆς

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 4, λ, μ, ν, ξ; I. ω, pf. κτ.

μοι φαίνεται, hoc mihi videtur, hoc sentio. φαίνεται γεγονώς, comperitur fuisse. part. φαινομένος, η, ον, apparens: τὸ φαινόμενον μοι, quod mihi videtur, sententia mea. τὰ φαινόμενα, Phænomena, appearances in nature; 2. med. φανῶμαι, pf. πέφνηκα, ας, ε, β. pass. ἐφάνην, ης, η, apparui, subj. φανῶ, ῆς, ῆ, 2. ind. φανήσομαι, η, εἰαι, pf. πεφάμμαι, ανσαι, ανλαι, Att. πέφασμαι, to have made an appearance, part. πεφασμένος, η, ον, ostensus, demonstratus, patefactus; & πεφασμένος, dictus, item interfectus.

145 φένω, occido, interficio—to kill, slay, put to death, murder.

R. φάω, pf. med. πέφονα.

φέρω, Metath. φέρω, co. οἶω, ἐνέγχω, et ἐνέχω, Ion. εἰνείχω, fero, tolero, porto; obtineo, consequor, persolvo, perfero, aufero, confero—to carry, bear, be productive of; obtain, procure, accomplish, make full payment, set forth, utter, shew, bear away, collate, confer. im. ἔφεγον, imp. φέρε, fer, (& adv. age) item φέρεις, from χεῖμαι, pf. ἔφεγκα, I. φέσω, α. ἔφρησα, ἥνεξα, ἥνεγκα, Ion. & Poet. ἔνεκα, tuli, attuli, inf. ἔνεγκαι, tulisse, part. ἐνέγκας, Ion. ἐνείκας, β. ἥνεγκον, part. ἐνεγκὼν, ἔσα, ον, qui tulit, f. patria, one's country, I. pass. οἰσθήσομαι, & ἐνέχθην, α. ὠσθην, & ἥνέχθην, Ion. ἥνέχθην, inf. οἰσθῆναι, part. οἰσθεῖς, φρησθεῖς, & ἐνέχθεῖς, Ion. ἐνεχθεῖς, pf. ind. ἥνεγμαι, med. πέφορα, & ἥνοχα, Att. ἐνήνοχα, excelsui, α. ἐνεγκάμην, Ion. ἐνεκάμην, inf. ἐνέχασθαι.

φθάω, co. φθάω, prævenio, anteverto, occupo, attingo, occurro—to prevent, go before, come sooner, be beforehand with, pre-occupy, take first, compass, seize, touch upon, attain, arrive at, meet. I. φθάσω, pf. ἔφθακα, α. ἔφθασα, subj. φθάσω; From φθῆμι, (ab et id. qd. φθάω, fuit) comes pr. inf. φθάναι, prævenire, β. ind. ἔφθην, ης, η, 3^a. pl. Ion. & Bæot. φθάν, opt. φθάν. subj. φθῶ, ῆς, ῆ, inf. φθῆναι, part. φθάς; qui præoccupavit, β. ind. med. ἐφθάμην, opt. φθαίμην, inf. φθάσθαι, part. φθαμένος.

φθίνω, co. φθίω, to consume, become Thin, vide φθίω, corumpo.

Φολύνω, for μόλυνω, to pollute, foul.

- 150 Φύρω, misceo, commisceo; inquino, fædo; perfundo, rigo, mascero, subigo, pinso—to mix, commingle; taint, de-file, Fur; to wet completely, drench, water through the medium of a Furrow, steep, knead, bake. Φυράω, id. fut. Φυρῶ, Æol. Φύρσω, pf. πέφυκα, pass. πέφυμαι.

X

χαίρω, co. χάω, hio, hisco, dehisco, fatisco, apertus seu vacuus sum; inhio—to yawn, gape, open, cleave, clink, form a chasm, be chaotic, open and void; to gape after, covet. fut. χανῶ, pf. κέχακα, α. ἔχῃνα, β. ἔχανον, inf. χανεῖν, α. χᾶναι, pf. pass. κέχασμαι, med. κέχῃνα, pro κέχανα, part. κέχῃνως, hiuleus, gaping, Chapped, greedy. χάλειν πρὸς τι, rei cuiquam inhiare, q. d. liante ore et apertis faucibus captare.

χαίρω, co. χερίω, from 2. χερῶ, gaudeo, lætor, delector—to rejoice, be cheerful, glad, pleased, delighted. im. ἔχαιρον, εἰ, ε, pr. imper. χαῖρε, salve, ave, gaude, used in saluting, taking leave, rejecting, contemning: 2^a sing. opt. χαίροις, ave, inf. χαίρειν, salutem, β. ἔχαιρον, I. χερῶ, pf. κέχαρηκα, sync. κέχαρκα, med. κέχαρα, pass. κέχηρημαι, sync. κέχαρμαι, β. ἐχάρην, subj. χαρῶ, ῆς, ῆ, opt. χαρείην, inf. χαρῆναι, part. χαρεῖς, ἐνός, gavisus.

χλιαίνω, tepefacio, modicè calefacio—to warm, tepey, heat a little, foment; In voce mediâ, tepeo, tepesco, tepesio, to be tepid, grow warm, become lukewarm. fut. χλιαῖνῶ, α. ἐχλιαίνῃην, pf. κέχλιαγκα, pass. κέχλιαμαι.

Υ

Ψάλλω, tango, pulso, leni motu percutio, levi motu perstringo, fidibus cano, Psallo—to touch, tip, beat, play upon an instrument, strike with a musical hand, call harmonious sounds from trembling strings, sing to the lyre.

Verbs, Chap. 1, Cl. 4, λ, μ, ν, ς; 1. ῶ, pf. κα.

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fut. φαλῶ, α. ἐφῆλα, pf. ἔφαλα, med. ἔφαλα, pass. ἐφαλμαι, σαι, ται, 3<sup>a</sup> pl. Ion. ἐφάλαται, pro ἐφαλμένοι, εἰσί, leviter tacti sunt, 2. fut. med. φαλῶμαι.

155 ψῆνομαι, + acinos defluere sino—to let the grape-stones fall.

## CHAPTER II.

Consisting of verbs which are contractible in the present and preterimperfect tenses. They are commonly called circumflex verbs.

### CLASS 1.

pr. { ᾶω, } 1. ῆσω, pf. ηκα.  
      { ἔω, }

Any verbs in ᾶω, which make their first future in ᾶσω, and their perfect in ακα, and any in ἔω, which form their first future in ἔσω, and their perfect in εκα, have those tenses generally inserted.

Many verbs of this class want the second future, second aorist, and middle perfect; this is especially the case with such verbs, as, by contraction, become monosyllables; and also with such polysyllables as, when contracted, end in ω pure; as θλάω, θλῶ, elido; ποιέω, ποιῶ, facio.

Except σβέω, σέῶ, extinguo, 2. σέῳ, extingam, β. ἔσβον, extinxi; σπῆω, pr. & 2. σπῶ, traho, & traham, β. ἔσπον, traxi; σχέω, σχῶ, habeo, 2. ἔσχω, habui.

Several polysyllables which, in their contracted form, end in ω impure, have the above tenses. The second future is always like the contracted present, and the second aorist is also formed from thence without any regard to the quantity of the penultima; thus pr. φιλέω, φιλῶ, pr.

K κ

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, *άω*, & *έω*, 1. *ήσω*, pf. *ηκα*.

contracted, amo, & second future amabo ; 2. aorist *ἔφιλον*, amavi.

When the penultima of the perfect active is long, the perfect passive ends in *μαι*, but when short, *σ* is commonly inserted before *μαι* ; as *λαλέω*, loquor, pf. act. *λελάληκα*, pass. *λελάλημαι*. *ἀρκέω*, arceo, pf. act. *ἤρκηκα*, pass. *ἤρκεισμαι*. *κλάω*, frango, pf. act. *κέκλακα*, pass. *κέκλασμαι*.

*ἀγανακτέω*, indignor, stomachor, doleo, ægrè fero, conqueror, succenseo, excandescor, ringor—to be indignant, impatient, displeased, vexed, to grieve, take ill, complain, be angry, rage, fume, grin.

*ἀγαπάω*, amo, diligo, amice et hilarè excipio, osculor ; præfero, probor, acquiesco, contentus sum—to love, favour, respect, receive with cordial joy, and the kiss of charity ; to prefer, approve, acquiesce, to be content and satisfied. pr. inf. *ἀγαπᾶν*, a. part. *ἀγαπήσας*, pf. pass. *ἡγαπημένος*, η, ον, delectus. q. *ἄγω*, & *πᾶς*.

*αἰνέω*, vel *αἰνέομαι*, ὤμαι, demiror, stupeo ; invideo, odio—to admire, be lost in wonder, stand Aghast ; to envy, hate.

*ἀδῶ*, placeo, gratificor—to please, gratify. *ἀνδάνω*, id. q. v.

5 *ἀδῶ*, tædio, afficior, defatigor—to be wearied, tired out. q. *ἄδω*, satio.

*ἀδημονέω*, gravissimè angor, præ dolore pene exanimor ; pavesco, terrefio, terreor—to be troubled in the extreme, to be lost in pain and anguish, to give one's-self to, and be nearly dead of grief ; to dread, fear greatly, be terrified, affrighted. q. a priv. & *ῥῆμος*.

*ἄζωλεύω*, † irascor—to be angry.

*ἀθεμῶνέω*, † lascivio—to wanton.

*ἀθρέω*, video, cerno, intueor ; circumspicio, perpendo—to see, discern, look upon, behold ; to look around, consider, thoroughly weigh. q. a intes. & *θεωρῶς*, spectator.

10 *αἰονάω*, , aspergo, perfundo, irrigo ; lavo, haurio—to sprin-



Verbs, Chap. 2. Cl. 1. ἄω, & ἔω, 1. ἦσω, pf. ηκα.

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kle, wet, drench, pour upon, irrigate, water; wash, draw, drink in.

αἰρέω, co. ἔλλω, & ἔλω, capio, præhendo, corripio, occupo, invado; deturbo, evertō; expugno, subigo; vinco, obtineo, teneo; convinco et damno; interficio, tollo; Med. eligo, antepono, pluris facio; volo, opinor, censeo, capesso; sectam aliquam consector—to take, lay hold of, seize, come upon, invade; throw down, overturn, evert; vanquish, subdue, oppress; overcome, conquer, compass, obtain, hold; convict and sentence; to kill, put to death; Med. to choose, elect, prefer, make much of; to will, think, be of opinion, judge, take in hand; be a sectarian. 1. αἰρήσω, pf. ἤρηκα, 2. ἔλω, β. εἶλον, 2. med. ἐλάμαι, β. εἰλόμην, ε, εἶο, part. ἐλόμενος, eligens, α. ind. εἰλάμην, ω, αἶο, 1. αἰρήσομαι, pf. pass. ἤρεμαι, σαι, ται, (ε pro η) α. ἤείδην, pf. part. ἤξεμένος, η, ον.

αἰσθάνομαι, vide αἰσθάνομαι, sentio—to perceive.

αἰστυνᾶω, regno, impero—to reign, rule over, sway.

αἵτέω, peto, postulo, posco—to ask, petition, require, demand. pf. pass. ἤτημαι, σαι, ται, α. ἤτηδην, 1. αἵτηθήσομαι. αἵτέω, id.

15 αἰωρέω, in sublime attollo, sursum tollo, elevo, eveho; suspendo, pendeo; spe. suspensus sum—to bear aloft, take up, raise high, poise in the Air, elevate, soar away with; suspend, hang; be in expectant suspense.

ἀκέομαι, ἔμαι, medicor, sano—to heal, cure; Metap. expio, sarcio, resarcio, to expiate, patch, repair, mend. 1. ἀκίσομαι, & ἡσομαι.

ἀκροᾶομαι, audio, pareo—to hear, hearken, obey. 1. ἀκροᾶσομαι, pf. pass. ἤκροαμαι.

ἁλόομαι, vagor, erro, incertus sum—to wander, stray, err, deviate, be uncertain.

ἀλδέω, augeo, incrementum do—to augment, cause to increase, give an augmentation. ἀλδαίνω, idem.

20 ἀλέξω, arceo—to ward off; vide ἀλέξω, apud separatam classem.

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, *άω*, & *έω*, 1. *ήσω*, pf. *ηκx.*

άλείω, *molo*; *caveo*, *vito*; *congrego*—*to grind*; *to be wary and cautious, to shun, avoid*; *gather, congregate*. 1. *έσω*, & *ήσω*.

25 *άλθίω*, *sano*—*to restore Health*, vide *άλθω*.

άλισγέω, *contamino*, *polluo*—*to contaminate, spoil by admixture, pollute*.

άλλήω, *pecco*, *delinquo*, *scelus admitto*, *violo*, *offendo*, *decipio*, *fallo*—*to do wrong, sin, fail in duty, commit a crime, violate, offend, deceive, disappoint*.

άλοάω, *triturio*, *comminuo*, *cædo*, *percutio*—*to thrash, bruise, minish, beat, strike, percuss*. 1. *άσω*, & *ήσω*, pf. *ηκα*. q. *άλως*, *area*. *άλοιάω*, *id*.

άμαρτέω, vide *άμαρτάνω*, *aherro*—*to deviate*.

30 *άμάω*, *meto*, *demeto*, *colligo*, *accumulo*; *abscindo*; *fructum et utilitatem percipio*—*to mow, reap, cut down, gather, lay up, accumulate*; *cut off, rend*; *receive profit and advantage*. q. *έμα*, *una cum*.

άμφισβητέω, *de aliquâ re contendo*, *controversor*, *in judicium contendo*, *litigo*, *ambigo*, *dubito*—*to contend, dispute, controvert, go to law, litigate, differ, doubt*. q. *άμφις*, *utrinque*, *in medio*, & *βάω*, 1. *βήσω*. *Eo*.

άπαλίσω, *fallo*, *decipio*, *seduco*, *impono*—*to beguile, deceive, lead astray, seduce, impose upon*.

άπαλέω, *Æol. άπέλλω*, *minor*, *minitor*, *interminor*; *glorior*—*to threaten, menace, boast*. α. *ήπέλησα*, m. *ήπελησαμην*, ω, *άλο*, subj. *άταλήσωμαι*, η, *ελαί*.

άρέω, vide *άρέσκω*, *placo*, *amicum reddo*—*to pacify*.

35 *άρκέω*, *propulso*, *Arceo*, *auxilior*, *opitulator*, *sufficio*, *satis sum*, *par sum*, *contentus sum*, *acquiesco*—*to keep off, repulse, drive away, aid, assist, help, furnish, suffice, have enough, be sufficient for, equal or adequate to, content, to acquiesce*. 1. *άρκέσω*, α. *ήκεσα*, Ion. *άρεκεσα*, pf. *ήκεκα*, pass. *ήκεσμαι*, *σαι*, *ΐται*, α. *ήκεσθην*, ης, η, 1. *άρεκεσθήσομαι*, η, *ελαί*.

άρεόμαι, *recuso*, *nego*, *abnego*, *denego*, *detracto*—*to refuse, deny, disown, withhold, to detract*. im. *ήρεόμην*, *έμην*,

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, *άω*, & *έω* 1. *ήσω*, pf. *ηκα*.

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pf. pass. *ήνημαι*, *σαι*, *ται*, 1. m. *άρνήσασμαι*, α. *ήρνησάμην*, ω, αλο, subj. *άρνήσωμαι*, η, ηται, inf. *άρνήσασθαι*, part. *άρνησάμενος*, η, εν. *άρλιάω*, vel *έω*, suspendo; m. pendeo ex aliquo, spem in aliquo collocatum habeo—to suspend, hang up; m. to be dependent, rely upon, put confidence in, be expectant.

*άρτέομαι*, paro, apparo—to get ready, fit, prepare for.

*άσκεώ*, colo, exerceo, procolo, meditor, doceo, erudio, polio—to cultivate, exercise, dress, adorn, beautify, muse upon, teach, instruct, erudiate, polish. α. *ήσκησα*.

40 *άσχαλάω*, doleo, tristor—to grieve, be sad, vide *άσχάλλω*, id.

*άλιάω*, noceo, lædo, noxum vel damnum infero—to hurt, wound, endamage, be detrimental.

*άύζέω*, separatam apud classem, vide *αέξω*, augeo.

*αύχέω*, glorior, jacto me—to boast, brag.

*άω*, & *άημαι*, flo, spiro—to blow, breathe. im. *άην*, *άης*, *άη*, flabam, pr. part. *άείς*, *άείσα*, *άέν*, α. *άενλος*, spirans; pr. med. *άημαι*, spiro, im. *άημην*, *άήσω*, *άήλο*, spirabam.

## B

45 *βαλέω*, jacio, immitto—to cast, hurl, vide *βάλλω*.

*βαυβάω*, † dormio, sopio—to sleep, lull to rest, sing Lullaby Baby; q. *Βαυβώ*, Baubo, the nurse of Ceres, q. v.

*βάω*, vide *βαίνω*, gradior, incedo—to walk.

*βδέω*, pedo, flatum ventris emitto; puteo, fæteo—to break wind; stink, be fætid. 1. *έσω*, & *ήσω*.

*βνέω*, † coeo, inco—to come together.

50 *βλασέω*, vide *βλασάινω*, germino—to bud.

*βλέω*, vide *βάλλω*, jacio—to hurl.

*βλεχάομαι*, *ῶμαι*, Balo, vagio—to bleat as a sheep, cry as an infant. pf. pass. *βέβληχηναι*.

*βοάώ*, Dor. *βωγέω*, Boo, clamo, vociferor, clamando seu clamore dico—to low, bellow, bawl, vociferate, be boisterous, publish by a shout, proclaim. α. *έβοήσα*, imp. *βόησον*, *άτο*.

*βοηδέω*, auxilior, opitulor, succurro; occurro hostibus, pro-



Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, αω, & έω, 1. ήσω, pf. ηκα.

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pugnatum advenio; patrocino—to aid, help, assist, run to the succour or relief of; to meet the foe, advance for the purpose of defending; to patronize, support. α. έσθήθησα, im. έσθήσον, αίτο; q. είς την έσθην θέω, ad clamorem accurro. έδεν έσθηεί, nihil prosit, it Booteth nothing.

55 βοσκέω, vide έόσκω, pascō—to feed.

εαλόμαι, vide εαλόμαι, volo—to be willing.

βριάω, robustum reddo, robustus vel potens sum, extollo, tumesco—to strengthen, make robust, be strong or mighty, extol, swell, be tumid; q. d. to breathe high; q. εεί, valde, & αω, spiro. 1. ερίασω, pf. εεεριακα.

Γ

γαμέω, uxorem duco, nubo—to take a wife, marry.

γελάω, rideo; irrideo—to laugh, smile; to scoff; Metaph. splendo, niteo, floreo, to shine, flourish, as the laughing fields and smiling champaign. 1. γελάσ-ω, & ομαι, α. έγέλασα, pf. γέγελακα, pass. γεγέλασμαι, ασαι, σαι, α. έγελάσθην.

60 γενάομαι, vide γίνομαι, sum, existo—to be, exist.

γεννάω, Gigno, progigno, genero, pario—to beget, generate, gender, procreate, bear, bring forth. q. γείνομαι, gignor. Vox Med. deest, pr. pass. nascor, pf. γεγέννημαι, σαι, ται, natus sum, α. έγεννήθην, part. γεννηθείς, genitus.

γεθίω, co. γηθω, gaudeo, lætor—to rejoice, be merry, glad. im. έγηθεον, Ion. γήθεον, 1. γηθήσω, & γήσω, pf. γέγηκα, & γεγήθηκα, sync. γέγηθα, lætatus sum, part. γεγηθώς, α. pass. έγήθην.

γοάω, & γοάομαι, ὤμαι, gemo, deploro, defleo, lugeo—to sigh, mourn, weep over, lament. 1. γοάσω, pr. inf. Dor. γοήμεναι, quasi γοήμι; α. part. pass. γονθείς, deflectus, much lamented.

γράω, comedo—to eat, devour, Graze. 1. γράσω, α. έγρασα, pf. ακα. γράίνω, id.

65 γωριάω, † subsanno—to scoff, scorn.

Δ

δασώ, disco, doceor, scio—to learn, be taught and receive instruction, to know and be skilful. 1. *δάσω*, pf. *διδάκηκα*, pass. *δεδαήμεναι*, part. *δεδαημένος*, η, ον, β. ind. *έδαην*, ης, η, inf. *δαήναι*, 1. med. *δανομαι*, pf. *δέδαα*, part. *δεδαώς*. γ. *δαιώ*.

δαμάω, sync. *δμάω*, co. *δέμω*, & *δάμνω*, Domo, subigo; affligo, occido—to tame, domesticate, bring under, subdue; to afflict, kill. 1. *δαμάσω*, α. *έδάμασα*, pf. *δεδέμηκα*, sync. *δέδμηκα*, pass. *δέδμημαι*, part. *δεδμημένος*, α. ind. *έδμηθην*, 2. act. *δαμῶ*, β. *έδαμον*, ες, ε, pass. *έδάμην*, ης, η, prostratus est, inf. *δαμῆναι*, Dor. *δαμήμεναι*, part. *δαμείς*, εῖσα, εν, γ. *ένίος*. *δαμνάω*, contr. *δαμνῶ*, id. Hence Lat. Damno, & Eng. *Damn*. *δάμνημι*, id. 3^a sing. *δάμνησι*, reprimis, he represses, makes a Dam; item *Dam*, the mother of an animal.

δαπανάω, consumo, impendo, expendo, sumptus facio, exhaurio; splendide vivo et bona obligurio—to consume, waste, lay out, expend, disburse, exhaust; to live magnificently and riotously waste one's goods. pf. pass. *δέδαπάρημαι*, med. *δεδώπανα*, ας, ε.

δαρδέω, vide *δαρδάνω*, dormio—to sleep.

70 *δέω*, ligo, vincio; in vinculâ conjicio—to bind, tie, fasten, to imprison, lay in chains. *δεσμός*, & *διαδεσμός*, id. 1. *δήσω*, & *δέσω*, α. *έδησα*, & *εσα*, pf. *δέδεκα*, pass. *δέδεμαι*, σαι, ται, inf. *δέδίσθαι*, part. *δεδεμένος*, η, ον, vinctus, 1. *δεθήσομαι*, α. *έδέθην*, ligatus fui, inf. *δεθῆναι*. *δεῖ*, oportet, convenit, it is a must be, it is necessary and proper.

δέω, co. *δέέω*, absum, careo, opus vel necesse habeo—to be absent, wanting, under constraint or obligation, needy. 1. *δέήσω*, α. *έδήσα*, 1. med. *δεήσομαι*, pf. pass. *δεδήημα*. *δεῖ*, opus est, it is needful or necessary.

δηλέω, lædo, corrumpo, deludo, decipio—to hurt, corrupt, delude, deceive.

διαλέω, + *percibro*—to sift.

διδασκέω, doceo—to teach, Att. pro *διδάσκω*, γ. γ.

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, αὖ, & ἔω, 1. ἦσω, pf. ηκα.

75 διφάω, quæro, investigo—to seek, make a search, investigate, trace. 1. διφάσω. q. δῶ ἀφῆ, tactu persequor.

δμέω, vide δέμω, struo, ædifico—to build.

δοκέω, co. δόκω, videor, censeo, existimo, probo, in aliquâ existimatione sum—to seem, think, be of opinion, judge, suppose, approve, be of some repute, or degree of estimation. δοκεῖ, videtur. im. ἰδόκεον, ἔν, 1. δόξω, raro δοκήσω, decerno, statuo, to decree, appoint, α. ἰδοξα, pf. δέδοχα, raro δεδοκήκα, pass. δέδογμαι, ξαι, κλαι, 1. δοχθήσομαι. καλὰ τὸ δοκῆν, prout ipsis videbatur. οἱ δοκῆντες, qui censeantur, qui sunt in aliquâ estimatione.

δονέω, agito, turbo, lacesso—to shake, agitate, disturb, provoke.

δραμέω, vide τρέχω, curro, to run.

80 δρᾶω, fugio—to run away, vide διδράκω.

δράω, facio, ministro—to do, act, perform, minister, serve.

1. δράσω, α. part. Ion. δρήσας, faciens.

δυνάομαι, vide δύναμαι, possum, valeo, to be able.

E

εἶω, ὦ, sino, permitto; prætermitto, omitto; desino, cesso; valere jubeo, renuncio—to suffer, permit; pass by, omit; to give out, cease; to adieu, renounce. im: εἶαον, pro augmento recipit & post ε. 1. εἶσω, α. εἶασα, pf. εἶακα.

ἐγκισσάω, coitum appeto, concipio—to desire, conceive. q. ἐν, & κισσάω, appeto, R. κίσσω, pica. Hence, a Kiss; nisi a κύω, osculor.

85 ἐγρηγορέω, per Aphær. γρηγορέω, vigilo—to keep awake, watch, be vigilant. pf. med. ἐγρηγόρα. γρηγόρησις, εως, ἡ, vigilantia, vigilance, guard. Gregory, the watchman.

ἐθέλω, videas ἐθέλω, volo, to will, desire.

ἐίλω, cogo, conglobo, coarcto, congrego, concludo—to gather, amass, form into a ball or lump, conglobulate, straiten, assemble, shut up.

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, ἄω, & ἔω, 1. ἦσω, pf. ηκα.

εἰλέω, versō, circumago, volvo, convolvo, circumvolvo—
to turn, wheel, wind about, roll, con- & circum- volve.

ἐλάεω, vide ἐλαύνω, to move, incite, decamp.

90 ἐμέω, vomo, evomo—to vomit, throw up, have an Emetic. 1.

ἐμέσω, α. ἤμεσα, pf. ἤμεκα, Att. ἐμήμικα, ας, ε.

ἐράω, poet. ἔραμαι, Amo; amore prosequor; cupio, affecto
—to love; desire, long for, affect. 1. ἐράσω, pf. ἤρακα.

ἐρεσχέλειω, cavillor, scommatè illudo, ludificor, contendo,
rixor—to wrangle, chicane, play upon with a jeer, mock,
taunt, make game of, contend, dispute, quarrel, squabble,
scold.

ἐρευνᾶω, indago, investigo, scrutor, perscrutor, inquiero—
to search, trace, investigate, follow by the track, scan,
scrutinize, inquire. α. ἤρευνησα.

ἐρρέω, see ἔρρω, to walk and mourn.

95 ἐρῶέω, eo, fluo, impetu feror; cesso, retrocedo, inhihero,
repello, impello—to go, flow, be carried with violence;
cease; desist, go back, stop, hinder, repulse, impel.

ἐρωλλάω, interrogo, rogo, quæro; oro, precor; argumentum
vel questionem propono, ratiocinor—to interrogate, ask,
demand, inquire; pray, request; propose an argument,
propound a question, reason upon or handle one.

εὐδέω, vide εὐδω, dormio, to sleep.

εὐρέω, vide εὐρίσκω, invenio, investigando.

ἐχέω, in the separate class, see ἔψω, to seeth or boil.

100 ἔω, sum; Eo, vado, venio—to be; go, come; 1. ἔσομαι.

Hence, εἰμι, sum; εἶμι, ἤμι, et ἵμαι, eo, vado, venio,
to go, come; quæ vide in suis locis.

ἔω, induo; colloco, statuo; mitto, jaculor—to put on,
dress; place, appoint; send, hurl; fut. ἔσω, poet. ἔσσω,
induam, collocabo, α. εἶσα, ας, ε, Ion. ἔσα, collocavi,
part. ἔσας, poet. ἔσας, qui collocavit, qui sedere jussit
vel facit; fut. m. εἶσομαι, α. εἰσάμην, poet. ἔσασαμην, ω, et
3^a sing. ἔισσατο, imp. ἔσσαι, indue, part. ἔσάμενος, indu-
tus; pf. pass. εἶμι, indutū sum, collocatus sum, 3^a pl.

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, *άω*, & *έω*, 1. *ήσω*, pf. *ηκα*.

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Ion. *είλαι*, pro *είναι*, part. *είμενος*, indutus. Ab *έω*, colloco, est *είμαι*, & Crasi, *ήμαι*, *σαι*, *λαι*, sedeo. Ab, et pro *έω*, mitto, usit. *ίμι*, q. v.

## Z

*ζάω*, vivo; vigeo, lætus sum—to live; flourish, be glad, joyful: pr. contr. *ζω*, *ζᾱς*, *ζᾱ*, frequentius Att. *ζω*, *ζῆς*, *ζῆ*, poet. *ζώω*, *ζώεις*, &c. pr. inf. Dor. *ζῆν*, part. *ζῶων*, *ῥοα*, *ον*, contr. *ζῶν*, *ζῶσα*, *ζῶν*, G. *ζῶντος*, B. ind. *ἕζην*, *ης*, *η*, 1. *ζήσω*, usitatus *ζήσομαι*, *η*, *είαι*, *α*. *ἕζησα*, subj. *ζήσω*, *ης*, *η*, part. *ζησᾶς*, *ασα*, *αν*, qui vixit.

*ζέω*, fervio, bullio, excandesco, scateo—to be fervid, boil, wax very hot, bubble, gush, flow. 1. *ζέσω*, pf. *ἕζηκα*.

*ζηλέω*, quæro, quæstionem habeo vel exerceo, requiro, rei amissæ desiderio teneor; studeo, conor—to seek, make a search, question, require, to dwell upon or have the mind occupied about something which we have lost, and be intent upon the finding of it, to study, endeavour, attempt.

## H

105 *ηγέμαι*, *ἔμαι*, duco, dux sum, præeo, existimo, opinor, puto, reor, arbitror—to lead, command, be captain, take the lead, preside, esteem, be of opinion, think, suppose, arbitrate. q. *ἄγω*, duco. 1. *ἡγήσομι*, pf. pass. *ἡγμαι*.

*ἡθίω*, percribro—to put through a sieve; vide *ἡθω*, idem.

*ἡμενέω*, indignor, ægrè fero—to be angry, take or bear ill.

*ἡπάζω*, † sarcio—to patch, mend. *α*. inf. med. *ἡπίσασθαι*, sarcire.

## Θ

*θάω*, *θῶ*, cum stupore video; nutrio, lacto, epulor—to see, behold with astonishment; to nourish, suckle, educate, banquet, sup.

110 *θεάω*, freq. *θεάομαι*, specto, contemplor; ludos specto; video—to view, look at or upon, gaze, contemplate, con-

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, *άω*, & *έω*, 1. *ήσω*, pf. *ηκα*.

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sider; be a spectator at public games; to see, behold. 1.

- m. *θεάσομαι*, α. *ἐθέασαμην*, ω, *αῖο*, inf. *θεάσασθαι*, part. *θεασάμενος*, η, *ον*, pf. pass. *τεθέαμαι*, *ασαι*, *αῖται*, α. *ἐθέαθην*, ης, η, inf. *θεαθῆναι*.

θελέω, vide *θέλω*, volo, to be willing.

θέω, curro, cursu contendo—to run, rival in the race. poet.

θείω; pr. inf. *θεῖν*, 1. m. *θεύσομαι*, η, (Ion. *εαι*), *εῖται* inf.

θεύσεσθαι, part. *θευσ-όμενος*, Dor. -έμενος.

θέω, *θῶ*, 1. *θήσω*, vide *τίθημι*, colloco, to place.

θλάω, elido, contundo, frango, conquasso, collido—to dash against, clash, strike, break, shake, clap together.

1. *θλάσω*, *τέθλακα*, α. pass. *ἐθλάσθην*, contusus fui, I received a contusion.

115 *θάω*, vide *θνήσκω*, morior, to die.

θορέω, vide *θρώσκω*, salio, to bound.

θρόω, sedeo—to sit. α. m. *ἐθρήσαμην*, inf. *θρήσασθαι*.

θρέω, vel *θρέομαι*, tumultuando clamo vel loquor—to make a tumultuous noise or cry, join an uproar with a shout, clamour, brawl. pf. m. *τέθροα*.

θρυγανᾶω, † frico, scalpo—to rub, scrape.

120 *θυμιάω*, & *άζω*, suffio, odores incendo vel accendo, adoleo—to perfume, burn incense or aromatics, make odoriferous burnt offerings. 1. *θυμιάσω*, pf. *τέθυμιακα*, α. *ἱθυμίασα*, inf. *θυμιάσαι*.

I

ἰάομαι, *ῥμαι*, medeor, sano, curo—to heal, restore to health, cure. 1. m. *ιά-* Ion. *ἰή-*σομαι, α. *ία-* Ion. *ἰη-σάμην*, ω, *αῖω*, pf. pass. *ιάμαι*, *σαι*, *ῖται*, α. *ἰάθην*, ης, η, 1. *ἰάθησομαι*.

ἰκνέομαι, *ῥμαι*, co. *ἴκομαι*, venio, advenio, subeo, invado, pertineo, tango, supplico, obsecro—to come, come to, arrive, enter, invade, surprise, tend to, touch upon, supplicate, intreat, conjure. th. *ἴκω*, venio. pf. pass. *ἴγμαι*, 1. m. *ἴξομαι*, β. *ἰκόμην*, ω, *εἶω*, inf. *ἰκίσθαι*, supplicare, part. *ἰκόμενος*; *ἰκίτης*, supplex.

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, *άω*, & *έω*, 1. *ήσω*, pf. *ηκα*.

ιλάω, & *ιλημι*, usit. *ιλάσκω*, q. v. propitius sum; poet. *placo*—*to be mild, propitious, kind*; poet. *to atone, pacify*.
pr. imp. *ιλ-αδι*, & *-ηδι*.

ινέω, vacuo, inanio, purgo, expurgo—*to evacuate, empty, purge, cleanse*.

125 *ισάω*, vide *ισημι*, scio, *to know*.

K

κακ-άω, & *-κίω*, † *Caco*—*to have a stool, Caca*.

καλέω, voco, accerso, imploro, nomino—*to Call, implore, name*. 1. *καλ-έσω*, & *-ήσω*, sync. *κλησω*, & Att. *καλῶ*, α. *ἐκάλεσα*, vocavi, pf. *κεκάληκα*, & *κέκληκα*, pass. *κέκλημαι*, *σαι*, *λαι*, vocatus sum, α. *ἐκλήθην*, ης, η, nominatus fui, 1. *κληθήσομαι*, η, *εἶαι*, p. post f. *κεκλησώμαι*.

καμέω, sync. *κμέω*, vide *κάμνω*, fatigor, *to be weary*.

καυχάομαι, glorior, jacto me, jactans prædico, exulto—*to glory, boast, brag, publish one's own fame, rejoice, exult*. 2^d. sing. *ᾶσι*, (ut *ἴσᾳμαι*, *ασαι*,) α. m. *ἐκαυχῆσάμην*, ω, *ᾶτο*, 1. *καυχήσομαι*.

130 *κάω*, seu *κέω*, vide *καίνω*, accendo, *to set on fire*.

κελέομαι, vide *κέλω*, jubeo, *to command*.

κεῖλέω, pungo, stimulo—*to prick, make a puncture, sting, goad, stimulate*.

κεράω sync. *κράω*, vide *κεράννυμι*, misceo, *to mix*.

κέω, vide *κεῖμαι*, jacio, *to lie along*.

135 *κέω*, per Epenth. *κείω*, findo, *to cleave*, q. v.

κηλέω, mulceo, dulcidine cantus vel similis rei auribus gratae lenio, delinio; decipio, noceo—*to sooth, appease and quell by the charms of song and music, to lenify, cool, calm, pacify; to deceive, hurt, harm*.

κίνεω, moveo, e loco moveo; agito, quatio; promoveo, incito, excito; muto, abrogo—*to move, displace, agitate, shake; promote, incite, rouse; change, abrogate*. α. *ἐκίνησα*, pass. *ἐκίνηθην*, pf. *κεκίνημαι*.

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, ἄω, & ἔω 1. ἦσω, pf. ηκ.

κίχέω, invenio, assequor, comprehendo, *to find, obtain, overtake, comprehend.* q. χῶ, capio, & κίω, eo. κίχάνω, & κίχημαι, idem. 6. ἔκισχον, ες, ε, inf. κίχεῖν, α. ind. ἐκίχησα, ας, ε, part. κίχίσας, ασα, αν.

κλάω, frango—to break. 1. κλάσω, α. ἔκλασα, ας, ε, inf. κλάσαι, part. κλάσας, pf. κέκλακα, pass. κεκλασ-μαι, -αι, -ται, part. -μένος, fractus, α. ἐκλάσθην, ης, η, part. κλασθῆς, εῖσα, ἐν.

140 κνάω, & κνέω, rado, scalpo, scabo, scindo, frico, pruritum moveo vel excito, titillo—to shave, scrape, scratch, cut, rub, cause an itching or titillation, to tickle.

κοιμάω, dormire facio, sopio, in lecto colloco—to make one dorm, cast asleep, lull to rest, put to bed; κοιμάομαι, ὦμαι, dormiendi gratiâ cubo, dormio, obdormio, sopior—to lie down to sleep, to dorm, sink into or be locked in the arms of Somnus; Metaph. morior, mortuus sum, to die, fall into the iron sleep, be dead. α. ἐκοίμησα, ας, ε, pf. pass. κεκοίμημαι, σαι, ται, part. -μένος, α. ἔκοιμήθην, ης, η, 1. κοιμηθήσομαι.

κολετρᾶω, † proculco—to tread, trample upon.

κολυμβᾶω, nato; aquas subeo, urino—to swim; go under water, dive.

κομέω, curo, curam gero, orno; nutrio, alo—to take care, have the management of, comb, adorn, fit, furnish; to cherish and train up; q. κόμη, Coma. κομίζω, id.

145 κούεω, festino, propero, curro; ministro, famulor, operor—to make haste, pace nimbly, run; minister, serve, work, toil, q. κόης, q. d. pulverem excitans currendo.

κορεῶ, -ένν-υμι, & -ύω, satio, saturo—to satiate, fill, saturate, cloy, 2. κορεῶ, εἶς, εἷ, poet. ἐν, satiabo, 1. ἔσω, & ἦσω, α. ἐκόρεσα, ας, ε, pf. κεκόρεκα, pass. κεκόρεσμαι, part. κεκορεσμένος, & ημένος, satiatus, α. ἐκορέσθην, ης, η, 1. κορεσθήσομαι, η, εἰσι, α. m. ἐκορέσαμην, ω, αῖο, poet. κορέσσατο, se satiavit.

κορέω, etiam verro, everro, purgo; orno, curo—to brush,

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, ἄω, & ἔω, 1. ἦσω, pf. ηκα.

sweep out, clean, purge; adorn, take care of. 1. κορήσω, pf. part. κορημένος, η, ον, purgatus.

κρεμάω, suspendo, suspensum teneo—to suspend, hang up, hold suspended; κρεμάνν-υμι, -ύω, id. κρεμν-ημι, -άω, & κρεμόω, idem. 1. ἀσω, α. ἐκρέμασα, α. pass. ἐκρεμάσθην, part. κρεμασθεῖς; κρέμασσομαι,σαι, ται, pendeo, to hang, be suspended.

κρέω, † impero, regno—to rule, reign.

150 κτάρμαι, ὤμαι, acquiro, comparo, concilio, possideo—to acquire, get, procure, gain, conciliate, have, possess. κτήσσομαι, pf. κέκτημαι,σαι, ται, pro quo ἔκτημαι, acquisivi, habeo, possideo. *I have acquired, I hold, possess.* p. post f. κεκλήσσομαι, η, εἶται, α. ἐκλήσθην, ης, η, from 3^d. sing. ἐκλήται, pf. part. κέκτημενός, dominus, μενῆ, domina, α. m. ἐκλήσαμην, ω, αἶο.

κυβερνάω, navem rego, cursum navis dirigo; Gubernare et rego—to have the command of a ship, to pilot or steer a vessel; to Govern and have the sway.

κυέω, id. qd. κύω, pregnans sum, to be pregnant, q. v.

κυκαω, misceo, liquores misceo, confundo, turbo, perturbo—to mix, mingle, make a mixture of liquors, blend, confound, cuckold, muddy, Prov. mucky, disturb.

κυρεβάω, † cornibus peto vel pugno—to attack or push with horns. q. κίρας, cornu, & βάω, pro quo βάινω, eo.

155 κυνᾶν, † circumagere—to turn about, daub with pitch, be garrulous.

Λ

λαλέω, loquor; garrio, verba facio, temerè et inconsideratè verba fundo—to speak, say; to prate, be garrulous, talk only, speak without consideration. α. ἐλάλησα, imp. λάλησον, αἶω, pf. pass. λελάλημαι, dictus fui, α. ἐλάλησθην, ης, η, part. λαληθεῖς, 1. λαλήθησομαι, η, εἶται.

λάω, video, volo, fruor—to see, desire, enjoy, (Hence *Lo*, behold). Pleonasmo τῷ υ, λαύω, unde ἀπολαύω.

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, ᾶω, & ἔω, 1. ἦσω, pf. ηκα.



λημέω, Dor. λαμέω, sono, crepo, resono, sonitum do vel facio, vocem do, loquor; lacero—to sound, creak, resound, make a noise or din; give mouth, speak; tear, lacerate. β. ἔλακον, ες, ε, sonitum dedi, α. ἐλάκησα, ας, ε, pf. m. λέλ-ακα, & ηκα.

λωφάω, respiro, interquiesco; cesso, cedo—to breathe, respire, take a breathing time, rest at intervals; leave off, cease, allay.

M

160 μαθέω, vide μανθάνω, disco, to learn.

μασ- & μαύσ-άομαι, mando, manduco, comedo, voro—to chew, eat, devour.

μαχέομαι, vide μαχομαι, pugno, to fight.

μάω, vehementer cupio, supra modum desidero; quæro—to long eagerly for, desire earnestly and beyond measure; seek after. pf. μέμακα, vel ηκα, Ion. μέμαα, promptus fui, 3^a. pl. ppf. μέμασαν. cupiverant, Ion. et Sync. pro ἐμεμάκησαν, part. μεμαώς, for μεμηκώς, or ακώς, υῖα, qui promptus fuit.

μηδάω, vel μηδέω, μηδ-ιάω, & ιάζω, id. leniter vel molliter rideo, subrideo, to laugh softly. α. ἐμείδησα.

μελέω, vide μέλω, curæ sum, to be an object of care.

165 μελλέω, vide μέλλω, futurus sum, about to be.

μενέω, vide μένω, Maneo, to abide.

μηκάομαι, -ῶμαι, balo, caprisso—to bleat; propriè de capris dicitur, ut de ovibus. βληχάομαι, pf. part. μεμακώς, υῖα, α. inf. m. μηκᾶσθαι. μηκάζω, id.

μίμιομαι, ἔμαι, Imitor, imitatione exprimo—to imitate, Mimic, resemble, represent. 1. ἦσομαι, pf. μεμίμημαι, σαι, γαι.

μνάζομαι, Memoro, commemoro, memor sum, mentionem facio, Med. in memoriam mihi ipsi revoco, recordor, reminiscor; ambio, procus sum—to be mindful of, commemorate, bear in mind and make Mention of, re-

Verbs, Chap. 2. Cl. I ἴω, & ἔω, I. ἴσω, pf. ἦκα.

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hearse, recite, recount, record, remember; go round, be a suitor. I. μνήσομαι, α. ἐμνήσάμην, ω, αἰο, pf. pass. μέμνημαι, passim pro præsenti usurpatum invenitur, ut et Lat. Memini, novi, &c. α. ἐμνήσθην, recordatus sum, I. μνησθήσομαι, pf. imp. μέμνησο, σθω, α. μνήσθι, ἦω, Memor esto, from

- 170 μνάω, pro quo in pr. μιμνήσκω, in memoriam revoco; commonefacio, admoneo—to call to mind, remember; to advise, admonish, Prov. Min. I. μνήσω, pf. μέμνηκα, 3<sup>d</sup> sing. I. μνήσῃ, admonebit, et f. part. α. μνήσασα, are met with.

μολέω, seu μόλω, venio, advenio, eo, vado, proficiscor; transeo, prætereo—to come, come to, arrive at, go, march; pass over or by; β. ἔμολον, ες, ε, part, μολών.

μυδάω, Madeo, præ nimio madore vitior, putresco, puteo—to moisten, vitiate by an excess of moisture, to moulder, decay, putrefy, stink, Hence Mud, & Prov. Madour.

μυέω, doceo ea quæ ad res sacras et divinas pertinent, in sacris instituo vel instruo, initio—to teach what appertains to things sacred and divine, instruct in solemn science, erudiate in, and introduce to the knowledge of Mysteries holy and awful, enter, initiate, viz. to what hath been concealed and is to be kept with masonic secrecy; pf. pass. μεμύημαι, initiatus sum, q. μύω, claudio, labia comprimo, I shut up, keep the door of my lips.

μυκάω, (I. ἄσω, et ἴσω,) et μυκῶμαι, Mugio, boo—to low, bellow, roar, bray, bleat, give mouth; q. vox boum est μῦ. 2. μυκῶ, mug-io, et -iam, im. et β. ἔμυκον, Ion. μυκον, crepabam, et crepui, sonui, to have made a noise, sounded; pf. m. μέμυ-κα, mugivi, part. -κῶς, υῖα, mugiens.

## N

- 175 νάω, fluo, mano, scaturio—to flow, run, stream, gush out; et

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, ἀά, & έώ, 1. ησω, pf. ηκα.

νάω, pro ναίω, habito, *to dwell*. α. ένασ-α, et σα, sine aug.  
νάσσα, habitare feci; collocavi, pass. νάσθην, m. νάσσαμην,  
habitavi, inf. νάσσεσθαι, habitavisse.

νεμεσ-άω, & -άομαι, ώμαι, indignor, irascor, succenseo;  
merito, indignor, invideo, invidens irascor; indigna-  
tionem seu reprehensionem formido, timeo—to be  
displeased, take ill, be angry; be deservedly indignant,  
to envy, decry, have a mixture of hatred and anger; to  
be afraid of reprehension, stand in awe, dread, fear. α.  
pass. ένεμεσθήην.

νέω, Neo, filum duco vel torqueo—to spin, draw or twine  
a thread. νήθω, id. 1. νήσω.

νέω, glomero, acervo, cumulo—to wind up, make a clew,  
gather, heap, accumulate. νήω, id. 1. νήσω, α. ένησα. inf.  
νήσαι, pf. part. pass. νένημένος, η, ον, cumulatus, piled.

νέω, usitatus νέομαι, eo, venio, redeo—to go, come, return.

180 νέω, et νεόμαι, No, nato—to swim. 1. νήσω, et νεύσω, α. inf.  
νέυσαι, natare. νήχω, 1. νήξω, idem.

νικάω, vinco, supero, victor sum; antecello, superior  
sum, præsto—to conquer, overcome, vanquish, be vic-  
torious, gain one's point, excel, be superior, surpass.  
νίκημαι, id. 1. ήσω, Dor. άσω, et αξώ, α. ένίκησα, subj. νική-  
σω, ης, η, inf. νικῆσαι, part. νικήσας, ασα, αν, superans, α.  
pass. νικηθείς, είσα, εν, G. ένλος, victus.

νοσέω, redeo; eo, proficiscor—to return; go, set out. α.  
ένόσησα. part. νοσήσας, ασα, αν.

## Ξ

ξέω, 1. ξέσω, rado, scalpo, polio; dolo, quum de lignis  
dicitur—to shave, scrape, smooth, polish; when used of  
timber, to hew, and chip it. ξύω, id.

## Ο

ογκάζομαι, -ώμαι, † rudo—to bray as an ass. 1. ογκήσομαι,  
pr. part. ογκώμενος, η, ον, rudens.

Μ η



- 185 ὀξέω, vide ὄζω, Oleo, *to smell*.  
 οἰδ-έω, et αῶ, *tumescere, turgeo—to swell.* α. ὠδισα.  
 οἰδ-έω, vel αῶ, † *coeo, inco—to be joined to a wife.*  
 οἰχέομαι, et οἰχέω, *abeo—to depart; vide οἰχομαι, id.*  
 ὀλέω, vide ὄλλυμι, *perdo, to lose, to destroy.*
- 190 ἔμιχέω, Meio, Mingo—*to make water.*  
 ὀν-έω, Dor. αῶ, vide ὄνημι, *juvo—to help.*  
 ὀπιάω, *torreo, asso—to roast, broil.* pf. pass. ὀπτήμαι.  
 ὄραω, *video, cerno, observo; intelligo, animadverto—to see, behold, discern, observe; understand, animadvert, consider.* pr. imp. ὄραε, ὄρα, inf. ὄραν, ὄραν, *videre, im.*  
 Att. ἑώραον, et ἑώρων, 1. ὄρασω, pf. ὤρακα, Att. ἑώρακα, pass. ἑώραμαι, σαι, ται.  
 ἐργάω, *appeto impatienter, turgeo, prurio, vigeo—to desire with impatience, swell, be turgid, itch, titillate, flourish, be vigorous; propriè de animantibus libidine turgentibus; q. ἐργή, impetus.*
- 195 ἐρχέω, *moveo, saltare facio—to move, cause to dance.*  
 Hence,  
 ἐρχέομαι, ἔμαι, *salto, tripudio—to dance, caper, curret.*  
 ἐπιάω, *vulnero, vulnus infligo, percutio—to wound, vulnerate, strike, percuss.* ἐπιά-ζω, σκῶ, et ἔστημι, *idem.*  
 ἐφθέλω, vide ἐφείλω, *reus sum—to be impleaded.*  
 ἐχθέω, *indignor, gravor, graviter fero—to be displeased, angry, grudge, take ill.*

## Π

- 200 παλίω, *calco, conculco, protero; contemptui habeo, contumelia afficio, opprimo; tero ut librum; ambulo—to tread upon, trample under foot, wear away; hold in contempt, despise, reproach, oppress; toss over as we do a book; to walk, Pad; Hence a Patten.*

πάω, vel πάομαι, *gusto, vescor, pasco, possideo, acquiro, Paro—to taste, eat, feed upon, Pasture, possess, acquire, get.* 1. m. πάσομαι, α. ἔπασαμην, pf. pass. πέταμαι.

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, *άω*, & *έω*, 1. *ήσω*, pf. *ηκα*.

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περάω, sync. *περάω*, transeo, transporto causa vendendi, vendo, penetro, trajicio, trano, supero—to go or pass over, cross, send merchandise abroad, take to a foreign market, sell, penetrate, convey, get over; surpass. 1. *άτω*, et *ήτω*, sync. *περάσω*; q. *πέρα*, ultra.

πελόμαι, et *πελάμαι*, id. qd. *πελόμαι*, volo, to fly.

πείάω, sync. *πιάω*, pando, explico, aperio—to open, spread, out, unfold, disclose; *πειάννυμι*, *ύω*, et *πέλάζω*, id. 1. *πέιάσω*, sync. *πιάσω*, α. *έπέιασα*, pf. pass. *πεπίλα*, sync. *πέπλαμαι*, *σαι*, *λαι*, α. *έπέιασθην*, ης, η, 1. *πείασθήσομαι*.

205 *πηδάω*, salto, salio, scaturio—to dance, leap, gush, stream.

πηδασος, ο *καί* η, uliginosus et fonticulis scatens, oozy, moist, marshy, springy, unde aqua *πειδ᾽*, i. e. prosilit.

πλέω, navigo—to sail, navigate, work a vessel, Plow the main. *πλώϊζω*, *ομαι*, poet. *πλώω*, & *πλώμι*, idem. 1. *πλεύσω*, pf. *τέπλευκα*, 1. m. *πληύσ-ομαι*, Dor. *ἔμαι*, ἦ, *εἴλαι*.

πνέω, flo, spiro, anhele; odorem spiro, oleo—to blow, breathe, pant; give an odor, smell. 1. *πνεύσω*, α. *έπνευσα*, pf. *πέπνευ-κα*, pass. *μαι*.

ποιέω, facio, fabricor, efficio, ago, factito, Poeticè scribo, carmina compono vel facio, condo, pono, colloco, prosum—to make, form, put together, effect, perform, do, practise, to write poetically, compose as a poet, make verses, lay up, build, put, place, avail, profit: α. *εποίησα*, constitui, lucrifeci, commoratus sum, I have appointed, got gain, tarried, m. *εποισάμην*, ω, *άλο*; *ποιέμαι*, *ἔμαι*, fio, act. facio, &c. pf. pass. *τεποίημαι*, ησαι, ησαι, α. *εποίηθην*, ης, η. *ποιεῖν χρόνον*, commorari, to loiter, delay; *ποιεῖν ἐνεαυτὸν ἔνα*, to continue a year; *ποιεῖν ἔξω*, emittere, to put out, send forth; *ποιεῖσθαι περὶ πλείονος*, pluris facio, to make much of, highly value; *περὶ ὀλίγου*, contemnere, to despise; *ἐν θαύματι*, admirari, to hold in admiration; *ἐαυτὸν ἐπ' ἰξυσίαν*, comparare sibi magnam potentiam, to possess himself of extensive power; *εὖ ποιῶν τινα*, alicui benefacere, to benefit a person, do him good; *ποιῶν τῇ*

Verbs, Chap. 2. Cl. 1 αῶ, & έω, 1. ήσω, pf. ηκα.

αλήθειαν, veritati operam dare, *to have truth for one's object.*

παλέω, verto, verso; vertere terram, aro, pasco—to turn, move about; plow, cultivate, feed.

210 πλώω, metu consterno, terreo, terrefacio, exterreo, obstupeco, attonitum reddo—to stun with fear, terrify, scare, affright, astound, thunderstrike; Med. trepido, paveo, pavesco, expavesco, *to trepitate, be frightened, quake for fear.* q. πλώω, cado, *to fall.*

πωλέω, vendo, vendito, venundo—to sell, vend, expose, set to sale. pass. πωλῶμαι, veneo, *to be sold.*

P

ρεύω, co. ρεύω, & ρεύω, fluo, fundo, mano, stillo—to flow, stream, diffuse, spread, run, trickle, drop; Metaph. evanesco, intereo, labor, solvor, *to vanish, be lost, pass away, become lax and feeble.* 1. ρεύσω, et ρεύησω, fluam, pf. ῥέρευκα, fluxi, legitur etiam ῥέρευνήκα, pf. m. ῥέροα, inusit.

ῥέω, dico, loquor—to say, tell, speak, declare; R. εἶρω, dico. 1. ῥήσω, pf. ῥήρηκα, 1. pass. ῥηθήσομαι, η, ειαι, dicar, α. ῥηρήθην, sæpius ῥηρέθην, ης, η, part. ῥηθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, nunquam ῥηθεῖς.

ροφείω, & αῶ, sorbeo, sorbillo, haurio, exhaurio—to sup or drink up, suck in, sip, draw, fetch up, exhaust. pf. ῥήροφηκα.

Σ

215 σβείω, vide σβέννυμι, extinguo, *to put out.*

σιγάω, taceo, sileo, conticeo, obticeo—to be silent, hush, still, hold one's peace, leave off speaking. 1. σιγήσω, pf. σισιγήκα.

σιωπάω, id. α. ισιώπησα, silui, *I said nothing.*

σκεδάω, dissipio, dispergo, discutio—to scatter, spread, disperse, shake down, dash to pieces; 1. σκεδάσω, α. ισκεδά-

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, *άω*, & *έω*, 1. *ήσω*, pf. *ηκα*.

ασα, pf. *ακα*, pass. *ασμαι*, α. *έσκεδασθην*, ης, η, 1. *σκεδασθίσομαι*, η, *είαι*.

σκορδινάομαι, † *pandicular*—to yawn and stretch the limbs.

220 *σμεραγέω*, *resono*, *strepo*, *strepitum edo*, *strido*—to resound, make a noise, creak, grate.

σμάω, & *έω*, *abstergo*, *detergo*, *purgo*, *orno*—to wipe off, clean out, cleanse, garnish, adorn. *σμήχω*, id.

σοδέω, *abigo*, *expello*, *propello*, *moveo*, *concito*, *insolenter incedo*—to drive off or away, expel, urge, push forward, propel, hasten, move, excite, advance with an insolent air, be haughty in one's carriage.

σπαργάω, *tumeo*, *distentus sum*, *intumesco cupiditate*—to swell, be distended; be big with desire.

σπάω, *traho*, *attraho*, *extraho*, *vello*, *convello*, *divello*—to draw, pull, sup up, attract, draw to, extract, pluck, twitch, pull up, rive, rend, tear asunder. β. *έσπον*, 2. *σπῶ*, 1. *σπάσω*, α. *έσπασα*, pf. *έσπακα*; *σπάομαι*, *ῶμαι*, *dstringo*, *stringo*, to tie, bind fast, strain hard, grasp, *σπᾶλαι ξίφος*, *evaginat vel stringit gladium*, he unsheaths or draws a sword, 1, *σπῖσσομαι*, α. *έσπασάμην*, ω, *αίλο*, *eduxi*, part. *σπασάμενος*, η, *ον*, *strictus*, *drawn*, *unsheathed*, pf. pass. *έσπασμαι*, *σαι*, *γαι*, α. *έσπάσθην*.

225 *σπέομαι*, poet. pro *έπομαι*, *sequor*, to follow.

σπέω, per Metath. pro *έστω*, *quod verbum poeticum est pro έπω*, dico, to say, express.

στάω, *Sto*—to Stand, vide *ίστημι*, *Statuo*.

σείέω, *privo*, *orbo*—to take away, deprive, bereave. 1. *ητω*, & *εσω*, α. inf. *σειέσθαι*, pf. *έείρ-ηκα*, & *εκα*, pass. *έείρημαι*, *σαι*, *λαι*, part. *έείρημενος*, η, *ον*, *carens*, α. *έείρ-έθην*, & *ήθην*, infin. *σειρῆθῆναι*...

σίεω, vel *σίβω*, *Stipo*, to Stuff, vide *σίβω*.

230 *σρέω*, *Sterno*, *prosterno*, *humi dejicio ita ut se expandat, sedo*—to Strete, spread, make a bed or couch, give an expanding cast or throw, allay, still. 1. *σρέσω*; *τήν θαλάσσαν*. *έσόρεσεν ή γαλήνη*, The waves subsided, the billows slept. *σρέωννυμι*, id. q. v.

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, ἄω, & ἔω 1. ἦσω, pf. ηκα.

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συγέω, co. σύγω, odio prosequor, odio habeo, reformido, exhoresco, extimesco; tristor—to hate, detest, abhor, hold in detestation, dread, be much afraid of, greatly fear; to be sad and mournful. im. ἐσόγειον, contractè ἐσύγων, 1. συγήσω, & σύξω, α. ἔσυξα, inf. σύξαι, β. ἔσυγον; συγέομαι, ἔμαι, odio et horrori sum, invisus sum.

σφριγάω, turgeo, vegetus sum, et corpore bene habito; luxurio, lascivio—to swell, be full, sound, lively, lusty, in good plight; to frisk and be playful, be sportive and wanton.

σχάω, Scarifico, scalpo, aperio, incido aut pertundo; laxo, remitto, demitto; deduco, traduco, transfero; cohibeo—to scarify, lance, cut, carve, chisel, open, make an incision, beat through; to loose, slacken, remit, let down; lead out, through, or over, to transfer; to hinder, stop.

σχέω, poet. σχείω, vide ἔχω, to have, hold, possess; pr. contr. & 2. σχῶ, hab-eo, & ebo.

# T

235 ταλάω, Tolero, sufferor, perpetior, perfero, patior, sustineo, audio—to bear, suffer, undertake, undergo with courage and patience, endure, sustain, be on the defensive, to dare, be undaunted.

τάω, the same as ταλάω, from which it is formed by Synco-  
pating the first α. 1. τλήσω, pf. τέτληκα, part. τέτληκώς, G. ἔτος, D. ἔτι, & sync. τέτλητότι, nisi à pf. med. τέτληκα. τλήμι, id. β. ἔτλην, Ion. τλήν, imper. τλήθι, suffer, inf. τλήναι, pati, toleravisse, part. τλάς, G. τλάγος, passus.

τάω, capio—to take. imper. τῆ, pro τάει, sume, take thou.

τερέω, Terebro, torno, vulnero—to bore, perforate, work the Turner's wheel, polish, pierce, wound.

τηρέω, servo, conservo, asservo, tueor, reservo, custodio; observe, capto—to keep, preserve; guard, defend, protect; observe, lie at catch. α. ἐτήρησα, pf. pass. ἐτήρημαι, σαι, λαι, part. μένος, servatus, α. ἐτήρησεν.

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, ἄν, & ἔω, 1. ἦσω, pf. ηκα.

240 τηλάω, privo; quæro, tento—to take away, deprive; to seek, make trial; qs. a τάω, per Redplm.

τήλαω, τίλημι, et τήλαίνω, perforo, terebro—to perforate, bore, pierce; co. & R. τράω; 1. τρήσω, pf. pass. τέλημι, part. τέλημένος, η, ον, perfossus, mined or pierced through.

τμάω, vel τμέω, vide τέμνω, seco, to cut.

τράω; inusit. Pleonas. τραύω, vide τήρω, to perforate.

τρέω, Tremo, trepido, intremisco; territus vel pavescens fugio—to tremble, trepidate, quake for fear; run away affrighted. 1. ἔσω, pf. εκα. τρέμω, to Tremble, &c. pf. m. τέληγμα, unde τρομέω, idem. τρέμος, ἔ, ὁ, Tremor.

245 τυχέω, vide τυγχάνω, sum, compos fio—to be, to have one's wish.

## Υ

ύλάω, latro, ululo—to bark, bay, ululate, howl. ύλακῆέω, id.

1. ύλάσω.

ύφάω, ὤ, Ion. solut. ὦ, texo—to weave. q. ύπὸ, sub, & ἔω, Eo. ύφάζω, id.

## Φ

φάω, poet. luceo, splendo, fulgeo, mico—to shine, glitter. im. ἔφαον, ες, ε, aug. abjecto Ion. φάε; ut, φάε δὲ χρυσοθρόνος ἠώς, aureo throno insidens splendebat aurora; vide φαίνω, in lucem edo. part. φάων, ἔσα, ὄν, lucens.

φάω, dico, aio, &c. vide φῆμι, id. φάομαι, inusit. sed inde pf. pass. πέφασμαι, 3<sup>a</sup> sing. imper. πεφάσθω, dictum sit, part. πεφασμένος, dictus.

250 φάω, occido, interficio—to kill, slay; vide φίνω, id.

φθάω, vide φθάνω, prævenio, anteverto—to be beforehand with, pre-occupy.

φθειω, corrumpo, lahefacto, perdo, interimo; macero, tabefacio—to corrupt, weaken, sap, destroy, kill; to dissolve, waste, tabefy, dry up; pr. med. φθίσομαι, pereo, deficio, consumor, morior, to be spent, to faint, decay, be exhausted, die. φθίω, & φθίνω, id. in sensu med.



Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, *άω*, & *έω*, I. *ήσω*, pf. *ηα*.

perio, deficio, &c. *to be Thin, &c.* I. *φθίσω*, α. *ἐφθίσα*, pf. pass. *ἔφθιμαι*, *σαι*, *ται*.

*φλάω*, I. *φλάσω*, contundo, mollio contundendo, contero, frango, rumpo, flaccidum reddo; voro, avidè comedo—*to beat, bray, bruise, soften by pounding, minish, break, enfeeble; to champ, devour, eat greedily.*

*φλέω*, nugar; plenus vel refertus sum, fructu abundo—*to trifle; be full, replete, abound with fruit.* *φλύω*, & *φλυζω*, id.

255 *φλιδάω*, putresco, putrefio; rumpor, laceror, lanior; rugas contraho—*to rot, become rotten, putrefy; to be broken, rent, lacerated, butchered; to wrinkle, shrivel.*

*φολιάω*, contr. *φολῶ*, hence Ion. *φολέω*; ito, ventito, frequento; insanio, furo—*to foot it, come often, pace to and fro, go and come, haunt, frequent; to dotè, be insane, mad.*

*φρίω*, unde *φρήμι*, emitto, *to fling, send forth, Free.*

*φυσάω*, vel *φυσσάω*, sufflo, inflo, flatu distendo; efflo—*to blow, and puff up, inflate, swell with wind, distend by blowing; breathe high, bluster, Prov. to Fuss, make a Fuss. This verb is used of the insolent and haughty.*

## X

*χαλ-άω*, seu *άζω*, laxo, demitto; flacceo, languéo, languesco; cesso—*to loose, relax, untie, lower, let down, to be feeble, languish, flag, grow faint, to give out.* I. *χαλάσω*, pf. *κεχάλακα*, pass. *κεχάλασομαι*.

260 *χαίρω*, et, elisso ι, *χαίρω*, gaudeo, lætor—*to rejoice, be glad; vide χαίρω*, id.

*χαίω*, egeo, indigeo, careo, desidero, cupio, percupio—*to want, stand in need, be without, desire, wish, long for; Cater. Poet. χαί-εύω*, & *ίζω*, id.

*χάω*, vide *χαίνω*, hio, hisco, *to open wide.*

*χίω*, fundo, effundo, diffundo, liquefacio, liquo, liquifaciendo diffundo & diffluere facio, e terrâ fusili

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, ἄω, & ἔω, 1. ἴσω, pf. ηἴκε.

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educo, sepelio, inhumo, capax sum—to pour out, diffuse, spread, liquefy, melt down, become liquid, by smelting to diffuse and cause to flow or spread, to run metal, cast in loam, form from fusil earth, mould from fossils, make mineral castings, bury, inhume, q. d. spread earth upon; to be capacious. χεῖω, (1. χεῖσω, m. χείσομαι) χεύω, & χύω, vel χύνω, idem. 1. χέσω, & χεύσω, α. ἔχευσα, ἔχευα, & ἔχεα, imp. 3^d. pl. χευά-λωσαν, Att. -νῶν, pf. pass. κέχευ·μαι, & σμαι.

χεῖω, commodo, mutuum do, utendum do, mutuo; oraculum edo, vaticinor, responsum oraculo reddo; coloro, imbuo, tingo, polluo; furiosè invado, irruo impetuosè, cum impetu aggredior—to lend, allow the conditional use of; to utter oracles, vaticinate, foretel, give the oracular reply; to color, imbue, tinge, taint, pollute; assail with fury, rush upon with impetuosity, charge in martial style, make a violent onset. χράομαι, commodato accipio, mutuo; utor, to borrow, use.

- 265 χωρέω, eo, proficiscor, accedo, confero me, succedo, evenio, exitum aliquem habeo, locum do, cedo, recedo, evado, capio, capax sum, comprehendo, percipio, intelligo—to go, take a walk, make a journey, accede, approach, draw near, betake one's-self to, succeed, happen, come to an issue, give place, retire, recede, evade, escape, take, contain, be capacious, roomy, comprehend, perceive, understand. m. sæpe idem ut act. q. χῶρος, locus. α. ἐχώρησα, ας, ε, cedo, abeo, to secede, withdraw, imp. 2^d. pl. χωρήσατε, recipite vos, betake yourselves, inf. χωρῆσαι, to take, receive; ὁμόσε χωρεῖν τοῖς πολεμίοις, hostiliter obviam ire, to enter the adverse camp, meet on hostile ground.

Ψ

↓άω, tergo, abstergo, radendo dergo & complano; propinquo, accedo; attingo, leniter tango, contingo,

N N

Verbs, Chap. 2, Cl. 1, *άω*, & *έω*, 1. *ήσω*, pf. *ηκα*.

mulceo; *comminuo* in *tenues partes*, *extenuo*; *uro*, *calefacio*, *foveo*—*to wipe, brush or scour off, level, make smooth: to approach, accede, come to; touch upon, touch lightly, pat, stroke, flatter, sooth, appease; to break small, crumble, extenuate; to burn, make warm or hot, to cherish, foment.*

Ω

ώθέω, καὶ *ώθω*, *trudo*, *pello*, *pulso*, *impello*, *propello*, *motu violento a me dimoveo*—*to thrust, shove, push, strike, impel, drive forward, to spurn from one, push off, keep at distance.* 1. *ωθήσω*, καὶ *ώσω*, α. *ώθησα*, & *ώσα*, Att. *έωσα*, pf. *ώθήκα*, καὶ *ώκα*, pass. *ώθημαι*, καὶ *ώσμαι*, Att. *έωσμαι*, part. *ωσμένος*, η, ον, *pulsus*, 1. ind. *ώσθήσομαι*, α. *ώ-* & *ώσ-*θην, inf. *ώσθῆναι*, part. *ώσθεις*, καὶ *ώθεις*, 1. ind. med. *ώθήσομαι*, καὶ *ώσόμαι*, α. *ώθησάμην*, καὶ *ώσάμην*; *ώθίζω*, id. also, *to vex, maltreat*; med. *to be pressed in a crowd; to contend, disagree, make a spring, rush upon danger.*

ώγέομαι, *emo*, *mercor*, *emercor*, *comparo*—*to buy, purchase, trade, market, get, procure.*

ώφελέω, *juvo*, *prosum*, *commodo*, *bene de aliquo mereor*—*to help, assist, profit, serve, promote one's interest, deserve well of, lay a person under obligations.* pass. *juvor*, *prodest mihi.* α. *ώφελήθην*, ης, η, *commodum percepi*, part. *ωφεληθείς*, *είσα*, *έν*, *adjutus sum.*

CLASS 2.—pr. *όω*, -*ώ*, 1. *όσω*, pf. *οκα*.

Obs. Derivative Verbs of this class generally make 1. *όσω*, pf. *ωκα*.

αἰσιμόω, *insumo*, *impendo*—*to expend, lay out, employ.*

άλόω, *vide αλίσκω*, *capio*, *to take.*

άρόω, *Aro*—*to plough, cultivate Arable ground.* 1. *άρόσω*, α. *ήροσα*, pf. *ήροκα*, pr. inf. *άρεῖν*, & poet. *άρόσσειν*, pro *άρόων*, pass. *ήρομαι.*



- βλόω, vide βλώσχω, advenio, *to arrive.*
- 5 βίω, 1. βοσω, καὶ βώσω, pf. βέβοκα, vide βόσχω, pasco.
- βριμόμαι, ἔμαι, fremo, excandesco, frendeo—*to roar, be hot, rage, be very angry, grind the teeth.* q. βρέμω, fremo.
- βρώω, vide βρώσχω, comedo, *to Browse.*
- γνώω, Nosco, *to Know*, vide γίνωσχω, Cognosco.
- γνώω, see γέγωνα, *to raise the voice*, Separ. Cl.
- 10 διδώω, unde im. ἐδίδ-ον, ·εν, 1. 1^a. pl. δίδωσμεν, inf. διδύσθην; ab antiquo verbo
- δόω, Do, *to give, concede*, vide δίδωμαι.
- ζώω, vide ζώννυμι, cingo, *to bind with a Zone or girdle.*
- ιδνώω, incurvo, inflecto, intorqueo—*to bend, stoop, inflect, writhe.*
- κακκοῶ, † desipere, fatuè se gerere—*to dote, rave, act a foolish part.*
- 15 ὀμώω, vide ὀμνυμι, juro, *to swear.*
- ὀνόω, & ὀνομαι, carpo, reprehendo, vituperō—*to carp, find fault, reprehend, reproach, blame.* ὀνημι, id. 1. ὀνόσω.
- πόω, Poto, *to handle a Pot*, vide πίνω, bibo.
- πίώω, vide πίπτω, cado, procido, *to fall.*
- ῥόω, vide ῥώννυμι, Roboro, *to strengthen.*
- 20 στρώω, *to Strew*, see στρώννυμι, Sterno.
- τιτρώω, vulnero, per reduplicationem fingatur à τρώω, id. 1. τρώσω; vide τιτρώσχω.

CHAPTER III.

CLASS I.

It consists of Verbs in σχω, im. σκον; 1. & pf. are from ancient themes.

αἰδέσχω, augeo, *to increase*, vide αἰδέω.

αἰλίσχω, co. αἰλώω, capio, deprehendo, convinco, reum perago, damno, vinco—*to take, catch, lay hold of, overcome,*

accuse, bring to justice, cast, condemn, vanquish. ἄλωμι, id. im. ἡλίσκων, 1. ἀλώσω, α. ἡλώσα, pf. ἦ-Att. ἐά-λωκα, pass. -λωμαι, β. ἦ-Att. ἐά-λων, ως, ω, captus sum, part. ἀλῆς, ὄντος, sensu pass. captus taken, opt. αλόην, & αλώην.

ἀρέσκω, co. ἀρέω, placo, amicum reddo; placeo—to pacify, conciliate, please. im. ἡρεσκων, imper. ἀρέσκει, εἴω, part. ἀρέσκων, εσσα, ον, pf. ind. ἡρεκα, 1. ἀρέσω, α. ἡρεσα. placui, subj. ἀρέσω, ης, η, libeat, inf. ἀρέσαι, part. ἀρέσας, ασα, αν, α. αντος, placitus, pleased. In med. forma, ἀρεσκομαι, acquiesco, conditio placet, satis fit mihi, *I acquiesce, my condition pleases, it satisfies me.*

βλάσκω, co. βλώω, venio, advenio, ascendo, cresco—to come, arrive, gain a height, be upon the increase, grow. 1. βλώσω, pf. βέβλωκα.

5 βόσκω, co. βοσκέω, et R. βόω, pascō, alo—to feed, fodder, put to pasture, afford herbage or aliment, to nourish. 1. βοσκήσω, βόσω, et βώσω, α. ἐβόσκησα, pf. ἐβόσκηκα, βέβοκα, et βέβωκα.

βρώσκω, et βίβρωσκῶ, co. βρώω, et R. βόω, comedo, pascō, consumo—to eat, graze and depasture, Browse, devour. 1. βρώσω, (from βρωμί,) β. βρωων, pf. βέβρωκα, ας, ε, pass. βέβρωμαι, σαι, ται, α. ἐβρώθην, ης, η.

γινώσκω, et γινώσκω, co. γνῶω, & γινῶμι, Nosco, Cognosco, Agnosco, intelligo, Novi, approbo, censeo, existimo, judico, statuo, sentio, coco—to Know, be acquainted with, come to the knowledge of, remember, recollect to have known, approve on good grounds, think, esteem, judge, appoint, perceive, have carnal knowledge of. γ. νόος, mens. β. ἔγνω, ως, ω, sapui, cognovi, imper. γνᾶθι, γνώτω, opt. γνοίην, & γνώην, subj. γνῶ, ῶς, ῶ, inf. γνῶναι, part. γνῶς, εσσα, ὄν, 1. rar. α. ἔγνωσα, pf. ἔγνωκα, 3a. pl. ἔγνωκαν, pro ἔγνώκασι, cognoverunt, ppf. ἐγνώκην, pass. ἔγνωσμαι, cognitus sum, part. ἐγνωμένος, η, ον, decretus, sancitus, ind. med. pf. γέγνωα, Metath. γέγνωα, part. γεγνωώς, vide Separ. Cl. 1. ind. γνώσομαι, η, εἶαι.

διδάσκω, co. διδάξω, et διδάσκέω, Doceo, erudio, instituo—to teach, shew in a Didactic manner, erudiate, instruct, train. im. ἐδίδασκον, 1. διδάξω, & διδάσκησῶ, α. ἐδίδαξα, ας, ε, subj. διδάξω, ης, η, inf. διδάξαι, pf. δέδίδαχα; διδάσσομαι, disco, certior fio, I learn, am better informed and instructed. pf. pass. δεδίδαγμαι, ξαι, κλαι, part. δεδιγαγμένος, doctus, α. ἐδιδάχθην, ης, η, subj. διδάχθῶ, ῆς, ῆ, η. διὰ & ἀσκέω, exerceo.

διδράσκω, co. et R. δράω, fugio, aufugio—to flee, betake one's-self to flight, run away. 1. δράσω, Ion. δρήσω, pf. δέδρακα, α. ἔδρασα, ας, ε, syncope ἔδρα, cucurri, inf. δράναι, fugisse, β. optat. δράλιν, fugerem, inf. δρῆναι, Dor. δρᾶναι, part. δράς, ᾶσα, ᾶν, qui fugit, who ran away. δρῆμι, idem.

- 10 εὐρίσκω, co. εὐρέω, invenio, investigando & inquirendo, comperio, deprehendo, casu reperio, consequor, adipiscor, acquirō, paro—to find by search and enquiry, trace out, discover, meet with casually, find by accident, get, obtain, compass, procure. 1. εὐρήσω, α. εὐρησα, pf. εὐρηκα, β. εὔρον, ες, ε, subj. εὔρω, ης, η, opt. εὔρομαι, οἷς, οἰ, inf. εὔρειν, Dor. εὔρην, part. εὔρων, ἔσα, ᾶν, G. ὄνιος, pr. pass. εὐρίσκομαι, invenior, pf. εὔρημαι, part. ενος, inventus, α. εὔρεθ-ην, ης, η, 1. ἦτομαι, η, εἰαι, α. m. εὔρησάμην, sync. εὐρέαμην, part. εὔραμένος, η, ον.

ἡλάσκω, vagor, erro, errabundum circumeo, fugito, devito, declino—to wander, stray, be vagrant, to deviate, ramble, shun, avoid.

θνήσκω, sync. θνήκω, co. θνάω, & θανέω, morior—to die. ἔθνησκον, Ion. θνήσκον, 1. θνήξω, θνήσω, Ion. τεθνήσκω, moriar, β. ἔθανον, ες, ε, inf. θανεῖν, part. θανών, ἔσα, ᾶν, G. ονιος, pf. τέθνηκα, Ion. νθα, Bæot. νηκα, & Ion. νθα, part. νηκώς, νηώς, νεώς, & νηκώς, 1. m. θνήσκομαι, pf. τέθναα, p. post f. τεθνήξομαι, η, εἰαι; τεθνήμι, is in use, and conformable to ἴσημι; hence β. opt. act. τεθναίνην, ης, η, pr. imper. τέθναθι, inf. τεθναέναι, ᾶται, part. τεθναῖς, ᾶσα, ᾶν, G. ἀνιος. τεθνώς ὑπὸ Διονυσίῃ, interfectus a Dionysio.

θρῄσκω, co. & R. θόςω, vel θορέω, salio, insilio—to leap,

Verbs, Chap. 3, Cl. 1, σκω.

bound, spring upon; θορήσκω, im. et β. ἑθορον, per Aphær.

θόρον, part. pr. & β. θορών, ἔσα, ὄν.

λάσκω, † loquor, maledico—to *speak, slander.*

πυπράσκω, vendo, venundo, &c.—to *sell, set to sale, trade abroad, &c.* as R. περάω, q. v. pf. πέπρακα, from πρᾶω, pass. πέπραμαι; part. ἑνός, venditus, l. πρᾶθήσομαι, η, εἶαι, α. ἑπράθην, ης, η, inf. πρᾶθῆναι, part. πρᾶθεις, εἶσα, ἐν, venditus.

- 15 τῖλέσκω, co. τρέω, vulnero, cutem pertundo seu perfodio; lædo, damnum infero—to *wound, pierce the skin, hurt, endamage.* l. τρώσω, pf. τέτρωκα, pass. τέτρω-μαι, σαι, ται, sauciatus sum, part. μένος, sauciatus, eruentus, wounded, bloody, l. ind. τρωθήσομαι, α. part. τρωθεις, sauciatus.

τίτυσκομαι, intentissimè dirigo ut certum ictum inferam, collimo, ad scopum dirigo; paro—to *take sight, to aim as a marksman, level so as to hit, keep the measured course, direct to the mark; make ready.*

CLASS II.

Consisting of verbs ending in μι.

ἄημι, flo, spiro—to *blow, breathe*; usitatus quam R. ἄω, idem, q. v. pr. inf. ἄηναι, Dor. ἄήμεναι.

ἄλωμι, vide ἀλίσκω, capio, to *take, catch.*

ἔημι, a εἶω, vide εἰλῶ, gradior, proficiscor, to *go, walk.*

γνῶμι, αγνώω, vide γινώσκω, Nosco, Novi, to *Know.*

- 5 δέδιμι, vide δεῖδω, timeo, metuo, to *fear, dread.*

δίδωμι, a δίδω, co. δώω, Do, Dono, concedo, permitto, constituo, do nuptum, do in matrimonium, offero, porrigo, dedo, infligo—to *give, bestow, grant, permit, constitute, give in marriage, offer, make a tender, present, reach out, extend, surrender, abandon, inflict.* im. ἐδίδ-ων, ως, ω, Att. σον, οες, οε, contr. εν, ες, ε, l. δώσω, α. pro ἑδώσα, semper ἑδωκα, subj. δώσω, ης, η, pf. δέδωκα, ας, ε, ppf. ἔ-& δεδώκεν, ης, α, β. ἑδων, ως, ω, imper. δός, δότω, opt. δοι- Att. δώ-ην, ης, η, subj. δῶ, δῶς, δῶ, inf. δέσθαι, dedisse, part. δε's, ἔσα, ὄν, qui

Verbs, Chap. 3, Cl. 2, μι.

dedit; pf. δέδομαι,σαι,λαι, 1. δοθήσομαι, η, ειαι, α. ἐδόθην, ης, η, opt. δοθείην, ης, η, subj. δοθῶ, ῆς, ῆ, inf. δοθῆναι, part. δοθείς, εῖσα, ἐν, datus.

δρῆμι, from δράω, fugio, *to flee*, vide διδράσκω.

δύναμαι, co. δυνάομαι, possum, valeo; æstimor—to be able, potent, strong, valid, sound; to be in esteem and power. imp. ἐ- Att. ἡ-δυνάμην, 1. m. δυνήσομαι, α. ἐδυνήσάμην, η, αῖο, pf. pass. δεδύνημαι,σαι,λαι, α. ἐδυνήθην, Att. ἐδυνήσθην.

εἶμι, Sum, *to be*, co. & R. ἔω; pr. part. ὢν, ἔσα, ὄν, qui est, ens, existens; τὸ ὄν, ens, *a being*; ἐσία, ας, ἡ, essentia, substantia.

- 10 εἶμι, eo, vado, venio & ibo, &c.—*to go, come*, co. & R. ἔω, pr. inf. ἰέναι, Ion. ἴμεν, ire, pf. m. εα, & ἦε, fut. ἐσομαι, ibo, veniam.

ἦμαι, sedeo, *to sit*, R. ἔω, colloco.

ἵημι, & ἰέμαι, id. qd. εἶμι, *to go*.

ἵημι, qs. ab ἰέω, co. et R. ἔω, mitto, immitto, emitto—to send, throw, cast, hurl, emit. fut. ἥσω, α. ἥκα, misi, pf. ἔκα, β. ἦν, ῆς, ῆ, pr. pass. ἰέμαι, mittor, sæpe act. mitto, cupio, desidero, pf. ἔμαι, α. ἔθην, β. ἔμην, σο, το, part. ἔμενος, η, ον.

ἰλημι, vide ἰλάω, propitius sum.

- 15 ἰπταμαι, co. πλάομαι, &c. volo; rapido cursu feror—to fly, be carried with winged speed. im. ἰπλάμην, 1. πλήσω, quod fingas a πείλω, sync. πλάω, pando, explico, β. ἔπλην, inf. πλῆναι, part. πλάς, 1. m. πλήσομαι, η, ειαι, β. ἐπλάμην, inf. πλάσθαι, pro quo etiam πλέσθαι; πέλομαι, &

ἵπτημι, vel πῖτημι, idem.

ἵσσημι, Dor. ἵσαμι, scio, novi, cognosco—to know, be skilful, expert and learned, to have knowledge of, and be acquainted with. 1^a pl. ἵσμεν, & ἴδμεν, pro ἵσαμεν, scimus, 2^a sing. imper. ἵσθι, ἵσω, pro ἵσθι, ἵστω, 2^a pl. ἵτε, ἵσθε, ἴδμεν, ονος, ό, & ἴδρις, εως, ό καὶ ἡ, sciens peritus.

ἵστημι, co. ἵσώω, Statuo, erigo, colloco, stare facio, pono, sisto, cohibeo, appendo, pondero—to constitute, elevate, erect, place, fix, Stack, State, put, hinder, restrain,

balance, weigh. im. ἵστων, β. ἕστων, 3^a sing. Ion. & Poet. *στάσκεν*, subj. *στῶ*, part. *στᾶς, ἄστα, ἄν*, Stans, *Standing*, 1. *στήσω*, εις, ει, sistam, α. ἕστησα, ας, ει, subj. *στήσω*, ης, η, inf. *στήσαι*, statuisse, pf. ἕστηκα, Dor. ἕστακα, & Ion. ἕσταα, inf. ἕσῃαι, pro ἕστακῃαι, part. ἕστακώς, sync. ἕσταώς, & per crasin ἕσῳς, ὥστα, ὡς, per Epenth. poet. *τῷ ε, ἕστως*, G. ὥλος; ἕσῳς, εἰμι, Sto, *to Stand*—Act. xxv. v. 10. m. ἵσταμαι, Sto, *to Stand*, 1. *στήσομαι*, Stabo, α. ἕστησάμην, ω, αἶο, Steti, inf. *στήσασθαι*, pf. pass. ἕσταμαι, 1. *σταθήσομαι*, η, εἶαι, α. ἕσταθῆναι, ης, η, inf. *σταθῆναι*, part. *σταθεῖς*. *σταῖος, ἡ, ὄν*, Stans, *qui diu Stat, Standing, Stationary, firm.*

κείμαι, co. *κείσομαι*, R. *κίω*, per Epenth. *κίω*, jaceo; positus vel situs sum, repositus sum; sum propositus, projectus, mortuus, sepultus; pendeo, dependeo; desideo, ferior—to lie along, be stretched on the ground, to be placed or situate, laid up, stored; be proposed, laid down as an axiom or maxim, be cast forth or thrown aside, be dead and laid out, buried, oppressed; to hang, be dependent, doubtful; to be remiss, lazy, keep holiday. 2^a sing. *σαι, λαι*, &c. im. *ἐκείμην*, σο, ἰο, 1. m. *κείσομαι*, η, εἶαι.

20 *κνῆμαι*, vide *κνάω*, rado, scindo, *to shave, cut.*

μάχναμαι, pugno—to fight, box, cuff; q. *μάχη*, manus.

ὀνῆμι, redupl. *ὀνήμημι*, co. *ὀνέω*. Dor. *ὀνάω*, id. juvo, prosum, utilitatem affero—to help, assist, profit, serve, be advantageous and useful. 1. *ὀνήσω*, α. ὤν-ησα, Dor. *ασα*, subj. poet. *ὀνάσσω*, ης, η, pf. ὤνηκα, pr. pass. *ὀνῆμαι, ὀναμαι*, & *ὀνήμηναι*, juvor, m. utilitatem et fructum consequor, fruor, 1. *ὀνήσομαι*, α. ὤνησάμην, ω. αἶο, sync. ὠνάμην, lucrifeci, *I have made gain*, opt. *ὀνησάμηναι, αἶο, αἶο*, & sync. *ὀνάμηναι*; part. *ὀνάμενος*, pro *ὀνησάμενος*, qui fructum percipit. *ὀνίσκω*, id.

ὀνῆμι, to carp at, find fault with. m. *ὀναμαι*, vitupero, α. ὠνάμηναι, vituperavi, vide *ὀνέω*, carpō.

πί- & *πύμ-πρημι*, incendo, *to kindle*, vide *πρήθω*.

25 *πρίλαμαι*, emo, redimo; opus faciendum conduco—to buy,

Verbs, Chap. 3, Cl. 2, μι.

purchase, ransom, redeem; to stipulate for, and undertake a piece of work. pr. inf. *πείσασθαι*, part *πείσάμενος*, *η, ον*; *ἐκπείραμαι*, *to ransom, bribe.*

πλήμι, vel *ἰπλήμι*, vide *ἰπλάμαι*, volo, *to take wing.*

τεθνήμι, *to die*, see *θνήσκω*, morior.

τίθημι, co. *δέω*, pono, loco, colloco, facio ita esse; suppono, existimo; propono, assigno, tribuo, metor—to put, deposit, pledge, place, settle, lay down, found, establish, rank, range, appoint; suppose, be of opinion, value, esteem; propose, assign, attribute, render, dispose, set out with exactness. im. *ἐτίθην*, *ης, η, & η*; 3^a. pl. *ἐτίθη-ον*, pro *εσαν*, β. *ἔθην*, imper. *θές*, pone, subj. *θῶ*, *θῆς*, *θῆ*, part. *θείς*, *θείλος*, 1. *θήσω*, α. *ἔθηκα*, non *ἔθησα*, pf. *τέθη-κα*, Bæot. *εκα*, pf. pass. *τέθημαι*, ppf. *ἔτεθείμην*, σο, το, inf. *τεθῆναι*, 1. m. *θήσομαι*, α. *ἐθηκάμην*, ω, αἶο, imp. *θήσαι*, opt. *θησ-αίμην*, subj. *ωμαι*, inf. *θήσασθαι*, part. *θήσαμενος*, *η, ον*, β. *ἐθέμην*, σο & ε, το, part. *θεμένος*, *η, ον*, qui posuit.

τιτρεῖμι, vide *τιτρεύω*, terebro, *to perforate.*

30 *τλήμι*, tolero, *to bear*, vide *τλάω*.

φῆμι, Dor. *φαμί*, co. et R. *φάω*, dico, aio, affirmo, puto—to speak, say, tell, affirm, think. 3^a. pl. im. *φάν*, dicebant, Ion. & Bæot. pro *ἔφησαν*, inf. *φάναι*, β. *ἔφην*, per Aphæresin *φῆν*, & per geminam Aphæ. *ῆν*, *ῆς*, *ῆ*, 1. *φήσω*, *ης, η*, Dor. *φάσω*, *εῖς*, *εῖ*, β. m. part. n. pl. Dor. *φάμενοι*, qui dixerunt.

φθῆμι, vide *φθάνω*, anteverto, *to be beforehand.*

φεῖμι, emitto, *to Free*, vide *φρέω*.

CLASS III.

Consisting of verbs ending in *υμι*, or *ύω*.

ἄγν-υμι, ved *ύω*, co. & R. *ἄγω*, frango, rumpo—to break.

1. *ἄξω*, α. *ἤξα*, Att. *ἔαξα*, fregi, pf. *ἤχα*, Att. *ἔαχα*, m. *ἤγα*, Att. *ἔαγα*, ας, ε, fregi, part. *εαγώς*, β. pass. *ἤγην*, Att. *ἔαγην*, fractus sum, inf. *ἔαγῆναι*, part. *ἔαγίς*.

αἶνυμι, capio, aufero, *to take, seize, carry off.* 3^a sing. imp. ἦνυλο, Ion. αἰνυλο.

ἄρυνυμι, capio, capto, consequor, comparo, recipio, commuto—*to take, catch, overtake, compass, get, obtain, acquire, receive, exchange.*

δείκνυμι, ὕω, co. δείλω, ostendo, monstro, indico, declaro, manifesto—*to shew, exhibit, point out, declare, manifest.*

1. δείξω, ostendam, α. ἔδειξα, imper. δέξον, ἄλω, ostende, pf. δέδειχα, ας, ε, pass. δέδειγμαι, ξαι, κλαι, ostensus sum, ἐδείχθην, ης, η, part. δαχθεῖς, εῖσα, εν, G. ἐνλος, 1. δαχθήσομαι, η, εἶαι.

5 δύνμι, subeo, *to go under, vide δύω, id.*

ζεύγνυμι, -ύω, co. ζεύγω, jungo, copulo; jungo matrimonio, ponte jungo—*to join, connect, couple, yoke; to unite in wedlock, join by a bridge.* 1. ζεύξω, α. ἔζευξα, inf. ζεύξαι, m. ἔζευξάμην, inf. ζεύξασθαι, jungere, 1. ζεύξομαι, β. pass. ἐζύγην, ης, η, pf. ἔζευγμαι, ξαι, κλαι, α. ἐζεύχθην, ης, η, part. ζευχθεῖς, 1. ζεύχθησομαι, η, εἶαι. ζεύγος, εος, τὸ, jugum, par, biga vel æ, vehiculum, a yoke, pair, brace, a chariot drawn by two horses, a carriage.

ζώννυμι, -ύω, co. ζώω, cingo, præcingo—*to gird, bind with a zone or girdle, encompass, enclose.* ζωννύσκω, idem. im. ἐζώννυον, ες, ε, 1. ζώσω, ης, η, α. ἔζωσα, ας, ε, m. ἐζωσάμην, ω, αἰο, pf. act. ἔζωκα, pass. ἐζωσμαι, σαι, ται, part. ἐζωσμένος, præcinctus, α. ἐζώσθην, ης, η.

ἴδνυμι, vide ἰδένω, sedere facio—*to make one sit down.*

κεράννυμι, -ύω, (Poet. κερνάω,) co. κερᾶώ, sync. κράώ, misceo, infundo, immisceo, sc. aquam vino, tempero—*to mingle, mix, Churn, infuse, dilute, temper.* κερᾶσω, ἐκέρασα, pf. κεκέρασα, et κίκερασα, pass. κεκέρασμαι, & κέκερασμαι, part. κεκερασμένος, & κεκεραμένος, α. ἐκεράσθην, & ἐκράσθην, mixtus sum, 1. κερασ- & κεραθήσομαι. κεραίρω, id. pr. imp. κέραρις, misce.

10 κλῦμι, audio, ausculto—*to hear, obey, vide κλύω.*

κορέννυμι, -ύω, vide κορέω, saturo—*to satiate.*

μίγνυμι, -ύω, co. μίγω, misceo, permisceo—*to Mingle, mix, blend.* β. ἔμιγον, 1. μίξω, α. ἔμιξα, pf. μέμιχα, ας, ε, pass.

μέμιγμαι, ξαι, κλαι, part. μεμιγμένος, p. post. f. μεμίξομαι, η, ελαι, α. ἐμίχθην, ης, η, inf. μιχθῆναι, part. μιχθῆς, εῖσα, ἐν, 1. μιχθήσομαι, β. ἐμίγην, ης, η, inf. μιγῆναι, Dor. μιγήμεναι, part. μιγείς, εῖσα, ἐν, 2. μιγήσομαι, η, ελαι.

μόρνυμι, -ύω, co. μόργω, tergo—to wipe, vide ομορρνυμι, id.

οἴγνυμι, -ύω, aperio—to open, vide οἶγω, id.

- 15 ὀλλυμι, -ύω, co. ὀλλω, perdo, sc. perimo, perniciam asfero, vasto—to take the life, kill, slay, ruin, destroy, waste, ravage, devastate; perdo, i. e. amitto, to lose. ὀλέω, m. ομαι, poet. idem. β. ὄλον, 2. ὄλω, solut. ὀλέω, perdam, 1. ὀλεσω, α. ὄλεσα, pf. ὄλεκα, Att. ὀλώλεκα, pr. pass. ὀλλυμι, perdor; m. pereō, 2. ὀλῖμαι, ἦ, εῖται, pf. ὄλα, Att. ὄλωλα, perii, interii, I perished, I died, β. ὀλόμην, opt. ὀλόμην, inf. ὀλέσθαι, part. ὀλόμενος, η, ον.

ὀμνυμι, -ύω, co. ὀμώω, juro, de juro—to swear, make oath. pr. imp. ὀμνυ, & ὀμνυθι, jura, 1. ὀμόςω, pf. ὤμοκα, Att. ἐμέμοκα, α. ὤμοσα, subj. ὀμόςω, ης, η, inf. ὀμόσαι, poet. ὀμόσσαι, part. ὀμόσας, ασα, αν, G. ανίος, 2. m. ὀμῖμαι, ὀμῆ, ὀμῖται.

ὀμόρνυμι, -ύω, co. ὀμόργω, tergo, abstergo; imprimo, inuro—to wipe, rub, clean, wipe off; imprint, burn, mark. 1. ὀμόρξω, α. ὤμορξα, pf. ὤμορχα, 1. ὀμόρξομαι, η, ελαι, α. ὤμορξάμην, inf. ὀμορξ-ασθαι, part. ὀμενος; μόρρνυμι-ύω, co. μόργω, id. ζρέρνυμι, vide ὀρέγω, porrigo, extendo—to stretch.

πέλάννυμι, -ύω, id. qd. πεῖλάω, pando—to open, spread, unfurl.

- 20 πήγνυμι, -ύω, co. πήγω, Compingo, compingendo struo et fabricor; concrecere facio, coagimento, congelo; pangō, figo, defigo, infigo—to join, fasten together, close, bind, cement, make compact, build, frame, do carpenter's work; cause a concretion, curdling or coagulation, to congeal; to fasten, fix, secure, Peg. β. ἑπαγον, ες, ε, 1. πήξω, α. ἐπήξα, ας, ε, pf. πέπηχα, ας, ε, β. pass. ἐπάγην, ης, η, pr. πήγνυμαι, figor, m. hæreo, dirigo, πήγνυται, gelat, it freezes, pf. πέπηγα, Dor. πέπαγα, ας, ε. πήσσω, & πήτω, id.

ρήγνυμι, -ύω, co. ῥήγω, q. v. frango—to break, rend.

ῥώννυμι, -ύω, co. ῥώω, confirmo, roborō, corroboro—to confirm,

strengthen, make robust, corroborate. 1. ῥῶσω, α. ῥῥῶσα, pf. ῥῥῶχα, ας, ε, pr. pass. ῥῶνυμαι, σαι, λαι, roboror, reficior, recreor, valeo, valesco, *to be strengthened, refected*, &c. pf. ῥῥῶμαι, σαι, λαι, valeo, prosperâ valetudine fruor, *to be stout, enjoy a good state of health*, ppf. ῥῥῶμην, valebam, imp. ῥῥῶσο, ῥῥῶσθω, vale, esto robustus, 2^a pl. ῥῥῶσθι, valetē, part. ῥῥῶμένος, ης, ον, corroboratus, confirmatus, qui animo est forte, robustus, valens, validus. α. ῥῥῶσθην, convalui, *I have recovered*, inf. ῥῥῶσθαι.

στέννυμι, -ύω, co. στέω, extinguo, restinguo; compesco, reprimō—to *extinguish, quench, put out; allay, check, keep under, stifle, compress.* pr. imp. στέννυθι, ὄνα, restingue, β. ἔσθον, ες, ε, 2. στέω, εἶς, εἰ, 1. στέσω, α. ἔσθωσα, inf. στέσαι, poet. στέσαι, extinxisse, pf. ἔσθ-εκα, & ηκα, pr. pass. στέννυμαι, υσαι, λαι, extinguo, *to be quenched*, &c. Metaph. morior, *to die, have the vital flame extinguished, or the lamp of life put out*; β. ἔσθην, ης, η, 1. σθέσομαι, ης, εἰαι, pf. ἔσθωμαι, σαι, λαι, α. ἔσθωσθην, ης, η, extinctus sum, inf. στέσθηναι, 1. σθέσθωμαι, ης, εἰαι.

στέννυμι, -ύω, co. & R. στέω, Sterno, &

- 25 στέννυμι, -ύω, co. στέω, vel στέω, Sterno—to *spread, extend, spread a quilt, make a bed, Strew.* 1. στέσω, α. ἔσθωσα, m. άμην, pf. act. ἔσθω-κα, pass. μαι, σαι, λαι, α. θην, pf. part. n. μένον, stratum, *a bed or couch, a quilt, coverlet*; q. στέω, id.

The Separate Class.

ἀέξω, αὔξω, & αὐξάνω, co. αἰξ- & αὔξ-έω, Augeo, amplifico, cumulo, accumulo; proveho, promoveo—to *augment, increase, amplify, heap, accumulate; advance, set forward, promote.* im. ἡύξον, Ion. ἀέξον, ες, ε, Auebam, pr. imp αὔξε, adjuva, im. & β. ἡύξανον, ες, ε, 1. ἀέξήσω, αὔξήσω, α, αὔξωσα, inf. αὔξῃσαι, pf. ind. ἡύξ-ηκα, εκα, pr. pass. αἰξομαι, & αὔξομαι, Augeor, cresco, incrementum accipio, olesco, *to be increased, grow*, pf. ἡύξημαι, α. ἡύξήθην, subj.

Verbs, Separate Class.

- αὐξηθῶ, ἦς, ἦ, inf. αὐξηθῆναι, part. αὐξηθεὶς, Auctus; im. m. vel pass Ion. αἰζομην, υ, εἶο, pr. part. m. αὐζομένος, G. 2, Ion. οἰο, crescens, I. αὐξήσομαι, η, εἶαι.
- ἀλέξω, co. ἀλεξέω, arceo, depello, propulso; opitulor, auxilior, opem fero—to keep or ward off, drive away, repulse, protect, defend; help, aid, assist, im. ἤλεξον, I. ἀλεξήσω, pf. ἤλεξήκα, ας, ε, pr. med. ἀλεξόμαι, & ἔμαι, id. α. ἤλεξάμην.
- γέγωνα, clarè et altè clamo, clarè vociferor—to call distinct and aloud, raise the voice high and clear. pf. med. per Metath. pro γέγνωα; ab inusit. verbo γνῶω, q. d. γνωῶς, vel ἐξάκυσον βόω: & inde γεγών-ω, & έώ, I. ησω, pf. γεγώνηκα, pf. prætereunte in pr.
- ἔψω, & ἐφέω, coquo, elixo—to seeth, boil, cook. im. ἤψον, I. ἐψήσω, pf. ἤψηκα. ΗΨησε δὲ Ἰακωβ ἔψημα, Jacob boiled pulse or pottage.
- λῶ, λῆς, λῆ, vel i subscripto, λῆς, λῆ, volo—to will, desire, Dor. pro ἐθέλω, id. 3^a pl. λῶντι, pro λῶσι.
- 5 τέρω, arefacio, sicco—to dry, parch, exsiccate. q. τέρω, vexo, Tero, sicco, fut. τερῶ. pr. med. τέρομαι, aresco, arefio, to grow dry, become arid. τερσάνω, id.
- τίκω, co. τέκω, pario, procreo, gigno, creo—to bear, bring forth, procreate, beget, produce, give existence, create. I. τέξω, α. ἔτεξα, pf. τέτεχα, inusitatum est; β. ἔτεκον, ες, ε, peperit, subj. τέκω, ης, η, inf. τεκεῖν, ind. med. ἐτεκόμην, inf. τεκίσθαι, I. ind. τεξομαι, η, εἶαι, pf. τέτοκα, ας, ε, peperit, part. τελοκῶς, υῖα, quæ peperit, de mul. & brut. dicitur ὅς, G. ὅτος, ind. pass. τέλεγμαι, ξαι, κῖαι, I. τεχθήσομαι, η, εἶαι, α. ἔτεχθην, ης, η, natus sum, inf. τεχθῆναι, part. τεχθεὶς, εῖσα, ἐν, G. ἐντος, natus, creatus.

ADVERBS AND CONJUNCTIONS.

The Conjunctions are generally accompanied by conj. to distinguish them from Adverbs.

*Α, Ah! *used by one who laments and mourns.*

*Α, Ah! Oh! *expressive of pity and admiration.*

*Α, α, Ha, Ha, He, *signs of laughter.*

ἄλλε, utinam! heu! phy—O that! *would to heaven, alas! fie.*

5 ἄγαν, nimis, valdè, vehementer, immodicè—*too much, excessive, very, exceedingly, vehemently, beyond measure.*

ἄγχι, g. prope, juxta—*near, hard by.*

ἄδην, et ἄδδην, affatim, abundè, largiter, usque, vehementer—*in plenty, abundantly, largely, copiously, completely, exceedingly.*

ἄει, semper, perpetuè, sine permissione, usque ad, donec—*always, perpetually, continually, as far as, until, for Aye, i. e. for ever.*

αἶ, vel αἶ, heu! hei! utinam—*alas! O that!*

10 αἰῶς, heu! hei! papæ—*alas! O strange!*

αἶψα, statim, cito, celeriter—*immediately, quickly, nimbly, with celerity.*

ἄλλις, satis, abundè, affatim, confertim, coacervatim—*enough, abundantly, crammed, crowded and in heaps. q.*

ἄλλις, G. ἄλλοις, ἦ, mare; q. d. *in flowing tides.*

ἄλλὰ, conj. sed, at, autem, quin—but, nevertheless, except, only, Interrog. an?

ἅμα, Dor. ἀμα, d. una cum, simul ac, ut primum, tempore eodem—together with, as soon as, at the same time, item pro ἱμα, una, simul, pariter, together, equally, in the same place, near, almost. ἅμα τῇ ἡμέρᾳ, diluculo, prima luce, simul atque dies illuxit, by break of day, at early dawn. ἅμα τῷ πρῶτῳ, summo diluculo, at the blush of

Adverbs and Conjunctions.

morn, by peep of day. ἅμα ἐνέλυχεν αὐτῷ, ut primum in eum incidit, as soon as he fell in with him. ἅμα ἔργον, factum.

- 15 ἄν, conj. nunc potentialis, nunc explet, etiam pro ἔαν, si—it is sometimes potential, and sometimes an expletive; it is also put for ἔάν, if. It is potential with the optative and subjunctive moods, and gives their power to the imperfect β. & α. of the indicative. It is sometimes used in interrogations. The Poets use κε or κεν instead of it, and they also use it for ἀνά. ἄν, & ἔάν, sæpe postponuntur; ut εἶπον ἄν, dixissem; ὅς ἔάν, quicumque. Quandoque deest ἄν; sed raro præponitur.

ἀνέδην, licenter, impunè, largiter, effusè, promiscuè, palam, apertè—with full permission, free from hurt or danger, largely, diffusely, promiscuously, openly.

ἀνευ, g. absque, sine, præter, citra—without, except, besides, on this side. ἀνις, & ἀνευθε, idem.

ἄνω, supra, sursum—above, on high, upwards, in or at a place, there, or making thither. Huic opponitur κάτω; atque ut hoc à κατὰ, sic illud fit ab ἀνά. ὁ vel ἡ ἄνω, superior, τὸ ἄνω, superius. ἀνωθεν, desuper, supernè, from above. ὁ ἄνω βασιλεὺς, a king supreme, the monarch of Persia. ἡ ἄνω πόλις, dicitur pro ἀκρόπολις; arx, a citadel. οἱ ἄνω ὄντες, qui sunt in superioribus locis, men in elevated stations. τὰ ἄνω τῆς οἰκίας, partes superiores domûs, the upper parts of a house. ἄνω, est etiam adv. temporis; e. g. οἱ ἄνω χρόνοι, superiora tempora, tempora præterita, former times, days gone and past.

ἅπαξ, semel, omnino, prorsus—at once, altogether, entirely.

- 20 ἄρα, profecto, certè, utique, nempè, videlicet, omnino, tandem, forte, nam, ergo, igitur, quamobrem—truly, certainly, as, to wit, quite so, at length, perhaps, therefore, on that account; It is often Expletive. Poet. ἄρ', & ἄ, one dropping the former, the other the latter α.

ἄρα, interrog. an? utrum? num? nonne?—is it? doth? whether? did? hath? is not?

Adverbs and Conjunctions.

ἄρτι, modo, nuper; nunc, jam—*lately; now.*

ἄσπον, d. & g. prope—*near.*

ἀλλὰ, conj. poet. αὐτὰρ, sed, verum, ceterum, autem, deinde
—*but, moreover, After.*

25 ὥς, utpote, quippe, quia, quasi, quam, veluti—*for, be-
cause, to wit, as if, as, like as.* Et Dor. pro ὅς, quando.
Sed ὥς, Dor. pro ἤ, ubi.

ἄλλοι, g. sine, absque, citra—*without, besides, except.* ἄλλοι-
θεν, & ἄλλοι, idem.

ἄρτι, Att. pro ἄσπον, sodes, amabo—I intreat you, do now.

ἀτάλαιν, Atai!—*Ah me! O strange!*

ἄν, rursum, retro, vice versâ—*over again, backward, by
turns, alternatèly.*

30 αὔριον, cras, crastino die—to-morrow.

ἄφαρ, statim, cito, facilè—*immediately, quickly, readily.*

ἄχρῃ, vel ἄχρῃς, adhuc—*hitherto, so far; vide μέχρῃ.*

ἄψ, retro, retrorsum; rursus, iterum, statim—*back, back-
wards; again; forthwith*

B

βαβαί, papæ!—*O strange! wonderful! βαβαιάξ, id.*

Γ

35 γάρ, conj. enim, nam, videlicet—*For, to wit.*

γέ, Dor. γὰ, certè quidem, imo, saltem—*of a truth, indeed,
yes, at least. But it is generally an Expletive.*

Δ

δέ, conj. vero, autem, quin, sed, verum, enim, porro, sanè,
igitur, tamen—*but, for, moreover, indeed, then, therefore,
yet.* Respondet enim ad μέν; interdum vero μέν non
præcedente. Sæpe usurpatur pro γάρ, et poet. pro εἰ;
ut, οἶκον δέ, domum, at home. It is sometimes put for δὲ,
truly, indeed. Aliquando in compositione est ut Syl-
labica adjectio, ut, ὁ δέ, ἡ δέ, τόδε, hic, hæc, hoc.

Adverbs and Conjunctions.

δεῦρο, Att. δευρὶ, huc, hunc in locum, adesdum—*here, this way, come hither, present yourself.*

ἤ, sanè, profecto, equidem, certè, prorsus, planè, vero, proinde, igitur, utique, videlicet, demum, duntaxat—*indeed, truly, entirely, but, therefore, as, to wit, at length, only; ἠθά, id. Est etiam Repetentis; ut, inquam, quoth I. In soluta oratione postponitur tantum, but the poets use it either way. Sæpe redundat.*

40 ἤν, poet. Diu, Dudum, pridem, jampridem—*long since, on a former day, heretofore.*

διὰ μὲν, in totum, penitus, prorsus, semper, utrinque—*upon the whole, totally, entirely, always, on both, or all sides. q. διὰ & πᾶς.*

δις, Bis—*twice. q. δύο, Two. In Composition it generally retains its σ before a vowel or diphthong; but, before a consonant, it sometimes retains and sometimes loses it.*

E

Ἔ, ε, He! He! *significant of grief or pain.*

εἶ, Ah! vah! hem! horda!—*how! say you so! & Explet.*

45 εἰ, conj. si—if. ἤν, id. εἰς, construitur cum subj. et optat. et pro εἴ, particula potentialis; q. v. *They often come after the word to which they belong. ὁπᾶ εἰς ἀπείχης, Matt. viii. 19. quocunque abiveris.*

ἐγγύς, g. & d. prope—*near, almost.*

εἰ, Dor. αἰ, conj. si; utrum? an? num? Indic. *If; whether? is it? why? wherefore? It is sometimes used for εἴ, quod.*

εἴα, Eja, agè, rumpè moras—*now, that's a good man, come my hearty, be quick. εἴα, id. sbst. g. αἰς, ἦ, herba, grass, hay.*

εὐφρα, statim, confestim—*immediately, quickly.*

50 εἰς, frustra, temerè, sine concilio casu—*in vain, rashly, unadvisedly, at hazard.*

Adverbs and Conjunctions.

- ἔτα, postea, deinde, demum, tum, et tamen; quid ergo?
 itane vero—*after, at length, then, and yet; what then?*
is that the case? It is also sometimes redundant.
- ἐκός, g. procul, eminus, e longinquo—*far off, distant,*
remote.
- ἐκτός, g. Extra—*without.* q. ἐκ, & ὦν, G. ὅλος.
- ἐλελεῦ, Eleleu, acclamatio bellica—*a military, acclamation.*
- 55 ἔμπας, Ion. Att. & Dor. ἔμπης, tamen—*yet, notwithstanding.*
 ἐνδον, Intus—*within.* q. ἐντός, id.
- ἐνδουκίως, Poet. prompto animo, humaniter, fideliter, dili-
 genter—*with all readiness of mind, promptly, humanely,*
with fidelity and diligence.
- ἐνδυνω, celeriter, ocius, cito—*with celerity and speed, quickly.*
 q. ἐν & δύνω, q. d. *in two minutes.*
- ἐνεκα, Poet. εἵνεκα, g. propter, causa, gratia—*for, because,*
on account of, or for the sake of.
- 60 ἐνθα, hic, ibi, illic, ubi, tum—*here, there, where, when, then.*
 ἐντός, Intus, intra—*within, among.* q. ἐν, & ὦν.
- ἐξῆς, d. & g. deinceps, consequenter, ordinè, serie perpe-
 tua; gradatim—*afterwards, consequently, orderly, in an*
uninterrupted series; by due gradations. q. ἐξ, & ῆς, G. of
 ὁς, qui. ὁ ἐξῆς, qui ordine proximus est, vel qui sequi-
 tur, sequens, proximus, *next in order, he that follows,*
 τὸ ἐξῆς τῆς ὁδοῦ, quod reliquum est viæ, *the remainder of*
the road, the rest of the way; pro ἡ ἐξῆς ὁδός. τῇ ἐξῆς
 die sequente, scil. ἡμέραι; Act. xxv, 17. [τρεῖων ἡμερῶν ἐξῆς,
 tres perpetuos dies, *three live long days.*
- ἐπει, postquam, ex quo, quoniam, nam, quandoquidem,
 alioque—*after, from which, after that, because, for, for-*
asmuch as, whereas, otherwise, else. ἐπεὶ δὲ, veruntamen.
 ἐπεὶ τάχις, ut primum, *as soon as.*
- ἐπιπολῆς, in superficie, in summitate, supra—*on the surface,*
superficially, at the tip, above. τὸ ἐπιπολῆς, quod est in
 superficie, ipsa superficies, *what is upon, and the surface*
itself.

Adverbs and Conjunctions.

- 65 ἔτι, adhuc, etiamnum, insuper, amplius, posthac—*hitherto, yet, moreover, besides, hereafter. It is also an Expletive.*
 εὖ, bene—*well, after a right manner, prosperously. R. εὖς, bonus.*
 εὐοῖ, Euöe, Euöe, vel Evohe, Baccho acclamatio—*Evohe, an acclamation to the god of wine, oft repeated by his votaries and priests. q. εὖ εἰ, bene sit illi, q. d. success to Bacchus, may the deep tinged vinous chaplet ever adorn his brow.*
 ὅτε, quando, quum, ubi, aliquando, sicut, velut, ceu—*when, sometimes, as.*

H

- ἦ, ἤ, He, He, vel Ha, Ha, *used by way of check and call to desist.*
 70 ἢ, vel ἥ, poet. ἢ, & ἢ, aut, vel, an? quam—or, either, doth? is? than.
 ἤδη, jam, mox, protinus, adhinc, olim—*now, at present, already, presently, from now, lately.*
 ἤδη, poet. pro καὶ, et—and, also, yet.
 ἡκα, leniter, quietè, sensim, paululum, submissè—*softly, silently, leisurely, gradually, by little and little, submissively.*
 ἡμεν, profecto, sanè—*truly, indeed.*
 75 ἡμὲν, poet. conj. atque—and.
 ἡμος, poet. quando, quum, (sine interrogatione)—*when; it is answered by τῆμος, then.*
 ἢν, conj. si—if.
 ἦν, en, ecce—*lo, behold. ἦνδε, id.*
 ἥνικα, quum, quando—*when, soon as. extra interrog.*

Θ

- 80 θαυρά, crebro, frequenter, perpetuo—*often, repeatedly, perpetually.*

Adverbs and Conjunctions.

ἄν, poet. sanè, certè, quidem; diu—indeed, truly; long ago.

I

ἰαῖαῖ, heu—alas; vox lamentantis.

ἰαῖ, significant of indignation and sorrow.

ἰεῖ, Hui!—alas! it also denotes scorn.

85 ἰὼ, Io, acclamatio lætitiæ—Io, an acclamation of joy.

ἴνα, ubi—where; there; conj. ut—that.

ἴ, heu! eheu! hei! ha! vox dolentis—ha! alas! expressive of pain or grief.

ἰῶ, Io—a cry of joy and exultation.

ἵπ, fortiter, valdè, magno animo—stoutly, bravely, valiantly, magnanimously.

90 ἰὼ, heu! eheu! heo! proh! ah!—alas! ah! wo worth the day! οἶ, id.

K

καὶ, conj. et, atque, ac, etiam, quoque, sic, sed, igitur, aut—*and, as, also, so, but, therefore, or.* καὶ ἔν, or καὶ ἔν, for καὶ ἔν, or καὶ ἔν, etsi, planè, quodsi, although, &c. but καὶ ἔν, for καὶ ἔν, as καὶ ἔν τῇ, and in this. καὶ γὰρ, or καὶ γὰρ, ego quoque, I also. καὶ ἔν, deinde, q. ἔν, id.

κάτω, infra, deorsum, infernè, in parte inferiore, subtus; apud inferos; ad seu apud mare—beneath, down, below, in an inferior part, under; in realms below, among the shades; towards, or near the sea, on its coast. q. καὶ ἔν, signif. sub. τὰ καὶ ἔν, pars inferior. τὰ καὶ ἔν, quæ sub cælo sunt, terrena, sublunary objects, earthly things. οἱ καὶ ἔν, maritimi, qui maritima incolunt, inhabitants of the sea coast; item, homines addicti rebus terrenis, men of sordid and groveling minds.

καὶ, sequente consonante, καὶ ἔν, sequente vocali, particula poetica, of the same import in poetry, as καὶ ἔν in prose; q. v.

Adverbs and Conjunctions.

Δ

λαῖ, calce seu calcibus—with the heel or heels.

65 λαίαν, valdè, admodum—very, exceedingly.

λίγδην, strictim, leviter—compactly, with brevity, lightly, slightly.

Μ

μά, non certè per—it is not really: ἐμὰ τὸν Δία, non per Jovem, upon oath it is not.

μάλα, valdè admodum, multum, vehementer—very, exceedingly, enormously, to an excess, much indeed, with vehemence. Jungitur aliis adverbiiis. Compar. μάλλον, magis, amplius, potius; μάλλον δὲ, imo vero, seu potius; μάλλον αἰ, magis atque magis; πολὺ μάλλον, longe: Superl. μάλιστα, maxime, potissimum, præsertim, admodum quam; τὰ μάλιστα, præsertim, maxima ex parte, especially, for the most part; μάλιστα μὲν, principio, ante omnia, in the first place, principally and before, or above all other things.

μάτην, Dor. μάταν, Poet. μάτ, frustra, incassum; sine causâ, abs re, temere, falso—in vain, to no purpose; without any good reason for, quite off the mark, rashly, deceitfully.

100 μὲν, quidem—indeed, verily. It is generally followed by δὲ, in the next member of the sentence. It is also put for δὴ, truly. μὲν νῦν, tamen.

μίσφα, poet. the same as

μέχρι, g. adhuc, usque ad, intra, donec, tenus—hitherto, as yet, thus far, within, until, up to. ἄχρι, id, μέχρις, & ἄχρις, before a vowel.

μὴ, Ne, non, nisi; item nunquid? an?—no, nay, not, unless; is it not? &c.

μὲν, conj. autem, vero, tamen, profecto, quidem—but, yet, truly, indeed. It is often put for δὲ, and, like δὲ, sometimes answers to μὲν.

Adverbs and Conjunctions.

- 105 $\mu\tilde{\omega}\nu$, conj. Num? numquid? an? utrum?—*why? is there? whether*: & sequente $\mu\tilde{\eta}$ vel $\tilde{\epsilon}$, nonne? annon?

N

- $\nu\alpha\iota$, Næ, profecto, sane, imo—*truly, verily, indeed, yes.*
 $\nu\eta$, profecto, per—*verily, upon oath.* $\nu\eta$ Δία, per Jovem, witness Jove.
 $\nu\acute{o}\sigma\phi\iota$, & $\nu\acute{o}\sigma\phi\iota\nu$, sorsum, sine, procul—*separately, apart, far off.*
 $\nu\grave{\iota}$, & $\nu\upsilon\iota$, Poetic Expletives, sometimes signifying igitur, therefore.
 110 $\nu\tilde{\upsilon}\nu$, Att. $\nu\upsilon\nu\iota$, Nunc, hoc tempore, hodie—*Now, at this time, to-day.*

O

- $\acute{o}\iota$, hei, heu, alas! $\acute{o}\iota$ ἐγώ, $\acute{o}\iota$ ἐμὲ, $\acute{o}\iota$ μοι, heu mihi. But $\acute{o}\iota$ quo, ubi.
 $\acute{o}\mu\alpha\gamma\iota\eta$, poet. simul, una—together. q. $\acute{o}\mu\tilde{\epsilon}$, una cum, & $\acute{o}\rho\omega$, apto.
 $\acute{o}\pi\eta$, Dor. $\acute{o}\pi\alpha$, ubi? quo? quomodo? qua viâ? qua ratione?—*where? whither? how? which way? on what footing or principle?*
 $\acute{o}\pi\acute{\iota}\sigma\omega$, poet. $\acute{o}\pi\acute{\iota}\sigma\sigma\omega$, retro, retrorsum, a tergo, post, postea—*backward, behind, after.* $\acute{o}\pi\acute{\iota}\sigma\theta\epsilon\nu$, id.
 115 $\acute{o}\tau\iota$, poet. $\acute{o}\tau\iota$, Dor. $\acute{o}\kappa\alpha$, quando, quum, quandoque, quoniam—*when, after, forasmuch as, since, because.* $\acute{o}\tau\iota$ $\delta\eta\pi\acute{o}\iota$, quandocunque.
 $\acute{o}\tau\iota$, conj. poet. $\acute{o}\tau\iota$, quod, quia, eo quod—*because, on that account.* With Superlatives it inhances the signification, as, $\acute{o}\tau\iota$ $\pi\lambda\epsilon\acute{\iota}\sigma\tau\omicron\nu$, quam plurimum, very much indeed.
 $\tilde{\epsilon}$, non, haud—not, no, Interrog. *is it not?* It becomes $\tilde{\epsilon}\chi$ before a smooth, and $\tilde{\epsilon}\chi$ before an aspirated vowel. $\tilde{\epsilon}\chi\grave{\iota}$, id.
 $\tilde{\epsilon}\tilde{\alpha}$, Vah—*expressive of derision, Fy.*
 $\tilde{\epsilon}\alpha\iota$, Væ—*alas! woe to, fy upon.*
 120 $\tilde{\epsilon}\iota$, significant of grief, heu! alas! of threats and execration, væ, woe to.

Adverbs and Conjunctions.

ἔν, conj. igitur, ergo, itaque, adeo—*therefore, finally.*
 Ion. ὧν.

ἕως, ut, quo, donec, quamdiu, interea, dum—*that, to the end that, until, as long as, in the mean time, while.*

Poet. pro ἵνα.

ἔψῃ, sero, longo post tempore, vespere—*late, long after, in the evening.* ὁψῇ τῆς ἡμέρας, die inclinante in noctem, *at the decline of day.* ὁψῇ τῆς ἡλικίας, ætate vergente in senectutem, *in the down hill of life.*

II

πάλαι, olim, quondam, pridem, jampridem, jamdudum—*formerly, of old, in days now past and gone, long since, heretofore, lately.* οἱ παλαιοί, patriarchal men, *those of former times, the ancients.*

125 πάλιν, iterum, rursus, denuo, de integro; é contrario, retrorsum—*again, a second time, anew; in a different direction, back again.*

παπᾶι, Papæ! atat;—*O strange! wonderful!* βαβαί, id.

παρὸς, g. ante, antea, prius, priusquam, antequam—*before, used of time and place, ere now.*

πέλας, g. prope—*near, hard by.* ὁ πέλας, vicinus, *a neighbour.*

πῆς, quanquam, tametsi—*although, notwithstanding.* It is generally inseparable. Sometimes it is of the same import as cunque in Latin; as ὅπου πῆς ἐστὶ, *ubique sit; and not unfrequently redundant.*

130 πέρα, & πέραν, g. ultra, trans, ultra modum, plusquam supra, præter—*beyond, over, above measure, more than, above, besides.* q. πέραν, transeo. πέρα τῆς, supra quam. πέρυσσι, anno, præterito vel superiore; *hoc ante tempus—in, or of last year; heretofore, before now.*

παρὰ, g. præter, præterquam, sed, cæterum, veruntamen—*beside, except, moreover, but, notwithstanding.*

Adverbs and Conjunctions.

- ὀρόποι, *proh Dii! O ye Gods!* ὦ ὀρόποι, *O Dii immortales! O ye deathless Divinities!* item παῖ! *O strange!*
 πῆ, *ubi?—where? from ῥ, cujus; R. ὅς, qui.*
 135 πρὶν, *g. Prius, antea, antequam, priusquam; donec—Prior, before, previous, sooner than; until.*
 πρόκα, *statim, confestim, subito, ex improviso—forthwith, immediately, on a sudden, by surprise, at unawares.*
 πρωί, *manè; maturè—in the morning; timely.*
 πύκα, *densè, spissè, accuratè, prudenter—thick, crowded, accurately, with care and prudence.*
 πύξ, *Pugno, vel pugnīs—with one or each fist. πύξ μάχισθαι, pugilatu certare—to box.*
 140 πῶς, *quomodo? quo pacto? qui? quā ratione?—how? what by? on what principle? by what rule? In admiration, How! O How! Et sine interrogatione.*
 πῶς, *quodammodo, aliquo, vel certo modo—after a sort, any how, upon a lose, or upon a fixed plan.*

P

ῥ, *poet. explet. vide ἄρα, quidem, indeed.*

Σ

- σαβοῖ, *vox bacchantium, quæ subjungitur voce εὐοῖ—a bacchanalian exclamation, responsive to εὐοῖ, Evoë.*
 σῆτες, *Dor. σῶτες, Att. τῆτες, hoc anno—in the present year.*
 145 σίλλω, *vel σίλλε, a shepherd or drover's word, St.*
 σκεδόν, *g. prope, juxta, cominus, propemodum, ferè, pene—near, hard by, hand to hand, well nigh, almost.*

T

τὲ, *conj. que, and. It is always put after the word to which it belongs, as ἐπὶ τὲ, dixitque, and he said. τὲ, and ἄρα, are often Apostrophised, as τ', ἄρ' or ῖε; and they are not unfrequently Expletives. τὲ, Dor. pro σὲ, Te, Thee.*

Adverbs and Conjunctions.



τῆλει, procul, longe—*far off, remote, far distant.*

τοί, an Expletive which is often joined to Adverbs and Conjunctions; with other words it is sometimes rendered by quidem, quare, nunc, indeed, wherefore, now.

150 ἰ, olfacientis sonus—the nasal sound produced by the act of smelling, or snuffing in the scent.

ὑπαιθα, ex obliquo, recta, coram—in a crossing line, aslant, with a side wing, right on, before.

Φ

φῆ, Heu! eheu! papæ!—*ha! alas! O strange!*

Χ

χαμαί, Humi, in terrâ; ad terram—*on the ground; to the earth.*

χθές, heri—*yesterday.*

155 χεῖς, g. seorsum, separatim, singulatim; sine, absque, præter, citra—*apart, asunder, separately, severally, each by itself; without, except, on this side.*

Ω

ὦ, O, an adverb of calling and exclaiming; but

ὦ, O! Oh! is one of admiring and grieving.

ὦπ, a nautical acclamation.

ὥς, conj. ut, velut, sicut, postquam—as, like as, so as, afterward. q. ὅς, qui. The Attics put ὡς, with an accusative case for ὡς, and πρὸς.

160 ὡς, sic, ita—*so, thus.*

Touching the Inseparable Particles, we shall only say here that ἄρ, ἔξ, ἔξῃ, δὲ, ἔρ, ζᾶ, λᾶ, λὶ, are Intensive, and may, generally speaking, be rendered by the

Q q

Adverbs and Conjunctions.

Latin adverbs, valdè, perquam, admodum, vehementer, magnum, multum, cito, statim, perfacilè.

α, implies (1) *Privation or Negation*; (2) *Augmentation*; (3) *Unity or Consociation*; It is also sometimes (4) *Redundant*.

δδ, is expressive of difficulty and distress, of trouble and misfortune, and may be rendered by *ægre*, *difficulter*, *infelix*, *male*, *ærumnose*, &c.

ν, & *νè*, are significant of *Negation or Privation*, as *Ne*, *non*, *im*. &c. *ν*, also augments, *valdè*.

IT is presumed, with all due deference, that the plan of the preceding performance will, upon fair trial, be found to border upon the genuine *Lucidus Ordo* in which, in their Lexicons and Dictionaries, the words of languages ought to be arranged. For, maintaining a strict agreement with Grammar, this lucid order enables a learner with expedition and pleasure to acquire, and a proficient, without interruption to the other duties of his station, for ever to retain the ground-work of Language.

The author takes the liberty of advertising his readers, that he hath nearly ready for the press, a work, in which a brief hint of the signification of the Primitive word is often followed by select Derivative ones, illustrative of the etymologies of many words of frequent occurrence, as well vulgar as technical, which owe their Etymon to this learned language: V. G.

κόμη, Comā, *hair*. κομάω, Comatus sum, Comam alo, *to have or be adorned with long hair, to improve or COMB the hair, form it in ringlets*. κομήτης, ε, ό, Comans, Comatus, crinitus, *having waving hair, wearing bushy tresses, hairy*. κομήτης, subauditur ἄστης, *a Star, Cometa, stella, Comata, a Comet, hairy or blazing star*.

Μῦσα, Dor. Μῶσα, Musa, *one of the Muses, a song, skill*. μῦσιζω, Dor. μεσίσδω, cano, cantu contendo, *to sing, rival in song*. μουσικός, ή, ον, Musicus, Musical; f. μουσική, sub. τέχνη, ars Musica, *Music, the science of melodious sounds*. μουσικῶς, adv. Musicè, *eleganter, Musically, gracefully, with elegance*. Mosaic, q. d. wrought by the fine hands of the Muses. μουσείον, Musæum, locus Musis et studiis destinatus, *a Museum, study*. φιλόμωσος, Dor. Φιλόμωσος, Musarum amans, Musicæ studiosus, Philomuseus, *captivated by the Muses, a lover of them and Music*, q. φιλέω, amo.

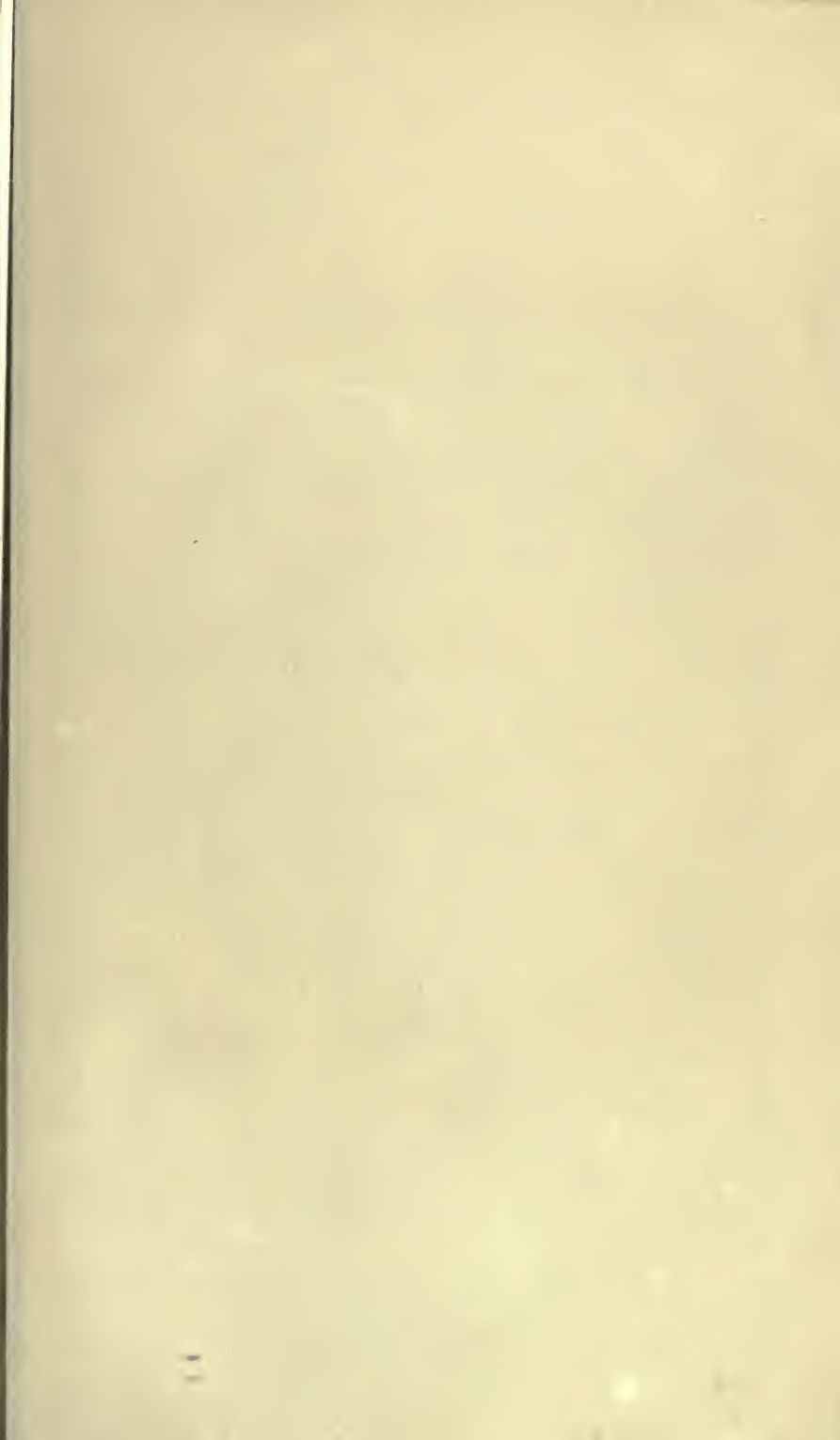
πλανή, error, vagatio. πλανάω, facio errare, fallo, seduco. πλάνος, fallax, fraudulentus, Blandus, *deceitful*; subst. seductor, impostor; error. πλάνης, ήλος, ό, erro, g. onis, vagabundus, *a wanderer*. πλανητής, ή, όν, erraticus, vagabun-

du, *straying*, *roving*; *πλανητικός*, *idem*. *πλανήτης*, *ε*, *ι*, *errans*, *vagus*, *erraticus*; *item*, *erro*, *roving*, *wandering*, *erratic*; *a wanderer*, *a fugitive*; *sub.* *ἀστὴρ*, *stella erratica*, *Planeta*, *a wandering star*, *a Planet*.

ἀριθμός, *number*. *ἀριθμός*, *numero*. *ἀρίθμησις*, *εως*, *ἡ*, *numeratio*. *ἀριθμητός*, *ἡ*, *ὄν*, *numerabilis*. *ἀριθμητικός*, *ad numeros*, *seu artem numerandi pertinens*, *numerandi peritus*, *Arithmetical*, *belonging to numbers*, *or the science of Arithmetic*, *expert in numbering*, *ready at figures*; *f.* *ἀριθμητική*, *sub.* *τέχνη*, *ars Arithmetica*, *ars numerorum*, *vel numerandi*, *Arithmetic*, *the science of numbers*, *art of numbering*.

χρόνος, *time*. *χρονίος*, *diuturnus*, *lasting*, *of long continuance*. *χρονίζω*, *tardo*, *moror*, *to be tardy*, *linger*, *delay*. *χρονέω*, *vivo*, *compos mentis sum*, *to live*, *be compos mentis*. *χρονικός*, *temporalis*, *of*, *or belonging to time*, *Chronic*; *pl.* *τὰ χρονικά*, *Chronicles*, *registers*. *χρονολόγος*, *Chronologus*, *a Chronologer*, *q.* *λόγος*, *ratio*, *R.* *λέγω*, *colligo*, *numero*, *pf. m.* *λέλογα*. *χρονολογία*, *Chronology*, *the doctrine of time*. *χρονολογικός*, *Chronologicus*, *Chronological*, *belonging to Chronology*. *ἐμὸς χρόνος*, *ὁ καὶ ἡ*, *contemporaneus*, *living in the same time or age*, *R.* *ὁμῶς*, *similis*.

FINIS.







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